

INTERNATIONAL STANDARD

NORME INTERNATIONALE

**Industrial communication networks – Fieldbus specifications –
Part 3-14: Data-link layer service definition – Type 14 elements**

**Réseaux de communication industriels – Spécifications des bus de terrain –
Partie 3-14: Définition des services des couches de liaison de données –
Éléments de Type 14**

IEC 61158-3-14:2007

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INTERNATIONAL ELECTROTECHNICAL COMMISSION

**INDUSTRIAL COMMUNICATION NETWORKS –
FIELDBUS SPECIFICATIONS –****Part 3-14: Data-link layer service definition – Type 14 elements**

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NOTE Use of some of the associated protocol types is restricted by their intellectual-property-right holders. In all cases, the commitment to limited release of intellectual-property-rights made by the holders of those rights permits a particular data-link layer protocol type to be used with physical layer and application layer protocols in type combinations as specified explicitly in the IEC 61784 series. Use of the various protocol types in other combinations may require permission of their respective intellectual-property-right holders.

International Standard IEC 61158-3-14 has been prepared by subcommittee 65C: Industrial networks, of IEC technical committee 65: Industrial-process measurement, control and automation.

This bilingual version (2015-06) corresponds to the English version, published in 2007-12.

This first edition and its companion parts of the IEC 61158-3 subseries cancel and replace IEC 61158-3:2003. This edition of this part constitutes a technical addition. This part and its Type 14 companion parts also replace IEC/PAS 62409, published in 2005.

This edition includes the following significant changes with respect to the previous edition:

- a) deletion of the former Type 6 fieldbus, and the placeholder for a Type 5 fieldbus data-link layer, for lack of market relevance;
- b) addition of new types of fieldbuses;
- c) division of this part into multiple parts numbered 3-1, 3-2, ..., 3-19.

The text of this standard is based on the following documents:

FDIS	Report on voting
65C/473/FDIS	65C/484/RVD

Full information on the voting for the approval of this standard can be found in the report on voting indicated in the above table.

The French version of this standard has not been voted upon.

This publication has been drafted in accordance with ISO/IEC Directives, Part 2.

The committee has decided that the contents of this publication will remain unchanged until the maintenance result date indicated on the IEC web site under <http://webstore.iec.ch> in the data related to the specific publication. At this date, the publication will be:

- reconfirmed;
- withdrawn;
- replaced by a revised edition, or
- amended.

NOTE The revision of this standard will be synchronized with the other parts of the IEC 61158 series.

The list of all the parts of the IEC 61158 series, under the general title *Industrial communication networks – Fieldbus specifications*, can be found on the IEC web site.

<https://standards.iteh.ai/country/standards/iec/693cd0b7-c5f7-4434-ab16-3147a4c96dd4/iec-61158-3-14-2007>

INTRODUCTION

This part of IEC 61158 is one of a series produced to facilitate the interconnection of automation system components. It is related to other standards in the set as defined by the “three-layer” fieldbus reference model described in IEC/TR 61158-1.

Throughout the set of fieldbus standards, the term “service” refers to the abstract capability provided by one layer of the OSI Basic Reference Model to the layer immediately above. Thus, the data-link layer service defined in this standard is a conceptual architectural service, independent of administrative and implementation divisions.

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INDUSTRIAL COMMUNICATION NETWORKS – FIELDBUS SPECIFICATIONS –

Part 3-14: Data-link layer service definition – Type 14 elements

1 Scope

1.1 Overview

This part of IEC 61158 provides common elements for basic time-critical messaging communications between devices in an automation environment. The term “time-critical” is used to represent the presence of a time-window, within which one or more specified actions are required to be completed with some defined level of certainty. Failure to complete specified actions within the time window risks failure of the applications requesting the actions, with attendant risk to equipment, plant and possibly human life.

This standard defines in an abstract way the externally visible service provided by the Type 14 fieldbus data-link layer in terms of

- a) the primitive actions and events of the service;
- b) the parameters associated with each primitive action and event, and the form which they take; and
- c) the interrelationship between these actions and events, and their valid sequences.

The purpose of this standard is to define the services provided to

- the Type 14 fieldbus application layer at the boundary between the application and data-link layers of the fieldbus reference model, and
- systems management at the boundary between the data-link layer and systems management of the fieldbus reference model.

1.2 Specifications

The principal objective of this standard is to specify the characteristics of conceptual data-link layer services suitable for time-critical communications, and thus supplement the OSI Basic Reference Model in guiding the development of data-link protocols for time-critical communications. A secondary objective is to provide migration paths from previously-existing industrial communications protocols.

This specification may be used as the basis for formal DL-Programming-Interfaces. Nevertheless, it is not a formal programming interface, and any such interface will need to address implementation issues not covered by this specification, including

- a) the sizes and octet ordering of various multi-octet service parameters, and
- b) the correlation of paired request and confirm, or indication and response, primitives.

1.3 Conformance

This standard do not specify individual implementations or products, nor do they constrain the implementations of data-link entities within industrial automation systems.

There is no conformance of equipment to this data-link layer service definition standard. Instead, conformance is achieved through implementation of the corresponding data-link protocol that fulfills the Type 14 data-link layer services defined in this standard.

2 Normative references

The following referenced documents are indispensable for the application of this standard. For dated references, only the edition cited applies. For undated references, the latest edition of the referenced document (including any amendments) applies.

IEC 61588:2004, *Precision clock synchronization protocol for networked measurement and control system*

ISO/IEC 7498-1, *Information technology – Open Systems Interconnection – Basic Reference Model – Basic Reference Model: The Basic Model*

ISO/IEC 7498-3, *Information technology – Open Systems Interconnection – Basic Reference Model – Basic Reference Model: Naming and addressing*

ISO/IEC 8802-3, *Information technology – Telecommunications and information exchange between systems – Local and metropolitan area networks – Specific requirements – Part 3: Carrier sense multiple access with collision detection (CSMA/CD) access method and physical layer specifications*

ISO/IEC 8824-1, *Information technology – Abstract Syntax Notation One (ASN.1): Specification of basic notation*

ISO/IEC 10731, *Information technology – Open Systems Interconnection – Basic Reference Model – Conventions for the definition of OSI services*

RFC 768, *User Datagram Protocol*

RFC 791, *Internet protocol*

RFC 793, *Transmission Control Protocol*

3 Terms, definitions, symbols, abbreviations and conventions

The following terms, definitions, symbols, abbreviations and conventions apply.

3.1 Reference model terms and definitions

This standard is based in part on the concepts developed in ISO/IEC 7498-1 and ISO/IEC 7498-3, and makes use of the following terms defined therein:

3.1.1 DL-address	[7498-3]
3.1.2 DL-address-mapping	[7498-1]
3.1.3 called-DL-address	[7498-3]
3.1.4 calling-DL-address	[7498-3]
3.1.5 centralized multi-end-point-connection	[7498-1]
3.1.6 DL-connection	[7498-1]
3.1.7 DL-connection-end-point	[7498-1]
3.1.8 DL-connection-end-point-identifier	[7498-1]

3.1.9 DL-connection-mode transmission	[7498-1]
3.1.10 DL-connectionless-mode transmission	[7498-1]
3.1.11 correspondent (N)-entities	[7498-1]
correspondent DL-entities (N=2)	
correspondent Ph-entities (N=1)	
3.1.12 DL-duplex-transmission	[7498-1]
3.1.13 (N)-entity	[7498-1]
DL-entity (N=2)	
Ph-entity (N=1)	
3.1.14 DL-facility	[7498-1]
3.1.15 flow control	[7498-1]
3.1.16 (N)-layer	[7498-1]
DL-layer (N=2)	
Ph-layer (N=1)	
3.1.17 layer-management	[7498-1]
3.1.18 DL-local-view	[7498-3]
3.1.19 DL-name	[7498-3]
3.1.20 naming-(addressing)-domain	[7498-3]
3.1.21 peer-entities	[7498-1]
3.1.22 primitive name	[7498-3]
3.1.23 DL-protocol	[7498-1]
3.1.24 DL-protocol-connection-identifier	[7498-1]
3.1.25 DL-protocol-data-unit	[7498-1]
3.1.26 DL-relay	[7498-1]
3.1.27 reset	[7498-1]
3.1.28 responding-DL-address	[7498-3]
3.1.29 routing	[7498-1]
3.1.30 segmenting	[7498-1]
3.1.31 (N)-service	[7498-1]
DL-service (N=2)	
Ph-service (N=1)	
3.1.32 (N)-service-access-point	[7498-1]
DL-service-access-point (N=2)	
Ph-service-access-point (N=1)	
3.1.33 DL-service-access-point-address	[7498-3]
3.1.34 DL-service-connection-identifier	[7498-1]
3.1.35 DL-service-data-unit	[7498-1]

3.1.36 DL-simplex-transmission	[7498-1]
3.1.37 DL-subsystem	[7498-1]
3.1.38 systems-management	[7498-1]
3.1.39 DLS-user-data	[7498-1]

3.2 Service convention terms and definitions

This standard also makes use of the following terms defined in ISO/IEC 10731 as they apply to the data-link layer:

- 3.2.1 acceptor**
- 3.2.2 asymmetrical service**
- 3.2.3 confirm (primitive);
requestor.deliver (primitive)**
- 3.2.4 deliver (primitive)**
- 3.2.5 DL-confirmed-facility**
- 3.2.6 DL-facility**
- 3.2.7 DL-local-view**
- 3.2.8 DL-mandatory-facility**
- 3.2.9 DL-non-confirmed-facility**
- 3.2.10 DL-provider-initiated-facility**
- 3.2.11 DL-provider-optional-facility**
- 3.2.12 DL-service-primitive;
primitive**
- 3.2.13 DL-service-provider**
- 3.2.14 DL-service-user**
- 3.2.15 DLS-user-optional-facility**
- 3.2.16 indication (primitive);
acceptor.deliver (primitive)**
- 3.2.17 multi-peer**
- 3.2.18 request (primitive);
requestor.submit (primitive)**
- 3.2.19 requestor**
- 3.2.20 response (primitive);
acceptor.submit (primitive)**
- 3.2.21 submit (primitive)**
- 3.2.22 symmetrical service**

3.3 Data-link service terms and definitions

3.3.1

communication macrocycle

set of basic cycles needed for a configured communication activity in a macro network segment

3.3.2

communication phase

elapsed fraction of a cycle, measured from some fixed origin

3.3.3

communication scheduling

algorithms and operation for data transfers occurring in a deterministic and repeatable manner

3.3.4

cyclic

repetitive in a regular manner

3.3.5

data DLPDU

DLPDU that carries a DLSDU from a local DLS-user to a remote DLS-user

3.3.6

destination FB Instance

FB instance that receives the specified parameters

3.3.7

DL-segment, link, local link

single DL-subnetwork in which any of the connected DLEs may communicate directly, without any intervening DL-relaying, whenever all of those DLEs that are participating in an instance of communication are simultaneously attentive to the DL-subnetwork during the period(s) of attempted communication

3.3.8

DLSAP

distinctive point at which DL-services are provided by a single DL-entity to a single higher-layer entity

NOTE This definition, derived from ISO/IEC 7498-1, is repeated here to facilitate understanding of the critical distinction between DLSAPs and their DL-addresses.