

INTERNATIONAL STANDARD

NORME INTERNATIONALE

**Industrial communication networks – Fieldbus specifications –
Part 4-3: Data-link layer protocol specification – Type 3 elements**

**Réseaux de communication industriels – Spécifications des bus de terrain –
Partie 4-3: Spécification du protocole de la couche liaison de données –
Éléments de Type 3**

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INTERNATIONAL ELECTROTECHNICAL COMMISSION

**INDUSTRIAL COMMUNICATION NETWORKS –
 FIELDBUS SPECIFICATIONS –**
Part 4-3: Data-link layer protocol specification – Type 3 elements

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IEC draws attention to the fact that it is claimed that compliance with this standard may involve the use of patents as follows, where the [xx] notation indicates the holder of the patent right:

Type 3 and possibly other types:

DE 36 43 979 C2	[SI]	Deterministisches Zugriffsverfahren nach dem Tokenprinzip für eine Datenübertragung
DE 36 43 979 A1	[SI]	Deterministisches Zugriffsverfahren nach dem Tokenprinzip für eine Datenübertragung

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[SI]: SIEMENS AG
 Ludwig Winkel
 Siemensallee 84
 D-76181 Karlsruhe
 Germany

Attention is drawn to the possibility that some of the elements of this standard may be the subject of patent rights other than those identified above. IEC shall not be held responsible for identifying any or all such patent rights.

International Standard IEC 61158-4-3 has been prepared by subcommittee 65C: Industrial networks, of IEC technical committee 65: Industrial-process measurement, control and automation.

This bilingual version (2014-08) corresponds to the English version, published in 2007-12.

This first edition and its companion parts of the IEC 61158-4 subseries cancel and replace IEC 61158-4:2003. This edition of this part constitutes an editorial revision.

This edition of IEC 61158-4 includes the following significant changes from the previous edition:

- a) deletion of the former Type 6 fieldbus, and the placeholder for a Type 5 fieldbus data link layer, for lack of market relevance;
- b) addition of new types of fieldbuses;
- c) division of this part into multiple parts numbered -4-1, -4-2, ..., -4-19.

The text of this standard is based on the following documents:

FDIS	Report on voting
65C/474/FDIS	65C/485/RVD

Full information on the voting for the approval of this standard can be found in the report on voting indicated in the above table.

The French version of this standard has not been voted upon.

This publication has been drafted in accordance with ISO/IEC Directives, Part 2.

The committee has decided that the contents of this publication will remain unchanged until the maintenance result date indicated on the IEC web site under <http://webstore.iec.ch> in the data related to the specific publication. At this date, the publication will be:

- reconfirmed;
- withdrawn;
- replaced by a revised edition, or
- amended.

NOTE The revision of this standard will be synchronized with the other parts of the IEC 61158 series.

The list of all the parts of the IEC 61158 series, under the general title *Industrial communication networks – Fieldbus specifications*, can be found on the IEC web site.

INTRODUCTION

This part of IEC 61158 is one of a series produced to facilitate the interconnection of automation system components. It is related to other standards in the set as defined by the “three-layer” fieldbus reference model described in IEC/TR 61158-1.

The data-link protocol provides the data-link service by making use of the services available from the physical layer. The primary aim of this standard is to provide a set of rules for communication expressed in terms of the procedures to be carried out by peer data-link entities (DLEs) at the time of communication. These rules for communication are intended to provide a sound basis for development in order to serve a variety of purposes:

- a) as a guide for implementors and designers;
- b) for use in the testing and procurement of equipment;
- c) as part of an agreement for the admittance of systems into the open systems environment;
- d) as a refinement to the understanding of time-critical communications within OSI.

This standard is concerned, in particular, with the communication and interworking of sensors, effectors and other automation devices. By using this standard together with other standards positioned within the OSI or fieldbus reference models, otherwise incompatible systems may work together in any combination.

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INDUSTRIAL COMMUNICATION NETWORKS – FIELDBUS SPECIFICATIONS –

Part 4-3: Data-link layer protocol specification – Type 3 elements

1 Scope

1.1 General

The data-link layer provides basic time-critical messaging communications between devices in an automation environment.

This protocol provides communication opportunities to a pre-selected “master” subset of data-link entities in a cyclic asynchronous manner, sequentially to each of those data-link entities. Other data-link entities communicate only as permitted and delegated by those master data-link entities.

For a given master, its communications with other data-link entities can be cyclic, or acyclic with prioritized access, or a combination of the two.

This protocol provides a means of sharing the available communication resources in a fair manner. There are provisions for time synchronization and for isochronous operation.

1.2 Specifications

This standard specifies

- a) procedures for the timely transfer of data and control information from one data-link user entity to a peer user entity, and among the data-link entities forming the distributed data-link service provider;
- b) the structure of the fieldbus DLPDUs used for the transfer of data and control information by the protocol of this standard, and their representation as physical interface data units.

1.3 Procedures

The procedures are defined in terms of

- a) the interactions between peer DL-entities (DLEs) through the exchange of fieldbus DLPDUs;
- b) the interactions between a DL-service (DLS) provider and a DLS-user in the same system through the exchange of DLS primitives;
- c) the interactions between a DLS-provider and a Ph-service provider in the same system through the exchange of Ph-service primitives.

1.4 Applicability

These procedures are applicable to instances of communication between systems which support time-critical communications services within the data-link layer of the OSI or fieldbus reference models, and which require the ability to interconnect in an open systems interconnection environment.

Profiles provide a simple multi-attribute means of summarizing an implementation's capabilities, and thus its applicability to various time-critical communications needs.

1.5 Conformance

This standard also specifies conformance requirements for systems implementing these procedures. This standard does not contain tests to demonstrate compliance with such requirements.

2 Normative references

The following referenced documents are indispensable for the application of this standard. For dated references, only the edition cited applies. For undated references, the latest edition of the referenced document (including any amendments) applies.

IEC 61158-2 (Ed.4.0), *Digital data communications for measurement and control – Fieldbus for use in industrial control systems – Part 2: Physical layer specification and service definition*

IEC 61158-3-3, *Digital data communications for measurement and control – Fieldbus for use in industrial control systems – Part 3-3: Data link service definition – Type 3 elements*

ISO/IEC 2022, *Information technology – Character code structure and extension techniques*

ISO/IEC 7498-1, *Information technology – Open Systems Interconnection – Basic Reference Model: The Basic Model*

ISO/IEC 7498-3, *Information technology – Open Systems Interconnection – Basic Reference Model: Naming and addressing*

ISO/IEC 10731, *Information technology – Open Systems Interconnection – Basic Reference Model – Conventions for the definition of OSI services*

ISO 1177, *Information processing – Character structure for start/stop and synchronous character oriented transmission*

3 Terms, definitions, symbols and abbreviations

For the purposes of this standard, the following terms, definitions, symbols and abbreviations apply.

3.1 Reference model terms and definitions

This standard is based in part on the concepts developed in ISO/IEC 7498-1 and ISO/IEC 7498-3, and makes use of the following terms defined therein.

3.1.1 called-DL-address	[7498-3]
3.1.2 calling-DL-address	[7498-3]
3.1.3 centralized multi-end-point-connection	[7498-1]
3.1.4 correspondent (N)-entities	[7498-1]
correspondent DL-entities (N=2)	
correspondent Ph-entities (N=1)	
3.1.5 demultiplexing	[7498-1]
3.1.6 DL-address	[7498-3]

3.1.7 DL-address-mapping	[7498-1]
3.1.8 DL-connection	[7498-1]
3.1.9 DL-connection-end-point	[7498-1]
3.1.10 DL-connection-end-point-identifier	[7498-1]
3.1.11 DL-connection-mode transmission	[7498-1]
3.1.12 DL-connectionless-mode transmission	[7498-1]
3.1.13 DL-data-sink	[7498-1]
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3.1.16 DL-facility	[7498-1]
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Ph-entity	
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Ph-interface-data-unit (N=1)	

3.1.38 (N)-layer	[7498-1]
DL-layer (N=2)	
Ph-layer (N=1)	
3.1.39 (N)-service	[7498-1]
DL-service (N=2)	
Ph-service (N=1)	
3.1.40 (N)-service-access-point	[7498-1]
DL-service-access-point (N=2)	
Ph-service-access-point (N=1)	
3.1.41 (N)-service-access-point-address	[7498-1]
DL-service-access-point-address (N=2)	
Ph-service-access-point-address (N=1)	
3.1.42 peer-entities	[7498-1]
3.1.43 Ph-interface-control-information	[7498-1]
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3.1.46 reassembling	[7498-1]
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3.1.50 routing	[7498-1]
3.1.51 segmenting	[7498-1]
3.1.52 sequencing	[7498-1]
3.1.53 splitting	[7498-1]
3.1.54 synonymous name	[7498-3]
3.1.55 systems-management	[7498-1]

3.2 Service convention terms and definitions

This standard also makes use of the following terms defined in ISO/IEC 10731 as they apply to the data-link layer:

- 3.2.1 acceptor**
- 3.2.2 asymmetrical service**
- 3.2.3 confirm (primitive);
 requestor.deliver (primitive)**
- 3.2.4 deliver (primitive)**
- 3.2.5 DL-confirmed-facility**
- 3.2.6 DL-facility**
- 3.2.7 DL-local-view**