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Designation: B 167 – 00

An American National Standard

# Standard Specification for Nickel-Chromium-Iron Alloys (UNS N06600, N06601, N06603, N06690, N06025, and N06045)\* and Nickel-Chromium-Cobalt-Molybdenum Alloy (UNS N06617) Seamless Pipe and Tube<sup>1</sup>

This standard is issued under the fixed designation B 167; the number immediately following the designation indicates the year of original adoption or, in the case of revision, the year of last revision. A number in parentheses indicates the year of last reapproval. A superscript epsilon ( $\epsilon$ ) indicates an editorial change since the last revision or reapproval.

This standard has been approved for use by agencies of the Department of Defense.

#### 1. Scope

1.1 This specification<sup>2</sup> covers nickel-chromium-iron alloys (UNS N06600, N06601, N06603, N06690, N06025, and N06045)\* and nickel-chromium-cobalt-molybdenum alloy (UNS N06617) in cold-worked annealed, hot-worked annealed, and hot-finished seamless pipe and tube intended for general corrosion resistant and heat resistant applications.

1.2 The values stated in inch-pound units are to be regarded as the standard. The values given in parentheses are for information only.

1.3 The following safety hazards caveat pertains only to the test methods portion, Section 12, of this specification: *This standard does not purport to address all of the safety concerns, if any, associated with its use. It is the responsibility of the user of this standard to establish appropriate safety and health practices and determine the applicability of regulatory limitations prior to use.* 

#### 2. Referenced Documents

#### 2.1 ASTM Standards:

- B 880 Specification for General Requirements for Chemical Check Analysis Limits for Nickel, Nickel Alloys and Cobalt Alloys<sup>3</sup>
- E 8 Test Methods for Tension Testing of Metallic Materials<sup>4</sup>
- E 29 Practice for Using Significant Digits in Test Data to Determine Conformance with Specifications<sup>5</sup>
- E 38 Methods for Chemical Analysis of Nickel-Chromium and Nickel-Chromium-Iron Alloys<sup>6</sup>
- E 1473 Test Methods for Chemical Analysis of Nickel,

Cobalt, and High-Temperature Alloys<sup>7</sup>

2.2 Federal Standards:<sup>8</sup>

- Fed. Std. No. 102 Preservation, Packaging and Packing Levels
- Fed. Std. No. 123 Marking for Shipment (Civil Agencies)
- Fed. Std. No. 182 Continuous Identification Marking of Nickel and Nickel-Base Alloys
- 2.3 Military Standard:<sup>7</sup>

MIL-STD-129 Marking for Shipment and Storage

# 3. Terminology

- 3.1 Definitions of Terms Specific to This Standard:
- 3.1.1 *average diameter*—the average of the maximum and minimum outside diameters, as determined at any one cross section of the pipe or tube.

3.1.2 *pipe*—tube conforming to the particular dimensions commercially known as pipe sizes. See Table X2.1.

3.1.3 *seamless pipe or tube*—a pipe or tube produced with a continuous periphery in all stages of the operations.

3.1.4 *tube*—a hollow product of round or any other cross section having a continuous periphery.

# 4. Ordering Information

4.1 It is the responsibility of the purchaser to specify all requirements that are necessary for the safe and satisfactory performance of material ordered under this specification. Examples of such requirements include, but are not limited to, the following:

4.1.1 Alloy Name or UNS Number-see Table 1,

- 4.1.2 ASTM Designation, including year of issue,
- 4.1.3 Condition (see Appendix X3),
- 4.1.4 Finish (see Appendix X3),
- 4.1.5 Dimensions:

4.1.5.1 *Tube*—Specify outside diameter and nominal or minimum wall,

4.1.5.2 Pipe—Specify standard pipe size and schedule,

4.1.5.3 Length—Cut to length or random,

4.1.6 Quantity-Feet or number of pieces,

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<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> This specification is under the jurisdiction of ASTM Committee B02 on Nonferrous Metals and Alloys and is the direct responsibility of Subcommittee B02.07 on Refined Nickel and Cobalt and Their Alloys.

Current edition approved Oct. 10, 2000. Published December 2000. Originally published as B 167 – 41 T. Last previous edition B 167 – 98

<sup>\*</sup> New designation established in accordance with Practice E 527 and SAE J 1086, Practice for Numbering Metals and Alloys (UNS).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> For ASME Boiler and Pressure Vessel Code applications see related Specification SB-167 in Section II of that Code.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> Annual Book of ASTM Standards, Vol 02.04.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup> Annual Book of ASTM Standards, Vol 03.01.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>5</sup> Annual Book of ASTM Standards, Vol 14.02.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>6</sup> Discontinued—See 1989 Annual Book of ASTM Standards, Vol 03.05.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>7</sup> Annual Book of ASTM Standards, Vol 03.05.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>8</sup> Available from Standardization Documents Order Desk, Bldg. 4 Section D, 700 Robbins Ave., Philadelphia, PA 19111-5094, Attn: NPODS.

#### TABLE 1 Chemical Requirements

	Composition Limits, %							
Element	Alloy N06600	Alloy N06601	Alloy N06617	Alloy N06690	Alloy N06025	Alloy N06045	Alloy N06603	
Nickel <sup>A</sup>	72.0 min	58.0-63.0	44.5 min	58.0 min	remainder	45.0 min	Bal	
Chromium	14.0-17.0	21.0-25.0	20.0-24.0	27.0-31.0	24.0-26.0	26.0-29.0	24.0-26.0	
Iron	6.0-10.0	remainder	3.0	7.0-11.0	8.0-11.0	21.0-25.0	8.0-11.0	
Manganese	1.0 max	1.5 max	1.0	0.5 max	0.15 max	1.0 max	0.15 max	
Aluminum		1.0-1.7	0.8-1.5		1.8–2.4		2.4-3.0	
Carbon	0.15 max	0.10 max	0.05-0.15	0.05 max	0.15-0.25	0.05-0.12	0.20-0.40	
Copper	0.5 max	1.0 max	0.5	0.5 max	0.1 max	0.3 max	0.50 max	
Boron			0.006					
Silicon	0.5 max	0.5 max	1.0	0.5 max	0.5 max	2.5-3.0	0.50 max	
Sulfur	0.015 max	0.015 max	0.015 max	0.015 max	0.010 max	0.010 max	0.010 max	
Titanium			0.6 max		0.1-0.2		0.1-0.25	
Phosphorous					0.020 max	0.020 max	0.020 max	
Zirconium					0.01-0.10		0.01-0.10	
Yttrium					0.05-0.12		0.01-0.15	
Cerium						0.03-0.09		

<sup>A</sup>Element shall be determined arithmetically by difference.

4.1.7 *Hydrostatic Pressure Requirements*—Specify test pressure if other than required by 12.3.1,

4.1.8 *Certification*— State if certification is required (Section 15),

4.1.9 Samples for Product (Check) Analysis—State whether samples for product (check) analysis should be furnished (see 5.2),

4.1.10 *Purchaser Inspection*—If purchaser wishes to witness tests or inspection of material at place of manufacture, the purchase order must so state indicating which tests or inspections are to be witnessed (Section 13), and

4.1.11 Small-Diameter and Light-Wall Tube (Converter Sizes)—See Appendix X1.

## 5. Chemical Composition

5.1 The material shall conform to the composition limits specified in Table 1.

5.2 If a product (check) analysis is performed by the purchaser, the material shall conform to the product (check) analysis variations in B 880.

#### 6. Mechanical Properties and Other Requirements

6.1 *Tensile Test*— The material shall conform to the tensile properties specified in Table 2.

6.1.1 Tensile properties for material specified as smalldiameter and light-wall tube (converter sizes) shall be as prescribed in Table X1.1.

6.2 *Hydrostatic Test*—If any pipe or tube shows leaks during hydrostatic testing, it shall be rejected.

## 7. Dimensions and Permissible Variations

7.1 *Diameter and Wall Thickness*—The permissible variations in the outside diameter and wall thickness shall conform to the permissible variations prescribed in Table 3 or Table 4, as applicable.

7.2 *Length*—When material is ordered cut-to-length, the length shall conform to the permissible variations prescribed in Table 5.

7.3 *Straightness*—Material shall be reasonably straight and free of bends and kinks.

7.4 *Ends*—Ends shall be plain cut and deburred.

7.5 Permissible variations for material specified as smalldiameter and light-wall tube (converter size) shall conform to the permissible variations prescribed in Table X1.2.

#### 8. Workmanship, Finish, and Appearance

8.1 The material shall be uniform in quality and temper, smooth, commercially straight, and free of injurious imperfections.

# 9. Sampling

9.1 Lot Definition:

9.1.1 A lot for chemical analysis shall consist of one heat. 9.1.2 A lot for all other testing shall consist of all material from the same heat, nominal size (excepting length), and condition.

9.1.2.1 Where material cannot be identified by heat, a lot shall consist of not more than 500 lb (227 kg) of material in the same condition and nominal size (excepting length).

9.2 Test Material Selection:

9.2.1 *Chemical Analysis*—Representative samples from each lot shall be taken during pouring or subsequent processing.

9.2.1.1 Product (check) analysis shall be wholly the responsibility of the purchaser.

9.2.2 *Mechanical and Other Properties*—Samples of the material to provide test specimens for mechanical and other properties shall be taken from such locations in each lot as to be representative of that lot. Test specimens shall be taken from material in the final condition.

#### 10. Number of Tests

10.1 Chemical Analysis—One test per lot.

10.2 Tension—One test per lot.

10.3 Hydrostatic— Each piece in each lot.

#### **11. Specimen Preparation**

11.1 *Room-Temperature Tension Specimen*—Material shall be tested in the direction of fabrication. Whenever possible, all pipe and tube shall be tested in full tubular size. When testing in full tubular size is not possible, longitudinal strip specimens, or the largest possible round specimen, shall be used. In the

🛞 B 167

**TABLE 2 Mechanical Properties** 

Condition and Size	Tensile Strength, min psi (MPa)	Yield Strength (0.2 % offset), min, psi (MPa)	Elongation in 2 in. or 50 mm or 4 <i>D</i> min,%
UNS N06600:			
Hot-worked or hot-			
worked annealed:			
5 in. (127 mm) in	80 000 (550)	30 000 (205)	35
outside diameter			
and under	75 000 (545)	05 000 (470)	05
Over 5 in. (127	75 000 (515)	25 000 (170)	35
mm) in outside diameter			
Cold-worked an-			
nealed:			
5 in (127 mm) in	80 000 (550)	35 000 (240)	30
outside diameter			
and under			
Over 5 in. (127	80 000 (550)	30 000 (205)	35
mm) in outside			
diameter UNS N06601:			
Cold-worked annealed			
or hot-worked			
annealed:			
All sizes	80 000 (550)	30 000 (205)	30
UNS N06617:			
Cold-worked annealed	95 000 (665)	35 000 (240)	35
or hot-worked			
annealed: All sizes UNS N06690:			
Hot-worked or hot-			
worked annealed:			l len S
5 in. (127 mm) in	85 000 (586)	30 000 (205)	35
outside diameter			~ 1/~+~~
and under			S://Stal
Over 5 in (127	75 000 (515)	25 000 (170)	35
mm) in outside			
diameter Cold-worked an-			DCUIIIt
nealed:			
5 in. (127 mm) in	85 000 (586)	35 000 (240)	30
outside diameter			ΛςΤ
and under			ASI
Over 5 in (127//stat	85 000 (586)	30 000 (205)	lards 35 st/8b6
mm) in outside			
diameter			
UNS N06603: Hot-worked annealed	94 000 (650)	43 000 (300)	25
or cold worked	94 000 (650)	43 000 (300)	25
annealed (all sizes)			
UNS N06025:			
Hot-worked annealed	98 000 (680)	39 000 (270)	30
or cold worked			
annealed (all sizes)			
UNS N06045:			
Hot-worked annealed	90 000 (620)	35 000 (240)	35
or cold-worked			
annealed (all sizes)			<u> </u>

event of disagreement when full tubular testing is not possible, a longitudinal strip specimen with reduced gage length as contained in Test Methods E 8 shall be used.

# 12. Test Methods

12.1 *Chemical Composition*—In case of disagreement, the chemical composition shall be determined in accordance with Test Methods E 1473 or Methods E 38. Methods E 38 is to be used only for elements not covered by Test Methods E 1473.

12.2 *Tension Test*— Tension testing shall be conducted in accordance with Test Methods E 8.

12.3 *Hydrostatic Test*— Each pipe or tube with an outside diameter  $\frac{1}{8}$  in. (3 mm) and larger and with wall thickness of 0.015 in. (0.38 mm) and over shall be tested by the manufacturer to an internal hydrostatic pressure of 1000 psi (6.9 MPa) provided that the fiber stress calculated in accordance with the following equation does not exceed the allowable fiber stress, *S*, indicated below:

$$P = 2St/D \tag{1}$$

where:

P = hydrostatic test pressure, psi (or MPa),

S = allowable fiber stress, for material in the condition (temper) furnished as follows:

Hot-worked or hot-worked annealed:

not-worked of not-worked annealed.	
UNS N06600	20 000 (140 MPa)
UNS N06601	20 000 (140 MPa)
UNS N06603	24 000 (165 MPa)
UNS N06617	23 700 (163 MPa)
UNS N06690	21 200 (146 MPa)
UNS N06025	24 000 (165 MPa)
UNS N06045	22 500 (155 MPa)
Over 5 in. outside diameter:	
UNS N06600	16 700 (115 MPa)
UNS N06690	16 700 (115 MPa)
Cold-worked annealed—All sizes:	
UNS N06600	20 000 (140 MPa)
UNS N06601	20 000 (140 MPa)
UNS N06690	21 200 (146 MPa)
UNS N06025	24 500 (169 MPa)
UNS N06045	22 500 (155 MPa)

t = minimum wall thickness, in. (or mm), equal to the specified nominal wall minus the permissible minus wall tolerance, or the specified minimum wall thickness, and,

D = outside diameter of the pipe or tube, in. (or mm).

12.3.1 When so agreed upon between the manufacturer and purchaser, pipe or tube may be tested to  $1\frac{1}{2}$  times the allowable fiber stress given above.

12.4 *Rounding Method*— For purposes of determining compliance with the specified limits for requirements of the properties listed in the following table, an observed value, or a calculated value, shall be rounded as indicated below, in accordance with the rounding method of Practice E 29:

Test	Rounded Unit for Observed or Calculated Value
Chemical composition and tolerances (when ex- pressed in decimals)	nearest unit in the last right-hand place of figures of the specified limit. If two choices are possible, as when the digits dropped are exactly a 5 or a 5 followed only by zeros, choose the one ending in an even digit with zero defined as an even digit.
Tensile strength, yield strength	nearest 1000 psi (6.9 MPa)
Elongation	nearest 1 %

#### 13. Inspection

13.1 Inspection of the material shall be agreed upon between the purchaser and the supplier as part of the purchase contract.

#### 14. Rejection and Rehearing

14.1 Material that fails to conform to the requirements of this specification may be rejected. Rejection should be reported

# ᆒ В 167

## TABLE 3 Permissible Variations for Outside Diameter and Wall Thickness of Seamless Cold Worked Pipe and Tube<sup>A,B</sup>

	Permissible Variations					
Nominal Outside Diameter, in. (mm)	Outside Diameter, in. (mm)		% of Thickness of Specified Nominal Wall		% of Thickness of Specified Minimum Wall	
	+	-	+	-	+	-
Over 0.400 (10) to 5/8(16), excl	0.005(0.13)	0.005(0.13)	15.0	15.0	30	0
5%(16) to 11/2(38), incl	0.0075(0.19)	0.0075(0.19)	10.0	10.0	22	0
Over 11/2 (38) to 3 (76), incl	0.010(0.25)	0.010(0.25)	10.0	10.0	22	0
Over 3 (76) to 41/2(114), incl	0.015(0.38)	0.015(0.38)	10.0	10.0	22	0
Over 41/2 (114) to 6 (152), incl	0.020(0.51)	0.020(0.51)	12.5	12.5	28	0
Over 6 (152) to 6e5/8(168), incl	0.025(0.64)	0.025(0.64)	12.5	12.5	28	0

<sup>A</sup>Ovality—The permissible variations in this table apply to individual measurements, including out-of-roundness (ovality) except for the following: For pipe and tube having a nominal wall thickness of 3 % or less of the nominal outside diameter, the mean outside diameter shall conform to the permissible variations of this table and individual measurements (including ovality) shall conform to the plus and minus values of the table, with the values increased by 0.5 % of the nominal outside diameter. For pipe over 4½ in. (114 mm) in outside diameter with a nominal wall thickness greater than 3 % of the nominal outside diameter shall conform to the permissible variations of this table and individual measurements shall not exceed twice the permissible variations of the table.

<sup>B</sup>Eccentricity—The permissible variations in this table apply to individual measurements including eccentricity.

# TABLE 4 Permissible Variations for Outside Diameter and Wall Thickness of Seamless Hot-Worked Pipe and Tube<sup>A,B</sup>

	Permissible Variations					
Nominal Outside Diameter, in. (mm)	Outside Diameter, in. (mm)		% of Thickness of Specified Nominal Wall		% of Thickness of Specified Minimal Wall	
	+	-	+	-	+	-
21/2 (64) to 41/2(114), incl	0.031 (0.79)	0.031 (0.79)	16.0	12.5	28.5	0
over 41/2 (114) to 61/2(165), incl	0.047 (1.2)	0.047 (1.2)	16.0	12.5	28.5	0
over 61/2 (165) to 91/4 (235), incl	0.062 (1.6)	0.062 (1.6)	16.0	12.5	28.5	0

<sup>A</sup>Ovality—Tube 5 in. (127 mm) and under in outside diameter the tolerance on the outside diameter applies for individual measurements and includes ovality. Tube over 5 in. (125 mm) in outside diameter the mean outside diameter shall conform to the permissible variations of this table and individual measurements shall not exceed twice the permissible variations of this table.

<sup>B</sup>Eccentricity—The permissible variations in the above table apply to individual measurements including eccentricity.

#### TABLE 5 Permissible Variations in Length<sup>A</sup>

Cut Length, in. (mm)			
Over	Under		
1/8 (3.2)	0		
3⁄16(4.8)	0		
	Over 1/8 (3.2)		

 $^A$ These permissible variations in length apply to pipe or tube in straight lengths. They apply to cut lengths up to and including 24 ft (7.3 m). For lengths over 24 ft,

an additional over-tolerance of  $\frac{1}{8}$  in. (3.2 mm) for each 10 ft (3. m) or fraction thereof shall be permissible up to a maximum additional over-tolerance of  $\frac{1}{2}$  in. (12.7 mm).

to the producer or supplier promptly and in writing. In case of dissatisfaction with the results of the test, the producer or supplier may make claim for a rehearing.

## 15. Certification

15.1 When specified in the purchase order or contract, a manufacturer's certification shall be furnished to the purchaser

stating that material has been manufactured, tested, and inspected in accordance with this specification, and that the test results on representative samples meet specification requirements. When specified in the purchase order or contract, a report of the test results shall be furnished.

# 16. Product Marking C-8b86602126ec/astm-b167-00

16.1 The following information shall be marked on the material or included on the package, or on a label or tag attached thereto: The name of the material or UNS number, heat number, condition (temper), this specification number, the size, gross, tare and net weight, consignor and consignee address, contract or order number, or such other information as may be defined in the contract or order.