



Standard Specification for Stainless Steel Socket Button and Flat Countersunk Head Cap Screws [Metric]¹

This standard is issued under the fixed designation F 879M; the number immediately following the designation indicates the year of original adoption or, in the case of revision, the year of last revision. A number in parentheses indicates the year of last reappraisal. A superscript epsilon (ϵ) indicates an editorial change since the last revision or reappraisal.

This standard has been approved for use by agencies of the Department of Defense.

1. Scope

1.1 This specification covers the chemical and mechanical requirements for stainless steel metric hexagon socket button (SBHCS) and flat countersunk (SFHCS) head cap screws with nominal thread M 3 through M 20 intended for use in applications requiring general corrosion resistance.

1.2 Two property classes are covered:

1.2.1 Austenitic Class A 1-50 in an annealed condition at 500 MPa minimum, and

1.2.2 Austenitic Class A 1-70 in a cold-worked condition at 700 MPa minimum.

1.3 The following hazard caveat pertains only to Section 12, Test Methods: *This standard does not purport to address all of the safety concerns, if any, problems associated with its use. It is the responsibility of the user of this standard to establish appropriate safety and health practices and determine the applicability of regulatory limitations prior to use.*

2. Referenced Documents

2.1 *ASTM Standards:*

A 262 Practices for Detecting Susceptibility to Intergranular Attack in Austenitic Stainless Steels²

A 342 Test Methods for Permeability of Feebly Magnetic Materials³

A 380 Practice for Cleaning and Descaling Stainless Steel Parts, Equipment, and Systems²

A 555/A555M Specification for General Requirements for Stainless and Heat-Resisting Steel Wire and Wire Rods²

A 751 Test Methods, Practices, and Terminology for Chemical Analysis of Steel Products²

A 967 Specification for Chemical Passivation Treatments for Stainless Steel Parts²

D 3951 Practice for Commercial Packaging⁴

E 353 Test Methods for Chemical Analysis of Stainless,

Heat-Resisting, Maraging, and Other Similar Chromium-Nickel-Iron Alloys⁵

F 606M Test Methods for Determining the Mechanical Properties of Externally and Internally Threaded Fasteners, Washers, and Rivets [Metric]⁶

F 738M Specification for Stainless Steel Metric Bolts, Screws, and Studs⁶

F 788/F788M Specification for Surface Discontinuities of Bolts, Screws, and Studs, Inch and Metric Series⁶

F 1470 Guide for Fastener Sampling for Specified Mechanical Properties and Performance Inspection⁶

2.2 *ANSI/ASME Standards:*

B 18.3.4M Hexagon Socket Button Head Cap Screws, Metric Series⁷

B 18.3.5M Hexagon Socket Flat Countersunk Head Cap Screws, Metric Series⁷

3. Classification

3.1 The designation of the property class and conditions of this specification shall be consistent with the stainless steel designations in Specification F 738M.

3.2 The austenitic stainless steel socket screw shall be designated F 879M A 1-50 or F 879M A 1-70.

4. Ordering Information

4.1 Orders for material under this specification shall include the following information:

4.1.1 Quantity (number of pieces of each item).

4.1.2 Name of the screw, SBHCS or SFHCS.

4.1.3 Dimensions, including nominal thread designation, thread pitch, and nominal screw length (millimetres). A standard part number may be used for this definition.

4.1.4 Property Class A 1-50 or A 1-70.

4.1.5 Certification, if required (see Section 15).

4.1.6 ASTM specification and year of issue.

4.1.7 Any special or supplemental requirements (see Supplementary Requirements S1 through S3).

¹ This specification is under the jurisdiction of ASTM Committee F-16 on Fasteners and is the direct responsibility of Subcommittee F16.04 on Nonferrous Fasteners.

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² *Annual Book of ASTM Standards*, Vol 01.03.

³ *Annual Book of ASTM Standards*, Vol 03.04.

⁴ *Annual Book of ASTM Standards*, Vol 15.09.

⁵ *Annual Book of ASTM Standards*, Vol 03.05.

⁶ *Annual Book of ASTM Standards*, Vol 01.08.

⁷ Available from American National Standards Institute, 11 West 42nd St., 13th Floor, New York, NY 10036.

4.2 *Government Provisioning* — Government procurement and design-selection criteria shall be specified in accordance with ANSI B 18.3.4M or ANSI B 18.3.5M as appropriate.

5. Materials and Manufacture

5.1 Screws shall be formed by upsetting or extruding, or both.

5.2 Screws shall be roll threaded.

5.3 *Heat Treatment*—Austenitic alloys Class A 1-50 screws, following manufacture, shall be annealed by heating to 1040 ± 30°C to obtain maximum corrosion resistance and minimum permeability. The screws shall be held for a sufficient time at temperature, then cooled at a rate sufficient to prevent precipitation of the carbide and provide the properties specified in Table 1.

5.4 When Condition A1-70 is specified, the austenitic alloys shall be annealed as specified in 5.3, generally by the raw material manufacturer, then cold worked to develop specific properties.

6. Chemical Composition

6.1 It is the intent of this specification that screws shall be ordered by property class. The chemical composition of the screws shall conform to the requirements of Table 2.

6.2 Unless otherwise specified in the inquiry and purchase order (see Supplementary Requirement S2) when A 1-50 or A 1-70 property class is specified, the choice of stainless steel used shall be that of the fastener manufacturer as determined by his fabrication methods and material availability. The specific stainless steel used by the manufacturer shall be clearly identified on all certification required in the purchase order and shall have a chemical composition conforming to the limits specified in Table 2.

6.3 When chemical analysis is performed by the purchaser using finished fasteners, the chemical composition obtained shall conform to the limits specified in Table 2 for the specific alloy. Chemical composition shall conform to the tolerances specified in Specification A 555/A 555M.

6.3.1 In the event of a discrepancy, a referee analysis of the samples for each lot as specified in 12.1, shall be made in accordance with 11.3.

7. Mechanical Properties

7.1 The finished screws shall conform to the mechanical requirements specified in Table 1.

7.2 Screws having a nominal length equal to or greater than three diameters shall be tensile tested full size and shall meet the full size breaking strength requirements specified in Table 3. Tensile failures through the head are acceptable providing the load requirements are satisfied.

7.3 Screws that are too short (lengths less than specified in 7.2 or that have insufficient threads for tension testing) shall not be subject to tension tests, but shall conform to the maximum and minimum hardness requirements of Table 1.

8. Corrosion Resistance Requirements

8.1 *Carbide Precipitation:*

8.1.1 Austenitic alloy rod, bar, and wire used to make fasteners in accordance with this specification shall be capable of passing the test for susceptibility to intergranular corrosion as specified in Practice E of Practice A 262.

8.1.2 As stated in Practices A 262, samples may be subjected to the faster and more severe screening test in accordance with Practice A. Failing Practice A, specimens shall be tested to Practice E and be considered satisfactory if passing Practice E.

8.1.3 If the fasteners pass the requirements of 8.1.1, they shall be considered acceptable. If they fail, they shall be tested in accordance with Practice C of Practices A 262 and shall show a corrosion rate not exceeding 0.05 mm/month.

9. Dimensions

9.1 Unless otherwise specified, the dimensions shall conform to the requirements of ANSI B 18.3.4M or ANSI B 18.3.5M, as specified.

10. Workmanship, Finish, and Appearance

10.1 *Surface Treatment*—Unless otherwise specified, screws shall be cleaned, descaled and passivated in accordance with Practice A380 or Specification A 967 at the option of the manufacturer.

10.2 *Surface Discontinuities:*

10.2.1 The surface discontinuities for these products shall conform to Specification F 788/F 788M and the additional limitations specified herein.

10.2.1.1 Forging defects that connect the socket to the periphery of the head are not permissible. Defects originating on the periphery and with a traverse indicating a potential to intersect are not permissible. Other forging defects are permissible provided those located in the bearing area, fillet, and top surfaces shall not have a depth exceeding 0.03 *D* or 0.13 mm, whichever is greater. For peripheral discontinuities, the maximum depth may be 0.06 *D* (see Fig. 1).

10.2.1.2 Forging defects located in the socket wall within 0.1 times the actual key engagement, *T*, from the bottom of the socket are not permissible. Discontinuities located elsewhere in the socket shall not have a length exceeding 0.25 *T*, or a maximum depth of 0.03 *D* not to exceed 0.13 mm (see Fig. 2).

10.2.1.3 Seams in the shank shall not exceed a depth of 0.03 *D* or 0.2 mm, whichever is greater.

TABLE 1 Mechanical Property Requirements

Property Class	Full Size Product Tests		Machined Specimen Tests			Hardness			
	Tensile Strength, MPa	Extension, min ^A	Tensile Strength, MPa	Yield Strength, MPa	Elongation, %, min	Vickers		Rockwell	
						min	max	min	max
A1-50	585 max	0.6 <i>D</i>	585 max	350 max	40		220		B88
M3-M14 A 1-70	525 min	0.4 <i>D</i>	600 min	300 min	20	190	330	B96	C33
M16-M20 A 1-70	440 min	0.4 <i>D</i>	550 min	270 min	25	160	310	B83	C30

^A*D* Denotes nominal thread size.

TABLE 2 Chemical Requirements

Property Class	UNS Designation	Alloy	Composition, % maximum except as shown							
			Carbon	Manganese	Phosphorus	Sulfur	Silicon	Chromium	Nickel	Copper
Austenitic Alloys										
A1-50 A1-70	S30400	304	0.08	2.00	0.045	0.030	1.00	18.0 to 20.0	8.0 to 10.5	1.00
	S30403	304L	0.030	2.00	0.045	0.030	1.00	18.0 to 20.0	8.0 to 12.0	1.00
	S30500	305	0.12	2.00	0.045	0.030	1.00	17.0 to 19.0	10.5 to 13.0	1.00
	S38400	384	0.08	2.00	0.045	0.030	1.00	15.0 to 17.0	17.0 to 19.0	
	S30430	XM7	0.10	2.00	0.045	0.030	1.00	17.0 to 19.0	8.0 to 10.0	3.00 to 4.00
	S31600	316	0.08	2.00	0.045	0.030	1.00	16.0 to 18.0	10.0 to 14.0	
	S31603	316L	0.03	2.00	0.045	0.030	1.00	16.0 to 18.0	10.0 to 14.0	

TABLE 3 Breaking Strength Values for Full Size Fasteners

NOTE 1—Breaking loads are based on tensile stress area and strengths of 585 MPa max for A1-50 and 525 MPa min through M14 and 440 MPa min for A1-70. The minimum loads for class A1-70 are based on the tensile properties of 655 MPa material strength through M14 and 550 MPa material strength M16 and above, reduced by 20 % to allow for the head critical nature of these configurations.

Nominal Size and Thread Pitch	Stress Area, mm ²	Alloy Class A1-50	Alloy Class A1-70
		kN, max	kN, min
M3 × 0.5	5.03	2.94	2.64
M4 × 0.7	8.78	5.13	4.61
M5 × 0.8	14.2	8.31	7.46
M6 × 1.0	20.1	11.8	10.6
M8 × 1.25	36.6	21.4	19.2
M10 × 1.5	58.0	33.9	30.5
M12 × 1.75	84.3	49.3	44.3
M14 × 2.0	115.0	67.3	60.4
M16 × 2.0	157.0	91.9	69.1
M20 × 2.5	245.0	143.0	108.0

10.2.1.4 No transverse discontinuities shall be permitted in the head-to-shank fillet area.

10.2.1.5 Threads shall have no laps at the root or on the flanks, as shown in Fig. 3. Laps are permitted at the crests (Fig. 3(c)) that do not exceed 25 % of the basic thread depth, and on the flanks outside the pitch cylinder. Longitudinal seams rolled beneath the root of the thread and across the crests of the threads are acceptable within the limits of 10.2.1.3.

11. Number of Tests

11.1 The requirements of this specification shall be met in continuous mass production for stock and the manufacturer shall make sample inspection to ensure that the product conforms to the specified requirements. Additional tests of individual shipments of fasteners are not ordinarily necessary. A record of the individual heat of steel in each lot shall be maintained. The containers shall be coded to permit identification of the lot.

11.2 When specified in the purchase order, the manufacturer shall furnish a test report of the last complete set of chemical analysis and mechanical tests for each stock size in each shipment.

11.3 When tests of individual shipments are required, Supplementary Requirement S1 must be specified in the inquiry and order.

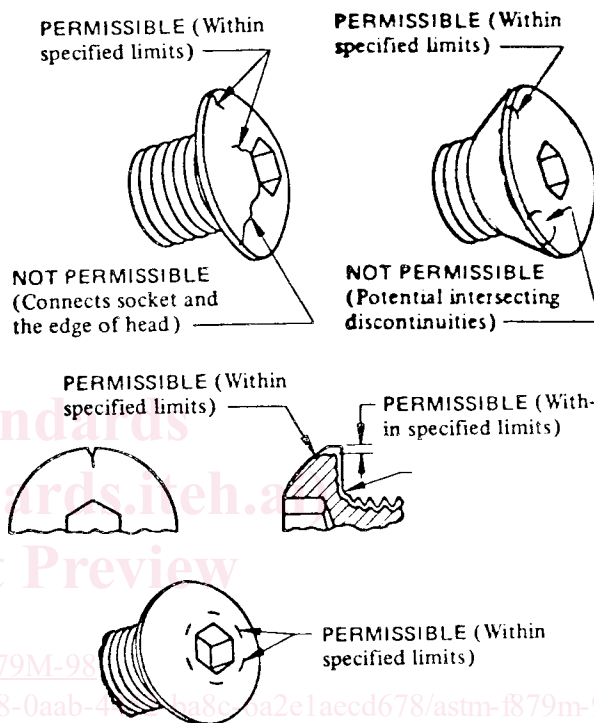


FIG. 1 Head Discontinuities (See 10.2.1)

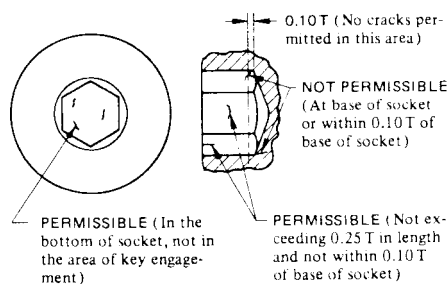


FIG. 2 Socket Discontinuities (See 10.2.1)

11.3.1 When the purchaser does not specify the sampling plan and basis of acceptance, the following shall apply:

11.3.1.1 The lot, for purposes of selecting samples, shall consist of all products offered for inspection and testing at one time, that are of the same type, style, nominal diameter, thread pitch, nominal length, material, property class, and surface finish.

11.3.1.2 From each lot, samples shall be selected at random and tested for each requirement in accordance with the following: