SLOVENSKI STANDARD

SIST EN 55016-1-4:2005

julij 2005

Specifikacija za merilne naprave in metode za merjenje radijskih motenj in odpornosti – 1-4. del: Merilne naprave za merjenje radijskih motenj in odpornosti – Pomožna oprema – Sevane motnje (CISPR 16-1-4:2003)

Specification for radio disturbance and immunity measuring apparatus and methods – Part 1-4: Radio disturbance and immunity measuring apparatus – Ancillary equipment – Radiated disturbances (CISPR 16-1-4:2003)

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<u>SIST EN 55016-1-4:2005</u> https://standards.iteh.ai/catalog/standards/sist/7bf2ce64-fc05-463b-9ad3-161d080ee1f0/sist-en-55016-1-4-2005

ICS 17.240; 33.100.20

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FUROPEAN STANDARD

EN 55016-1-4

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FUROPÄISCHE NORM

October 2004

ICS 33.100.10: 33.100.20

Enalish version

Specification for radio disturbance and immunity measuring apparatus and methods Part 1-4: Radio disturbance and immunity measuring apparatus – Ancillary equipment -Radiated disturbances

(CISPR 16-1-4:2003)

Spécifications des méthodes et des appareils de mesure des perturbations radioélectriques et de l'immunité aux perturbations radioélectriques Partie 1-4: Appareils de mesure

des perturbations radioélectriques

radioélectriques -Matériels auxiliaires -Perturbations rayonnées (CISPR 16-1-4:2003)

Anforderungen an Geräte und Einrichtungen sowie Festlegung der Verfahren zur Messung der hochfrequenten Störaussendung (Funkstörungen) und Störfestigkeit Teil 1-4: Geräte und Einrichtungen zur Messung der hochfrequenten et de l'immunité aux perturbations ANDARD Pstöraussendung (Funkstörungen)

und Störfestigkeit -(standards.ite Zusatz-/Hilfseinrichtungen –

Gestrahlte Störaussendung SIST EN 55016-1-4:200(CISPR 16-1-4:2003)

https://standards.iteh.ai/catalog/standards/sist/7bf2ce64-fc05-463b-9ad3-

This European Standard was approved by CENELEC on 2004-09-01. CENELEC members are bound to comply with the CEN/CENELEC Internal Regulations which stipulate the conditions for giving this European Standard the status of a national standard without any alteration.

Up-to-date lists and bibliographical references concerning such national standards may be obtained on application to the Central Secretariat or to any CENELEC member.

This European Standard exists in three official versions (English, French, German). A version in any other language made by translation under the responsibility of a CENELEC member into its own language and notified to the Central Secretariat has the same status as the official versions.

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CENELEC

European Committee for Electrotechnical Standardization Comité Européen de Normalisation Electrotechnique Europäisches Komitee für Elektrotechnische Normung

Central Secretariat: rue de Stassart 35, B - 1050 Brussels

Foreword

The text of the International Standard CISPR 16-1-4:2003, prepared by CISPR SCA, Radio-interference measurements and statistical methods, was submitted to the formal vote and was approved by CENELEC as EN 55016-1-4 on 2004-09-01 without any modification.

The following dates were fixed:

 latest date by which the EN has to be implemented at national level by publication of an identical national standard or by endorsement

(dop) 2005-09-01

 latest date by which the national standards conflicting with the EN have to be withdrawn

(dow) 2007-09-01

Annex ZA has been added by CENELEC.

Endorsement notice

The text of the International Standard CISPR 16-1-4:2003 was approved by CENELEC as a European Standard without any modification.

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Annex ZA

(normative)

Normative references to international publications with their corresponding European publications

The following referenced documents are indispensable for the application of this document. For dated references, only the edition cited applies. For undated references, the latest edition of the referenced document (including any amendments) applies.

NOTE NOTEWhere an international publication has been modified by common modifications, indicated by (mod), the relevant EN/HD applies.

<u>Publication</u>	<u>Year</u>	<u>Title</u>	EN/HD	<u>Year</u>
CISPR 14-1	2000	Electromagnetic compatibility - Requirements for household appliances, electric tools and similar apparatus Part 1: Emission	EN 55014-1	2000
CISPR 16-1-1	2003	Specification for radio disturbance and immunity measuring apparatus and methods Part 1-1: Radio disturbance and immunity measuring apparatus - Measuring	EN 55016-1-1	2004
CISPR 16-1-5	2003	Part 1-5: Radio disturbance and immunity measuring apparatus - Antenna calibration test sites for 30 MHz to 1 000 MHz	EN 55016-1-5	2004
CISPR 16-2-1	h2003ta	SIST EN 55016-1-4:2005 Part 2-1: Methods of measurement of 05-46 disturbances and immunity 5 Conducted disturbance measurements	3EN 55016-2-1	2004
CISPR 16-2-3	2003	Part 2-3: Methods of measurement of disturbances and immunity - Radiated disturbance measurements	EN 55016-2-3	2004
CISPR/TR 16-3	2003	Part 3: CISPR technical reports	-	-
CISPR/TR 16-4-1	2003	Part 4-1: Uncertainties, statistics and limit modeling - Uncertainties in standardized EMC tests	-	-
CISPR 16-4-2	2003	Part 4-2: Uncertainties, statistics and limit modelling - Uncertainty in EMC measurements	EN 55016-4-2	2004
IEC 60050-161	1990	International Electrotechnical Vocabulary (IEV) Chapter 161: Electromagnetic compatibility	-	-
	1993	International Vocabulary of Basic and General Terms in Metrology, International Organization for Standardization		

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COMMISSION ÉLECTROTECHNIQUE INTERNATIONALE

CISPR 16-1-4

INTERNATIONAL ELECTROTECHNICAL COMMISSION

Première édition First edition 2003-11

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Spécifications des méthodes et des appareils de mesure des perturbations radioélectriques et de l'immunité aux perturbations radioélectriques –

Partie 1-4:

Appareils de mesure des perturbations radioélectriques et de l'immunité aux perturbations radioélectriques – Matériels auxiliaires – Perturbations rayonnées

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Specification for radio disturbance and immunity measuring apparatus and methods –

Part 1-4:

Radio disturbance and immunity measuring apparatus – Ancillary equipment – Radiated disturbances

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Commission Electrotechnique Internationale International Electrotechnical Commission Международная Электротехническая Комиссия CODE PRIX PRICE CODE



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INTERNATIONAL ELECTROTECHNICAL COMMISSION INTERNATIONAL SPECIAL COMMITTEE ON RADIO INTERFERENCE

SPECIFICATION FOR RADIO DISTURBANCE AND IMMUNITY MEASURING APPARATUS AND METHODS —

Part 1-4: Radio disturbance and immunity measuring apparatus – Ancillary equipment – Radiated disturbances

FOREWORD

- 1) The International Electrotechnical Commission (IEC) is a worldwide organization for standardization comprising all national electrotechnical committees (IEC National Committees). The object of IEC is to promote international co-operation on all questions concerning standardization in the electrical and electronic fields. To this end and in addition to other activities, IEC publishes International Standards, Technical Specifications, Technical Reports, Publicly Available Specifications (PAS) and Guides (hereafter referred to as "IEC Publication(s)"). Their preparation is entrusted to technical committees; any IEC National Committee interested in the subject dealt with may participate in this preparatory work. International, governmental and non-governmental organizations liaising with the IEC also participate in this preparation. IEC collaborates closely with the International Organization for Standardization (ISO) in accordance with conditions determined by agreement between the two organizations.
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THE PARTY

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International Standard CISPR 16-1-4 has been prepared by CISPR subcommittee A: Radio interference measurements and statistical methods.

This first edition of CISPR 16-1-4, together with CISPR 16-1-1, CISPR 16-1-2, CISPR 16-1-3 and CISPR 16-1-5, cancels and replaces the second edition of CISPR 16-1, published in 1999, amendment 1 (2002) and amendment 2 (2003). It contains the relevant clauses of CISPR 16-1 without technical changes.

This publication has been drafted in accordance with the ISO/IEC Directives, Part 2.

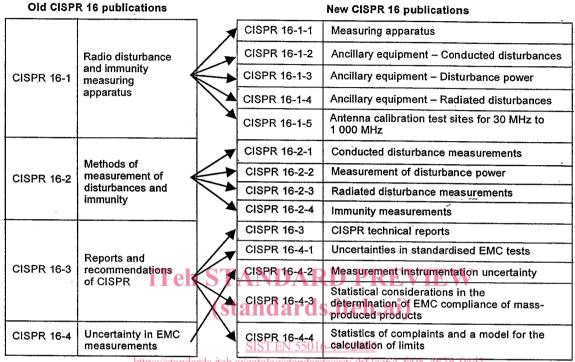
The committee has decided that the contents of this publication will remain unchanged until 2004. At this date, the publication will be

- · reconfirmed;
- withdrawn;
- replaced by a revised edition, or
- amended.

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INTRODUCTION

CISPR 16-1, CISPR 16-2, CISPR 16-3 and CISPR 16-4 have been reorganised into 14 parts, to accommodate growth and easier maintenance. The new parts have also been renumbered. See the list given below.



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More specific information on the relation between the 'old' CISPR 16-1 and the present 'new' CISPR 16-1-4 is given in the table after this introduction (TABLE RECAPITULATING CROSS REFERENCES).

Measurement instrumentation specifications are given in five new parts of CISPR 16-1, while the methods of measurement are covered now in four new parts of CISPR 16-2. Various reports with further information and background on CISPR and radio disturbances in general are given in CISPR 16-3. CISPR 16-4 contains information related to uncertainties, statistics and limit modelling.

CISPR 16-1 consists of the following parts, under the general title Specification for radio disturbance and immunity measuring apparatus and methods – Radio disturbance and immunity measuring apparatus:

- Part 1-1: Measuring apparatus,
- Part 1-2: Ancillary equipment Conducted disturbances,
- Part 1-3: Ancillary equipment Disturbance power,
- Part 1-4: Ancillary equipment Radiated disturbances.
- Part 1-5: Antenna calibration test sites for 30 MHz to 1 000 MHz.

TABLE RECAPITULATING CROSS REFERENCES

Second edition of CISPR 16-1 Clauses, subclauses	First edition of CISPR 16-1-4 Clauses, subclauses
1	1
2	2
3	3
5.5	4 .
5.6	5
5.7 5.9	6
5.12	7
0.12	8
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0	A
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K	D
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16,17	1,2

SPECIFICATION FOR RADIO DISTURBANCE AND IMMUNITY MEASURING APPARATUS AND METHODS —

Part 1-4: Radio disturbance and immunity measuring apparatus – Ancillary equipment – Radiated disturbances

1 Scope

This part of CISPR 16 is designated a basic standard, which specifies the characteristics and performance of equipment for the measurement of radiated disturbances in the frequency range 9 kHz to 18 GHz.

Specifications for ancillary apparatus are included for: antennas and test sites, TEM cells, and reverberating chambers.

The requirements of this publication shall be complied with at all frequencies and for all levels of radiated disturbances within the CISPR indicating range of the measuring equipment.

Methods of measurement are covered in Part 2-3, and further information on radio disturbance is given in Part 3 of CISPR 16. Uncertainties, statistics and limit modelling are covered in Part 4 of CISPR 16.

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2 Normative references

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The following referenced documents are indispensable for the application of this document. For dated references, only the edition cited applies. For undated references, the latest edition of the referenced document (including any amendments) applies.

CISPR 14-1:2000, Electromagnetic compatibility – Requirements for household appliances, electric tools and similar apparatus – Part 1: Emission

CISPR 16-1-1:2003, Specification for radio disturbance and immunity measuring apparatus and methods – Part 1-1: Radio disturbance and immunity measuring apparatus - Measuring apparatus

CISPR 16-1-5:2003, Specification for radio disturbance and immunity measuring apparatus and methods – Part 1-5: Radio disturbance and immunity measuring apparatus – Antenna calibration and site validation

CISPR 16-2-1:2003, Specification for radio disturbance and immunity measuring apparatus and methods – Part 2-1: Methods of measurement of immunity and disturbance – Conducted disturbance measurements

CISPR 16-2-3:2003, Specification for radio disturbance and immunity measuring apparatus and methods – Part 2-3: Methods of measurement of immunity and disturbance – Radiated disturbance measurements

CISPR 16-3:2003, Specification for radio disturbance and Immunity measuring apparatus and methods – Part 3: CISPR technical reports

CISPR 16-4-1:2003, Specification for radio disturbance and immunity measuring apparatus and methods – Part 4-1: Uncertainties, statistics and limit modelling – Uncertainties in standardized EMC tests

CISPR 16-4-2:2003, Specification for radio disturbance and immunity measuring apparatus and methods – Part 4-2: Uncertainties, statistics and limit modelling – Measurement instrumentation uncertainties

IEC 60050(161):1990, International Electrotechnical Vocabulary (IEV) – Chapter 161: Electromagnetic compatibility

International Vocabulary of Basic and General Terms in Metrology, International Organization for Standardization, Geneva, 2nd edition, 1993

3 Definitions

For the purpose of this part of CISPR 16, the following definitions apply. Also see IEC 60050(161).

3.1 iTeh STANDARD PREVIEW

bandwidth (B_n)

the width of the overall selectivity curve of the receiver between two points at a stated attenuation, below the midband response. The bandwidth is represented by the symbol B_n , where n is the stated attenuation in decibels

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3.2 CISPR indicating range

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it is the range specified by the manufacturer which gives the maximum and the minimum meter indications within which the receiver meets the requirements of this part of CISPR 16

3.3

calibration test site (CALTS)

open area test site with metallic ground plane and tightly specified site attenuation performance in horizontal and vertical electric field polarization.

A CALTS is used for determining the free-space antenna factor of an antenna.

Site attenuation measurements of a CALTS are used for comparison to corresponding site attenuation measurements of a compliance test site, in order to evaluate the performance of the compliance test site

3.4

compliance test site (COMTS)

environment which assures valid, repeatable measurement results of disturbance field strength from equipment under test for comparison to a compliance limit

3.5

antenna

that part of a transmitting or receiving system that is designed to radiate or to receive electromagnetic waves in a specified way

NOTE 1 In the context of this standard, the balun is a part of the antenna.

NOTE 2 See also the term "wire antenna".

3.6

balun

passive electrical network for the transformation from a balanced to an unbalanced transmission line or device or vice versa

3.7

free-space-resonant dipole

wire antenna consisting of two straight colinear conductors of equal length, placed end to end. separated by a small gap, with each conductor approximately a quarter-wavelength long such that at the specified frequency the input impedance of the wire antenna measured across the gap is pure real when the dipole is located in the free space

NOTE 1 In the context of this standard, this wire antenna connected to the balun is also called the "test antenna".

NOTE 2 This wire antenna is also referred to as "tuned dipole".

3.8

site attenuation

site attenuation
site attenuation between two specified positions on a test site is the insertion loss determined by a two-port measurement, when a direct electrical connection between the generator output and receiver input is replaced by transmitting and receiving antennae placed at the specified positions

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3.9

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test antenna

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combination of the free-space-resonant dipole and the specified balun

NOTE For the purpose of this standard only.

3.10

wire antenna

a specified structure consisting of one or more metallic wires or rods for radiating or receiving electromagnetic waves

NOTE A wire antenna does not contain a balun.

Antennas for measurement of radiated radio disturbance

The antenna and the circuits inserted between it and the measuring receiver shall not appreciably affect the overall characteristics of the measuring receiver. When the antenna is connected to the measuring receiver, the measuring system shall comply with the bandwidth requirements of CISPR 16-1-1 appropriate to the frequency band concerned.

The antenna shall be substantially plane polarized. It shall be orientable so that all polarizations of incident radiation can be measured. The height of the centre of the antenna above ground may have to be adjustable according to a specific test procedure.

For additional information about the parameters of broadband antennas see annex A.