



Designation: F 2159 – 01

Standard Specification for Plastic Insert Fittings Utilizing a Copper Crimp Ring for SDR9 Cross-linked Polyethylene (PEX) Tubing¹

This standard is issued under the fixed designation F 2159; the number immediately following the designation indicates the year of original adoption or, in the case of revision, the year of last revision. A number in parentheses indicates the year of last reapproval. A superscript epsilon (ϵ) indicates an editorial change since the last revision or reapproval.

1. Scope

1.1 This specification establishes requirements for sulfone plastic insert fittings and copper crimp rings for three sizes ($\frac{3}{8}$, $\frac{1}{2}$, and $\frac{3}{4}$) of cross-linked polyethylene (PEX) plastic tubing. These fittings are intended for use in 100 psi (690 kPa) cold- and hot-water distribution systems operating at temperatures up to and including 180°F (82°C). Included are the requirements for material, molded part properties, performance, workmanship, dimensions, and markings to be used on the fittings and rings.

1.2 *Units*—The values stated in inch-pound units are to be regarded as the standard. The values given in parentheses are mathematical conversions to SI units, which are provided for information only and are not considered the standard.

1.3 The following is an index of the appendix in this specification:

GO/NO-GO Crimp Gauges
Torque (Break Off) Test

Appendix X1
Appendix X2

1.4 The following precautionary caveat pertains only to the test method portions, Sections 11 and 12, of this specification. *This standard does not purport to address all of the safety concerns, if any, associated with its use. It is the responsibility of the user of this standard to establish appropriate safety and health practices and determine the applicability of regulatory requirements prior to use.*

2. Referenced Documents

2.1 ASTM Standards:

- D 618 Practice for Conditioning Plastics and Electrical Insulating Materials for Testing²
- D 1598 Test Method for Time-To-Failure of Plastic Pipe Under Constant Internal Pressure³
- D 1599 Test Method for Short-Time, Hydraulic Failure Pressure of Plastic Pipe, Tubing, and Fittings³
- D 1600 Terminology for Abbreviated Terms Relating to Plastics²
- D 2122 Test Method for Determining Dimensions of Ther-

moplastic Pipe and Fittings³

D 6394 Specification for Sulfone Plastics (SP)⁴

F 412 Terminology Relating to Plastic Piping Systems³

F 876 Specification for Cross-linked Polyethylene (PEX) Tubing³

F 877 Specification for Cross-linked Polyethylene (PEX) Plastic Hot- and Cold-Water Distribution Systems³

F 1498 Specification for Taper Pipe Threads 60° for Thermoplastic Pipe and Fittings³

F 1807 Specification for Metal Insert Fitting Utilizing a Copper Crimp Ring for SDR9 Cross-linked Polyethylene (PEX) Tubing³

2.2 ASME Standard:

B 1.20.1 Pipe Threads General Purpose Inch⁵

2.3 NSF International Standard:

ANSI/NSF Standard No. 14 for Plastic Piping Components and Related Materials⁶

ANSI/NSF Standard No. 61 for Drinking Water System Components-Health Effects⁶

3. Terminology

3.1 *Definitions*—Definitions are in accordance with Terminology F 412 and abbreviations are in accordance with Terminology D 1600, unless otherwise indicated.

4. Classification

4.1 This specification governs one class of fittings and copper crimp rings suitable for use with nominal size $\frac{3}{8}$, $\frac{1}{2}$, and $\frac{3}{4}$ size PEX tubing that meets the requirements of ASTM Specifications F 876 or F 877.

5. Materials and Manufacture

5.1 *Material*—Fittings shall be molded from sulfone plastic (SP) as specified in Specification D 6394. The material shall be unreinforced polysulfone (group 01, or 03; class 1, grade 1, 2 or 3 for group 03) or polyphenylsulfone (group 03, class 1, grade 1) 2, 3, 4, 5 or 6 for group 01. Material may also be a an

¹ This specification is under the jurisdiction of ASTM Committee F17 on Plastic Piping Systems and is the direct responsibility of Subcommittee F17.10 on Fittings. Current edition approved Dec. 10, 2001. Published April 2002.

² *Annual Book of ASTM Standards*, Vol 08.01.

³ *Annual Book of ASTM Standards*, Vol 08.04.

⁴ *Annual Book of ASTM Standards*, Vol 08.03.

⁵ Available from the American National Standards Institute, 11 West 42nd St., 13th Floor, New York, NY 10036.

⁶ Available from the National Sanitation Foundation (NSF International), P.O. Box 130140, Ann Arbor, MI 48113.

unreinforced blend of these two or more of the specified groups materials with the polyphenylsulfone continuous phase comprising 55 to 80 % of the blend. Fittings shall be made from virgin plastic or reworked plastic in accordance with 5.1.2.

5.1.1 *Discussion*—Since fittings specified by this standard will be used in hot-and-cold water plumbing systems, a material used to manufacture fittings in accordance with this specification must demonstrate qualities consistent with that application in addition to the performance requirements of this specification. Those qualifying characteristics include, but are not limited to, an established hydrostatic design basis (HDB) or stress design basis (SDB) in accordance with PPI TR-3 or similar rating, demonstration of resistance to the long-term effects of water contact and those chemicals normally found in potable water and at the maximum temperature stated in this specification, or an applicable history of use in a similar configuration and environment, or both. Sulfone plastic as specified in Specification D 6394, meets these additional qualifications and should establish a baseline performance profile for other materials that may be added to this specification at some future time.

5.1.2 *Rework Material*—Clean rework material of the same commercial designation, generated from the manufacturer’s own production may be used by the same manufacturer provided the fittings meet all of the requirements of this specification. Reworked material shall not be introduced at a ratio exceeding 25 %.

5.2 *Potable Water Requirements*—Products intended for the transport of potable water shall be evaluated, tested and certified for conformance with ANSI/NSF Standard No. 61 or the health effects portion of ANSI/NSF Standard No. 14 by an acceptable certifying organization when required by the regulatory authority having jurisdiction.

5.3 *Crimp Rings*—Crimp rings shall be manufactured and marked in accordance with the requirements of Specification F 1807.

6. Molded Part Properties

6.1 *Insert Crush*—The fitting insert shall not crack, split, or shatter when tested in accordance with 12.1.

6.2 *Splay*—The molded part shall be free of visible splay excepting some slight blushing at the gate location.

7. Performance Requirements

7.1 *General*—All performance tests shall be performed on assemblies of fittings, crimp rings, and PEX tubing. Fittings and crimp rings shall meet the material and dimensional requirements of this standard. PEX tubing shall meet the requirements of Specification F 876 or F 877. Assembly of test specimens shall be in accordance with Section 10. Use separate sets of assemblies for each performance test requirement.

7.2 *Hydrostatic Burst*—Assemblies shall meet the minimum hydrostatic burst requirements shown in Table 1, when tested in accordance with 11.5.

7.3 *Hydrostatic Sustained Pressure Strength*—Assemblies shall meet the hydrostatic sustained pressure requirements shown in Table 2 when tested in accordance with 11.6.

TABLE 1 Minimum Hydrostatic Burst Strength Requirements for Fitting, Crimp Ring, and PEX Tubing Assemblies

Nominal Tubing Size	Minimum Burst Pressures at Different Temperatures			
	psig ^A at 73.4°F	(kPa) at (23°C)	psig ^A at 180°F	(kPa) at (82.2°C)
3/8	620	(4275)	275	(1896)
1/2	480	(3309)	215	(1482)
3/4	475	(3275)	210	(1448)

^A The fiber stress to derive this test pressure is: at 73.4°F (23.0°C) 1900 psi (13.10 MPa) at 180°F (82.2°C) 850 psi (5.86 MPa).

TABLE 2 Minimum Hydrostatic Sustained Pressure Requirements for Fitting, Crimp Ring and PEX Tubing Assemblies^{A,B}

Nominal Tubing Size	Pressure Required for Test, psig (kPa)	
	180°F (82.2°C)	(82.2°C)
3/8	250	(1724)
1/2	195	(1344)
3/4	190	(1310)

^A The fiber stress to derive this test pressure is: 770 psi (5.31 MPa) at 180° F (82.2°C).

^B Test duration is 1000 h.

7.4 *Thermocycling*—Assemblies shall not leak or separate when thermocycled 1000 cycles between the temperatures of 60°F (16°C) and 180°F (82°C) when tested in accordance with 11.7.

7.5 *Excessive Temperature-Pressure Capability*:

7.5.1 *General*—Assemblies shall have adequate strength to accommodate short-term conditions, 30 days (720 h) of 210° F (99° C) and 150 psi (1034 kPa) when tested in accordance with 11.8.

8. Dimensions

8.1 *Dimensions and Tolerances*—The dimensions and tolerances of fittings shall be as shown in Fig. 1, when measured in accordance with 11.4.

8.1.1 *Alignment*—The maximum angular variation of any opening shall not exceed 1° off the true centerline axis.

8.1.2 *Tapered Threads*—Fitting threads shall be American National Standard Taper Pipe Thread Form conforming to ASTM F 1498.

8.1.3 *Straight Threads*—Straight pipe threads, intended for the making of a gasketed seal with taper pipe threads, shall be NPSM and conform to ASME B 1.20.1.

9. Workmanship, Finish and Appearance

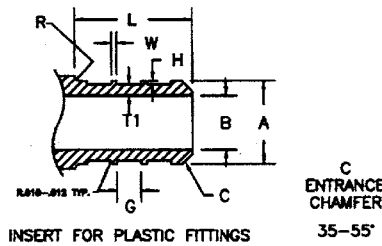
9.1 The sealing surfaces of the insert shall be smooth and free of foreign material. The fitting walls shall be free of cracks, holes, blisters, voids, foreign inclusions, or other defects that are visible to the unaided eye and that affect the wall integrity.

9.2 Except for the insert, the molded part shall be free of flash in excess of .005. Flash, mismatch, and witness mark requirements for the insert shall be in accordance with Fig. 1.

10. Assembly

10.1 *Crimp Joints*—Insert fittings shall be joined to PEX tubing by the compression of a copper crimp ring around the outer circumference of the tubing forcing the tubing material

FIGURE 1 FITTING INSERT DIMENSIONS AND TOLERANCES



SIZE	A OUTSIDE DIAMETER	B MINIMUM ID ^F	L INSERT LENGTH ^B	H MIN. RIB HEIGHT	NUMBER OF RIBS ^C	W RIB WIDTH TYP	G GAP WIDTH TYP 3 PLCS	T MINIMUM WALL ^A	R MINIMUM RADIUS	MAXIMUM FLASH AND MISMATCH, TOTAL ON CREST DIAMETER ^{C,D}
3/8"	0.347±.003	0.197	0.70 +.020	0.015	2	0.03-0.05	0.135-0.152	0.050	0.03	0.005
1/2"	0.473±.003	0.315	0.70 +.020	0.015	2	0.03-0.05	0.135-.0152	0.056	0.03	0.005
3/4"	0.668±.003	0.460	0.70 +.020	0.015	2	0.03-0.05	0.135-0.152	0.082	0.03	0.005

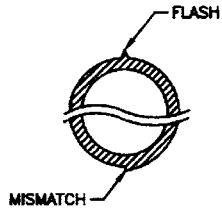


FIG. 1A FLASH AND MISMATCH CREATED BY IMPERFECTION IN DIE HALF INTERFACES.

^A APPLIES TO ENTIRE FITTING NOT JUST INSERT AREA.
^B FITTING SHALL BE DESIGNED WITH SUFFICIENT OVERALL DIMENSIONS TO ALLOW PROPER USE OF CRIMP TOOL WITHOUT INTERFERENCE WITH PREVIOUSLY COMPLETED CRIMPS ON THE SAME FITTING.
^C THE MAXIMUM FLASH AND MISMATCH AT THE ROOT DIAMETER BETWEEN THE RIBS MAY NOT EXCEED 30% OF THE RIB HEIGHT.
^D THE TOTAL FLASH AND MISMATCH IS ASSUMED TO BE THE DIFFERENCE BETWEEN THE DIMENSIONS X AND Y (SEE FIG 1B). THESE DIMENSIONS MAY BE MEASURED WITH APPROPRIATE CALIPERS OR MICROMETERS. SEE FIG 1B FOR A GRAPHIC DEFINITION OF FLASH AND MISMATCH CREATED BY IMPERFECTION IN DIE HALF INTERFACES.
^E LEAD CHAMFER AREA IS NOT CONSIDERED A RIB.
^F THE MINIMUM ID SHALL BE MAINTAINED THROUGH THE INSERT LENGTH AND INTO THE FITTING, INTERSECTING THE MINIMUM ID OF THE OTHER FITTING INSERT(S).

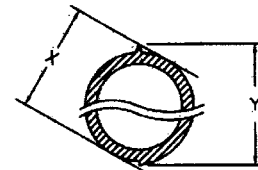


FIG. 1B TOTAL FLASH AND MISMATCH

FIG. 1 Fitting Insert Dimensions and Tolerances

into annular spaces formed by ribs on the fitting. Insert fittings and crimp rings shall meet the dimensional and material requirements of this standard. PEX tubing shall meet the requirements of Specifications F 876 or F 877. The dimensions and out-of-roundness of the crimp ring after it has been crimped shall be in accordance with Table 3.

10.1.1 *Crimping Procedure*—To affix the insert fitting to the tubing with the crimp ring, the crimping procedure shall be as follows: slide the crimp ring onto the tubing, insert the ribbed end of the fitting into the end of the tubing until the tubing contacts the shoulder of the fitting or tube stop. The crimp ring shall then be positioned on the tubing so the edge of the crimp ring is 1/8 in. to 1/4 in. (3.2 to 6.4 mm) from the end of the tube. The jaws of the crimping tool shall be centered over the crimp ring and the tool shall be held so that the crimping jaws are approximately perpendicular to the axis of the barb. The jaws of the crimping tool shall be closed around the crimp ring, compressing the crimp ring onto the tubing. The crimp ring shall not be crimped more than once. Each crimp shall be

TABLE 3 Crimp Ring Dimensions After Crimping on Tube/Fitting Assembly

Nominal Tube Size Insert End	Final Crimped Outside Diameter ^{A,B}	
	Minimum, in. (mm)	Maximum, in. (mm)
3/8	0.580 (14.7)	0.595 (15.1)
1/2	0.700 (17.8)	0.715 (24.4)
3/4	0.945 (24.0)	0.960 (24.4)

^A For all diameters except for the area of scoring caused by the crimping tool.

^B The maximum out-of-roundness as measured by the difference between the minimum crimped outside diameter and the maximum crimped outside diameter shall not exceed 0.006 in. (0.150 mm).

TABLE 4 Recommended Minimum Torque Requirements for Insert Torque (Break Off) Test

Size	Minimum Torque, lbf/in (g/cm)
3/8	40 (7144)
1/2	80 (14288)
3/4	120 (21432)

checked to determine conformance to the after crimped dimensional requirements of Table 3.

11. Test Methods

11.1 *Conditioning*—Condition specimens at 73 ± 4°F (23 ± 2°C) and 50 ± 5 % relative humidity for not less than 4 h prior to testing. Method D 618 shall be used to the extent possible as a guide to other conditions.

11.2 *Test Conditions*—Conduct the tests in the standard laboratory atmosphere at 73 ± 4°F (23 ± 2°C) and 50±5 % relative humidity unless otherwise specified in the test methods or in this specification.

11.3 *Sampling*—A sample of the fittings, crimp rings, and PEX tubing sufficient to determine conformance with this specification shall be taken at random.

11.4 *Dimensions*—Any randomly selected fitting or fittings and crimp ring or crimp rings shall be used to determine dimensions. Measurements shall be made in accordance with Method D 2122. Determine the diameters by making measurements at four locations spaced at approximately 45° apart around the circumference.