



Standard Specification for Seamless Nickel and Nickel Alloy Condenser and Heat-Exchanger Tubes¹

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This standard has been approved for use by agencies of the Department of Defense.

1. Scope

1.1 This specification² covers seamless tubes of nickel and nickel alloys, as shown in Table 1, for use in condenser and heat-exchanger service.

1.2 This specification covers outside diameter and average wall, or outside diameter and minimum wall tube.

1.2.1 The sizes covered by this specification are 3 in. (76.2 mm) and under in outside diameter with minimum wall thicknesses of 0.148 in. (3.76 mm) and under, and with average wall thicknesses of 0.165 in. (4.19 mm) and under.

1.3 Tube shall be furnished in the alloys and conditions as shown in Table 2. For small diameter and light wall tube (converter sizes), see Appendix X2.

1.4 The values stated in inch-pound units are to be regarded as the standard. The values given in parentheses are for information only.

1.5 The following safety hazards caveat pertains only to the test method portion, Section 12, of this specification. *This standard does not purport to address all of the safety concerns, if any, associated with its use. It is the responsibility of the user of this standard to establish appropriate safety and health practices and determine the applicability of regulatory limitations prior to use.*

2. Referenced Documents

2.1 ASTM Standards:

B 880 Specification for General Requirements for Chemical Check Analysis Limits for Nickel, Nickel Alloys and Cobalt Alloys³

E 8 Test Methods for Tension Testing of Metallic Materials⁴

E 18 Test Methods for Rockwell Hardness and Rockwell Superficial Hardness of Metallic Materials⁴

E 29 Practice for Using Significant Digits in Test Data to

Determine Conformance with Specifications⁵

E 76 Test Methods for Chemical Analysis of Nickel-Copper Alloys⁶

E 112 Test Methods for Determining the Average Grain Size⁴

E 140 Hardness Conversion Tables for Metals⁴

E 1473 Test Methods for Chemical Analysis of Nickel, Cobalt, and High-Temperature Alloys⁷

2.2 Federal Standards:⁸

Fed. Std. No. 102 Preservation, Packaging and Packing Levels

Fed. Std. No. 123 Marking for Shipment (Civil Agencies)

Fed. Std. No. 182 Continuous Identification Marking of Nickel and Nickel-Base Alloys

2.3 Military Standard:⁸

MIL-STD-129 Marking for Shipment and Storage

3. Terminology

3.1 Definitions:

3.1.1 *average diameter*, n —average of the maximum and minimum outside diameters, as determined at any one cross section of the tube.

3.1.2 *tube*, n —hollow product of round or any other cross section having a continuous periphery.

4. Ordering Information

4.1 It is the responsibility of the purchaser to specify all requirements that are necessary for the safe and satisfactory performance of material ordered under this specification. Examples of such requirements include, but are not limited to, the following:

4.1.1 *Alloy* (Table 1).

4.1.2 *Condition (Temper)* Table 3 and Appendixes X1 and X2.

4.1.2.1 If annealed ends for stress relieved tubing are desired, state length of end to be annealed and whether or not one end or both ends are to be annealed.

4.1.3 *Finish*.

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² For ASME Boiler and Pressure Vessel Code applications see related Specification SB-163 in Section II of that Code.

³ *Annual Book of ASTM Standards*, Vol 02.04.

⁴ *Annual Book of ASTM Standards*, Vol 03.01.

⁵ *Annual Book of ASTM Standards*, Vol 14.02.

⁶ *Annual Book of ASTM Standards*, Vol 03.05.

⁷ *Annual Book of ASTM Standards*, Vol 03.06.

⁸ Available from Standardization Documents Order Desk, Bldg. 4 Section D, 700 Robbins Ave., Philadelphia, PA 19111-5094, Attn: NPODS.

TABLE 1 Chemical Requirements

Alloy	Composition, %																		
	Nickel	Copper	Molybdenum	Iron	Manganese, max	Carbon ^A	Silicon ^A	Sulfur, max	Chromium	Aluminum	Titanium	Phosphorus	Cerium	Zirconium	Yttrium	Boron	Cobalt	Columbium (Nb)	Tungsten
Nickel UNS N02200	99.0 min ^B	0.25 max	...	0.40 max	0.35	0.15 max	0.35	0.01	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Low-carbon Nickel UNS N02201	99.0 min ^B	0.25 max	...	0.40 max	0.35	0.02 max	0.35	0.01	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Nickel-copper alloy UNS N04400	63.0 min ^B	28.0 to 34.0	...	2.5 max	2.0	0.3 max	0.5	0.024	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Nickel-chromium-iron alloy UNS N06600	72.0 min ^B	0.5 max	...	6.0 to 10.0	1.0	0.15 max	0.5	0.015	14.0 to 17.0	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Nickel-chromium-iron alloy UNS N06601	58.0 to 63.0	1.0 max	...	remainder ^A	1.0	0.10	0.5	0.015	21.0 to 25.0	1.7	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Nickel-chromium-iron alloy UNS N06690	58.0 min ^B	0.5 max	...	7.0 to 11.0	0.5	0.05 max	0.5	0.015	27.0 to 31.0	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Nickel-chromium-iron alloy UNS N06025	balance ^B	0.1 max	...	8.0 to 11.0	0.15	0.25	0.5	0.010	24.0 to 26.0	1.8 to 2.4	0.1 to 0.2	0.020 max	...	0.01 to 0.10	0.05 to 0.12	...	...	...	...
Alloy UNS N06045	45.0 min	0.3 max	...	21.0 to 25.0	1.0	0.05 to 0.12	2.5 to 3.0	0.010	26.0 to 29.0	...	...	0.020 max	0.03 to 0.09	...	...	...	...	...	...
Nickel-chromium-iron-aluminum alloy UNS N06603	balance ^B	0.5 max	...	8.0 to 11.0	15.0	0.40	0.5 max	0.010	24.0 to 26.0	2.4 to 3.0	0.01 to 0.25	0.02 max	...	0.01 to 0.10	0.01 to 0.15	...	...	...	...
Nickel-iron-chromium alloy UNS N08120	39.0	0.50 max	2.50 max	remainder ^B	1.5 max	0.02 to 0.10	1.0	0.03 max	23.0 to 27.0	0.40 max	...	0.15 to 0.30	...	...	0.010 max	3.0 max	0.4 to 0.9	2.50 max	...
Nickel-iron-chromium alloy UNS N08800	30.0 to 35.0	0.75 max	...	39.5 min ^B	1.5	0.10 max	1.0	0.015	19.0 to 23.0	0.15 to 0.60	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Nickel-iron-chromium alloy UNS N08810	30.0 to 35.0	0.75 max	...	39.5 min ^B	1.5	0.05 to 0.10	1.0	0.015	19.0 to 23.0	0.15 to 0.60	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Nickel-iron-chromium alloy UNS N08811	30.0 to 34.0	0.75 max	...	39.5 min ^B	1.5	0.06 to 0.10	1.0	0.015	19.0 to 23.0	0.15 to 0.60 ^C	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Nickel-iron-chromium alloy UNS N08801	30.0 to 34.0	0.50 max	...	39.5 min ^B	1.50	0.10 max	1.00	0.015	19.0 to 22.0	...	0.75 to 1.5	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Nickel-iron-chromium-molybdenum-copper alloy UNS N08825	38.0 to 46.0	1.5 to 3.0	2.5 to 3.5	22.0 min ^B	1.0	0.05 max	0.5	0.03	19.5 to 23.5	0.2 max	1.2	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...

^A Maximum unless range is given.
^B Element shall be determined arithmetically by difference.
^C Alloy UNS N08811: Al + Ti, 0.85 – 1.20.

TABLE 2 Alloy and Conditions

Alloy	Condition
Nickel UNS N02200 and low-carbon nickel UNS N02201	annealed or stress-relieved
Nickel-copper alloy UNS N04400	annealed or stress-relieved
Nickel-chromium-iron-aluminum alloy UNS N06603	annealed
Nickel-chromium-iron-aluminum alloy UNS N06601	annealed
Nickel-chromium-iron alloy UNS N06600	annealed
Nickel-chromium-iron alloy UNS N06690	annealed
Nickel-chromium-iron alloy UNS N06045	annealed
Nickel-iron-chromium alloy UNS N08120 ^A	annealed or cold-worked
Nickel-iron-chromium alloy UNS N08800 ^A	annealed or cold-worked
Nickel-iron-chromium alloy UNS N08810 ^A	annealed
Nickel-iron-chromium alloy UNS N08811 ^A	annealed
Nickel-iron-chromium alloy UNS N08801	annealed
Nickel-iron-chromium-molybdenum-copper alloy UNS N08825	annealed
Nickel-chromium-iron alloy UNS N06025	annealed

^AAlloy UNS N08800 is normally employed in service temperatures up to and including 1100°F (593°C). Alloys UNS N08810, UNS N08811, and UNS N08120 are normally employed in service temperatures above 1100°F (539°C) where resistance to creep and rupture is required, and it is annealed to develop controlled grain size for optimum properties in this temperature range.

4.1.4 *Dimensions*—Outside diameter, minimum or average wall thickness (in inches, not gage number), and length.

4.1.5 *Fabrication Operations*:

4.1.5.1 *Cold Bending or Coiling*.

4.1.5.2 *Packing*.

4.1.5.3 *Rolling or Expanding into Tube Sheets*.

4.1.5.4 *Welding or Brazing*—Process to be employed.

4.1.5.5 *Pressure Requirements*—If other than required by 6.5.

4.1.5.6 *Ends*—Plain ends cut and deburred will be furnished.

4.1.6 *Supplementary Requirements*—State nature and details.

4.1.7 *Certification*—State if certification is required (Section 15).

4.1.8 *Samples for Product (Check) Analysis*—Whether samples for product (check) analysis shall be furnished.

4.1.9 *Purchaser Inspection*—If purchaser wishes to witness tests or inspection of material at place of manufacture, the purchase order must so state indicating which tests or inspections are to be witnessed (Section 13).

4.1.10 *Small-Diameter and Light-Wall Tube (Converter Sizes)*—See Appendix X2.

5. Chemical Composition

5.1 The material shall conform to the composition limits specified in Table 1.

5.2 If a product (check) analysis is performed by the purchaser, the material shall conform to the product (check) analysis per B 880.

6. Mechanical Properties and Other Requirements

6.1 *Mechanical Properties*—The material shall conform to the mechanical properties specified in Table 3.

6.2 *Hardness*—When annealed ends are specified for tubing in the stress-relieved condition (see Table 3), the hardness of the ends after annealing shall not exceed the values specified in Table 3.

6.3 *Flare*—A flare test shall be made on one end of each random length tube after final heat treatment. In the case of stress-relieved tubing with annealed ends, the test shall be made prior to, or subsequent to, annealing of the ends, at the option of the manufacturer.

6.3.1 The flare test shall consist of flaring a test specimen with an expanding tool having an included angle of 60° until the specified outside diameter has been increased by 30 %. The flared specimen shall not exhibit cracking through the wall.

6.4 *Grain Size*—A transverse sample representing full-wall thickness of annealed alloys UNS N08120, UNS N08810 and UNS N08811 shall conform to an average grain size of ASTM No. 5 or coarser.

6.5 *Hydrostatic Test*:

6.5.1 Each tube with an outside diameter 1/8 in. (3.2 mm) and larger and tubes with wall thickness of 0.015 in. (0.38 mm) and over shall be tested by the manufacturer to an internal hydrostatic pressure of 1000 psi (6.9 MPa) provided that the fiber stress calculated in accordance with the following equation does not exceed the allowable fiber stress, *S*, indicated below. The tube shall show no evidence of leakage.

$$P = 2St/D$$

where:

P = hydrostatic test pressure, psi (MPa),

S = allowable fiber stress for material in the condition furnished, as follows:

t = minimum wall thickness, in. (mm); equal to the specified average wall minus the permissible “minus” wall tolerance, Table 4 and Table X2.2, or the specified minimum wall thickness, and

D = outside diameter of the tube, in. (mm).

6.5.2 When so agreed upon between the manufacturer and the purchaser, tube may be tested to 1/2 times the above allowable fiber stress.

6.5.3 When stress-relieved tubes with annealed ends are to be tested hydrostatically, such pressure testing shall be done

TABLE 3 Mechanical Properties of Tubes

Material and Condition	Tensile Strength, min, ksi (MPa)	Yield Strength (0.2 % Offset), min, psi (MPa)	Elongation in 2 in. or 50 mm (or 4 D) min, %	Rockwell Hardness (or equivalent) for annealed ends ^A
<i>Nickel</i> UNS N02200:				
Annealed	55 (379)	15 (103)	40	...
Stress-relieved	65 (448)	40 (276)	15	B65 max
<i>Low-carbon nickel</i> UNS N02201:				
Annealed	50 (345)	12 (83)	40	...
Stress-relieved	60 (414)	30 (207)	15	B62 max
<i>Nickel-copper alloy</i> UNS N04400:				
Annealed	70 (483)	28 (193)	35	...
Stress-relieved	85 (586)	55 (379)	15	B75 max
<i>Nickel-chromium-iron alloys:</i>				
Annealed alloy UNS N06600	80 (552)	35 (241)	30	...
Annealed alloy UNS N06601	80 (552)	30 (207)	30	...
Annealed alloy UNS N06690	85 (586)	35 (241)	30	...
Annealed alloy UNS N06045	90 (620)	35 (240)	35	...
Annealed alloy UNS N06025	98 (680)	39 (270)	30	...
Annealed alloy UNS N06603	94 (650)	43 (300)	25	...
<i>Nickel-iron-chromium alloys:</i>				
Annealed alloy UNS N08120	90 (620)	40 (276)	30	...
Annealed alloy UNS N08800	75 (517)	30 (207)	30	...
Annealed alloy UNS N08801	65 (448)	25 (172)	30	...
Cold-worked alloy UNS N08800	83 (572)	47 (324)	30	...
Annealed alloy UNS N08810	65 (448)	25 (172)	30	...
Annealed alloy UNS N08811	65 (448)	25 (172)	30	...
<i>Nickel-iron-chromium-molybdenum-copper- alloy:</i>				
Annealed UNS N08825	85 (586)	35 (241)	30	...

^ARockwell or equivalent hardness values apply only to the annealed ends of stress-relieved tubing. Caution should be observed in using the Rockwell test on thin material, as the results may be affected by the thickness of specimen. For thickness under 0.050 in. (1.27 mm) the use of the Rockwell superficial or the Vickers hardness test is suggested. For hardness conversions for nickel and high-nickel alloys see Hardness Conversion Tables E140.

TABLE 4 Permissible Variations in Outside Diameter and Wall Thickness of Condenser and Heat Exchanger Tubes

NOTE 1—The tolerances in the table apply to individual measurements of outside diameter and include out-of-roundness (ovality), and apply to all materials and all conditions, except that for thin wall tubes having a nominal wall of 3 % or less of the outside diameter, the mean outside diameter shall comply with the permissible variations of the above table and individual measurements (including ovality) shall conform to the plus and minus values of the table with the values increased by ½ % of the nominal outside diameter.

NOTE 2—*Eccentricity*—The variation in wall thickness in any one cross section of any one tube shall not exceed plus or minus 10 % of the actual (measured) average wall of that section. The actual average wall is defined as the average of the thickest and thinnest wall of that section.

NOTE 3—For tolerances of small diameter and light wall tube (converter sizes) see Appendix X2 (Table X2.2).

Material	Nominal Outside Diameter, in. (mm)	Permissible Variations ^A					
		Outside Diameter, in. (mm)		Wall Thickness, %			
		+	-	Average Wall		Minimum Wall	
				+	-	+	-
UNS N02200, UNS N02201, and UNS N04400	½ to ⅝ (12.7 to 15.9), excl	0.005 (0.13)	0	12.5	12.5	25.0	0
	⅝ to 1½ (15.9 to 38.1), incl over 1½ to 3 (38.1 to 76.2), incl	0.005 (0.13)	0.005 (0.13)	10.0	10.0	20.0	0
UNS N06600, UNS N06601, UNS N06690, UNS N06045, UNS N06025, UNS N06603, UNS N08800, UNS N08810, UNS N08811, UNS N08801, UNS N08825, and UNS N08120	½ to ⅝ (12.7 to 15.9), excl	0.005 (0.13)	0.005 (0.13)	12.5	12.5	25.0	0
	⅝ to 1½ (15.9 to 38.1), incl over 1½ to 3 (38.1 to 76.2), incl	0.0075 (0.19)	0.0075 (0.19)	10.0	10.0	20.0	0
		0.010 (0.25)	0.010 (0.25)	10.0	10.0	22.0	0

^AWall variations as indicated above are applicable only to the wall as ordered, for instance, to minimum or to average wall, but not to both.

prior to annealing of the ends of the tube.

	psi	MPa			
Annealed low-carbon nickel UNS N02201	8 000	55.2	Stress-relieved nickel-copper alloy UNS N04400	21 200	146.2
Stress-relieved low-carbon nickel UNS N02201	15 000	103.4	Annealed nickel-chromium-iron alloy UNS N06600	20 000	137.9
Annealed nickel UNS N02200	10 000	68.9	Annealed nickel-chromium-iron alloy UNS N06601	20 000	137.9
Stress-relieved nickel UNS N02200	16 200	111.7	Annealed nickel-chromium-iron alloy UNS N06690	21 200	146
Annealed nickel-copper alloy UNS N04400	17 500	120.6	Annealed nickel-chromium-iron alloy UNS N06045	22 500	155
			Annealed nickel-chromium-iron alloy UNS N06025	24 500	169

Annealed nickel-chromium-iron-aluminum alloy UNS N06603	24 000	165
Annealed nickel-iron-chromium alloy UNS N08120	22 500	155
Annealed nickel-iron-chromium alloy UNS N08800	18 700	128.9
Annealed nickel-iron-chromium alloy UNS N08810	16 600	114.4
Annealed nickel-iron-chromium alloy UNS N08811	16 600	114.4
Annealed nickel-iron-chromium alloy UNS N08801	16 600	114.4
Annealed nickel-iron-chromium-molybdenum copper alloy UNS N08825	21 000	144.8
Cold-worked nickel-iron-chromium alloy UNS N08800	20 700	142.7

7. Dimensions and Permissible Variations

7.1 *Outside Diameter and Wall Thickness*—The permissible variations in the outside diameter and wall thickness of tube shall not exceed those prescribed in Table 4 and Table X2.2, as applicable. (See also Table 5 and Table 6.)

7.2 *Length*—When tube is ordered cut-to-length, the length shall not be less than that specified, but a variation of plus 1/8 in. (3.2 mm) will be permitted, except that for lengths over 30 ft (9.1 m), a variation of plus 1/4 in. (6.4 mm) will be permitted.

7.3 *Straightness*—Material shall be reasonably straight and free of bends or kinks.

8. Workmanship, Finish, and Appearance

8.1 The material shall be uniform in quality and temper, smooth, commercially straight, and free of injurious imperfections.

9. Sampling

9.1 *Lot*—Definition:

9.1.1 A lot for chemical analysis shall consist of one heat.

9.1.2 A lot for mechanical properties, hardness, and grain size testing shall consist of all material from the same heat, nominal size (excepting length), and condition (temper).

9.1.2.1 Where material cannot be identified by heat, a lot shall consist of not more than 500 lb (230 kg) of material in the same condition (temper) and size.

9.2 *Test Material Selection*:

9.2.1 *Chemical Analysis*—Representative samples shall be taken during pouring or subsequent processing.

9.2.1.1 Product (check) analysis shall be wholly the responsibility of the purchaser.

9.2.2 *Mechanical Properties, Hardness, and Grain Size*—Samples of the material to provide test specimens for mechanical properties, hardness, and grain size shall be taken from such locations in each lot as to be representative of that lot.

10. Number of Tests

10.1 *Chemical Analysis*—One test per lot.

- 10.2 *Mechanical Properties*—One test per lot.
- 10.3 *Hardness*—A representative sample consisting of 3 % of each lot of tubes with annealed ends (see 9.1.2).
- 10.4 *Grain Size*—One test per lot.
- 10.5 *Flare*—One end of each random length tube.

11. Specimen Preparation

11.1 *Tension Test*:

11.1.1 Tension test specimens shall be taken from material in the final condition (temper) and tested in the direction of fabrication.

11.1.2 Whenever possible, all tubes shall be tested in full tubular size. When testing in full tubular size is not possible, longitudinal strip specimens, or the largest possible round specimen, shall be used. In the event of disagreement when full tubular testing is not possible, a longitudinal strip specimen with reduced gage length as contained in Test Methods E 8 shall be used.

11.1.3 In the case of stress-relieved tubes furnished with annealed ends, the tension test shall be made on the stress-relieved tubes prior to annealing the ends.

11.2 *Hardness Test*:

11.2.1 *Stress-Relieved Tubing with Annealed Ends*—The hardness test may be made on the inside of the tube near the end or on a specimen cut from the end, at the option of the manufacturer. The test shall be made on the inside of the specimen.

12. Test Methods

12.1 The chemical composition, mechanical, and other properties of the material as enumerated in this specification shall be determined, in case of disagreement, in accordance with the following methods:

Test	ASTM Designation
Chemical Analysis	E 76, E1473
Tension	E 8
Rounding Procedure	E 29
Rockwell Hardness	E 18
Grain Size	E 112
Hardness Conversion	E 140

12.2 The measurement of average grain size may be carried out by the planimetric method, the comparison method, or the intercept method described in Test Methods E 112. In case of dispute the “referee” method for determining average grain size shall be the planimetric method.

12.3 For purposes of determining compliance with the specified limits for requirements of the properties listed in the

TABLE 5 Alloy,^A Condition, Tube Size, and Bend Radii Limitations

Tube OD, in. (mm)	Average Tube Wall, in. (mm) ^B	Minimum Bend Radius, in. (mm)	
		Annealed Condition	Stress-Relieved Condition
Up to 1/2 (12.7), incl	0.046 to 0.057 (1.17 to 1.45), incl	1 3/16(30.2)	1 1/4(31.8)
Up to 1/2(12.7), incl	Over 0.057 to 0.120 (1.45 to 3.05), incl	1 (25.4)	1 1/8 (28.6)
Over 1/2 to 5/8(12.7 to 15.9), incl	0.037 to 0.057 (0.94 to 1.45), incl	1 3/16(30.2)	1 1/4(31.8)
Over 1/2 to 5/8(12.7 to 15.9), incl	Over 0.057 to 0.120 (1.45 to 3.05), incl	1 (25.4)	1 3/16(30.2)
Over 5/8 to 3/4(15.9 to 19.0), incl	0.049 to 0.057 (1.24 to 1.45), incl	1 1/4(31.8)	1 1/2(38.1)
Over 5/8 to 3/4(15.9 to 19.0), incl	Over 0.057 to 0.109 (1.45 to 2.77), incl	1 3/16 (30.2)	1 1/4(31.8)
Over 3/4 to 1 (19.0 to 25.4), incl	0.049 to 0.058 (1.24 to 1.47), incl	2 (50.8)	4 (101.6)
Over 3/4 to 1 (19.0 to 25.4), incl	Over 0.058 to 0.109 (1.47 to 2.77), incl	1 3/4(44.5)	2 1/4(57.2)

^AApplies for all alloys except alloy UNS N08810, alloy UNS N08801, and UNS N08811.

^BTo determine the bend radius applicable to minimum wall tubing, compute the corresponding average wall from the wall tolerances in Table 4, then use Table 5.

TABLE 6 Alloys, Size Ranges, and Yield Strength for Higher Yield Strength Tubes

Alloys	Size Range, in. (mm)		0.2 % Yield Strength, ksi (MPa)	
	OD	Wall Thickness	Minimum	Maximum
Nickel-chromium-iron Alloy UNS N06600	1/4 to 7/8 (6.35 to 22.23)	Up to 0.100 (2.54)	40 (276)	65 (448)
Nickel-chromium-iron Alloy UNS N06601	1/4 to 7/8 (6.35 to 22.23)	Up to 0.100 (2.54)	40 (276)	65 (449)
Nickel-iron-chromium Alloy UNS N08800	1/4 to 7/8 (6.35 to 22.23)	Up to 0.100 (2.54)	40 (276)	65 (448)
Nickel-chromium-iron Alloy UNS N06690	1/4 to 7/8 (6.35 to 22.23)	Up to 0.100 (2.54)	40 (276)	65 (448)

following table, an observed value or a calculated value shall be rounded as indicated below, in accordance with the rounding method of Practice E 29:

Test	Rounded Unit for Observed or Calculated Value
Chemical composition, hardness, and tolerances (when expressed in decimals)	nearest unit in the last right-hand place of figures of the specified limit
Tensile strength, yield strength	nearest 1000 psi (6.9 MPa)
Elongation	nearest 1 %
Grain size:	
0.0024 in. (0.060 mm) or larger	nearest multiple of 0.0002 in. (0.005 mm)
less than 0.0024 in. (0.060 mm)	nearest multiple of 0.0001 in. (0.002 mm)

13. Inspection

13.1 Inspection of the material shall be made as agreed upon between the manufacturer and the purchaser as part of the purchase contract.

14. Rejection and Rehearing

14.1 Material not conforming to this specification or to authorized modifications will be subject to rejection.

14.2 Samples tested in accordance with this specification that represent rejected material shall be preserved for not less than three weeks from the date of the test report. In case of dissatisfaction with the results of the tests, the manufacturer may make claim for a rehearing within that time.

15. Certification

15.1 When specified in the purchase order or contract, a manufacturer’s certification shall be furnished to the purchaser stating that material has been manufactured, tested, and inspected in accordance with this specification, and that the test results on representative samples meet specification requirements. When specified in the purchase order or contract, a report of the test results shall be furnished.

16. Product Marking

16.1 Each bundle or shipping container shall be marked with the name of the material; condition (temper); this specification number; the size; gross, tare, and net weight; consignor and consignee address; contract or order number; or such other information as may be defined in the contract or order.

17. Keywords

17.1 seamless tube; UNS N02200; UNS N02201; UNS N04400; UNS N06025; UNS N06045; UNS N06600; UNS N06601; UNS N06603; UNS N06690; UNS N08120; UNS N08800; UNS N08801; UNS N08810; UNS N08811; UNS N08825

ASTM B163-98a
<https://standards.iteh.ai/catalog/standards/sist/46f9aae5-70e1-4050-886c-c3e120006a34/astm-b163-98a>

SUPPLEMENTARY REQUIREMENTS

S1. U-BENT TUBES

The following supplementary requirements shall apply when U-bent tubes are specified by the purchaser in the inquiry, contract, or order.

S1.1 Limitation of Supplementary Requirements for U-Bent Tubes

S1.1.1 The requirements for U-bent tubes included in this supplement are limited to the alloys, conditions (tempers), tube outside diameter (OD), and wall thickness ranges and bend radii listed in Table 5.

S1.2 Permissible Variations in Dimensions (Fig. S1)

S1.2.1 Leg Spacing—The leg spacing, measured between the points of tangency of the bend to the legs shall not vary from the value (2R – specified tube OD) by more than the amounts shown below where R is the specified centerline bend radius:

Centerline Bend Radius (R), in. (mm)	Tolerance, in. (mm)
Up to 18 (457), incl	1/16 (1.6)
Over 18 to 30 (457 to 762), incl	3/32 (2.4)
Over 30 to 36 (762 to 914), incl	1/8 (3.2)

S1.2.2 Diameter of Tube in U-Bent Section—Neither the major, nor the minor outside diameter of the tube at any one cross section included within the points of tangency of the bend shall deviate from the nominal diameter prior to bending by more than 10 %.

S1.2.3 Wall Thickness of Tube in U-Bent Section—The wall thickness of the tube at the apex of the U-bent section shall be not less than the value determined by the following equation:

$$TF = T(2R) / (2R + D)$$