## SLOVENSKI STANDARD

## SIST EN 60269-1:2000/A1:2006

januar 2006

Nizkonapetostne varovalke – 1. del: Splošne zahteve (IEC 60269-1:1998/A1:2005)

(istoveten EN 60269-1:1998/A1:2005)

Low-voltage fuses - Part 1: General requirements (IEC 60269-1:1998/A1:2005)

# iTeh STANDARD PREVIEW (standards.iteh.ai)

<u>SIST EN 60269-1:2000/A1:2006</u> https://standards.iteh.ai/catalog/standards/sist/af469093-aaa4-4a2c-b2a4-582094a7e788/sist-en-60269-1-2000-a1-2006

ICS 29.120.50

Referenčna številka SIST EN 60269-1:2000/A1:2006(en)

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### **EUROPEAN STANDARD**

### EN 60269-1/A1

## NORME EUROPÉENNE

## **EUROPÄISCHE NORM**

March 2005

ICS 29.120.50

English version

# Low-voltage fuses Part 1: General requirements

(IEC 60269-1:1998/A1:2005)

Fusibles basse tension Partie 1: Règles générales (CEI 60269-1:1998/A1:2005) Niederspannungssicherungen Teil 1: Allgemeine Anforderungen (IEC 60269-1:1998/A1:2005)

### iTeh STANDARD PREVIEW

This amendment A1 modifies the European Standard EN 60269-1:1998; it was approved by CENELEC on 2005-03-01. CENELEC members are bound to comply with the CEN/CENELEC Internal Regulations which stipulate the conditions for giving this amendment the status of a national standard without any alteration. https://standards.iteh.ai/catalog/standards/sist/af469093-aaa4-4a2c-b2a4-

Up-to-date lists and bibliographical references concerning such national standards may be obtained on application to the Central Secretariat or to any CENELEC member.

This amendment exists in three official versions (English, French, German). A version in any other language made by translation under the responsibility of a CENELEC member into its own language and notified to the Central Secretariat has the same status as the official versions.

CENELEC members are the national electrotechnical committees of Austria, Belgium, Cyprus, Czech Republic, Denmark, Estonia, Finland, France, Germany, Greece, Hungary, Iceland, Ireland, Italy, Latvia, Lithuania, Luxembourg, Malta, Netherlands, Norway, Poland, Portugal, Slovakia, Slovenia, Spain, Sweden, Switzerland and United Kingdom.

## **CENELEC**

European Committee for Electrotechnical Standardization Comité Européen de Normalisation Electrotechnique Europäisches Komitee für Elektrotechnische Normung

Central Secretariat: rue de Stassart 35, B - 1050 Brussels

#### **Foreword**

The text of document 32B/456/FDIS, future amendment 1 to IEC 60269-1:1998, prepared by SC 32B, Low-voltage fuses, of IEC TC 32, Fuses, was submitted to the IEC-CENELEC parallel vote and was approved by CENELEC as amendment A1 to EN 60269-1:1998 on 2005-03-01.

The following dates were fixed:

 latest date by which the amendment has to be implemented at national level by publication of an identical national standard or by endorsement

(dop) 2005-12-01

 latest date by which the national standards conflicting with the amendment have to be withdrawn

(dow) 2008-03-01

Annex ZA has been added by CENELEC.

#### **Endorsement notice**

The text of amendment 1:2005 to the International Standard IEC 60269-1:1998 was approved by CENELEC as an amendment to the European Standard without any modification.

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<u>SIST EN 60269-1:2000/A1:2006</u> https://standards.iteh.ai/catalog/standards/sist/af469093-aaa4-4a2c-b2a4-582094a7e788/sist-en-60269-1-2000-a1-2006

# Annex ZA (normative)

# Normative references to international publications with their corresponding European publications

Delete the references to IEC 60291 and IEC 60291A.

	<u>Publication</u>	<u>Year</u>	<u>Title</u>	EN/HD	<u>Year</u>
Replace the reference to IEC 60364-5-523 by the following:					
	IEC 60364-5-52	2001	Electrical installations of buildings Part 5-52: Selection and erection of electrical equipment - Wiring systems	-	-
	Add:				
	IEC 60617	database	Graphical symbols for diagrams	-	-
	IEC 60664-1 A1	1992 2000	Insulation coordination for equipment within low-voltage systems	EN COCCA 4	2002
	A2	2002 iToh	Part 1: Principles, requirements and tests	EN 60664-1	2003

(standards.iteh.ai)

<u>SIST EN 60269-1:2000/A1:2006</u> https://standards.iteh.ai/catalog/standards/sist/af469093-aaa4-4a2c-b2a4-582094a7e788/sist-en-60269-1-2000-a1-2006

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# **NORME** INTERNATIONALE INTERNATIONAL **STANDARD**

CEI **IEC** 60269-1

1998

**AMENDEMENT 1 AMENDMENT 1** 2005-01

Amendement 1

Fusibles basse tension -

Partie 1:

i Règles générales DPREVIEW

(standards.iteh.ai) Amendment 1

SIST EN 60269-1:2000/A1:2006

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Part 1:

**General requirements** 

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#### **FOREWORD**

This amendment has been prepared by subcommittee 32B: Low-voltage fuses, of IEC technical committee 32: Fuses.

The text of this amendment is based on the following documents:

FDIS	Report on voting	
32B/456/FDIS	32B/460/RVD	

Full information on the voting for the approval of this amendment can be found in the report on voting indicated in the above table.

The committee has decided that the contents of this amendment and the base publication will remain unchanged until the maintenance result date indicated on the IEC web site under "http://webstore.iec.ch" in the data related to the specific publication. At this date, the publication will be

- reconfirmed,
- withdrawn,
- · replaced by a revised edition, or
- amended.

# iTeh STANDARD PREVIEW (standards.iteh.ai)

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SIST EN 60269-1:2000/A1:2006

**1.2 Normative references** ards.iteh.ai/catalog/standards/sist/af469093-aaa4-4a2c-b2a4-582094a7e788/sist-en-60269-1-2000-a1-2006

Delete the references to IEC 60291 and IEC 60291A.

Add the following new references:

IEC 60617 (all parts) [DB]<sup>1</sup>, Graphical symbols for diagrams

IEC 60664-1:2002, Insulation coordination for equipment within low-voltage systems – Part 1: Principles, requirements and tests

Replace the reference to IEC 60364-5-523 by the following:

IEC 60364-5-52:2001, Electrical installations of buildings – Part 5-52: Selection and erection of electrical equipment – Wiring systems

Replace "IEC 60692-2-1/3:1994" by "IEC 60695-2-1/3:1994"

Replace "ISO 3-1973:" by "ISO 3:1973,"

Replace "ISO 478:1974:" by "ISO 478:1974,"

Replace "ISO 593:1974:" by "ISO 593:1974,"

<sup>1 &</sup>quot;DB" refers to the IEC on-line database.

Page 15

Replace the existing Clause 2 and its subclauses by the following:

#### 2 Terms and definitions

NOTE For general definitions concerning fuses, see also IEC 60050-4412.

For the purposes of this document, the following terms and definitions apply.

#### 2.1 Fuses and their component parts

#### 2.1.1

#### fuse

device that by the fusing of one or more of its specially designed and proportioned components opens the circuit in which it is inserted by breaking the current when this exceeds a given value for a sufficient time. The fuse comprises all the parts that form the complete device

[IEV 441-18-01]

#### 2.1.2

#### fuse-holder

combination of the fuse-base with its fuse-carrier

NOTE Where, in this standard the term "fuse-holder" is used, it covers fuse-bases and/or fuse-carriers, if no clearer distinction is necessary. (standards.iteh.ai)

[IEV 441-18-14]

#### SIST EN 60269-1:2000/A1:2006

#### 2.1.2.1

https://standards.iteh.ai/catalog/standards/sist/af469093-aaa4-4a2c-b2a4-

fuse-base (fuse-mount) 587

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fixed part of a fuse provided with contacts and terminals

[IEV 441-18-02]

NOTE Where applicable, covers are considered as part of the fuse-base.

#### 2.1.2.2

#### fuse-carrier

movable part of a fuse designed to carry a fuse-link

[IEV 441-18-13]

#### 2.1.3

#### fuse-link

part of a fuse including the fuse-element(s), intended to be replaced after the fuse has operated

[IEV 441-18-09]

#### 2.1.4

#### fuse-contact

two or more conductive parts designed to ensure circuit continuity between a fuse-link and the corresponding fuse-holder

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> IEC 60050-441:1984, International Electrotechnical Vocabulary – Chapter 441: Switchgear, controlgear and fuses Amendment 1 (2000)

#### 2.1.5

#### fuse-element

part of the fuse-link designed to melt under the action of current exceeding some definite value for a definite period of time

[IEV 441-18-08]

NOTE The fuse-link may comprise several fuse-elements in parallel.

#### 2.1.6

#### indicating device

#### (indicator)

part of a fuse provided to indicate whether the fuse has operated

[IEV 441-18-17]

#### 2.1.7

#### striker

mechanical device forming part of a fuse-link which, when the fuse operates, releases the energy required to cause operation of other apparatus or indicators or to provide interlocking

[IEV 441-18-18]

#### 2.1.8

#### terminal

conductive part of a fuse provided for electric connection to external circuits

NOTE Terminals may be distinguished according to the kind of circuits for which they are intended (e.g. main terminal, earth terminal, etc.) and also according to their design (e.g. screw terminal, plug terminal, etc.).

#### 2.1.9

#### SIST EN 60269-1:2000/A1:2006

dummy fuse-link https://standards.iteh.ai/catalog/standards/sist/af469093-aaa4-4a2c-b2a4-toot fuse link with defined newer displaction and dimensional according to the control of the con

test fuse-link with defined power dissipation and dimensions 2006

#### 2.1.10

#### test rig

defined test fuse-base

#### 2.1.11

#### gauge-piece

additional part of a fuse-base intended to achieve a degree of non-interchangeability

#### 2.2 General terms

#### 2.2.1

#### enclosed fuse-link

fuse-link in which the fuse-element(s) is (are) totally enclosed, so that during operation within its rating it cannot produce any harmful external effects, e.g. due to development of an arc, the release of gas or the ejection of flame or metallic particles

[IEV 441-18-12]

#### 2.2.2

#### current-limiting fuse-link

fuse-link that during and by its operation in a specified current range, limits the current to a substantially lower value than the peak value of the prospective current

[IEV 441-18-10]

#### 2.2.3

"g" fuse-link (full-range breaking-capacity fuse-link, formerly general purpose fuse-link) current-limiting fuse-link capable of breaking under specified conditions all currents, which cause melting of the fuse-element up to its rated breaking capacity

"a" fuse-link (partial-range breaking-capacity fuse-link, formerly back-up fuse-link) current-limiting fuse-link capable of breaking under specified conditions all currents between the lowest current indicated on its operating time-current characteristic ( $k_2 I_n$  in Figure 2) and its rated breaking capacity

NOTE "a" fuse-links are generally used to provide short-circuit protection. Where protection is required against over-currents less than  $k_2 I_n$  in Figure 2, they are used in conjunction with another suitable switching device designed to interrupt such small over-currents.

#### 2.2.5

#### temperatures

#### 2.2.5.1

#### ambient air temperature

temperature of the air surrounding the fuse (at a distance of about 1 m from the fuse or its enclosure, if any)

#### 2.2.5.2

# fluid environment temperature TANDARD PREVIEW

temperature of the fluid cooling the fuse-components (contact, terminal, etc.). It is the sum of the ambient air temperature  $T_a$  and the temperature rise  $\Delta T_e$  with respect to the ambient temperature of the internal fluid in contact with the fuse-components (contact, terminal, etc.) if the latter is in an enclosure. If it is not in an enclosure, it is assumed that  $T_{\rm e}$  is equal to  $T_{\rm a}$ 

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#### 2.2.5.3

### 582094a7e788/sist-en-60269-1-2000-a1-2006

fuse-component temperature

fuse-component (contact, terminal, etc.) temperature T is that of the relevant part

#### 2.2.6

#### overcurrent discrimination

co-ordination of the relevant characteristics of two or more overcurrent protective devices such that, on the occurrence of overcurrents within stated limits, the device intended to operate within these limits does so, while the other(s) do(es) not

#### 2.2.7

#### fuse-system

family of fuses following the same physical design principles with respect to the shape of the fuse-links, type of contact, etc.

#### 2.2.8

specified set of dimensions of fuses within a fuse-system. Each individual size covers a given range of rated currents for which the specified dimensions of the fuses remain unchanged