An American National Standard Endorsed by Manufacturers Standardization Society of the Valve and Fittings Industry Used in USNRC-RDT Standards

# **Standard Specification for** Carbon and Alloy Steel Nuts for Bolts for High Pressure or High Temperature Service, or Both<sup>1</sup>

This standard is issued under the fixed designation A 194/A 194M; the number immediately following the designation indicates the year of original adoption or, in the case of revision, the year of last revision. A number in parentheses indicates the year of last reapproval. A superscript epsilon  $(\epsilon)$  indicates an editorial change since the last revision or reapproval.

This standard has been approved for use by agencies of the Department of Defense.

# 1. Scope

- 1.1 This specification<sup>2</sup> covers a variety of carbon, alloy, and martensitic stainless steel nuts in the size range 1/4 through 4 in. and metric M6 through M100 nominal. It also covers austenitic stainless steel nuts in the size range 1/4 in. and M6 nominal and above. These nuts are intended for high-pressure or hightemperature service or both. Grade substitutions without the purchaser's permission are not allowed.
- 1.2 Bars from which the nuts are made shall be hot-wrought. The material may be further processed by centerless grinding or by cold drawing. Austenitic stainless steel may be solution annealed or annealed and strain-hardened. When annealed and strain hardened austenitic stainless steel is ordered in accordance with Supplementary Requirement S1, the purchaser should take special care to ensure that 7.2.2, Supplementary Requirement S1, and Appendix X1 are thoroughly understood.
- 1.3 Supplementary requirements (S1 through S6) of an optional nature are provided. These shall apply only when specified in the inquiry, contract, and order.
- 1.4 This specification is expressed in both inch-pound units and in SI units. However, unless the order specifies the applicable" M" specification designation (SI units), the material shall be furnished to inch-pound units.
- 1.5 The values stated in either inch-pound units or SI units are to be regarded separately as standard. Within the text, the SI units are shown in brackets. The values stated in each system are not exact equivalents; therefore, each system must be used independently of the other. Combining values from the two systems may result in noncomformance with the specification.

## 2. Referenced Documents

2.1 ASTM Standards:

- <sup>1</sup> This specification is under the jurisdiction of ASTM Committee A01 on Steel, Stainless Steel, and Related Alloys and is the direct responsibility of Subcommittee A01.22 on Steel Forgings and Wrought Fittings for Piping Applications and Bolting Materials for Piping and Special Purpose Applications.
- Current edition approved Oct. 10, 2000. Published January 2001. Originally published as A 194 – 36 T. Last previous edition A 194/A 194M – 00.
- <sup>2</sup> For ASME Boiler and Pressure Vessel Code applications see related Specification SA-194 in Section II of that code.

- A 153/A 153M Specification for Zinc Coating (Hot-Dip) on Iron and Steel Hardware<sup>3</sup>
- A 276 Specification for Stainless Steel Bars and Shapes<sup>4</sup>
- A 320/A 320M Specification for Alloy-Steel Bolting Materials for Low-Temperature Service<sup>5</sup>
- A 370 Test Methods and Definitions for Mechanical Testing of Steel Products<sup>6</sup>
- A 962/A 962M Specification for Common Requirements for Steel Fasteners or Fastener Materials, or Both, Intended for Use at Any Temperature from Cryogenic to the Creep Range<sup>5</sup>
- B 633 Specification for Electrodeposited Coatings of Zinc on Iron and Steel<sup>7</sup>
- B 695 Specification for Coatings of Zinc Mechanically Deposited on Iron and Steel<sup>7</sup>
- B 696 Specification for Coatings of Cadmium Mechanically Deposited<sup>7</sup>
- B 766 Specification for Electrodeposited Coatings of Cadmium<sup>7</sup>
- E 112 Test Methods for Determining the Average Grain Size<sup>8</sup>
- 2.2 American National Standards:<sup>9</sup>
- B 1.1 Unified Screw Threads
- B 1.13M Metric Screw Threads
- B 18.2.2 Square and Hex Nuts
- B 18.2.4.6M Metric Heavy Hex Nuts

### 3. Terminology

- 3.1 Definitions of Terms Specific to This Standard:
- 3.1.1 Austenitic Grades—All grades with a prefix of "8" or "9".
- 3.1.2 Ferritic Grades—Grades 1, 2, 2H, 2HM, 3, 4, 6, 6F, 7, 7M, and 16.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> Annual Book of ASTM Standards, Vol 01.06,

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup> Annual Book of ASTM Standards, Vol 01.05.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>5</sup> Annual Book of ASTM Standards, Vol 01.01.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>6</sup> Annual Book of ASTM Standards, Vol 01.03.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>7</sup> Annual Book of ASTM Standards, Vol 02.05.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>8</sup> Annual Book of ASTM Standards, Vol 03.01.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>9</sup> Available from American National Standards Institute, 11 West 42nd St., 13th Floor, New York, NY 10036.

- 3.1.3 *Lot*:
- 3.1.3.1 Unless otherwise specified (see 3.1.3.2), a lot is the quantity of nuts of a single nominal size and grade produced by the same manufacturing process.
- 3.1.3.2 When Supplementary Requirement S5 is invoked on the purchase order, the following definitions of a lot shall apply:

For Grade 8 Nuts—The quantity of all the nuts of a single nominal diameter and grade made from the same heat of steel and made by the same manufacturing process.

For All Other Grade Nuts (see 7.2 and 7.1.2.1)—All the nuts of a single nominal diameter and grade made from the same heat number and heat treated in the same batch if batch-type heat treating equipment is used or heat treated in the same continuous run of not more than 8 h under the same conditions if continuous-type heat treating equipment is used.

- 3.1.4 For Grade 8 Nuts—Variations within the grade designated by a letter and differentiated by chemistry and by manufacturing process.
- 3.1.5 For Grade 6 Nuts—Variations within the grade designated by the letter F as differentiated by chemical additions made for machineability.
- 3.1.6 *Series*—The dimensional relationship and geometry of the nuts as described in ANSI B 18.2.2 or B 18.2.4.6M.

# 4. Ordering Information

- 4.1 The inquiry and order for material under this specification shall include the following as required to describe the material adequately:
- 4.1.1 Specification designation, year date, and grade, issue date and revision letter,
  - 4.1.2 Quantity, number of pieces,
  - 4.1.3 Dimensions (see Section 8),
- 4.1.4 Options in accordance with 7.2.2.1, 8.1, 8.2, 9.3, and 11, and
  - 4.1.5 Supplementary Requirements, if any.
- 4.2 Coatings—Coatings are prohibited unless specified by the purchaser. Nuts plated with cadmium or zinc shall be marked as stated in 12.2. When coated nuts are ordered, the purchaser should take special care to ensure that Appendix X2 is thoroughly understood. It is the purchaser's responsibility to specify in the purchase order all information required by the coating facility. Examples of such information may include, but are not limited to, the following:
- 4.2.1 Reference to the appropriate coating specification: B 766, B 696, A 153, B 695, B 633, or other specifications as agreed upon by the purchaser and manufacturer.
- 4.2.2 Requirements for coating thickness and local or batch average thickness measurement, or both.
- 4.2.3 Requirements for selective plating or coating or modification of dimensions to accommodate coating.
  - 4.2.4 Requirements for hydrogen embrittlement relief.

# 5. Common Requirements

5.1 Material and fasteners supplied to this specification shall conform to the requirements of A 962/A 962M. These requirements include test methods, finish, thread dimensions, marking, certification, optional supplementary requirements, and

others. Failure to comply with the requirements of Specification A 962/A 962M constitutes nonconformance with this specification. In case of conflict between the requirements of this specification and Specification A 962/A 962M, this specification shall prevail.

## 6. Manufacture (Process)

- 6.1 Stainless steels for all types of Grade 6 and 8 nuts shall be made by one of the following processes:
- 6.1.1 Electric-furnace (with separate degassing and refining optional),
  - 6.1.2 Vacuum induction furnace, or
- 6.1.3 Either of the above followed by electroslag remelting, or consumable-arc remelting.
- 6.2 The steel producer shall exercise adequate control to eliminate excessive unhomogeneity, nonmetallics, pipe, porosity, and other defects.
- 6.3 Grades 1 and 2 nuts shall be hot or cold forged, or shall be machined from hot-forged, hot-rolled, or cold-drawn bars.
- 6.3.1 All Grade 1 and 2 nuts made by cold forging or by machining from cold-drawn bars shall be stress-relief annealed at a temperature of at least 1000°F [538°C].
- 6.3.2 Grade 1 and 2 nuts made by hot forging or by machining from hot-forged or hot-rolled bars need not be given any stress relief annealing treatment.
- 6.4 Grades 2HM, 2H, 3, 4, 6, 6F, 7, 7M, and 16 nuts shall be hot or cold-forged or shall be machined from hot-forged, hot-rolled, or cold-drawn bars and shall be heat treated to meet the required mechanical properties. However, nuts machined from heat-treated bars need not be reheat treated. See Supplementary Requirement S3 for nuts to be used in low-temperature applications (Specification A 320/A 320M). These grades of nuts shall be reheated above the critical range of the steel, quenched in a suitable medium, and then tempered at a temperature not less than the following:

	Minimum Tempering Temperature,°F
Grade and Type	[°C]
2H	850 [455]
2HM	1150 [620]
3	1050 [565]
4	1100 [595]
6 and 6F	1100 [595]
7 and 7M	1100 [595]
16	1200 [650]

- 6.4.1 Grade 6 and 6F nuts shall be tempered for a minimum of 1 h at the temperature.
- 6.5 Grades 8, 8C, 8M, 8T, 8F, 8P, 8N, 8MN, 8R, 8S, 8LN, 8MLN, 8MLCuN, and 9C nuts shall be hot or cold forged, or shall be machined from hot-forged, hot-rolled or cold-drawn bars.
- 6.6 Grades 8A, 8CA, 8MA, 8TA, 8FA, 8PA, 8NA, 8MNA, 8RA, 8SA, 8LNA, 8MLNA, 8MLCuNA, and 9CA nuts shall be hot or cold-forged or shall be machined from hot-forged, hot-rolled, or cold-drawn bars and the nuts shall subsequently be carbide-solution treated by heating them for a sufficient time at a temperature to dissolve chromium carbides followed by cooling at a rate sufficient to prevent reprecipitation of the carbides.

# ∰ A 194/A 194M

# TABLE 1 Chemical Requirements<sup>A,B</sup>

Grade Symbol	Material	Carbon, %	Manganese, %	Phosphorus, %	Sulfur, <sup>C</sup> %	Silicon, %	Chromium,	Nickel, %	Molyb- denum, %	Tita- nium, %	Colum- bium and Tanta- lum, %	Selenium, %	Other Elements, %
1	carbon	0.15 min	1.00 max	0.040 max	0.050 max	0.40 max	<u>.                                    </u>	<u>.                                    </u>	<u>.</u> 	<u> </u>			
2, 2HM, and 2H	carbon	0.40 min	1.00 max	0.040 max	0.050 max	0.40 max							
4	carbon, molyb- denum	0.40-0.50	0.70-0.90	0.035 max	0.040 max	0.15-0.35			0.20-0.30				
3	AISI 501	0.10 min	1.00 max	0.040 max	0.030 max	1.00 max	4.0-6.0		0.40-0.65				
5	AISI 410	0.15 max	1.00 max	0.040 max	0.030 max	1.00 max	11.5–13.5						
iF	AISI 416 with sulfur	0.15 max	1.25 max	0.060 max	0.15 min	1.00 max	12.0–14.0						
δF	AISI 416 with selenium	0.15 max	1.25 max	0.060 max	0.060 max	1.00 max	12.0–14.0					0.15 min	
7, 7M	AISI 4140/ 4142/ 4145, 4140H, 4142H, 4145H	0.37-0.49	0.65–1.10	0.04 max	0.04 max	0.15–0.35	0.75–1.20		0.15–0.25				
8, 8A	AISI 304	0.08 max	2.00 max	0.045 max	0.030 max	1.00 max	18.0–20.0	8.0–11.0					
8C, 8CA	AISI 347	0.08 max	2.00 max	0.045 max	0.030 max	1.00 max	17.0–19.0	9.0–12.0	LS		10 x carbon content,		
3M, 8MA	AISI 316	0.08 max	2.00 max	0.045 max	0.030	1.00 max	16.0–18.0	10.0–14.0	2.00-3.00	<b>(a1)</b>	min		
8T, 8TA	AISI 321	0.08 max	2.00 max	0.045 max	max 0.030 max	1.00 max	17.0–19.0	9.0–12.0	iew	5 x (C+N) min - 0.70			
					A	STM A1	94/A194	4M-00a		max			
BF, 8FA https	AISI 303 with and sulfur	0.15 max trds.iteh	2.00 max al/catalo	0.20 max g/standa	0.15 min SIST	1.00 max	17.0–19.0	8.0–10.0	5-3b02	d6323	8c9/astr	n-a194	-a194m-0
8F, 8FA	AISI 303 with selenium	0.15 max	2.00 max	0.20 max	0.06 max	1.00 max	17.0–19.0	8.0–10.0				0.15 min	
BP, 8PA	AISI 305 with restricted carbon	0.08 max	2.00 max	0.045 max	0.030 max	1.00 max	17.0–19.0	11.0–13.0					
3N, 8NA	AISI 304N	0.08 max	2.00 max	0.045 max	0.030 max	1.00 max	18.0–20.0	8.0–11.0					Nitrogen, 0.10–0.16
BLN, BLNA	AISI 304N with restricted carbon	0.030 max	2.00 max	0.045 max	0.030 max	1.00 max	18.0–20.0	8.0–11.0					Nitrogen, 0.10–0.16
BMN, BMNA	AISI 316N	0.08 max	2.00 max	0.045 max	0.030 max	1.00 max	16.0–18.0	10.0–13.0	2.00-3.00				Nitrogen, 0.10–0.16
BMLN, BMLNA	AISI 316N with restricted	0.030 max	2.00 max	0.045 max	0.030 max	1.00 max	16.0–18.0	10.0–13.0	2.00–3.00				Nitrogen, 0.10–0.16
BR, 8RA <sup>D</sup>	carbon XM19	0.06 max	4.0–6.0	0.045 max	0.030 max	1.00 max	20.5–23.5	11.5–13.5	1.50–3.00		0.10-0.30		Nitrogen, 0.20–0.40 Vanadium, 0.10–0.30
8S, 8SA		0.10 max	7.0–9.0	0.060 max	0.030 max	3.5–4.5	16.0–18.0	8.0–9.0					Nitrogen, 0.08–0.18

						TABLE 1	Continued						
Grade Symbol	Material	Carbon, %	Manganese, %	Phosphorus, %	Sulfur, <sup>C</sup> %	Silicon, %	Chromium,	Nickel, %	Molyb- denum, %	Tita- nium, %	Colum- bium and Tanta- lum, %	Selenium, %	Other Elements, %
8MLCuN, 8MLCuNA		0.020 max	1.00 max	0.030 max	0.010 max	0.80 max	19.5–20.5	17.5–18.5	6.0–6.5				Nitrogen, 0.18–0.22 Copper, 0.50–1.00
9C, 9CA	NO8367	0.030 max	2.00 max	0.040 max	0.030 max	1.00 max	20.00- 22.00	23.50- 25.50	6.0-7.0				Nitrogen, 0.18-0.25 Copper 0.75
16	Chromium Molyb- denum Vanadium	0.36–0.47	0.45-0.70	0.035 max	0.040 max	0.15-0.35	0.80–1.15		0.50-0.65				Vanadium, 0.25–0.35 Aluminum <sup>B</sup> 0.015 max

A The intentional addition of Bl, Se, Te, and Pb is not permitted except for Grades 6F, 8F, and 8FA, in which Se is specified and required.

# 7. Mechanical Requirements

- 7.1 Hardness Test:
- 7.1.1 Requirements:
- 7.1.1.1 All nuts shall be capable of meeting the hardness requirements specified in Table 2.
- 7.1.1.2 Sample nuts of Grades 1, 2, 2H, 2HM, 3, 4, 7, 7M, and 16 which have been given the treatment described in 7.1.5 shall meet the minimum hardness specified in Table 2.
- 7.1.2 *Number of Tests* (Grades 1, 2, 2H, 3, 4, 7, and 16 and all types of Grade 6):
- 7.1.2.1 Tests on the number of sample nuts in accordance with the following table shall be performed by the manufacturer following all production heat treatments:

Lot Size	Samples
Up to 800	1 ACTMA
801 to 8000	2 <u>ASTM A</u>
8001 to 22 000 a tell oi/co	talog/standard3/sist/aff0484
Over 22 000	5

7.1.2.2 In addition, a hardness test shall be performed by the manufacturer in accordance with 7.1.5 on one sample nut

selected from each nominal diameter and series from each grade and heat number following completion of all production heat treatments.

- 7.1.3 Number of Tests, Grades 2HM and 7M:
- 7.1.3.1 The maximum hardness of Grade 2HM and 7M shall be 235 HB or 99 HRB. Product which has been 100 % tested and found acceptable shall have a line under the "M."
  - 7.1.3.2 In addition, 7.1.2.2 shall be met.
- 7.1.4 *Number of Tests, All Types of Grade* 8—Tests on the number of sample nuts in accordance with 7.1.2.1 shall be performed by the manufacturer.
- 7.1.5 Test 2—In addition to the testing required by 7.1.2.1 the manufacturer shall also perform hardness tests on sample nuts after the following test heat treatment. After completion of all production heat treatments heat the specimen nuts to the temperatures indicated below for 24 h, then slow cool. Test at room temperature.

Grade Temperature, or F [°C]

**TABLE 2 Hardness Requirements** 

		Completed Nut	Sample Nut after Treatment as in 7.1.5.2			
Grade and Type	Brinell Hardness —	Rockwell	Hardness	Brinell Hardness,	Rockwell Hardness B Scale, min	
	Tidi di less	C Scale	B Scale	min		
l	121 min		70 min	121	70	
2	159 to 352		84 min	159	84	
2H	248 to 352	24 to 38		179	89	
To 11/2 in. or M36, incl	248 to 352	24 to 38		179	89	
Over 11/2 in. or M36	212 to 352	38 max	95 min	147	79	
2HM and 7M	159 to 237	22 max		159	84	
3, 4, 7, and 16	248 to 352	24 to 38		201	94	
6 and 6F	228 to 271	20 to 28			•••	
8, 8C, 8M, 8T, 8F, 8P, 8N,	126 to 300		60 to 105		•••	
8MN, 8LN, 8MLN, 8MLCuN, and 9C	126 to 300		60 to 105			
BA, 8CA, 8MA, 8TA,	126 to 192		60 to 90	···		
8FA, 8PA, 8NA, 8MNA,	126 to 192		60 to 90			
8LNA, 8MLNA, and 8MLCuNA	126 to 192		60 to 90			
8R, 8RA, 8S, and 8SA	183 to 271	B 88 to C 25				
9C, 9CA	126 to 192		60 to 90			

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>B</sup> Total aluminum, soluble and insoluble.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>C</sup> Because of the degree to which sulfur segregates, product analysis for sulfur over 0.060 % max is not technologically appropriate.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>D</sup> As described in Specification A 276.

# ∰ A 194/A 194M

1	850 [455]
2, 2H, 2HM	1000 [540]
3, 4, 7, 7M	1100 [590]
16	1200 [650]

- 7.1.5.1 Special Requirement, Grades 2HM and 7M—Preparation of Grades 2HM and 7M nuts for hardness test and the hardness test itself shall be performed with consideration to (1) protect legibility of markings; (2) minimize exterior dimensional changes; and (3) maintain thread fit.
  - 7.2 Proof Load Test:
- 7.2.1 Requirements—All nuts shall be capable of withstanding the proof loads specified in Table 3 and Table 4. However, nuts manufactured to dimensions and configurations other than those covered by ANSI B 1.1, ANSI B 1.13M, ANSI B 18.2.2, and B 18.2.4.6M are not subject to the proof load test.
  - 7.2.2 Number of Tests:
  - 7.2.2.1 Tests on the number of sample nuts in accordance

- with 7.1.2.1 shall be performed by the manufacturer following all production heat treatments except that, unless proof load testing or Supplementary Requirement S1 is specified in the order, nuts which would require a proof load in excess of 120 000 lbf or 530 kN may be furnished on the basis of minimum hardness requirements. Proof load testing of nuts requiring a proof load of over 120 000 lbf or 530 kN is covered in Supplementary Requirement S4.
- 7.2.3 *Test Method*—The test shall be in accordance with Annex A3, Paragraph A3.5.1, of Test Methods and Definitions A 370.
  - 7.3 Cone Proof Load Test:
- 7.3.1 *Requirements*—This test shall be performed only when visible surface discontinuities become a matter of issue between the manufacturer and the purchaser. The requirements specified in Table 5 and Table 6 shall be met for the size range ½ to ½ in. and M6 to M36. Nuts not in this size range

TABLE 3 Proof Load Using Threaded Mandrel — Inch Series

Note 1-Proof loads are not design loads.

			Proof Load, Ibf <sup>A</sup>									
Nominal Size, in.	Threads per Inch	Stress Area in. <sup>2</sup>	G	rade 1	Grades 2, 2	2HM, 6 6 6F, 7M	Grades 2	H, 3, 4, 7, 16				
0	F		Heavy Hex <sup>B</sup>	Hex <sup>C</sup>	Heavy Hex <sup>D</sup>	Hex <sup>E</sup>	Heavy Hex <sup>F</sup>	Hex <sup>G</sup>				
1/4	20	0.0316	4 130	3 820	4 770	4 300	5 570	4 770				
5/16	18	0.0524	6 810	6 290	7 860	7 070	9 170	7 860				
3/8	16	0.0774	10 080	9 300	11 620	10 460	13 560	11 620				
7/16	14	0.1063	13 820	12 760	15 940	14 350	18 600	15 940				
1/2	13	0.1419	18 450	17 030	21 280	19 160	24 830	21 280				
9/16	12	0.182	23 660	21 840	27 300	24 570	31 850	27 300				
5/8	11	0.226	29 380	27 120	33 900	30 510	39 550	33 900				
3/4	10	0.334	43 420	40 080	50 100	45 090	58 450	50 100				
7/8	9	0.462	60 060	55 440	69 300	62 370	80 850	69 300				
1	8	0.606	78 780	72 720	90 900	81 810	106 000	90 900				
11/8	8	0.790	102 700	94 800 A	9 118 500 4 M-0	02106 700	138 200	118 500				
11/4	//8 _1	1.000	130 000	120 000	150 000	135 000	175 000	150 000				
13/8 https	s://sta <sub>8</sub> dai	1.233 al/Ca	160 200	148 000	185 000	166 500	215 800 as Im- a	185 000 94m-00a				
11/2	8	1.492	194 000	170 040	223 800	201 400	261 100	223 800				

			All Types of Grade	8, Grades 9C and 9CA
			Heavy Hex <sup>H</sup>	Hex <sup>/</sup>
1/4	20	0.0316	2 540	2 380
5/16	18	0.0524	4 190	3 930
3/8	16	0.0774	6 200	5 810
7/16	14	0.1063	8 500	7 970
1/2	13	0.1419	11 350	10 640
%16	12	0.182	14 560	13 650
5/8	11	0.226	18 080	16 950
3/4	10	0.334	26 720	25 050
7/8	9	0.462	36 960	34 650
1	8	0.606	48 480	45 450
11/8	8	0.790	63 200	59 250
11/4	8	1.000	80 000	75 000
13/8	8	1.233	98 640	92 450
11/2	8	1.492	119 360	111 900

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>A</sup> See limit for proof load test in 7.2.2.1. The proof load for jam nuts shall be 46 % of the tabulated load.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>B</sup> Based on proof stress of 130 000 psi.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>C</sup> Based on proof stress of 120 000 psi.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>D</sup> Based on proof stress of 150 000 psi.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>E</sup> Based on proof stress of 135 000 psi.

F Based on proof stress of 175 000 psi.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>G</sup> Based on proof stress of 150 000 psi.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>H</sup> Based on proof stress of 80 000 psi.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Based on proof stress of 75 000 psi.

TABLE 4 Proof Load Using Threaded Mandrel — Metric

Note 1-Proof loads are not design loads.

Nominal	nminal		Proof Load, kN <sup>A</sup>							
Size,	Threads Pitch	Stress Area mm <sup>2</sup>	Grade	e 1	Grades 2, 2HN	1, 6 6 6F, 7M	Grades 2H, 3, 4, 7, 16			
mm	i itori		Heavy Hex <sup>B</sup>	Hex <sup>C</sup>	Heavy Hex <sup>D</sup>	Hex <sup>E</sup>	Heavy Hex <sup>F</sup>	Hex <sup>G</sup>		
M6	1.0	20.1	18.0	16.6	20.8	18.7	29.2	20.8		
M8	1.25	36.6	32.8	30.2	37.9	34.0	44.1	37.9		
M10	1.50	58.0	51.9	47.9	60.0	53.9	69.9	60.0		
M12	1.75	84.3	75.5	69.5	87.3	78.4	101.6	87.3		
M14	2.0	115.0	102.9	94.9	119.0	107.0	138.6	119.0		
M16	2.0	157.0	140.5	129.5	162.5	146.0	189.2	162.5		
M20	2.5	245.0	219.3	202.1	253.6	227.8	295.2	253.6		
M22	2.5	303.0	271.2	249.9	313.6	281.8	365.1	313.6		
M24	3.0	353.0	315.9	291.2	365.4	328.3	425.4	365.4		
M27	3.0	459.0	411.0	378.7	475.1	426.9	553.4	475.1		
M30	3.5	561.0	502.1	462.8	580.6	521.7	676.0	580.6		
M36	4.0	817.0	731.2	674.0	845.6	759.8	984.5	845.6		

			f Grade 8, and 9C and 9CA	
Nominal Size, mm	Thread Pitch	Stress Area, mm <sup>2</sup>	Heavy Hex <sup>H</sup>	Hex <sup>'</sup>
M6	1.0	20.1	11.1	10.4
M8	1.25	36.6	20.1	18.8
M10	1.50	58.0	31.9	29.9
M12	1.75	84.3	46.4	43.4
M14	2.0	115.0	63.3	59.2
M16	2.0	157.0	86.4	80.9
M20	2.5	245.0	134.8	126.2
M22	2.5	303.0	166.7	156.0
M24	3.0	353.0	194.2	181.8
M27	3.0	459.0	252.5	236.4
M30	3.5	561.0	308.6	288.9
M36	4.0	817.0	449.4	420.8

A See limit for proof load test in 7.2.2.1. The proof load for jam nuts shall be 46 % of the tabulated load.

and all types of Grade 8 nuts are not subject to this test. Also, nuts manufactured to dimensions and configurations other than those covered by ANSI B 1.1, ANSI B 1.13M, ANSI B 18.2.2, and ANSI B 18.2.4.6M are not subject to the cone proof load test

7.3.2 *Number of Tests*—Sample nuts in accordance with 7.1.2.1 shall be tested by the manufacturer.

7.3.3 Test Method—The test shall consist of assembling a hardened cone (see Fig. 1) and the nut to be tested on a hardened steel mandrel, and applying the proof load specified in Table 5 and Table 6. The mandrel shall conform to the requirements of Annex A3, Paragraph A3.5.1 of Test Methods and Definitions A 370 except that the threads shall be in accordance with ANSI B 1.1 of the appropriate thread series, Class 3A fit or ANSI B 1.13M of the appropriate thread pitch, tolerance 4H. The hardened cone shall be as described in Fig. 2. The lot shall be considered acceptable if the sample nut withstands application of the proof load without failure.

#### 8. Dimensions

8.1 Nuts shall be hexagonal in shape, and in accordance with the dimensions for the hex or heavy hex series, as

required, by ANSI B 18.2.2 and B 18.2.4.6M. Unless otherwise specified, the American National Standard Heavy Hex Series shall be used and nuts shall be either double chamfered or have a machined or forged washer face, at the option of the manufacturer, and, conform to the angularity requirements of ANSI B 18.2.2 and B 18.2.4.6M.

8.2 Unless otherwise specified, threads shall be in accordance with ANSI B 1.1 or B 1.13M, and shall be gaged in accordance with ANSI B 1.2 and B 1.13M as described in 8.2.1 and 8.2.2.

8.2.1 Nuts up to and including 1 in. nominal size shall be UNC Series Class 2B fit. Metric nuts up to and including M24 nominal size shall be coarse thread series tolerance 6H.

8.2.2 Nuts over 1 in. nominal size shall be either UNC Series Class 2B fit or 8 UN Series Class 2B fit. Unless otherwise specified, the 8 UN series shall be furnished. Metric nuts over M24 nominal size shall be coarse thread series tolerance 6H.

## 9. Workmanship, Finish, and Appearance

9.1 Nuts shall be free of defects and shall be good commercial finish.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>B</sup> Based on proof stress of 895 MPa.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>C</sup> Based on proof stress of 825 MPa.

Based on proof stress of 1035 MPa.

E Based on proof stress of 930 MPa.

F Based on proof stress of 1205 MPa.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>G</sup> Based on proof stress of 1035 MPa: atalog/standards/sist/aff04856-7d84-4630-8fc5-3b02d63238c9/astm-a194-a194m-00a

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>H</sup> Based on proof stress of 550 MPa.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>Based on proof stress of 515 MPa.