INTERNATIONAL STANDARD



Second edition 1994-08-01

Cinematography — Audio records on 70 mm motion-picture release prints with magnetic stripes — Recorded iTeh characteristic PREVIEW

(standards.iteh.ai)

Cinématographie — Enregistrements sonores sur copies d'exploitation sur film cinématographique 70 mm à pistes magnétiques https://standards.caractéristique d'enregistrement^{933-4b7b-87a0-} 98ceb93706e1/iso-8590-1994



Foreword

ISO (the International Organization for Standardization) is a worldwide federation of national standards bodies (ISO member bodies). The work of preparing International Standards is normally carried out through ISO technical committees. Each member body interested in a subject for which a technical committee has been established has the right to be represented on that committee. International organizations, governmental and non-governmental, in liaison with ISO, also take part in the work. ISO collaborates closely with the International Electrotechnical Commission (IEC) on all matters of electrotechnical standardization.

Draft International Standards adopted by the technical committees are circulated to the member bodies for voting. Publication as an International Standard requires approval by at least 75% of the member bodies casting VIEW a vote.

International Standard ISO 8590 was prepared by Technical Committee ISO/TC 36, *Cinematography*.

ISO 8590:1994

This second edition cancelstant and itereplacesg/statheardsfirst63eedition2933-4b7b-87a0-(ISO 8590:1985), of which it constitutes a technical revision-8590-1994

© ISO 1994

Case Postale 56 • CH-1211 Genève 20 • Switzerland

Printed in Switzerland

All rights reserved. Unless otherwise specified, no part of this publication may be reproduced or utilized in any form or by any means, electronic or mechanical, including photocopying and microfilm, without permission in writing from the publisher.

International Organization for Standardization

Cinematography — Audio records on 70 mm motion-picture release prints with magnetic stripes — Recorded characteristic

1 Scope

where

 L_{ϕ} is the recorded relative magnetic flux level, in decibels;

characteristic of audio records on 70 mm motionpicture release prints with magnetic striping when RD PRE is the frequency, in hertz; reproduced at the nominal speed of 24 frames per RD PRE is the frequency, in hertz; second. (standards.iteh.ai is a time constant with a value of 3 180 μs;

ο του μο,

<u>ISO 8590:1994</u> t_h is a time constant with a value of 35 µs;

https://standards.iteh.ai/catalog/standards/sist/63e8e039-2933-4b7b-87a0steristic 98ceb93706e1/iso-8590- C_{004} is a constant calculated to make $L_{\varphi} = 0$ at

2 Recorded characteristic

With a constant amplitude sine-wave applied to the input of the recording system, the relative characteristic in effective values of the short-circuit magnetic flux versus frequency shall decrease with increasing frequency proportionately to the impedance of a combination of capacitance and resistance having time constants, $t_{\rm l}$ and $t_{\rm h}$, of 35 µs and 3 180 µs. The characteristic defined above is obtained by the following formula:

This International Standard specifies the recorded

$$L_{\Phi} = C_0 - 10 \log_{10} \left[\frac{1 + (2\pi t_{\rm h})^2 f^2}{1 + \frac{1}{(2\pi t_{\rm h})^2 f^2}} \right]$$

NOTES

1 A frequency response curve may be conveniently defined as proportional to the impedance curve of a resistance-capacitance network having stated time constants. Such a network is not intended as a recommended electrical circuit.

the reference frequency of 1 000 Hz.

2 It has been shown that a low-frequency time constant of infinity should be used for best headroom versus frequency of the medium. It is recognized, however, that it is necessary for the immediate future to continue to add low-frequency pre-emphasis of 3 180 μ s because much theatre equipment cannot meet the tolerances of this International Standard when using a time constant of infinity.

ground and g		
Frequency, f	Lφ	Tolerances
Hz	dB	dB
20	8,8	+3,0 -10,0
25	7,19	+3,0 -8,0
31,5	5,66	+3,0 -6,0
40 50	4,29 3,21	+2,0 -4,0
63	2,32	+1,5 -3,0
80	1,63	+1.3 -2,0
2 000 2 500	1,16 0,84 0,59 0,45 0,35 0,28 0,23 0,19 0,14 AND $_{0}$ 0,14 AND $_{0}$ 0,12 5. it - 0,57 <u>IS\ominus 0,95):1994</u>	PREVIEW eh.ai) 3e8e039-2933-4b7b 87a0-
6 300	- 4,46	+1,3 -1,0
8 000	- 5,93	+1,5 -2,0
10 000	- 7,47	+2,0 -2,5
12 500 16 000	- 9,13 - 11,07	+2,0 -3,5

Table 1 — Approximate values of the recorded relative magnetic flux

÷

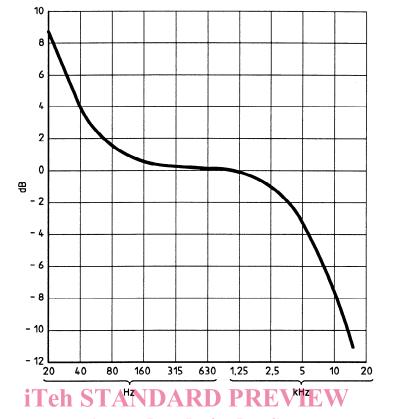


Figure 1 — Approximate values of the recorded relative magnetic flux

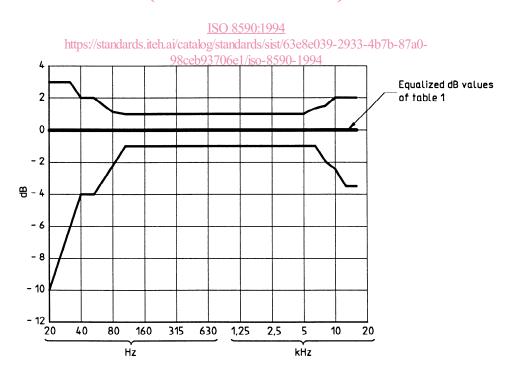


Figure 2 — Tolerances

iTeh This page intentionally left blankEVIEW (standards.iteh.ai)

<u>ISO 8590:1994</u> https://standards.iteh.ai/catalog/standards/sist/63e8e039-2933-4b7b-87a0-98ceb93706e1/iso-8590-1994

iTeh This page intentionally left blankEVIEW (standards.iteh.ai)

<u>ISO 8590:1994</u> https://standards.iteh.ai/catalog/standards/sist/63e8e039-2933-4b7b-87a0-98ceb93706e1/iso-8590-1994

iTeh STANDARD PREVIEW (standards.iteh.ai)

<u>ISO 8590:1994</u> https://standards.iteh.ai/catalog/standards/sist/63e8e039-2933-4b7b-87a0-98ceb93706e1/iso-8590-1994

ICS 37.060.20

Descriptors: cinematography, motion-picture film, motion-picture film 70 mm, sound recording, magnetic recording, recording characteristics.

Price based on 3 pages