



Designation: C 1503 – 01

Standard Specification for Silvered Flat Glass Mirror¹

This standard is issued under the fixed designation C 1503; the number immediately following the designation indicates the year of original adoption or, in the case of revision, the year of last revision. A number in parentheses indicates the year of last reapproval. A superscript epsilon (ϵ) indicates an editorial change since the last revision or reapproval.

1. Scope

1.1 This specification covers the requirements for silvered flat glass mirrors of rectangular shape supplied as cut sizes, stock sheets or as lehr ends and to which no further processing (such as edgework or other fabrication) has been done.

1.2 This specification covers the quality requirements of silvered annealed monolithic clear and tinted flat glass mirrors up to 6 mm ($\frac{1}{4}$ in.) thick. The mirrors are intended to be used indoors for mirror glazing, for components of decorative accessories or for similar uses.

1.3 This specification does not address safety glazing materials nor requirements for mirror applications. Consult model building codes and other applicable standards for safety glazing applications.

1.4 Mirrors covered in this specification are not intended for use in environments where high humidity or airborne corrosion promoters, or both, are consistently present (such as swimming pool areas, ocean-going vessels, chemical laboratories and other corrosive environments).

1.5 The dimensional values stated in metric units are to be regarded as the standard. The inch-pound units given in parentheses are for information only.

1.6 The following safety hazards caveat pertains only to the test method portion Section 7 of this specification. *This standard does not purport to address all of the safety concerns, if any, associated with its use. It is the responsibility of the user of this standard to establish appropriate safety and health practices and determine the applicability of regulatory requirements prior to use.*

2. Referenced Documents

2.1 Reference to these documents shall be the latest issue unless otherwise specified by the authority applying this specification:

2.2 ASTM Standards:

B 117 Practice for Operating Salt Spray (Fog) Apparatus²

C 162 Terminology of Glass & Glass Products³

C 1036 Specification for Flat Glass³

¹ This specification is under the jurisdiction of ASTM Committee C14 on Glass and Glass Products and is the direct responsibility of Subcommittee C14.08 on Flat Glass.

Current edition approved June 10, 2001. Published August 2001.

² Annual Book of ASTM Standards, Vol 03.02.

³ Annual Book of ASTM Standards, Vol 15.02.

E 903 Test Method for Solar Absorptance, Reflectance and Transmittance of Materials Using Integrating Spheres⁴

3. Terminology

3.1 *Definitions*—Refer to Terminology C 162 and the standards referenced in 2.2 as appropriate.

3.1.1 *blemishes*—an imperfections in the body or on the surface of the mirror. For the purpose of this specification blemishes are divided into 2 categories:

3.1.1.1 *point blemishes*—knots, dirt, stones, gaseous inclusions (seeds and bubbles), tin particles, crush and other similar imperfections.

3.1.1.2 *linear blemishes*—scratches, rubs, digs and other similar imperfections.

3.1.2 *chip*—an imperfection on the edge of a mirror lite due to breakage of a small fragment out of an otherwise regular surface.

3.1.2.1 *shell chip*—a circular indentation in the mirror edge due to breakage of a small fragment.

3.1.2.2 *v-chip*—a V-shaped chip indentation in the mirror edge due to breakage of a small fragment.

3.1.2.3 *chip width*—the perpendicular distance from the edge of the mirror to the inner edge of the chip.

3.1.2.4 *chip length*—the distance, parallel to the edge of the mirror, from one edge of a chip to the other.

3.1.2.5 *chip depth*—the measured distance of a chip from the face of the mirror into the thickness.

3.1.3 *clean cut edge*—natural cut edge of mirror without further fabrication.

3.1.4 *cluster*—a group of not less than 3 point blemishes separated by not more than 50 mm (2 in.).

3.1.5 *crush*—a lightly pitted area in the glass surface resulting in a dull gray or white appearance over the region.

3.1.6 *dig*—deep, short scratch in the glass surface.

3.1.7 *dirt*—a small particle of foreign material imbedded in the glass surface.

3.1.8 *edge corrosion*—change in the color or level of reflectance along the mirror edge as a result of degradation of the silver coating from external sources.

3.1.9 *edgework*—fabrication of the mirror edge beyond the original clean-cut condition.

3.1.10 *flare*—a protrusion on the edge of a lite of mirror.

⁴ Annual Book of ASTM Standards, Vol 12.02.

3.1.11 *gaseous inclusion*—(also known as *seed* or *bubble*) a round or elongated bubble at the surface (open) or within the body thickness leaving a cavity in the mirror.

3.1.12 *knot*—an inhomogeneity in the form of a vitreous lump in the mirror.

3.1.13 *mirror cut size*—mirrors intended for final use in the size ordered (i.e. mirrors not intended for recutting).

3.1.14 *mirror Lehr end*—mirrors intended for recutting by the user into smaller sizes where it is expected that some material may be lost in cutting due to blemishes and edge quality.

3.1.15 *mirror stock sheet*—mirrors intended for architectural use and where trimming will be required.

3.1.16 *rub*—an abrasion of the mirror surface producing a frosted appearance.

3.1.17 *scratch*—damage on the glass surface in the form of a line caused by the relative movement of an object across and in contact with the glass surface.

3.1.18 *silver coating*—the metallic silver coating in a silvered mirror product.

3.1.19 *silvered mirror*—mirror product fabricated through the application of metallic silver and protected by a mirror backing paint.

3.1.20 *spot silver fault*—a small area at which the silver coating is partially or entirely absent.

3.1.21 *stone*—a crystalline inclusion in the mirror.

3.1.22 *visible clouding*—a frosted appearance in the reflected image from a silvered mirror.

4. Classification and Intended Use

4.1 *Grades*—Mirrors furnished under this specification shall be of the following grades, as specified.

4.1.1 *Mirror Cut Size*—Mirrors intended for final use in the size ordered (that is, mirrors not intended for recutting).

4.1.2 *Mirror Stock Sheet*—Mirrors intended for architectural use and where trimming will be required.

4.1.3 *Mirror Lehr End*—Mirrors intended for recutting by the user into smaller sizes where it is expected that some material may be lost in cutting due to blemishes and edge quality.

4.2 *Qualities*—Mirrors furnished under this specification shall be of the following qualities, as specified.

4.2.1 *Mirror Select Quality*—(Usually available in 6 mm (1/4 in.) clear mirror only.) Recommended or intended or both, for use in visually demanding applications requiring minimal distortion and blemishes.

4.2.2 *Mirror Glazing Quality*—Recommended or intended or both, for general use where limited levels of minor blemishes or distortion, or both are acceptable.

4.3 *Color*—The glass substrate may be clear or tinted.

4.3.1 *Clear Glass Mirrors*—Mirrors made with clear (untinted) glass.

4.3.2 *Tinted Glass Mirrors*—Mirrors made with tinted (colored) glass. Intended for use primarily in decorative applications where diminished light reflectance is not a concern. A variety of tinted glass substrates are available. The specific tint desired should be specified by the purchaser and is subject to availability. Not all grades or qualities may be available in tinted glass mirror.

NOTE 1—Actual color or shade of tinted glass mirror may vary from manufacturer to manufacturer and from batch to batch.

4.4 *Thickness*—Mirrors are available in the following standard nominal thicknesses:

Designation	Thickness		Intended use
	(Traditional designation)	Maximum recommended surface area per cut size piece	Recommended application
2.5 mm	(single)	Up to .5 sq. m. (5 sq.ft.)	Utility mirrors where distortion and blemishes are not a major concern
3.0 mm	(double or 1/8 in.)	Up to .75 sq. m. (7.5 sq.ft.)	Mirror components and other general use applications
4.0 mm	(3/8 in.)	Up to 1 sq. m. (10 sq.ft.)	Mirror components and other general use applications
5.0 mm	(1/2 in.)	Up to 3 sq. m. (32 sq. ft.)	Architectural use and other applications where optical quality is a major concern
6.0 mm	(3/4 in.)	Up to 3 sq. m. (32 sq. ft.)	Architectural use and other applications where optical quality is a major concern

5. Ordering Information

5.1 Purchasers should select the preferred options permitted in this specification and include the following information in procurement documents:

5.1.1 Title, number, and date of this specification.

5.1.2 Grade of mirror (see 4.1).

5.1.3 Quality of mirror (see 4.2).

5.1.4 Color of mirror (see 4.3).

5.1.5 Thickness of mirror.

5.1.6 Nominal length and width.

5.2 *Packaging Requirements*—Mirror packaging and protection shall be standard manufacturer practice unless otherwise specified. Consult manufacturer before specifying.

6. Requirements

6.1 *Reflectance Requirements*—When measured in accordance with Test Method 7.1, reflectance shall not be less than the following:

6.1.1 For clear glass mirrors—minimum visible light reflected = 83 %.

6.1.2 For tinted glass mirrors—minimum visible light reflected = $(T)^2$ (where T = the visible light transmission value for the glass substrate in its unsilvered state.)

6.2 *Coating Requirements:*

6.2.1 *Appearance of Silver Coating*—When inspected in accordance with Test Method 7.2, the silver coating shall be free of visible blemishes.

6.2.2 *Coating Resistance Requirements*—When tested in accordance with Test Method 7.3 mirrors shall meet the requirements shown in Table 6.

6.3 *Blemish Limits*—Blemishes, other than visible blemishes in the silver coating, are permitted within the following limits.

6.3.1 *Blemish Limits for Mirror Cut Size and Mirror Stock Sheet Grades:*

6.3.1.1 *Point Blemish Limits*—When inspected in accordance with Test Method 7.4.1 point blemishes shall be within the limits shown in Table 2.