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**Industrial communication networks – Fieldbus specifications –
Part 3-11: Data-link layer service definition – Type 11 elements**

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CONTENTS

FOREWORD.....	4
INTRODUCTION.....	6
1 Scope.....	7
1.1 Overview.....	7
1.2 Specifications.....	7
1.3 Conformance.....	7
2 Normative references.....	8
3 Terms, definitions, symbols, abbreviations and conventions.....	8
3.1 Reference model terms and definitions.....	8
3.2 Service convention terms and definitions.....	10
3.3 Data-link service terms and definitions.....	10
3.4 Symbols and abbreviations.....	13
3.5 Common conventions.....	14
4 Data-link service and concept.....	15
4.1 Overview.....	15
4.2 General description of services.....	16
4.3 TCC data service.....	20
4.4 Detail description of the sporadic message data service.....	24
5 DL- management services.....	26
5.1 General.....	26
5.2 Facilities of the DL-management service.....	26
5.3 Service of the DL-management.....	26
5.4 Overview of interactions.....	27
5.5 Detail specification of service and interactions.....	29
Bibliography.....	35
Figure 1 – Relationships of DLSAPs, DLSAP-addresses and group DL-addresses.....	11
Figure 2 – Overall flow of data frames during one minimum cycle period (high-speed transmission period).....	17
Figure 3 – Overall flow of cyclic data frames over one maximum cycle period (low-speed transmission period).....	18
Figure 4 – Sequence diagram of TCC data service.....	19
Figure 5 – Sequence diagram of sporadic message service.....	19
Figure 6 – Relationship of DLSAP, DLCEP and DLCEP-address.....	20
Figure 7 – Sequence diagram of Reset, Set-value, Get-value, Set-publisher-configuration, Get-publisher-configuration, Activate-TCC-data and Deactivate-TCC-data service primitives.....	28
Figure 8 – Sequence diagram of sporadic message service.....	28
Table 1 – Primitives and parameters used on the time-critical cyclic data service.....	21
Table 2 – Data request primitives and the parameters.....	21
Table 3 – Put buffer primitives and parameters.....	22
Table 4 – Get buffer primitives and parameters.....	23
Table 5 – Notify buffer received primitives and parameters.....	23

Table 6 – Primitives and parameters used on sporadic message data service.....	24
Table 7 – Submit sporadic message primitives and parameters	25
Table 8 – Summary of DL-management primitives and parameters	28
Table 9 – DLM-Reset primitives and parameters	29
Table 10 – DLM-Set-value primitives and parameters	29
Table 11 – DLM-Get-value primitives and parameters	30
Table 12 – Event primitives and parameters	31
Table 13 – Set-publisher-configuration primitives and parameters	31
Table 14 – DLM-Get-publisher-configuration primitives and parameters.....	32
Table 15 – DLM-Activate-TCC primitives and the parameters	33
Table 16 – DLM-Deactivate-TCC primitives and the parameters	34

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**INDUSTRIAL COMMUNICATION NETWORKS –
FIELDBUS SPECIFICATIONS –****Part 3-11: Data-link layer service definition – Type 11 elements**

FOREWORD

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International Standard IEC 61158-3-11 has been prepared by subcommittee 65C: Industrial networks, of IEC technical committee 65: Industrial-process measurement, control and automation.

This first edition and its companion parts of the IEC 61158-3 subseries cancel and replace IEC 61158-3:2003. This edition of this part constitutes a technical addition. This part and its Type 11 companion parts also replaces IEC/PAS 62406, published in 2005.

This edition includes the following significant changes with respect to the previous edition:

- a) deletion of the former Type 6 fieldbus, and the placeholder for a Type 5 fieldbus data-link layer, for lack of market relevance;
- b) addition of new types of fieldbuses;
- c) division of this part into multiple parts numbered 3-1, 3-2, ..., 3-19.

The text of this standard is based on the following documents:

FDIS	Report on voting
65C/473/FDIS	65C/484/RVD

Full information on the voting for the approval of this standard can be found in the report on voting indicated in the above table.

This publication has been drafted in accordance with ISO/IEC Directives, Part 2.

The committee has decided that the contents of this publication will remain unchanged until the maintenance result date indicated on the IEC web site under <http://webstore.iec.ch> in the data related to the specific publication. At this date, the publication will be:

- reconfirmed;
- withdrawn;
- replaced by a revised edition, or
- amended.

NOTE The revision of this standard will be synchronized with the other parts of the IEC 61158 series.

The list of all the parts of the IEC 61158 series, under the general title *Industrial communication networks – Fieldbus specifications*, can be found on the IEC web site.

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INTRODUCTION

This part of IEC 61158 is one of a series produced to facilitate the interconnection of automation system components. It is related to other standards in the set as defined by the “three-layer” fieldbus reference model described in IEC/TR 61158-1.

Throughout the set of fieldbus standards, the term “service” refers to the abstract capability provided by one layer of the OSI Basic Reference Model to the layer immediately above. Thus, the data-link layer service defined in this standard is a conceptual architectural service, independent of administrative and implementation divisions.

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INDUSTRIAL COMMUNICATION NETWORKS – FIELDBUS SPECIFICATIONS –

Part 3-11: Data-link layer service definition – Type 11 elements

1 Scope

1.1 Overview

This part of IEC 61158 provides common elements for basic time-critical messaging communications between devices in an automation environment. The term “time-critical” is used to represent the presence of a time-window, within which one or more specified actions are required to be completed with some defined level of certainty. Failure to complete specified actions within the time window risks failure of the applications requesting the actions, with attendant risk to equipment, plant and possibly human life.

This standard defines in an abstract way the externally visible service provided by the Type 11 fieldbus data-link layer in terms of

- a) the primitive actions and events of the service;
- b) the parameters associated with each primitive action and event, and the form which they take; and
- c) the interrelationship between these actions and events, and their valid sequences.

The purpose of this standard is to define the services provided to

- the Type 11 fieldbus application layer at the boundary between the application and data-link layers of the fieldbus reference model, and
- systems management at the boundary between the data-link layer and systems management of the fieldbus reference model.

1.2 Specifications

The principal objective of this standard is to specify the characteristics of conceptual data-link layer services suitable for time-critical communications, and thus supplement the OSI Basic Reference Model in guiding the development of data-link protocols for time-critical communications. A secondary objective is to provide migration paths from previously-existing industrial communications protocols.

This specification may be used as the basis for formal DL-Programming-Interfaces. Nevertheless, it is not a formal programming interface, and any such interface will need to address implementation issues not covered by this specification, including

- a) the sizes and octet ordering of various multi-octet service parameters, and
- b) the correlation of paired request and confirm, or indication and response, primitives.

1.3 Conformance

This standard do not specify individual implementations or products, nor do they constrain the implementations of data-link entities within industrial automation systems.

There is no conformance of equipment to this data-link layer service definition standard. Instead, conformance is achieved through implementation of the corresponding data-link protocol that fulfills the Type 11 data-link layer services defined in this standard.

2 Normative references

The following referenced documents are indispensable for the application of this document. For dated references, only the edition cited applies. For undated references, the latest edition of the referenced document (including any amendments) applies.

IEC 61158-4-11, *Industrial communication networks – Fieldbus specifications – Part 4-11: Data-link layer protocol specification – Type 11 elements*

ISO/IEC 7498-1, *Information technology – Open Systems Interconnection – Basic Reference Model: The Basic Model*

ISO/IEC 7498-3, *Information technology – Open Systems Interconnection – Basic Reference Model: Naming and addressing*

ISO/IEC 8802-3, *Information technology – Telecommunications and information exchange between systems – Local and metropolitan area networks – Specific requirements – Part 3: Carrier sense multiple access with collision detection (CSMA/CD) access method and physical layer specifications*

IISO/IEC 10731, *Information technology – Open Systems Interconnection – Basic Reference Model – Conventions for the definition of OSI services*

ISO/TR 13283, *Industrial automation – Time-critical communications architectures – User requirements and network management for time-critical communications systems*

3 Terms, definitions, symbols, abbreviations and conventions

For the purposes of this document, the following terms, definitions, symbols, abbreviations and conventions apply.

3.1 Reference model terms and definitions

This standard is based in part on the concepts developed in ISO/IEC 7498-1 and ISO/IEC 7498-3, and makes use of the following terms defined therein.

3.1.1 DL-address	[7498-3]
3.1.2 DL-address-mapping	[7498-1]
3.1.3 called-DL-address	[7498-3]
3.1.4 calling-DL-address	[7498-3]
3.1.5 centralized multi-end-point-connection	[7498-1]
3.1.6 DL-connection	[7498-1]
3.1.7 DL-connection-end-point	[7498-1]
3.1.8 DL-connection-end-point-identifier	[7498-1]
3.1.9 DL-connection-mode transmission	[7498-1]
3.1.10 DL-connectionless-mode transmission	[7498-1]
3.1.11 correspondent (N)-entities	[7498-1]
correspondent DL-entities (N=2)	
correspondent Ph-entities (N=1)	

3.1.12 DL-duplex-transmission	[7498-1]
3.1.13 (N)-entity	[7498-1]
DL-entity (N=2)	
Ph-entity (N=1)	
3.1.14 DL-facility	[7498-1]
3.1.15 flow control	[7498-1]
3.1.16 (N)-layer	[7498-1]
DL-layer (N=2)	
Ph-layer (N=1)	
3.1.17 layer-management	[7498-1]
3.1.18 DL-local-view	[7498-3]
3.1.19 DL-name	[7498-3]
3.1.20 naming-(addressing)-domain	[7498-3]
3.1.21 peer-entities	[7498-1]
3.1.22 primitive name	[7498-3]
3.1.23 DL-protocol	[7498-1]
3.1.24 DL-protocol-connection-identifier	[7498-1]
3.1.25 DL-protocol-data-unit	[7498-1]
3.1.26 DL-relay	[7498-1]
3.1.27 reset	[7498-1]
3.1.28 responding-DL-address	[7498-3]
3.1.29 routing	[7498-1]
3.1.30 segmenting	[7498-1]
3.1.31 (N)-service	[7498-1]
DL-service (N=2)	
Ph-service (N=1)	
3.1.32 (N)-service-access-point	[7498-1]
DL-service-access-point (N=2)	
Ph-service-access-point (N=1)	
3.1.33 DL-service-access-point-address	[7498-3]
3.1.34 DL-service-connection-identifier	[7498-1]
3.1.35 DL-service-data-unit	[7498-1]
3.1.36 DL-simplex-transmission	[7498-1]
3.1.37 DL-subsystem	[7498-1]
3.1.38 systems-management	[7498-1]
3.1.39 DLS-user-data	[7498-1]

3.2 Service convention terms and definitions

This standard also makes use of the following terms defined in ISO/IEC 10731 as they apply to the data-link layer:

3.2.1 acceptor

3.2.2 asymmetrical service

3.2.3 confirm (primitive); requestor.deliver (primitive)

3.2.4 deliver (primitive)

3.2.5 DL-confirmed-facility

3.2.6 DL-facility

3.2.7 DL-local-view

3.2.8 DL-mandatory-facility

3.2.9 DL-non-confirmed-facility

3.2.10 DL-provider-initiated-facility

3.2.11 DL-provider-optional-facility

3.2.12 DL-service-primitive; primitive

3.2.13 DL-service-provider

3.2.14 DL-service-user

3.2.15 DLS-user-optional-facility

3.2.16 indication (primitive); acceptor.deliver (primitive)

3.2.17 multi-peer

3.2.18 request (primitive); requestor.submit (primitive)

3.2.19 requestor

3.2.20 response (primitive); acceptor.submit (primitive)

3.2.21 submit (primitive)

3.2.22 symmetrical service

3.3 Data-link service terms and definitions

3.3.1

common memory

virtual common memory over the Type 11 fieldbus, which is shared by the nodes participating in the Type 11 fieldbus and is primarily used for the real-time communications by the TCC data service

3.3.2

DL-segment, link, local link

single DL-subnetwork in which any of the connected DLEs may communicate directly, without any intervening DL-relaying, whenever all of those DLEs that are participating in an instance of communication are simultaneously attentive to the DL-subnetwork during the period(s) of attempted communication