## SLOVENSKI STANDARD

### SIST EN 61108-4:2005

december 2005

Pomorska navigacijska in radiokomunikacijska oprema in sistemi – Globalni satelitski navigacijski sistemi (GNSS) – 4. del: Ladijska pomorska oprema sistemov DGPS in DGLONASS za sprejem radijskih svetilnikov – Zahteve za lastnosti, metode preskušanja in zahtevani preskus (IEC 61108-4:2004)

Maritime navigation and radiocommunication equipment and systems – Global navigation satellite systems (GNSS) – Part 4: Shipborne DGPS and DGLONASS maritime radio beacon receiver equipment – Performance requirements, methods of testing and required test (IEC 61108-4:2004) item. ai)

<u>SIST EN 61108-4:2005</u> https://standards.iteh.ai/catalog/standards/sist/ae66cbb2-5158-493d-bdb3-c425122ae093/sist-en-61108-4-2005

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#### EUROPEAN STANDARD

#### EN 61108-4

## NORME EUROPÉENNE

### **EUROPÄISCHE NORM**

November 2004

ICS 47.020.70

**English version** 

Maritime navigation and radiocommunication equipment and systems — Global navigation satellite systems (GNSS) Part 4: Shipborne DGPS and DGLONASS maritime radio beacon receiver equipment -Performance requirements, methods of testing and required test results

(IEC 61108-4:2004)

Matériels et systèmes de navigation et de radiocommunication maritimes -Système mondial de navigation par satellite (GNSS)

Partie 4: Equipement pour récepteur de balises radioélectriques DGLONASS et A R D DGPS embarqués -

fonctionnement, méthodes d'essai et

résultats d'essai exigés

Navigations- und Funkkommunikationsgeräte und -systeme für die Seeschifffahrt -Weltweite Navigations-Satellitensysteme (GNSS)

Teil 4: DGPS- und DGLONASS-Seefunkbaken-Empfangsanlagen -Leistungsanforderungen, Prüfverfahren

Exigences d'exploitation et destandards.iteund deforderte Prüfergebnisse

(IEC 61108-4:2004)

SIST EN 61108-4:2005

(CEI 61108-4:2004): //standards.iteh.ai/catalog/standards/sist/ae66cbb2-5158-493d-bdb3c425122ae093/sist-en-61108-4-2005

> This European Standard was approved by CENELEC on 2004-10-01. CENELEC members are bound to comply with the CEN/CENELEC Internal Regulations which stipulate the conditions for giving this European Standard the status of a national standard without any alteration.

> Up-to-date lists and bibliographical references concerning such national standards may be obtained on application to the Central Secretariat or to any CENELEC member.

> This European Standard exists in three official versions (English, French, German). A version in any other language made by translation under the responsibility of a CENELEC member into its own language and notified to the Central Secretariat has the same status as the official versions.

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## **CENELEC**

European Committee for Electrotechnical Standardization Comité Européen de Normalisation Electrotechnique Europäisches Komitee für Elektrotechnische Normung

Central Secretariat: rue de Stassart 35, B - 1050 Brussels

#### **Foreword**

The text of document 80/394/FDIS, future edition 1 of 61108-4, prepared by IEC TC 80, Maritime navigation and radiocommunication equipment and systems, was submitted to the IEC-CENELEC parallel vote and was approved by CENELEC as EN 61108-4 on 2004-10-01.

The following dates were fixed:

 latest date by which the EN has to be implemented at national level by publication of an identical national standard or by endorsement

(dop) 2005-07-01

 latest date by which the national standards conflicting with the EN have to be withdrawn

(dow) 2007-10-01

Annex ZA has been added by CENELEC.

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#### **Endorsement notice**

The text of the International Standard IEC 61108-4:2004 was approved by CENELEC as a European Standard without any modification.

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## Annex ZA (normative)

## Normative references to international publications with their corresponding European publications

The following referenced documents are indispensable for the application of this document. For dated references, only the edition cited applies. For undated references, the latest edition of the referenced document (including any amendments) applies.

NOTE Where an international publication has been modified by common modifications, indicated by (mod), the relevant EN/HD applies.

<u>Publication</u>	<u>Year</u>	<u>Title</u>	EN/HD	<u>Year</u>
IEC 60945	<b>-</b> 1)	Maritime navigation and radiocommunication equipment and systems - General requirements - Methods of testing and required test results	EN 60945	2002 2)
IEC 61162-1	- <sup>1)</sup>	Maritime navigation and radiocommunication equipment and systems - Digital interfaces Part 1: Single talker and multiple listeners	EN 61162-1	2000 2)
IEC 61162-2	- 1)	Part 2: Single talker and multiple 1 listeners, high-speed transmission	EN 61162-2	1998 <sup>2)</sup>
IMO Resolution MSC.114(73)	_ 1) https://stan	Performance standards for shipborne DGPS and DGLONASS maritime radio beacon receiver equipment	d-bdb3-	-
IMO Resolution A.694(17)	_ 1)	General requirements for shipborne radio equipment forming part of the global maritime distress and safety system (GMDSS) and for electronic navigational aids	-	-
ITU-R M.823-2	_ 1)	Technical characteristics of differential transmissions for global navigation satellite systems (GNSS) from maritime radio beacons in the frequency band 285 kHz-325 kHz (283,5 kHz-315 kHz in Region 1)	-	-

<sup>1)</sup> Undated reference.

<sup>2)</sup> Valid edition at date of issue.

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# INTERNATIONAL STANDARD

## IEC 61108-4

First edition 2004-07

Maritime navigation and radiocommunication equipment and systems – Global navigation satellite systems (GNSS) –

#### Part 4:

Shipborne DGPS and DGLONASS maritime radio beacon receiver equipment – Performance requirements, methods of testing and required test results

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PRICE CODE



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#### INTERNATIONAL ELECTROTECHNICAL COMMISSION

#### MARITIME NAVIGATION AND RADIOCOMMUNICATION EQUIPMENT AND SYSTEMS – GLOBAL NAVIGATION SATELLITE SYSTEMS (GNSS) –

Part 4: Shipborne DGPS and DGLONASS maritime radio beacon receiver equipment –
Performance requirements, methods of testing and required test results

#### **FOREWORD**

- 1) The International Electrotechnical Commission (IEC) is a worldwide organization for standardization comprising all national electrotechnical committees (IEC National Committees). The object of IEC is to promote international co-operation on all questions concerning standardization in the electrical and electronic fields. To this end and in addition to other activities, IEC publishes International Standards, Technical Specifications, Technical Reports, Publicly Available Specifications (PAS) and Guides (hereafter referred to as "IEC Publication(s)"). Their preparation is entrusted to technical committees; any IEC National Committee interested in the subject dealt with may participate in this preparatory work. International, governmental and non-governmental organizations liaising with the IEC also participate in this preparation. IEC collaborates closely with the International Organization for Standardization (ISO) in accordance with conditions determined by agreement between the two organizations.
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International Standard IEC 61108-4 has been prepared by IEC technical committee 80: Maritime navigation and radiocommunication equipment and systems.

The text of this standard is based on the following documents:

FDIS	Report on voting	
80/394/FDIS	80/398/RVD	

Full information on the voting for the approval of this standard can be found in the report on voting indicated in the above table.

This publication has been drafted in accordance with the ISO/IEC Directives, Part 2.

The committee has decided that the contents of this publication will remain unchanged until the maintenance result date indicated on the IEC web site under "http://webstore.iec.ch" in the data related to the specific publication. At this date, the publication will be

- · reconfirmed;
- withdrawn;
- · replaced by a revised edition, or
- amended.

IEC 61108 consists of the following parts, under the general title Maritime navigation and radiocommunication equipment and systems – Global navigation satellite systems (GNSS):

- Part 1: Global positioning system (GPS) Receiver equipment Performance standards, methods of testing and required test results
- Part 2: Global navigation satellite system (GLONASS) Receiver equipment Performance standards, methods of testing and required test results
- Part 3: (To be used at a later date)

A bilingual version of this publication may be issued at a later date. W

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#### MARITIME NAVIGATION AND RADIOCOMMUNICATION EQUIPMENT AND SYSTEMS – GLOBAL NAVIGATION SATELLITE SYSTEMS (GNSS) –

Part 4: Shipborne DGPS and DGLONASS maritime radio beacon receiver equipment –

Performance requirements, methods of testing and required test results

#### 1 Scope

This part of IEC 61108 specifies the minimum operational and performance requirements, methods of testing and required test results conforming to performance standards not inferior to those adopted by the IMO in resolution MSC.114(73). In addition, it takes account of IMO resolution A.694(17) and is associated with IEC 60945. When a requirement of this standard is different from IEC 60945, the requirement in this standard shall take precedence.

This standard may be satisfied by equipment integral with GNSS equipment.

This standard is applicable to HSC.ANDARD PREVIEW

All text of this standard, whose wording is identical to that in IMO resolution MSC.114(73) and ITU-R M.823 is printed in *italics* and the resolution (abbreviated to – 114 and M.823 respectively) and paragraph numbers are indicated in brackets i.e. (114/3.3 or M.823/3.3).

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### 2 Normative references c425122ae093/sist-en-61108-4-2005

The following referenced documents are indispensable for the application of this document.

For dated references, only the edition cited applies. For undated references, the latest edition of the referenced document (including any amendments) applies.

IEC 60945, Maritime navigation and radiocommunication equipment and systems – General requirements – Methods of testing and required test results

IEC 61162-1, Maritime navigation and radiocommunication equipment and systems – Digital interfaces – Part 1: Single talker and multiple listeners

IEC 61162-2, Maritime navigation and radiocommunication equipment and systems – Digital interfaces – Part 2: Single talker and multiple listeners, high speed transmission

IMO Resolution MSC.114(73), Revised recommendation on performance standards for shipborne DGPS and DGLONASS maritime radio beacon receiver equipment

IMO Resolution A.694(17), General requirements for shipborne radio equipment forming part of the Global Maritime Distress and Safety System (GMDSS) and for electronic navigational aids

ITU-R M.823-2, Technical characteristics of differential transmissions for Global Navigation Satellite Systems (GNSS) from maritime radio beacons in the frequency band 283,5 – 315 kHz in Region 1 and 285 – 325 kHz in Regions 2 and 3

#### Terms, definitions and abbreviations

For the purposes of this standard the following definitions and abbreviations apply.

#### 3.1 **Definitions**

#### 3.1.1

#### Eurofix

the Eurofix datalink is a scheme for modulation of the Loran-C and Chayka signals to establish a broadcast capability that can be used for distribution of GNSS corrections, integrity data and other information. Similar developments in the US are referred to as LORAN-COMM

#### 3.1.2

#### global navigation satellite system (GNSS)

is a world-wide position, time and velocity radio determination system comprising space, ground and user segments

#### 3.1.3

#### integrity

is the ability to provide users with warnings within a specified time when the system should not be used for navigation

#### Abbreviations iTeh STANDARD PREVIEW 3.2

(standards.iteh.ai) Bit error rate **BER** 

Bits per second

SIST EN 61108-4:2005

Differential GLONAS atalog/standards/sist/ae66cbb2-5158-493d-bdb3-**DGLONASS** 

Differential GNSSc425122ae093/sist-en-61108-4-2005 **DGNSS** 

**DGPS** Differential GPS

**EGNOS** European Geo-stationary Navigational Overlay System

**EPFS** Electronic position fixing system

**EUT** Equipment under test

MSAS Multi-Satellite Augmentation System

MSK Minimum shift keying RTK Real-Time Kinematics SNR Signal to noise ratio UDRE User defined range error

VTS Vessel Tracking Services

Wide-Area Augmentation System WAAS

WER Word error rate

#### Performance requirements

#### 4.1 Introduction

Differential services broadcast information for augmenting Global Positioning System (GPS) and the Global Navigation Satellite System (GLONASS) to provide the accuracy and integrity required for entrances and harbour approaches and other waters in which the freedom to manoeuvre is limited. Various service providers are broadcasting differential information applicable to localised areas. Different services provide information for augmenting GPS, *GLONASS, or both.*(114/1.1)