



# SLOVENSKI STANDARD SIST EN ISO 6360-7:2006

01-april-2006

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## Dentistry – Number coding system for rotary instruments – Part 7: Specific characteristics of mandrels and special instruments (ISO 6360-7:2006)

Dentistry - Number coding system for rotary instruments - Part 7: Specific characteristics of mandrels and special instruments (ISO 6360-7:2006)

Zahnheilkunde - Nummernsystem für rotierende Instrumente - Teil 7: Besondere Eigenschaften von Trägern und Spezialinstrumenten (ISO 6360-7:2006)

Art dentaire - Systeme de codification numérique pour instruments rotatifs - Partie 7: Caractéristiques spécifiques des mandrins et instruments spéciaux (ISO 6360-7:2006)

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**Ta slovenski standard je istoveten z: EN ISO 6360-7:2006**

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### **ICS:**

11.060.25	Zobotehnični instrumenti	Dental instruments
35.040	Nabori znakov in kodiranje informacij	Character sets and information coding

**SIST EN ISO 6360-7:2006**

**en**

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EUROPEAN STANDARD  
NORME EUROPÉENNE  
EUROPÄISCHE NORM

**EN ISO 6360-7**

February 2006

ICS 11.060.25

English Version

**Dentistry - Number coding system for rotary instruments - Part 7:  
Specific characteristics of mandrels and special instruments  
(ISO 6360-7:2006)**

Art dentaire - Système de codification numérique pour instruments rotatifs - Partie 7: Caractéristiques spécifiques des mandrins et instruments spéciaux (ISO 6360-7:2006)

Zahnheilkunde - Nummernsystem für rotierende Instrumente - Teil 7: Besondere Eigenschaften von Trägern und Spezialinstrumenten (ISO 6360-7:2006)

This European Standard was approved by CEN on 16 January 2006.

CEN members are bound to comply with the CEN/CENELEC Internal Regulations which stipulate the conditions for giving this European Standard the status of a national standard without any alteration. Up-to-date lists and bibliographical references concerning such national standards may be obtained on application to the Central Secretariat or to any CEN member.

This European Standard exists in three official versions (English, French, German). A version in any other language made by translation under the responsibility of a CEN member into its own language and notified to the Central Secretariat has the same status as the official versions.

CEN members are the national standards bodies of Austria, Belgium, Cyprus, Czech Republic, Denmark, Estonia, Finland, France, Germany, Greece, Hungary, Iceland, Ireland, Italy, Latvia, Lithuania, Luxembourg, Malta, Netherlands, Norway, Poland, Portugal, Romania, Slovakia, Slovenia, Spain, Sweden, Switzerland and United Kingdom.



EUROPEAN COMMITTEE FOR STANDARDIZATION  
COMITÉ EUROPÉEN DE NORMALISATION  
EUROPÄISCHES KOMITEE FÜR NORMUNG

**Management Centre: rue de Stassart, 36 B-1050 Brussels**

**EN ISO 6360-7:2006 (E)****Foreword**

This document (EN ISO 6360-7:2006) has been prepared by Technical Committee ISO/TC 106 "Dentistry" in collaboration with Technical Committee CEN/TC 55 "Dentistry", the secretariat of which is held by DIN.

This European Standard shall be given the status of a national standard, either by publication of an identical text or by endorsement, at the latest by August 2006, and conflicting national standards shall be withdrawn at the latest by August 2006.

According to the CEN/CENELEC Internal Regulations, the national standards organizations of the following countries are bound to implement this European Standard: Austria, Belgium, Cyprus, Czech Republic, Denmark, Estonia, Finland, France, Germany, Greece, Hungary, Iceland, Ireland, Italy, Latvia, Lithuania, Luxembourg, Malta, Netherlands, Norway, Poland, Portugal, Romania, Slovakia, Slovenia, Spain, Sweden, Switzerland and United Kingdom.

**Endorsement notice**

The text of ISO 6360-7:2006 has been approved by CEN as EN ISO 6360-7:2006 without any modifications.

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# INTERNATIONAL STANDARD

**ISO**  
**6360-7**

First edition  
2006-02-01

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## Dentistry — Number coding system for rotary instruments —

### Part 7: Specific characteristics of mandrels and special instruments

**iTeh STANDARD PREVIEW**  
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*Art dentaire — Système de codification numérique pour instruments  
rotatifs —  
Partie 7: Caractéristiques spécifiques des mandrins et instruments  
spéciaux*

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## Foreword

ISO (the International Organization for Standardization) is a worldwide federation of national standards bodies (ISO member bodies). The work of preparing International Standards is normally carried out through ISO technical committees. Each member body interested in a subject for which a technical committee has been established has the right to be represented on that committee. International organizations, governmental and non-governmental, in liaison with ISO, also take part in the work. ISO collaborates closely with the International Electrotechnical Commission (IEC) on all matters of electrotechnical standardization.

International Standards are drafted in accordance with the rules given in the ISO/IEC Directives, Part 2.

The main task of technical committees is to prepare International Standards. Draft International Standards adopted by the technical committees are circulated to the member bodies for voting. Publication as an International Standard requires approval by at least 75 % of the member bodies casting a vote.

Attention is drawn to the possibility that some of the elements of this document may be the subject of patent rights. ISO shall not be held responsible for identifying any or all such patent rights.

ISO 6360-7 was prepared by Technical Committee ISO/TC 106, *Dentistry*, Subcommittee SC 4, *Dental instruments*.

ISO 6360 consists of the following parts, under the general title *Dentistry — Number coding system for rotary instruments*:

- *Part 1: General characteristics* [SIST EN ISO 6360-7:2006](https://standards.iteh.ai/catalog/standards/sist/en-iso-6360-7-2006)
- *Part 2: Shapes* <https://standards.iteh.ai/catalog/standards/sist/66285e7-2e7a-4526-81ce-6e1747d49b88/sist-en-iso-6360-7-2006>
- *Part 3: Specific characteristics of burs and cutters*
- *Part 4: Specific characteristics of diamond instruments*
- *Part 6: Specific characteristics of abrasive instruments*
- *Part 7: Specific characteristics of mandrels and special instruments*

The following part is in preparation:

- *Part 5: Specific characteristics of root-canal instruments*

**ISO 6360-7:2006(E)****Introduction**

This part of ISO 6360 is one of a series of International Standards relating to dental rotary instruments. A wide variety of dental rotary instruments, including root-canal instruments, is manufactured throughout the world for use by the dental profession.

ISO 6360 provides a general number coding system for all types of dental rotary instruments, including accessories used in connection with these rotary instruments.

The benefits of this system for dentistry in its entirety will only be derived if the system is widely adopted; manufacturers of dental instruments, as well as the dental trade, are therefore requested to refer to ISO 6360 in their catalogues.

This part of ISO 6360 was prepared in response to a need by the dental trade and industry and the dental profession for a universal system of classification and designation for these instruments. It establishes a comprehensive number coding system suitable for all dental rotary instruments by use of a 15-digit code number identifying general and specific characteristics of instruments or groups of instruments.

The first group of three digits identifies the materials used for the working part of instruments.

The second group of three digits identifies the shanks and handles used for instruments and the overall lengths of instruments.

The third group of three digits identifies the shapes of instruments.

The fourth group of three digits identifies the specific characteristics for groups of instruments.

The fifth group of three digits identifies the nominal diameter of the working part of the instruments.

The code numbers are generic code numbers. They do not provide exact product information. This information is given in the respective product standards for dental rotary instruments.

For the application of the system and for the correct allocation of numbers or their identification, it is intended that the user consult ISO 6360-1 and ISO 6360-2 for general information, and in addition one of the subsequent parts (ISO 6360-3 to ISO 6360-7) for further information on specific characteristics of instruments or groups of instruments.

For the allocation of new numbers complying with ISO 6360, an application supported by a description and a drawing should be sent to the secretariat of ISO/TC 106/SC 4, *Dental instruments*, which keeps updated records of all numbers currently allocated. An international group of experts will then decide on an appropriate identification number for the instrument in question, including its specific characteristics. The ISO/TC 106/SC 4 Secretary will inform the applicant, in due course, of the result and assist him in using the number correctly. The Secretariat of ISO/TC 106/SC 4 can be contacted at:

DIN NADENT  
Alexander-Wellendorff-Str. 2  
D-75172 Pforzheim  
Germany



# Dentistry — Number coding system for rotary instruments —

## Part 7: Specific characteristics of mandrels and special instruments

### 1 Scope

This part of ISO 6360 specifies the code numbers for specific characteristics of mandrels and special instruments such as bone cutters, implant burs, trephines, wax scrapers and polishers. This three-digit number forms the fourth group of three digits in the 15-digit overall number, the principles of which are explained in ISO 6360-1 and ISO 6360-2.

**NOTE** In addition to terms for rotary instruments and accessories used in two of the three official ISO languages (English, French and Russian), this part of ISO 6360 gives the equivalent terms in the German language; these are published under the responsibility of the member body for Germany (DIN). However, only the terms given in the official languages can be considered as ISO terms.

### 2 Normative references

The following referenced documents are indispensable for the application of this document. For dated references, only the edition cited applies. For undated references, the latest edition of the referenced document (including any amendments) applies.

ISO 6360-1, *Dentistry — Number coding system for rotary instruments — Part 1: General characteristics*

ISO 6360-2, *Dentistry — Number coding system for rotary instruments — Part 2: Shapes*

### 3 Terms and definitions

For the purposes of this document, the terms and definitions given in ISO 6360-1 apply.

### 4 Code numbers for specific characteristics of mandrels and special instruments

#### 4.1 General

The general characteristics of the number coding system for rotary instruments are described in ISO 6360-1. The first and second groups of three digits of the 15-digit overall number are specified in ISO 6360-1.

The shapes of rotary instruments and their respective numbers are specified in ISO 6360-2 as the third group.

The fourth group of three digits identifies specific characteristics for groups of instruments.

If the shape numbers specified in ISO 6360-2 are self explanatory, the numbers for the digits 10 to 12 are 000.