



# Standard Specification for Compressible-Washer-Type Direct Tension Indicators for Use with Structural Fasteners<sup>1</sup>

This standard is issued under the fixed designation F 959; the number immediately following the designation indicates the year of original adoption or, in the case of revision, the year of last revision. A number in parentheses indicates the year of last reapproval. A superscript epsilon ( $\epsilon$ ) indicates an editorial change since the last revision or reapproval.

## 1. Scope

1.1 This specification covers the requirements for compressible-washer-type direct tension indicators capable of indicating the achievement of a specified minimum bolt tension in a structural bolt.

1.2 Two types of direct tension indicators in nominal diameter sizes  $\frac{1}{2}$  through  $1\frac{1}{2}$  in., are covered:

1.2.1 *Type 325*—direct tension indicators for use with A 325 bolts, and

1.2.2 *Type 490*—direct tension indicators for use with A 490 bolts.

1.3 Direct tension indicators are intended for installation under either a bolt head or a hardened washer. (See Appendix X1.)

1.4 The following precautionary statement pertains only to the test method portions, Section 12, Annex A1, and Appendix X1, of this specification: *This standard does not purport to address all of the safety concerns, if any, associated with its use. It is the responsibility of the user of this standard to establish appropriate safety and health practices and determine the applicability of regulatory limitations prior to use.*

## 2. Referenced Documents

### 2.1 ASTM Standards:

A 325 Specification for Structural Bolts, Steel, Heat Treated, 120/105 ksi Minimum Tensile Strength<sup>2</sup>

A 490 Specification for Heat-Treated Steel Structural Bolts, 150 ksi Minimum Tensile Strength<sup>2</sup>

A 563 Specification for Carbon and Alloy Steel Nuts<sup>2</sup>

B 695 Specification for Coatings of Zinc Mechanically Deposited on Iron and Steel<sup>3</sup>

D 3951 Practice for Commercial Packaging<sup>4</sup>

E 4 Practices for Force Verification of Testing Machines<sup>5</sup>

F 436 Specification for Hardened Steel Washers<sup>2</sup>

### 2.2 Research Council on Structural Connections:

<sup>1</sup> This specification is under the jurisdiction of ASTM Committee F-16 on Fasteners and is the direct responsibility of Subcommittee F16.02 on Steel Bolts, Nuts, Rivets and Washers.

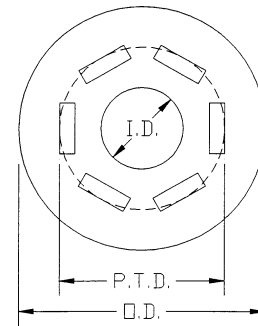
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<sup>2</sup> Annual Book of ASTM Standards, Vol 01.08.

<sup>3</sup> Annual Book of ASTM Standards, Vol 02.05.

<sup>4</sup> Annual Book of ASTM Standards, Vol 15.09.

<sup>5</sup> Annual Book of ASTM Standards, Vol 03.01.



DIRECT TENSION INDICATOR

FIG. 1 Direct Tension Indicator Protrusion Tangential Diameter (PTD)

Specification for Structural Joints Using ASTM A 325 or A 490 Bolts<sup>6</sup>

2.3 ANSI Standards:<sup>7</sup>

B 18.2.1 Square and Hex Bolts and Screws

B 18.2.2 Square and Hex Nuts

## 3. Terminology

### 3.1 Definitions of Terms Specific to This Standard:

3.1.1 *compressible-washer-type direct tension indicator*—a washer-type element inserted under the bolt head or hardened washer, having the capability of indicating the achievement of a required minimum bolt tension by the degree of direct tension indicator plastic deformation. Hereinafter referred to as *direct tension indicator*.

## 4. Ordering Information

4.1 Orders for direct tension indicators under this specification shall include the following:

4.1.1 Quantity (number of pieces);

4.1.2 Name of product (direct tension indicator);

4.1.3 Size, that is, nominal diameter;

4.1.4 ASTM designation and year of issue, if not specified, current issue shall be used;

4.1.5 Type required, 325 or 490 (1.2);

<sup>6</sup> Available from Research Council on Structural Connections, % Industrial Fasteners Institute, 1717 East 9th Street, Cleveland, OH 44114.

<sup>7</sup> Available from American National Standards Institute, 11 West 42nd St., 13th Floor, New York, NY 10036.

- 4.1.6 Coating type, if required (5.4);
- 4.1.7 Source inspection, if required (Section 13);
- 4.1.8 Certificates of compliance or test reports, if required (Section 15), and
- 4.1.9 Any special requirements.

**5. Materials and Manufacture**

5.1 Steel used in the manufacture of direct tension indicators shall be produced by the basic-oxygen or electric-furnace process.

*5.2 Design:*

5.2.1 Direct tension indicators shall have a configuration produced by extrusion, punching, pressing, or similar forming, to permit a measurable decrease in thickness when placed in compression.

5.2.2 The design shall be such that the degree of plastic deformation shall indicate the tension in a tightened structural bolt.

5.3 *Heat Treatment*— The process used for heat treatment of DTIs shall be through-hardening by heating to a temperature above the upper transformation temperature, quenching in a liquid medium, and then retempering by reheating to a suitable temperature to attain desired mechanical/performance properties.

*5.4 Protective Coatings:*

5.4.1 Unless otherwise specified, the direct tension indicators shall be furnished “plain” with the “as fabricated” surface finish without protective coatings.

5.4.2 When “zinc coated” is specified, the direct tension indicators shall be zinc coated by the mechanical deposition process in accordance with the requirements of Class 50 of Specification B 695.

5.4.3 When “baked epoxy” is specified, the epoxy shall be 0.001 to 0.002 in. thick applied over the zinc coating specified in 5.4.2. The epoxy shall not flake off exposed surfaces during installation.

5.4.4 Other coatings are to be used only when approved by the direct tension indicator manufacturer.

**6. Chemical Composition**

6.1 The direct tension indicators shall conform in chemical composition to the limits given in Table 1.

6.2 Product analysis may be made by the purchaser from finished direct tension indicators representing each lot. The chemical composition shall conform to the requirements given in Table 1, Product Analysis.

**7. Performance Requirements**

7.1 *Compression Loads*—Direct tension indicators shall be

tested in accordance with Annex A1 of this specification. When compressed to the gap specified in Table 2, the compression load shall conform to the requirements specified in Table 3.

7.2 *Bolt Tension*— See Appendix X1 for field tests to ensure that the desired minimum bolt tension has been achieved.

**8. Dimensions**

8.1 The direct tension indicators shall conform to the dimensions specified in Table 4.

**9. Workmanship, Finish, and Appearance**

9.1 The direct tension indicators shall be commercially smooth and free of injurious material or manufacturing defects that would affect their performance.

**10. Number of Tests and Retests**

*10.1 Responsibility:*

10.1.1 The direct tension indicator manufacturer shall inspect each lot of direct tension indicators prior to shipment in accordance with the quality assurance procedures described in 10.2.

10.1.2 The purpose of a lot inspection testing program is to ensure that each lot conforms to the requirements of this specification. For such a plan to be fully effective, it is essential that the purchaser continue to maintain the identification and integrity of each lot following delivery until the product is installed in its service application.

*10.2 Production Lot Method:*

10.2.1 All direct tension indicators shall be processed in accordance with a lot identification control-quality assurance plan. The manufacturer shall identify and maintain the integrity of each production lot of direct tension indicators from raw material selection through all processing operations and treatments to final packing and shipment. Each lot shall be assigned its own lot-identification number, each lot shall be tested, and the inspection test reports for each lot shall be retained.

10.2.2 For purposes of assigning an identification number and from which test samples shall be selected, a production lot, shall consist of all direct tension indicators processed essentially together through all operations to placing in the shipping container that are of the same nominal size, produced from the same mill heat of steel, and heat treated in the same heat treatment cycle.

10.2.3 The minimum number of tests from each production lot, shall be as follows:

**TABLE 1 Chemical Requirements**

Element	Composition, %	
	Heat Analysis	Product Analysis
Carbon	0.30–0.50	0.27–0.53
Manganese	0.50–0.90	0.47–0.93
Phosphorus, Max	0.035	0.043
Sulfur, Max	0.040	0.048
Silicon	0.15–0.35	0.13–0.37

**TABLE 2 Direct Tension Indicator Gap for Compression Load Testing**

Direct Tension Indicator Finish	Gap, in.	
	Specification A 325	Specification A 490
Plain Finish	0.015	0.015
Mechanically Galvanized	0.015	...
Baked Epoxy Coating on Mechanically Deposited Zinc	0.015	...

**TABLE 3 Acceptable Range of Compression Loads**

Direct Tension Indicator Size (bolt diameter, (in./mm))	Compression Load Range in Thousands of Pounds, (kips)	
	Type 325	Type 490
1/2	12–14	15–18
5/8	19–23	24–29
3/4	28–34	35–42
7/8	39–47	49–59
1	51–61	64–77
1 1/8	56–67	80–96
1 1/4	71–85	102–122
1 3/8	85–102	121–145
1 1/2	103–124	148–178

Number of Pieces In Production Lot, max	Sample Size	Acceptance Number	Rejection Number
To 25 000	27	0	1

10.2.4 When tested in accordance with the required sampling plan, a lot shall be rejected if one or more of the test specimens fails to meet the applicable test requirements.

10.3 *Number of Tests After Alterations*—If direct tension indicators are heat treated, coated, or otherwise altered by a subcontractor or manufacturer subsequent to testing, they shall be tested in accordance with 10.2 prior to shipment to the purchaser after all alterations have been completed.

## 11. Specimen Preparation

11.1 Indicators for tests shall be tested full size“ as received” without any special preparation.

## 12. Test Methods

12.1 Direct tension indicators shall be tested in accordance with Annex A1 of this specification.

## 13. Inspection

13.1 If the inspection described in 13.2 is required by the purchaser, it shall be specified in the inquiry and contract or order.

13.2 The purchaser’s quality assurance representative shall have free entry to all parts of the manufacturer’s works that concern the manufacture of the direct tension indicators ordered. The manufacturer shall afford the quality assurance representative all reasonable facilities to satisfy him that the direct tension indicators are being furnished in accordance with this specification. All tests and inspections required by this specification that are requested by the purchaser’s representative shall be made before shipment and shall be conducted so as not to interfere unnecessarily with the operation of the plant.

## 14. Rejection

14.1 Direct tension indicators that fail to conform to the requirements of this specification shall be rejected. Rejection should be reported to the producer or supplier promptly and in writing. In case of dissatisfaction with the results of the test, the producer or supplier may make claim for a rehearing.

## 15. Certification

15.1 When specified on the order, the manufacturer shall furnish a test report as described in 15.2 or a certificate of

compliance as described in 15.3, whichever is required.

15.2 When test reports are required, the manufacturers shall furnish a test report for each production lot from which direct tension indicators are supplied to fill a shipment. The report shall show the heat number (to ensure that the chemical composition is on record and could be furnished upon request), test loads, gap, nominal size, production lot identification number, ASTM designation, type and issue date, and purchase order number.

15.3 When certificates of compliance are required, the manufacturer shall furnish a certificate certifying that the indicators have been manufactured and tested and conform to the requirements of this specification. The certificate shall show the production lot identification number, nominal size, ASTM designation, type and issue date, and purchase order number.

## 16. Responsibility

16.1 The party responsible for the direct tension indicator shall be the organization that supplies the direct tension indicator to the purchaser and certifies that the direct tension indicator was manufactured, sampled, tested, and inspected in accordance with this specification and meets all of its requirements.

## 17. Product Marking

17.1 Each direct tension indicator shall be marked to identify the lot number, manufacturer or private label distribution, as appropriate, and type (see 1.2).

17.2 All markings shall be depressed on the same face of the direct tension indicators as the protrusions. Raised markings are prohibited.

## 18. Packaging and Package Marking

18.1 *Packaging*:

18.1.1 Unless otherwise specified, packaging shall be in accordance with Practice D 3951.

18.1.2 Packaging shall be performed as soon as practical following final testing.

18.1.3 When special packaging requirements are required, they shall be defined at the time of the inquiry and order.

18.2 *Package Marking*:

18.2.1 Each shipping unit shall include or be marked plainly with the following information:

- 18.2.1.1 ASTM designation and type,
- 18.2.1.2 Size,
- 18.2.1.3 Name and brand or trademark of the manufacturer or private label distributor,
- 18.2.1.4 Number of pieces,
- 18.2.1.5 Purchase order number,
- 18.2.1.6 Name of product,
- 18.2.1.7 Lot identification number,
- 18.2.1.8 Finish, and
- 18.2.1.9 Country of origin.

## 19. Storage

19.1 The direct tension indicators shall be stored in an environment that preserves the surface condition supplied by the manufacturer.