

---

International Standard



8116/3

---

INTERNATIONAL ORGANIZATION FOR STANDARDIZATION • МЕЖДУНАРОДНАЯ ОРГАНИЗАЦИЯ ПО СТАНДАРТИЗАЦИИ • ORGANISATION INTERNATIONALE DE NORMALISATION

---

**Textile machinery and accessories — Beams for winding —  
Part 3: Weaver's beams — Terminology and main dimensions**

*Matériel pour l'industrie textile — Ensouples pour enroulement — Partie 3: Ensouples de tissage — Terminologie et dimensions principales*

First edition — 1986-12-01

**ITeH STANDARD PREVIEW**  
**(standards.iteh.ai)**

[ISO 8116-3:1986](https://standards.iteh.ai/catalog/standards/sist/fdd79c90-075d-4603-9ad7-60ba45ed3461/iso-8116-3-1986)

<https://standards.iteh.ai/catalog/standards/sist/fdd79c90-075d-4603-9ad7-60ba45ed3461/iso-8116-3-1986>

---

UDC 677.053.728.5

Ref. No. ISO 8116/3-1986 (E)

**Descriptors** : textile machinery, beams: textile machinery, dimensions, designation.

Price based on 3 pages

## Foreword

ISO (the International Organization for Standardization) is a worldwide federation of national standards bodies (ISO member bodies). The work of preparing International Standards is normally carried out through ISO technical committees. Each member body interested in a subject for which a technical committee has been established has the right to be represented on that committee. International organizations, governmental and non-governmental, in liaison with ISO, also take part in the work.

Draft International Standards adopted by the technical committees are circulated to the member bodies for approval before their acceptance as International Standards by the ISO Council. They are approved in accordance with ISO procedures requiring at least 75 % approval by the member bodies voting.

International Standard ISO 8116/3 was prepared by Technical Committee ISO/TC 72, *Textile machinery and allied machinery and accessories*.

Although this is a first edition of ISO 8116/3, it constitutes a minor technical revision of ISO 5241-1978 which is now cancelled and withdrawn. [ISO 8116-3:1986](#)

<https://standards.iteh.ai/catalog/standards/sist/fdd79c90-075d-4603-9ad7-60145d34166c/iso-8116-3-1986>

Users should note that all International Standards undergo revision from time to time and that any reference made herein to any other International Standard implies its latest edition, unless otherwise stated.

# Textile machinery and accessories — Beams for winding — Part 3: Weaver's beams — Terminology and main dimensions

iTeh STANDARD PREVIEW  
(standards.iteh.ai)

## 1 Scope and field of application

This part of ISO 8116 defines the basic terms and lays down the main dimensions and the variations in form and position for weaver's beams that are used for weaving preparation as well as for weaving.

ISO 2013, *Textile machinery and accessories — Beams — Method of measuring variations of form and position.*

ISO 6175, *Textile machinery and accessories — Recommended profile threads for weaver's beams.*

ISO 8116/1, *Textile machinery and accessories — Beams for winding — Part 1: Vocabulary.*

ISO 8116/2, *Textile machinery and accessories — Beams for winding — Part 2: Warper's beams — Terminology and main dimensions.*

ISO 8116/4, *Textile machinery and accessories — Beams for winding — Part 4: Quality classification of flanges for weaver's beams, warper's beams and sectional beams.*

## 2 References

ISO 109, *Textile machinery — Working widths of weaving machines.*

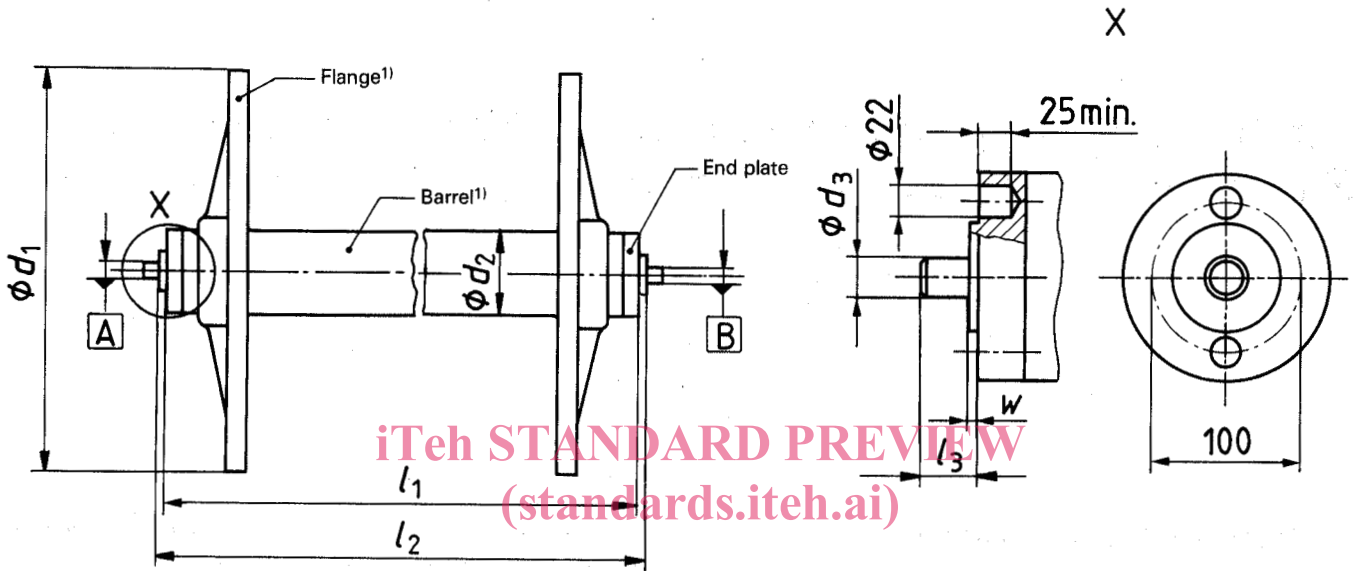
ISO 286, *ISO system of limits and fits.*<sup>1)</sup>

1) At present at the stage of draft. (Revision of ISO/R 286-1962.)

3 Terminology and main dimensions

- |   |   |
|---|---|
| $d_1$ = flange diameter                       | $l_3$ = length of shaft (boss included)   |
| $d_2$ = barrel diameter                       | $l_4$ = length over bosses (collar to collar) (related to designs with end plates with square hole) |
| $d_3$ = shaft diameter                        | $l_5$ = length of boss  |
| $l_1$ = barrel length including end plates    | $w$ = width of boss   |
| $l_2$ = length over bosses (collar to collar) |   |

Dimensions in millimetres

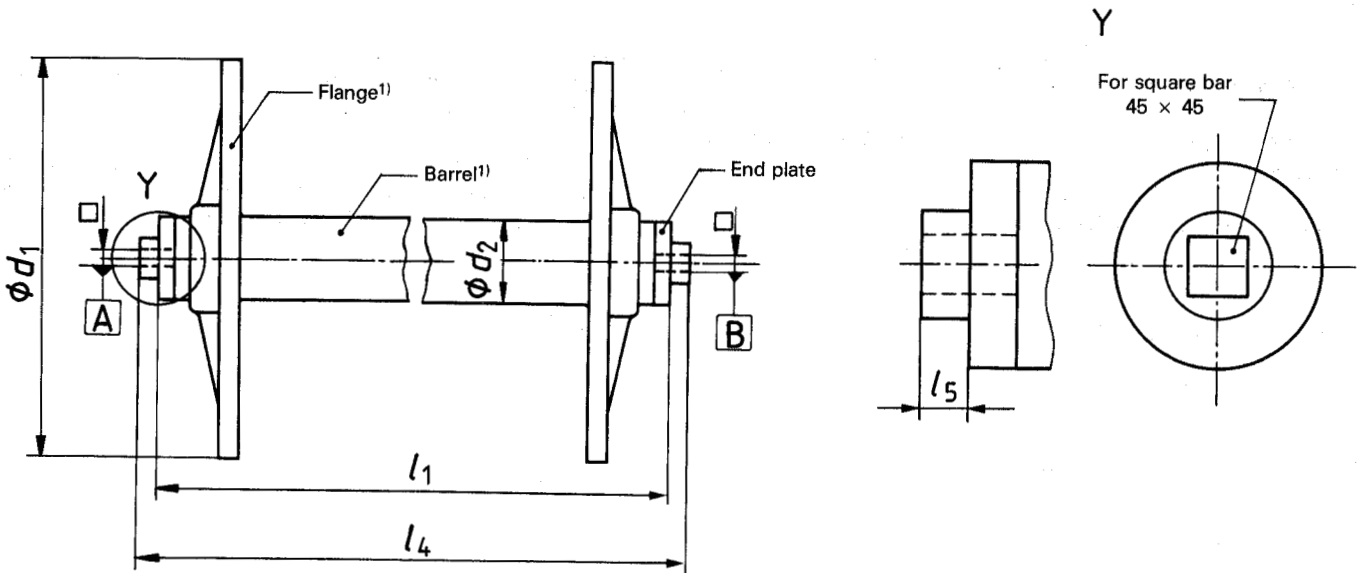


iTeh STANDARD PREVIEW  
(standards.iteh.ai)

ISO 8116-3:1986

<https://standards.iteh.ai/catalog/standards/sist/fdd79c90-075d-4603-9ad7-600d45ed3461/iso-8116-3-1986>  
Figure 1 – Weaver's beam with shafts – Type A

Dimensions in millimetres



For square bar  
45 x 45

Figure 2 – Weaver's beam with end plates having square hole – Type B

1) For the method of fixation of the flange and barrel, see ISO 6175.

Table 1 – Main dimensions of weaver’s beams, types A and B

Values in millimetres

$d_1$	Completely machined	$d_2$ Partly machined	$d_3$ h11 <sup>1)</sup>	$l_1$	$l_2$ 0 -2	$l_3$	$l_4$	$l_5$	w
500 600 700 750 800	150	152,4	30 38 45	Above 1 000, in steps of 100	$l_1 + 2w^{2)}$	40	$l_1 + 2l_5$	32 68	5 (50) <sup>2)</sup>
850 900 950 1 000	216 265	219,1 273							

1) See ISO 286.

2) In the case of special designs of end plates (for example shaft with square shank), dimension w should be either 5 mm or 50 mm.

NOTE – For very long beam barrels, the values of the barrel diameters  $d_2$  indicated in table 1 are no longer sufficient. In this case it is recommended to select the shaft diameter and the barrel diameter next in size to that indicated for the flange diameter  $d_1$  of the beam. There is no fixed relationship between the diameters of shaft, barrel and flange, and the barrel length.

4 Circular axial run-out,  $T_a$ , of flanges

The circular axial run-out,  $T_a$ , of flanges shall be measured in accordance with ISO 2013.

*Standard Preview*  
iTeH STANDARD PREVIEW  
(standards.itel.ru)

Table 2 – Permissible circular axial run-out of flanges

Values in millimetres

$d_1$	$T_a$	
	Quality grade 1	Quality grade 2
$d_1 < 600$	0,50	1,00
$600 < d_1 < 800$	0,75	1,50
$800 < d_1 < 1\ 000$	1,00	2,00

ISO 8116/3:1986

https://standards.iteh.ai/catalog/standards/sist/fdd79c70-075d-4603-9ad1-60ba45d3461/iso-8116-3-1986

60ba45d3461/iso-8116-3-1986

5 Total run-out,  $T_r$ , of the barrel

The permissible total run-out,  $T_r$ , of the barrel is given, in millimetres, by the formula

$$T_r = \frac{0,25 \times l_1}{1\ 000}$$

and shall be measured in accordance with ISO 2013.

6 Other specifications

The following details should be specified as appropriate:

- a) materials of barrel, end plates and flanges;

- b) nature of material to be wound;
- c) surface finish of the inner sides of the flanges and the exterior surface of the barrel;
- d) end plates with shafts on both sides as an alternative to the use of different shaft diameters;
- e) fastening of the end plates on the barrel;
- f) holes in the barrel for fastening the warp (care should be taken when winding highly elastic yarns as holes for fastening the warp cause a weakening of the cross-section of the barrel);
- g) design of flanges;
- h) fastening of the flanges on the barrel;
- i) maximum and minimum lengths of barrel between flanges ("dress width");
- j) driving hole in the barrel;
- k) use of ruffles.

For standard working widths of weaving machines, see ISO 109.

7 Designation

Example of designation for a weaver’s beam type A with flange diameter  $d_1 = 800$  mm, shaft diameter  $d_3 = 38$  mm and barrel length  $l_1 = 1\ 800$  mm:

**Weaver’s beam ISO 8116/3 - A 800 × 38 × 1 800**