NOTICE: This standard has either been superseded and replaced by a new version or discontinued. Contact ASTM International (www.astm.org) for the latest information.



An American National Standard

Standard Specification for Piping Fittings of Wrought Carbon Steel and Alloy Steel for Low-Temperature Service¹

This standard is issued under the fixed designation A 420/A 420M; the number immediately following the designation indicates the year of original adoption or, in the case of revision, the year of last revision. A number in parentheses indicates the year of last reapproval. A superscript epsilon (ϵ) indicates an editorial change since the last revision or reapproval.

1. Scope

1.1 This specification² covers wrought carbon steel and alloy steel fittings of seamless and welded construction, covered by the latest revision of ASME B16.9, ASME B16.11, ASME B16.28, MSS-SP-79, and MSS SP-95. Fittings differing from these ASME and MSSVF standards shall be furnished in accordance with Supplementary Requirement S6. These fittings are for use in pressure piping and pressure vessel service at low temperatures.

1.2 Optional supplementary requirements are provided for fittings where a greater degree of examination is desired. When desired, one or more of these supplementary requirements shall be specified in the order.

1.3 This specification is expressed in both inch-pound units and in SI units. However, unless the order specifies the applicable "M" specification designation (SI units), the material shall be furnished to inch-pound units.

1.4 The values stated in either inch-pound units or SI units are to be regarded separately as standard. Within the text, the SI units are shown in brackets. The values stated in each system are not exact equivalents; therefore, each system must be used independently of the other.

2. Referenced Documents catalog/standards/sist/9afb3263-

2.1 In addition to those Referenced Documents listed in Specification A 960, the following list of standards apply to this specification.

2.2 ASTM Standards:

- A 275 Test Method for Magnetic Particle Examination of Steel Forgings³
- A 370 Test Methods and Definitions for Mechanical Testing of Steel Products⁴
- A 960 Specification for Common Requirements for

Wrought Steel Piping Fittings⁵

2.3 ASME Standards:

- B 16.9 Factory-Made Wrought Steel Butt-Welding Fittings⁶
- B 16.11 Forged Steel Fittings, Socket-Welding Threaded⁶
- B 16.28 Wrought Steel Butt-Welding Short Radius Elbows and Returns⁶

Section VIII Division 1, Pressure Vessels⁶

Section V Nondestructive Examination⁶

2.4 MSS Standards:

MSS SP-25 Standard Marking System for Valves, Fittings, Flanges, and Unions⁷

MSS SP-79 Socket Welding Reducer Inserts⁷

MSS SP-95 Swage(d) Nipples and Bull Plugs⁷

2.5 ASNT Standards:

ASNT (1984) Recommended Practice No. SNT-TC-1A⁸

3. Ordering Information

3.1 See specification A 960.

4. General Requirements

4.1 Product furnished to this specification shall conform to the requirements of Specification A 960, including any supplementary requirements that are indicated in the purchase order. Failure to comply with the general requirements of Specification A 960 constitutes non-conformance with this specification. In case of conflict between the requirements of this specification and Specification A 960, this specification shall prevail.

5. Material

5.1 The material for fittings shall consist of forgings, bars, plates, seamless or fusion welded tubular products with filler metal added. It shall conform to the chemical requirements in Table 1, and be made by one of the following processes: open-hearth, basic-oxygen, or electric-furnace. The steels shall be made using recognized melting practices necessary to produce steels that shall meet the impact requirements of this specification.

Copyright © ASTM, 100 Barr Harbor Drive, West Conshohocken, PA 19428-2959, United States.

¹ This specification is under the jurisdiction of ASTM Committee A01 on Steel, Stainless Steel, and Related Alloys and is the direct responsibility of Subcommittee A01.22 on Steel Forgings and Wrought Fittings for Piping Applications and Bolting Materials For Piping and Special Purpose Applications.

Current edition approved Dec. 10, 2000. Published February 2001. Originally published as A 420 - 58 T. Last previous edition A 420/A 420M - 00a.

The year date of this specification was corrected editorially in January 1998. ² For ASME Boiler and Pressure Vessel Code applications see related Specifi-

cation SA-420 in Section II of that Code. ³ Annual Book of ASTM Standards, Vol 01.05.

⁴ Annual Book of ASTM Standards, Vol 01.03.

⁵ Annual Book of ASTM Standards, Vol 01.01.

⁶ Available from ASME International, Three Park Avenue, New York, NY 10016-5990.

⁷ Available from Manufacturers' Standardization Society of the Valve and Fittings Industry, 127 Park St. N.E., Vienna, VA 22180.

⁸ Available from American Society for Nondestructive Testing, 4153 Arlingate Plaza, Columbus, OH 43228–0518.

TABLE 1 Chemical Requirements

Note	1—All	require	ements	are	maximum	unless	s other	wise	indica	ated.	
NOTE	2-Who	ere an	ellipsis	()	appears i	n this	table.	there	is no	requireme	ent.

Grade ^A	Composition, %										
	С	Mn	Р	S	Si	Ni	Cr	Мо	Cu	Cb	V
WPL6	0.30	0.60-1.35	0.035	0.040	0.15-0.40	0.40	0.30	0.12	0.40	0.02	0.08
WPL9	0.20	0.40-1.06	0.030	0.030		1.60-2.24			0.75-1.25		
WPL3 ^B	0.20	0.31-0.64	0.05	0.05	0.13-0.37	3.2-3.8					
WPL8 ^C	0.13	0.90	0.030	0.030	0.13–0.37	8.4–9.6					

^A When fittings are of welded construction, the symbols above shall be supplemented by the letter "W".

^B Fittings made from plate or forgings may have 0.90 % max manganese.

^C Fittings made from plate may have 0.98 % max manganese.

6. Manufacture

6.1 Forging or forming operations shall be performed by hammering, pressing, piercing, extruding, upsetting, working, bending, fusion-welding, or machining, or by a combination of two or more of these operations. The forming procedure shall be so applied that it will not produce injurious defects in the fittings.

6.2 All welds, including welds in tubular products from which fittings are made, shall be (1) made by welders, welding operators and welding procedures qualified under the provisions of ASME Section IX, (2) heat treated in accordance with Section 7 of this specification, and (3) nondestructively examined throughout the entire length of each weld in accordance with Section 14 of this specification. The radiography of welds shall be done either prior to or after forming at option of manufacturer. Personnel performing NDE examinations shall be qualified in accordance with SNT-TC-1A.

6.3 The welded joints of the fittings shall be finished in accordance with the requirements of Paragraph UW-35 (a) of Section VIII, Division 1 of ASME Boiler and Pressure Vessel Code.

6.4 All butt-weld tees manufactured by cold-forming methods shall be liquid penetrant or magnetic particle examined by one of the methods specified in Supplementary Requirement S3 or S4. This examination shall be performed after final heat treatment by NDE personnel qualified under the provisions of ASNT Recommended Practice No. SNT-TC-1A. Only the sidewall areas of the tee need be examined. This area is defined by a circle that covers the area from the weld bevel of the branch outlet to the centerline of the body or run. Internal and external surfaces shall be examined when size permits accessibility. After the removal of any cracks, the tees shall be re-examined by the original method. Acceptable tees shall be marked with the symbol PT or MT, as applicable, to indicate compliance.

6.5 Stubends may be produced with the entire lap added by the welding of a ring, made from plate or bar of the same alloy grade and composition, to the outside of a straight section of pipe, provided the weld is double welded, is a full penetration joint, satisfies the requirements of 6.2 for qualifications and radiography and 7.1 for post weld heat treatment.

7. Heat Treatment

7.1 All fittings shall be furnished in the normalized, normalized and tempered, annealed, or quenched and tempered condition. All welding shall be completed prior to the austenitizing heat treatment.

7.2 The full thickness of the material from which impact test specimens are to be obtained shall be heat treated with a furnace charge as specified in 10.4.2 or 10.4.3.

7.3 After forming, the fittings shall be allowed to cool below the lower critical before applying one of the heat treatments listed in 7.1.

7.4 When the fittings are to be post-weld heat treated after being welded by the purchaser and when so specified in the order, the test specimens shall be subjected to the same post-weld heat treatment. The purchaser shall use the postweld heat treatment shown in Table 2, unless otherwise specified in the order.

8. Chemical Composition

8.1 The steel shall conform to requirements of chemical composition for the respective material prescribed in Table 1.

8.2 The steel shall not contain any unspecified elements for the ordered grade to the extent that it then conforms to the requirements of another grade for which that element is a specified element having a required minimum content.

8.3 The chemical composition of weld metal is not required to meet the same limits of the base materials however, the composition of the weld deposit shall be such that it meets the minimum mechanical and impact requirements of this specification. In general, the alloy content shall be similar to that of the base metal but shall not exceed 6 % except in the case of fittings of 9 % nickel steel.

8.4 A product analysis is optional.

9. Tensile Properties

9.1 The tensile properties of the fittings material shall conform to the requirements for the applicable grade of material as listed in Table 3.

Grade	Metal Terr	perature	Minimum Holding Time
	°F	°C	
WPL6	1100–1200	595-650	1 h/in. [25 mm] ¾ h min
WPL3	1100–1150	540-620	1⁄4 h/in. [25 mm] 1 h min
WPL8	1050-1100	565-595	1/2 h/in. [25 mm] 1 h min
WPL9 ^A	1025–1085	550-585	1 h/in. [25 mm] 2 h min

^A 2 in. [51 mm] thickness and over. The cooling rate shall not be less than 300°F [150°C] per hour down to a temperature of 600°F [315°C].

TABLE 3 Tensile Requirements

NOTE 1—Where an ellipsis (...) appears in this table, there is no requirement.

5	Grade								
Requirement	W	PL6	WPL		W	PL3	WPL8		
Tensile strength, min ksi [MPa] Yield strength, min ksi [MPa]	60 [415] – 85 [585] 35 [240]		63 [435] – 88 [610] 46 [315]		65 [450] – 90 [620] 35 [240]		100 [690] – 125 [865] 75 [515]		
	Grades								
Elongation Requirements	WPL6		W	PL9	9 WPL3		WPL8		
	Longi- tudinal	Trans- verse	Longi- tudinal	Trans- verse	Longi- tudinal	Trans- verse	Longi- tudinal	Trans- verse	
Standard round specimen, or small proportional speci- men, min % in 4 D	22	12	20		22	14	16		
Rectangular specimen for wall thickness 5/16 in. [7.94 mm] and over, and for all small sizes tested in full section; min % in 2 in. or 50 mm	30	16.5	28	18	30	20	22		
Rectangular specimen for wall thickness less than 5/16 in [7.94 mm]; min % in 2 in. or 50 mm (½-in.	А	А	А	А	А	А	А		

^A For each 1/32 in. [0.79 mm] decrease in wall thickness below 5/16 in. [7.94 mm], a deduction of 1.5 % (grades WPL6, WPL9, and WPL3) or 1.25 % (WPL8) for longitudinal and 1.0 % (grades WPL6, WPL9 and WPL3) for transverse from the values shown above is permitted. The following table gives the minimum value for various wall thicknesses:

Wall Thic	Grades								
		WF	PL6	WF	PL9	WF	PL3	WP	L8
in	[mm]	Longi- tudinal	Trans- verse	Longi- tudinal	Trans- verse	Longi- tudinal	Trans- verse	Longi- tudinal	Trans- verse
5⁄16 (0.312)	[7.94]	30.0	16.5	28.0	18.0	30.0	20.0	22.0	
⁹ / ₃₂ (0.281)	[7.14]	28.5	15.5	26.5	17.0	28.5	19.0	20.75	
1/4 (0.250)	[6.35]	27.0	14.5	25.0	16.0	27.0	18.0	19.5	
7/32 (0.219)	[5.56]	25.5		23.5		25.5		18.25	
³ / ₁₆ (0.188)	[4.76]	24.0	JS/SI	22.0	d 1	24.0		17.0	
5/32 (0.156)	[3.97]	22.5		20.5		22.5	·-/	15.75	
1/8 (0.125)	[3.17]	21.0		19.0	—	21.0		14.5	
3/32 (0.094)	[2.38]	19.5)0C111	17.5	Prev	19.5		13.25	
1/16 (0.062)	[1.59]	18.0	- ui	16.0		18.0		12.0	

Note—The preceding table gives the computed minimum elongation value for each 1/32 in. [0.79 mm] decrease in wall thickness. Where the wall thickness lies between two values above, the minimum elongation value is determined by the following equations: () / - ()

https://standards.iteh.ai/catalog/standards/sist/9afb3263-a40e-4c4a-a059-083dc8cef86c/astm-a420-a420m-00b

Direction of rest		Equal	10113	
	WPL6	WPL9	WPL3	WPL8
Longitudinal	E = 48t + 15.00	48t + 13.00	E = 48t + 15.00	40t + 9.50
Transverse	t = 32t + 6.50	32t + 8.00	E = 32t + 10.00	

where:

E = elongation in 2 in. or 50 mm, %, and

t =actual thickness of specimen, in.

9.2 At least one tension test shall be made on each heat of material and in the same condition of heat treatment as the finished fittings it represents provided that the wall thickness of the fitting and the representative sample thickness do not vary more than $\frac{1}{4}$ in. [6 mm]. At least one tension test per heat of weld metal shall be made after heat treatment in the same manner as the base metal. Results need not be reported unless Supplementary Requirement S2 of Specification A 960 is specified.

9.3 Records of the tension tests shall be certification that the material of the fitting meets the tensile requirements of this specification.

10. Impact Test Properties

10.1 Properties:

10.1.1 The notched bar impact properties of the base metal

and weld metal shall conform to the requirements of Table 4 or Table 5 for the applicable grade of material.

10.1.2 *Retest*—When the average value of the three specimens equals or exceeds the minimum value permitted for a

TABLE 4	Charpy Impact Requirements for WPL6, WPL9, and
	WPL3 ^A

Size of Specimen, mm	Charpy V-I Value Ro Acceptance Three S	Notch Impact equired for e (Average of pecimens)	Minimum Charpy V-Notch Impact Value Without Requiring Retest (One Specimen Only of a Set)		
	ft·lbf	J	ft·lbf	J	
10 by 10.0 10 by 7.5	13 10	17.6 13.6	10 8	13.6 10.8	
10 by 5.0 10 by 2.5	7 4	9.5 5.4	5 3	7.0 4.1	

^A Straight-line interpolation for intermediate values is permitted.