

SLOVENSKI STANDARD SIST ISO/TR 8452:1995

01-maj-1995

Gifcj]'hcVU_'!'8c`c Ub^Y`jgYVbcghj'_`cfcZj`b]\ 'dfYcghUb_cj 'fhY`Yb]']bXY_gŁ

Raw tobacco -- Determination of chlorophyll residues content (green index)

Tabac matière première - Détermination de la teneur en résidus de chlorophylle (indice vert) (standards.iteh.ai)

Ta slovenski standard je istoveten z: ISO/TR 8452:1992

https://standards.iteh.ai/catalog/standards/sist/753f48e1-7b2d-456d-bdebe652179910ee/sist-iso-tr-8452-1995

ICS:

65.160

V[àæèÉÁq[àæ}ãÁãaå^|∖ãÁaj []¦^{ æ

Tobacco, tobacco products and related equipment

SIST ISO/TR 8452:1995

en



iTeh STANDARD PREVIEW (standards.iteh.ai)

SIST ISO/TR 8452:1995 https://standards.iteh.ai/catalog/standards/sist/753f48e1-7b2d-456d-bdebe652179910ee/sist-iso-tr-8452-1995



TECHNICAL REPORT



First edition 1992-02-15

Raw tobacco — Determination of chlorophyll residues content (green index)

iTeh Tabac matière première - Détermination de la teneur en résidus de chlorophylle (indice vert) (standards.iteh.ai)

SIST ISO/TR 8452:1995 https://standards.iteh.ai/catalog/standards/sist/753f48e1-7b2d-456d-bdebe652179910ee/sist-iso-tr-8452-1995



Reference number ISO/TR 8452:1992(E)

SIST ISO/TR 8452:1995

Foreword

ISO (the International Organization for Standardization) is a worldwide federation of national standards bodies (ISO member bodies). The work of preparing International Standards is normally carried out through ISO technical committees. Each member body interested in a subject for which a technical committee has been established has the right to be represented on that committee. International organizations, governmental and non-governmental, in liaison with ISO, also take part in the work. ISO collaborates closely with the International Electrotechnical Commission (IEC) on all matters of electrotechnical standardization.

The main task of technical committees is to prepare International Standards, but in exceptional circumstances a technical committee may propose the publication of a Technical Report of one of the following types:

- type 1, when the required support cannot be obtained for the public cation of an International Standard, despite repeated efforts;
- type 2, when the subject is still under technical development or where for any other reason there is the future but not immediate^{7b2d-456d-bdeb-} possibility of an agreement on an International Standard,^{tr-8452-1995}
- type 3, when a technical committee has collected data of a different kind from that which is normally published as an International Standard ("state of the art", for example).

Technical Reports of types 1 and 2 are subject to review within three years of publication, to decide whether they can be transformed into International Standards. Technical Reports of type 3 do not necessarily have to be reviewed until the data they provide are considered to be no longer valid or useful.

ISO/TR 8452, which is a Technical Report of type 2, was prepared by Technical Committee ISO/TC 126, *Tobacco and tobacco products*, Sub-Committee SC 2, *Leaf tobacco*.

This document is issued as a Technical Report of type 2 because results of collaborative studies could not be included for lack of participating laboratories.

Annex A of this Technical Report is for information only.

© ISO 1992

International Organization for Standardization

Case Postale 56 • CH-1211 Genève 20 • Switzerland

Printed in Switzerland

All rights reserved. No part of this publication may be reproduced or utilized in any form or by any means, electronic or mechanical, including photocopying and microfilm, without permission in writing from the publisher.

Raw tobacco — Determination of chlorophyll residues content (green index)

1 Scope

This Technical Report describes a method which permits the rapid characterization of the degree of transformation of tobacco by estimating the "residual green" due to chlorophyll and its derivatives, which are not broken down during treatment of the tobacco (drying, fermentation, ageing).

This method is applicable to all types of raw tobacco, Oriental, Virginia, Burley and Black PREVIE 5 tobacco, in leaf or strip form.

4.4 Ball mill.

4.3 Conditioned test cell.

4.5 Press, for the preparation of powder tablets.

NOTE 1 A suitable device is given in annex A.

4.6 Spectrometer, with reflectance device.

Procedure (standards.i teh.ai) 5.1 Sample preparation

2 Normative reference

SIST ISO/TR 8452:199

The following standard contains provisions which, chopping of the tobacco for through reference in this text, constitute provisions of this Technical Report. At the time of publication, the edition indicated was valid. All standards are subject to revision, and parties to agreements based on this Technical Report are encouraged to investigate the possibility of applying the most recent edition of the standard indicated below. Members of IEC and ISO maintain registers of currently valid International Standards.

ISO 6488:1981, Tobacco - Determination of water content (Reference method).

3 Principle

Measurement of the optical density of powdered tobacco, prepared under standard conditions, by reflectance spectrometry (diffuse reflection).

Apparatus 4

4.1 Balance, capable of weighing to the nearest 0,05 g.

4.2 Chopping machine, for samples (automatic feed and cutting) or disc cutter.

Place approximately 200 g of tobacco, in leaf or strip form, in a conditioning atmosphere for moistening (relative humidity of 90 %).

Adjust the duration of the conditioning in such a way that the water content of the tobacco is

for Black and Burley tobacco: about 25 %,

for Oriental and Virginia tobacco: about 15 %.

Cut the tobacco into shreds of 0,8 mm width.

5.1.2 Fine conditioning of the cut tobacco

The target moisture, $H_{\rm e}$, is

for Black and Burley tobacco: 15 %,

for Oriental and Virginia tobacco: 12 %.

Determine the initial moisture content of the cut tobacco, H_{i} , by azeotropic distillation in accordance with ISO 6488.

Weigh, to the nearest 0,05 g, about 100 g of cut tobacco, $m_{\rm i}$, and place it in a conditioning atmosphere for slow drying (relative humidity of 55 %).

Take the tobacco away from the conditioning atmosphere when its mass $m_{\rm e}$ is

$$m_{\rm e}=m_{\rm i}\times\frac{100-H_{\rm i}}{100-H_{\rm e}}$$

5.1.3 Preparation of the powder

After conditioning, pass the cut tobacco through the disc cutter (4.2), so as to obtain a coarse powder.

Crush 6 g of homogenized coarse powder.

The final particle size of the powder shall be ≥ 80 %, passed through a sieve with 0,315 mm² mesh (to guarantee good cohesion of the powder tablet). The crushing time should generally be 3 min.

5.2 Preparation of the powder tablet

Weigh, to the nearest 0,05 g, 1,8 g of powder.

Using this amount, make a tablet 5 mm thick with the aid of the equipment described in annex A (or

any other equipment suitable for use with the spectrometer used).

5.3 Determination

Measure the optical density (OD) of the tobacco tablet at 625 nm, 662,5 nm and 700 nm in relation to a reference tablet of magnesium carbonate $(MgCO_3)$.

6 Expression of results

The green index, $I_{\rm v}$, is given by the formula

$$I_{\rm v} = \left({\rm OD}_{662,5} - \frac{{\rm OD}_{625} + {\rm OD}_{700}}{2} \right) \times 100$$

The range of $I_{\rm v}$ of completely transformed tobaccos is as follows:

Black:	0 to 10
Burley:	0
Virginia:	0 to 3
Oriental:	0 to 5

iTeh STANDARD PREVIEW (standards.iteh.ai)

SIST ISO/TR 8452:1995

https://standards.iteh.ai/catalog/standards/sist/753f48e1-7b2d-456d-bdebe652179910ee/sist-iso-tr-8452-1995

Annex A

(informative)

Device used for making powder tablets

A suitable apparatus is shown in figures A.1 and A.2. Figure A.3 shows the underside of a tablet.

Ø 49 Ø 38 Ø 28 Plunger Tobacco sample **i** 66 PRE Гeh S W Retaining ring eh 11 Plexiglass ring 科ttps://standard b2d-456d-bdeb-95 ဓ 0 33 4 0 r **4**8 4 33 Ø 27,5 Ø 28 Base Ø 35 Ø 41 Ø 45 Ø 49



Dimensions in millimetres

SIST ISO/TR 8452:1995



