

INTERNATIONAL STANDARD

NORME INTERNATIONALE



**Electricity metering equipment (AC) – General requirements, tests and test conditions –
Part 31: Product safety requirements and tests**

**Équipement de comptage de l'électricité (CA) – Exigences générales, essais et conditions d'essai –
Partie 31: Exigences et essais sur la sécurité de produit**





THIS PUBLICATION IS COPYRIGHT PROTECTED

Copyright © 2015 IEC, Geneva, Switzerland

All rights reserved. Unless otherwise specified, no part of this publication may be reproduced or utilized in any form or by any means, electronic or mechanical, including photocopying and microfilm, without permission in writing from either IEC or IEC's member National Committee in the country of the requester. If you have any questions about IEC copyright or have an enquiry about obtaining additional rights to this publication, please contact the address below or your local IEC member National Committee for further information.

Droits de reproduction réservés. Sauf indication contraire, aucune partie de cette publication ne peut être reproduite ni utilisée sous quelque forme que ce soit et par aucun procédé, électronique ou mécanique, y compris la photocopie et les microfilms, sans l'accord écrit de l'IEC ou du Comité national de l'IEC du pays du demandeur. Si vous avez des questions sur le copyright de l'IEC ou si vous désirez obtenir des droits supplémentaires sur cette publication, utilisez les coordonnées ci-après ou contactez le Comité national de l'IEC de votre pays de résidence.

IEC Central Office
3, rue de Varembé
CH-1211 Geneva 20
Switzerland

Tel.: +41 22 919 02 11
Fax: +41 22 919 03 00
info@iec.ch
www.iec.ch

About the IEC

The International Electrotechnical Commission (IEC) is the leading global organization that prepares and publishes International Standards for all electrical, electronic and related technologies.

About IEC publications

The technical content of IEC publications is kept under constant review by the IEC. Please make sure that you have the latest edition, a corrigenda or an amendment might have been published.

IEC Catalogue - webstore.iec.ch/catalogue

The stand-alone application for consulting the entire bibliographical information on IEC International Standards, Technical Specifications, Technical Reports and other documents. Available for PC, Mac OS, Android Tablets and iPad.

Electropedia - www.electropedia.org

The world's leading online dictionary of electronic and electrical terms containing 20 000 terms and definitions in English and French, with equivalent terms in 15 additional languages. Also known as the International Electrotechnical Vocabulary (IEV) online.

IEC publications search - www.iec.ch/searchpub

The advanced search enables to find IEC publications by a variety of criteria (reference number, text, technical committee,...). It also gives information on projects, replaced and withdrawn publications.

IEC Glossary - std.iec.ch/glossary

65 000 electrotechnical terminology entries in English and French extracted from the Terms and Definitions clause of IEC publications issued since 2002. Some entries have been collected from earlier publications of IEC TC 37, 77, 86 and CISPR.

IEC Just Published - webstore.iec.ch/justpublished

Stay up to date on all new IEC publications. Just Published details all new publications released. Available online and also once a month by email.

IEC Customer Service Centre - webstore.iec.ch/csc

If you wish to give us your feedback on this publication or need further assistance, please contact the Customer Service Centre: csc@iec.ch.

A propos de l'IEC

La Commission Electrotechnique Internationale (IEC) est la première organisation mondiale qui élabore et publie des Normes internationales pour tout ce qui a trait à l'électricité, à l'électronique et aux technologies apparentées.

A propos des publications IEC

Le contenu technique des publications IEC est constamment revu. Veuillez vous assurer que vous possédez l'édition la plus récente, un corrigendum ou amendement peut avoir été publié.

Catalogue IEC - webstore.iec.ch/catalogue

Application autonome pour consulter tous les renseignements bibliographiques sur les Normes internationales, Spécifications techniques, Rapports techniques et autres documents de l'IEC. Disponible pour PC, Mac OS, tablettes Android et iPad.

Electropedia - www.electropedia.org

Le premier dictionnaire en ligne de termes électroniques et électriques. Il contient 20 000 termes et définitions en anglais et en français, ainsi que les termes équivalents dans 15 langues additionnelles. Egalelement appelé Vocabulaire Electrotechnique International (IEV) en ligne.

Recherche de publications IEC - www.iec.ch/searchpub

La recherche avancée permet de trouver des publications IEC en utilisant différents critères (numéro de référence, texte, comité d'études,...). Elle donne aussi des informations sur les projets et les publications remplacées ou retirées.

Glossaire IEC - std.iec.ch/glossary

65 000 entrées terminologiques électrotechniques, en anglais et en français, extraites des articles Termes et Définitions des publications IEC parues depuis 2002. Plus certaines entrées antérieures extraites des publications des CE 37, 77, 86 et CISPR de l'IEC.

IEC Just Published - webstore.iec.ch/justpublished

Restez informé sur les nouvelles publications IEC. Just Published détaille les nouvelles publications parues. Disponible en ligne et aussi une fois par mois par email.

Service Clients - webstore.iec.ch/csc

Si vous désirez nous donner des commentaires sur cette publication ou si vous avez des questions contactez-nous: csc@iec.ch.



IEC 62052-31

Edition 1.0 2015-09

INTERNATIONAL STANDARD

NORME INTERNATIONALE



Electricity metering equipment (AC) – General requirements, tests and test conditions –
standards.iteh.ai
Part 31: Product safety requirements and tests

Équipement de comptage de l'électricité (CA) – Exigences générales, essais et conditions d'essai –
Partie 31: Exigences et essais sur la sécurité de produit

[IEC 62052-31:2015](#)

[318af467ce27/iec-62052-31-2015](#)

INTERNATIONAL
ELECTROTECHNICAL
COMMISSION

COMMISSION
ELECTROTECHNIQUE
INTERNATIONALE

ICS 19.080; 91.140.50

ISBN 978-2-8322-3769-4

Warning! Make sure that you obtained this publication from an authorized distributor.

Attention! Veuillez vous assurer que vous avez obtenu cette publication via un distributeur agréé.

iTeh STANDARD PREVIEW (standards.iteh.ai)

IEC 62052-31:2015

<https://standards.iteh.ai/catalog/standards/sist/0093c6d1-5a85-4e99-a8c4-3f8af467ce27/iec-62052-31-2015>

INTERNATIONAL ELECTROTECHNICAL COMMISSION

IEC 62052-31
Edition 1.0 2015-09

**ELECTRICITY METERING EQUIPMENT (AC) –
GENERAL REQUIREMENTS, TESTS AND TEST CONDITIONS –**

Part 31: Product safety requirements and tests

INTERPRETATION SHEET 1

This interpretation sheet has been prepared by subcommittee WG11: Electricity metering equipment, of IEC technical committee TC13: Electrical energy measurement and control.

iTeh STANDARD PREVIEW

The text of this interpretation sheet is based on the following documents:

(standards.iteh.ai)

DISH	Report on voting
13/1787/DISH IEC 62052-31:2015	13/1789/RVDISH

<https://standards.iteh.ai/catalog/standards/sist/0093c6d1-5a85-4e99-a8c4-3f8af467ce27/iec-62052-31-2015>

Full information on the voting for the approval of this interpretation sheet can be found in the report on voting indicated in the above table.

IMPORTANT – The 'colour inside' logo on the cover page of this publication indicates that it contains colours which are considered to be useful for the correct understanding of its contents. Users should therefore print this document using a colour printer.

6.7.1.3 – Requirement pertaining to classification of impulse withstand voltages (overvoltage categories)

This subclause specifies the following:

The impulse withstand voltage (overvoltage category, OVC) is used to classify equipment energized directly from the mains.

[...]

For metering equipment, overvoltage category III is taken as a basis for determining clearances. See also 1.4 and Annex K.

Background:

- in substations, auxiliary supply circuits of the meter may be energized from a d.c. supply, from an Uninterruptable Power Supply (UPS) or a dedicated a.c. supply that is independent of the mains to which the current and voltage circuits of the meter are connected;
- similarly, auxiliary circuits of the meter – like control circuits – may be connected to such circuits.

For equipment connected to such circuits generally OVC II applies.

This gives rise to the following question: Does OVC III apply to all HLV mains circuits and auxiliary circuits of the meter?

Interpretation

In general, meters shall be designed for OVC III. However, under the conditions described in the Background above, dimensioning the auxiliary supply and auxiliary circuits to meet OVC III requirements – as specified in 6.7.3 and 6.7.4 – is not justifiable.

They can be dimensioned to meet OVC II requirements provided that those circuits are clearly marked on the meter and identified in the Installation manual, User Manual and Maintenance manual and suitable warnings are provided.

It is then the responsibility of the installer to make sure that the circuits designed for OVC II are not connected to circuits that require OVC III or higher.

<https://standards.iteh.ai/catalog/standards/sist/0093c6d1-5a85-4e99-a8c4-3f8af467ce27/iec-62052-31-2015>

As IEC 62052-31:2015 specifies the insulation requirements and tests for OVC III only, such circuits shall be designed and tested according to the relevant clauses of IEC 61010-1.

NOTE During the upcoming revision of IEC 62052-31, requirements and tests for OVC II will be added.

6.8 – Insulation requirements between circuits and parts

This subclause specifies the following:

The following mains circuits shall be considered as hazardous live (HLV) circuits:

- *voltage and current circuits of direct connected and transformer operated meters;*
 - NOTE 2 Current circuits of CT operated meters are generally earthed.
- *neutral circuits;*
- *relays / control switches switching mains voltage;*
- *auxiliary supply circuits intended for connection to the mains.*

Background: Current circuits of transformer operated meters are generally earthed.

This gives rise to the following question: According to IEC 62052-31, what insulation requirements apply between current circuits of transformer operated meters and other circuits and parts?

Interpretation

The current text is ambiguous:

- on the one hand, it says that voltage and current circuits of direct connected and transformer operated meters shall be considered as HLV circuits,
- on the other hand, Note 2 says that current circuits of CT operated meters are generally earthed. Therefore, they are not Hazardous Live circuits.

The text shall be interpreted as below:

The following mains circuits shall be considered as hazardous live (HLV) circuits:

- *voltage circuits;*
- *current circuits of direct connected meters;*
- *current circuits of current transformer operated meters unless they are earthed in which case they shall be considered as ELV non-mains circuits;*
- *neutral circuits;*
- *relays / control switches switching mains voltage;*
- *auxiliary supply circuits intended for connection to the mains.*

Consequently, Table 20 applies.

iTeh STANDARD PREVIEW

**Table 20 – Insulation requirements between any two circuits
(standards.iteh.ai)**

Table 20 with Note 6 specifies Functional / Basic insulation between any two SELV / PELV circuits and supplementary or basic insulation if one of the circuits is an independent circuit or is adjacent to a conductive part which may be earthed when the equipment is installed.

318af467ce27/icc-62052-31-2015

Part of Table 20 is reproduced below:

Table 20 – Insulation requirements between any two circuits

	HLV mains-circuit¹⁾	ELV circuit	SELV circuit	PELV circuit
HLV mains-circuit¹⁾	F/B ^{1) 6)} Table 8 Table 9	B Table 8 Table 9	D, R Table 8 Table 9	D, R Table 8 Table 9
ELV circuit	B Table 8 Table 9	F/B ⁸⁾ Table 13 Table 14	B, S Table 13 Table 14	B, S Table 13 Table 14
SELV circuit	D, R Table 8 Table 9	B, S Table 13 Table 14	F/B ⁶⁾ Table 13 Table 14	F/B ⁸⁾ Table 13 Table 14
PELV circuit²⁾	D, R Table 8 Table 9	B, S Table 13 Table 14	F/B ⁸⁾ Table 13 Table 14	F/B ⁶⁾ Table 13 Table 14

iTECH STANDARD PREVIEW
(standard.itech.ai)

IEC 62052-31:2015
<https://standards.itech.ai/catalog/standards/sist/0093c6d1-5a85-4e99-a8c4-3f8af467ce27/iec-62052-31-2015>

- 6) Supplementary or basic insulation shall be used if one of the circuits is an independent circuit or is adjacent to a conductive part which may be earthed when the equipment is installed.

This gives rise to the following questions:

- Why should basic insulation be required at all between SELV / PELV circuits?
- What is the definition of “independent circuits”?
- If basic insulation is needed in SELV circuits, what insulation requirements apply?

Interpretation

Answer to question a): Basic insulation or supplementary insulation is required in the cases specified in IEC 60364-4-41:2005,414.4 and in all cases where the specification requires voltage withstand capability between said circuits.

Answer to question b): The independent circuits are those which are so described by the manufacturer (See IEC 60255-27:2013, 10.6.4.2.5).

Answer to question c): As specified in Table 20:

- Table 13 applies for determining clearance and test voltages;
- Table 14 applies for creepage distances.

In specific cases, 6.7.5 applies.

The dimensioning of the insulations shall also take into account requirements specified in other applicable standards, – e.g. IEEE 802.3 for Ethernet communication ports – and may be influenced by transient voltage levels originating from the EMC requirements (such as surge, Electrical Fast Transient / burst).

6.10.3.2 – Requirement pertaining to long term overvoltage withstand

IEC 62052-31:2015 contains a requirement in pertaining to long term overvoltage withstand, as follows:

“Meters and tariff and load control equipment shall withstand the maximum withstand voltage, 1,9 U_n [...]”

This has given rise to the following question: Does the long-term overvoltage test apply to the auxiliary power supply circuit of a meter?

Interpretation

The auxiliary supply generally originates from an electrical network separate from the measured mains, as it is expected to keep the meter working when the measured mains network is de-energized, or is under fault conditions. See 3.5.9:

3.5.9
auxiliary supply iTeh STANDARD PREVIEW
a.c. or d.c. electrical power supply, other than the measurand, provided via dedicated terminals
(standards.iteh.ai)

The long-term overvoltage test (6.10.3.2) does not apply to the meter's auxiliary power supply circuit or other auxiliary circuits if these circuits are rated for connection to external networks other than the measured mains supply network. IEC 62052-31-2015

CONTENTS

FOREWORD	8
INTRODUCTION	10
1 Scope and object	12
1.1 Scope	12
1.2 Object	13
1.2.1 Aspects included in scope	13
1.2.2 Aspects excluded from scope	13
1.3 Verification	14
1.4 Environmental conditions	14
1.4.1 Normal environmental conditions	14
1.4.2 Extended environmental conditions	14
1.4.3 Extreme environmental conditions	15
2 Normative references	15
3 Terms and definitions	16
3.1 Equipment and states of equipment	16
3.2 Parts and accessories	17
3.3 Quantities	19
3.4 Tests	21
<i>iTeh STANDARD PREVIEW (standards.iteh.ai)</i>	
3.5 Safety terms	21
3.6 Insulation	25
3.7 Terms related to switches of metering equipment	29
4 Tests	31
4.1 General	31
4.2 Type test – sequence of tests	31
4.3 Reference test conditions	32
4.3.1 Atmospheric conditions	32
4.3.2 State of the equipment	32
4.4 Testing in single fault condition	36
4.4.1 General	36
4.4.2 Application of fault conditions	36
4.4.3 Duration of tests	38
4.4.4 Conformity after application of fault conditions	38
5 Information and marking requirements	39
5.1 General	39
5.2 Labels, signs and signals	41
5.2.1 General	41
5.2.2 Durability of markings	43
5.3 Information for selection	43
5.3.1 General	43
5.3.2 General information	43
5.3.3 Information related to meters / metering elements	44
5.3.4 Information related to stand-alone tariff-and load control equipment	44
5.3.5 Information related to supply control and load control switches	44
5.4 Information for installation and commissioning	44
5.4.1 General	44
5.4.2 Handling and mounting	45

5.4.3	Enclosure	45
5.4.4	Connection	45
5.4.5	Protection	47
5.4.6	Auxiliary power supply	48
5.4.7	Supply for external devices	48
5.4.8	Batteries	48
5.4.9	Self-consumption	48
5.4.10	Commissioning	49
5.5	Information for use	49
5.5.1	General	49
5.5.2	Display, push buttons and other controls	49
5.5.3	Switches	49
5.5.4	Connection to user's equipment	50
5.5.5	External protection devices	50
5.5.6	Cleaning	50
5.6	Information for maintenance	50
6	Protection against electrical shock	50
6.1	General requirements	50
6.2	Determination of accessible parts	51
6.2.1	General	51
6.2.2	Examination	51
6.2.3	Openings above parts that are hazardous live	52
6.2.4	Openings for pre-set controls	52
6.2.5	Wiring terminals	53
6.3	Limit values for accessible parts	53
6.3.1	General	53
6.3.2	Levels in normal condition	53
6.3.3	Levels in single fault condition	53
6.4	Primary means of protection (protection against direct contact)	56
6.4.1	General	56
6.4.2	Equipment case	56
6.4.3	Basic insulation	56
6.4.4	Impedance	56
6.5	Additional means of protection in case of single fault conditions (protection against indirect contact)	57
6.5.1	General	57
6.5.2	Protective bonding	57
6.5.3	Supplementary insulation and reinforced insulation	61
6.5.4	Protective impedance	61
6.5.5	Automatic disconnection of the supply	61
6.5.6	Current- or voltage-limiting device	62
6.6	Connection to external circuits	62
6.6.1	General	62
6.6.2	Terminals for external circuits	63
6.6.3	Terminals for stranded conductors	63
6.7	Insulation requirements	63
6.7.1	General – Electrical stresses, overvoltages and overvoltage categories	63
6.7.2	The nature of insulation	64
6.7.3	Insulation requirements for mains-circuits	68

6.7.4	Insulation requirements for non-mains-circuits	74
6.7.5	Insulation in circuits not addressed in 6.7.3 or 6.7.4	78
6.7.6	Reduction of transient overvoltages by the use of overvoltage limiting devices	84
6.8	Insulation requirements between circuits and parts	84
6.9	Constructional requirements for protection against electric shock	88
6.9.1	General	88
6.9.2	Insulating materials	88
6.9.3	Colour coding	88
6.9.4	Equipment case	88
6.9.5	Terminal blocks	89
6.9.6	Insulating materials of supply control and load switches	89
6.9.7	Terminals	90
6.9.8	Requirements for current circuits	92
6.10	Safety related electrical tests	99
6.10.1	Overview	99
6.10.2	Test methods	101
6.10.3	Testing of voltage circuits	104
6.10.4	Dielectric tests	106
6.10.5	Electrical tests on current circuits of direct connected meters without supply control switches (SCSs)	112
6.10.6	Electrical tests on current circuits of direct connected meters with SCSs	113
6.10.7	Electrical tests on load control switches (LCSs)	119
7	Protection against mechanical hazards	122
7.1	General..... https://standards.iec.ai/catalog/standards/sist/0093c6d1-5a85-4e99-a8c4-318a1467ce27/iec-62052-31-2015	122
7.2	Sharp edges	122
7.3	Provisions for lifting and carrying	123
8	Resistance to mechanical stresses	123
8.1	General.....	123
8.2	Spring hammer test.....	123
9	Protection against spread of fire	124
9.1	General.....	124
9.2	Eliminating or reducing the sources of ignition within the equipment	125
9.3	Containment of fire within the equipment, should it occur	125
9.3.1	General	125
9.3.2	Constructional requirements	126
9.4	Limited-energy circuit.....	126
9.5	Overcurrent protection	128
10	Equipment temperature limits and resistance to heat	128
10.1	Surface temperature limits for protection against burns	128
10.2	Temperature limits for terminals	129
10.3	Temperatures of internal parts	130
10.4	Temperature test	132
10.5	Resistance to heat	133
10.5.1	Non-metallic enclosures	133
10.5.2	Insulating materials	134
11	Protection against penetration of dust and water	134
12	Protection against liberated gases and substances explosion and implosion – Batteries and battery charging	136

13 Components and sub-assemblies	136
13.1 General.....	136
13.2 Mains transformers tested outside equipment	138
13.3 Printed wiring boards	138
13.4 Components bridging insulation	138
13.5 Circuits or components used as transient overvoltage limiting devices.....	138
14 Hazards resulting from application – Reasonably foreseeable misuse	138
15 Risk assessment	139
Annex A (normative) Measuring circuits for touch current	140
A.1 Measuring circuit for a.c. with frequencies up to 1 MHz and for d.c.	140
A.2 Measuring circuits for sinusoidal a.c. with frequencies up to 100 Hz and for d.c.	141
A.3 Current measuring circuit for electrical burns at high frequencies.....	141
A.4 Current measuring circuit for wet location	142
Annex B (informative) Examples for insulation between parts	143
B.1 Insulation between parts – Example 1	143
B.2 Insulation between parts – Example 2	144
B.3 Insulation between parts – Example 3.....	145
B.4 Insulation between parts – Example 4	146
B.5 Insulation between parts – Example 5.....	147
Annex C (informative) Examples for direct connected meters equipped with supply control and load control switches	149
Annex D (normative) Test circuit diagram for the test of long term overvoltage withstand	151
Annex E (normative) Test circuit diagram for short current test on the current circuit of direct connected meters	152
Annex F (informative) Examples for voltage tests.....	154
Annex G (normative) Additional a.c. voltage tests for electromechanical meters	158
Annex H (normative) Test equipment for cable flexion and pull test	159
Annex I (informative) Routine tests	161
I.1 General.....	161
I.2 Protective earth	161
I.3 AC power-frequency high-voltage test for mains-circuits	161
I.4 Mains-circuits with voltage limiting devices	161
Annex J (informative) Examples of battery protection.....	162
Annex K (informative) Rationale for specifying overvoltage category III	163
K.1 Transient overvoltage requirements in TC 13 standards.....	163
K.2 Electricity meters mentioned in basic safety publications and group safety publications	163
K.2.1 IEC 60664-1	163
K.2.2 IEC 60364-4-44	164
K.2.3 IEC 61010-1	164
K.3 Conclusion.....	165
Annex L (informative) Overview of safety aspects covered	166
Annex M (informative) Index of defined terms	181
Bibliography.....	184
Figure 1 – Measurements through openings in enclosures	52

Figure 2 – Maximum duration of short-term accessible voltages in single fault condition (see 6.3.3 a))	54
Figure 3 – Capacitance level versus voltage in normal condition and single fault condition (see 6.3.2 c) and 6.3.3 c))	55
Figure 4 – Acceptable arrangements of protection means against electric shock.....	57
Figure 5 – Examples of binding screw assemblies	59
Figure 6 – Distance between conductors on an interface between two layers.....	72
Figure 7 – Distance between adjacent conductors along an interface of an inner layer	72
Figure 8 – Distance between adjacent conductors located between the same two layers.....	74
Figure 9 – Example of recurring peak voltage	82
Figure 10 – Flowchart of safety related electrical tests.....	100
Figure 11 – Flow chart to explain the requirements for protection against the spread of fire	125
Figure 12 – Ball-pressure test apparatus.....	134
Figure 13 – Flow chart for conformity options 13.1 a), b), c) and d).....	137
Figure A.1 – Measuring circuit for a.c. with frequencies up to 1 MHz and for d.c.	140
Figure A.2 – Measuring circuits for sinusoidal a.c. with frequencies up to 100 Hz and for d.c.	141
Figure A.3 – Current measuring circuit for electrical burns	142
Figure A.4 – Current measuring circuit for wet contact	142
Figure B.1 – Insulation between parts – Example 1	143
Figure B.2 – Insulation between parts – Example 2	144
Figure B.3 – Insulation between parts – Example 3	145
Figure B.4 – Insulation between parts – Example 4	146
Figure B.5 – Insulation between parts – Example 5	147
Figure C.1 – Single phase two wire meter with UC2 SCS and 25A LCS	149
Figure C.2 – Three phase four wire meter with UC2 SCS and 2A auxiliary control switch	150
Figure D.1 – Circuit for three-phase four-wire meters to simulate long term overvoltage, voltage moved to L3.....	151
Figure D.2 – Voltages at the meter under test	151
Figure E.1 – Test circuit for verification of short-time withstand current test on current circuits with and without supply control switches	152
Figure E.2 – Example of short-circuit carrying test record in the case of a single-pole equipment on single-phase a.c.	153
Figure F.1 – Test arrangement for voltage tests: 3 phase 4 wire direct connected meter with supply control and load control switches	154
Figure F.2 – Test arrangement for voltage tests: 3 phase 4 wire transformer connected meter	156
Figure H.1 – Test equipment for cable flexion and pull test (see 6.9.7.3)	159
Figure J.1 – Non-rechargeable battery protection.....	162
Figure J.2 – Rechargeable battery protection.....	162
Table 1 – Test copper conductors for current and switch terminals	35
Table 2 – Information requirements.....	40

Table 3 – IEC 60417 symbols and ISO 7000 that may be used on metering equipment.....	42
Table 4 – Tightening torque for binding screw assemblies	60
Table 5 – Multiplication factors for clearance for altitudes up to 5 000 m.....	64
Table 6 – Overview of clauses specifying requirements and tests for insulations	67
Table 7 – Nominal / rated voltages and rated impulse voltages	68
Table 8 – Clearances for mains-circuits	69
Table 9 – Creepage distances for mains-circuits	70
Table 10 – Test voltages for solid insulation in mains-circuits	71
Table 11 – Test voltages for testing long-term stress of solid insulation in mains-circuits	71
Table 12 – Minimum values for distance or thickness of solid insulation.....	73
Table 13 – Clearances and test voltages for non-mains-circuits derived from mains-circuits of overvoltage category III	75
Table 14 – Creepage distances for non-mains-circuits	76
Table 15 – Minimum values for distance or thickness (see 6.7.4.4.2 to 6.7.4.4.4)	77
Table 16 – Clearance values for the calculation of 6.7.5.2	80
Table 17 – Test voltages based on clearances.....	81
Table 18 – Clearances for basic insulation in circuits having recurring peak voltages	83
Table 19 – Isolation classes for non-mains-circuits	85
Table 20 – Insulation requirements between any two circuits	86
Table 21 – Summary of requirements for current circuits of direct connected meters without SCS.....	95
Table 22 – Summary of requirements for current circuits of direct connected meters with SCS..... <small>https://standards.iec.ch/catalog/standards/SISI/0093c6d1-5a85-4e99-a8c4-318a1467ce27/iec-62052-31-2015</small>	96
Table 23 – Summary of requirements for load control switches	98
Table 24 – Correction factors according to test site altitude for test voltages for clearances	104
Table 25 – AC voltage test.....	109
Table 26 – Test sequence and sample plan for supply control switches	113
Table 27 – Power factor ranges of the test circuit	116
Table 28 – Test sequence and sample plan for load control switches.....	120
Table 29 – Limits of maximum available current.....	127
Table 30 – Values for overcurrent protection devices	127
Table 31 – Surface temperature limits in normal condition	129
Table 32 – Temperature limits for terminals	130
Table 33 – Maximum measured total temperatures for internal materials and components	131
Table G.1 – AC voltage tests of electromechanical meters.....	158
Table H.1 – Test values for flexion and pull-out tests for round copper conductors	160
Table L.1 – Overview of safety aspects	166