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# INTERNATIONAL STANDARD

## NORME INTERNATIONALE



Field device tool (FDT) Interface specification –  
Part 315: Communication profile integration – IEC 61784 CPF 15  
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Spécification des interfaces des outils des dispositifs de terrain (FDT) –  
Partie 315: Intégration des profils de communication – IEC 61784 CPF 15

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IEC Central Office  
3, rue de Varembé  
CH-1211 Geneva 20  
Switzerland

Tel.: +41 22 919 02 11  
Fax: +41 22 919 03 00  
[info@iec.ch](mailto:info@iec.ch)  
[www.iec.ch](http://www.iec.ch)

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## NORME INTERNATIONALE



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**Field device tool (FDT) Interface specification –  
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## CONTENTS

FOREWORD.....	6
INTRODUCTION.....	8
1 Scope .....	9
2 Normative references .....	9
3 Terms, definitions, symbols, abbreviated terms and conventions .....	10
3.1 Terms and definitions .....	10
3.2 Abbreviated terms .....	10
3.3 Conventions .....	10
3.3.1 Data type names and references to data types .....	10
3.3.2 Vocabulary for requirements.....	10
4 Bus category .....	10
5 Access to instance and device data .....	12
5.1 Process Channel objects provided by DTM.....	12
5.2 DTM services to access instance and device data .....	12
6 Protocol specific behavior .....	12
6.1 General .....	12
6.2 Broadcasting .....	13
6.3 Unconfirmed private Modbus request .....	15
8 Protocol specific common data types .....	17
8.1 General .....	17
8.2 Address information.....	18
7 Protocol specific usage of general data types.....	17
9 Network management data types .....	18
10 Communication data types.....	19
10.1 General .....	19
10.2 Connection management data types.....	19
10.3 Transaction service specific data types .....	20
10.3.1 General .....	20
10.3.2 Data item addressing .....	20
10.3.3 Read coils transaction service .....	21
10.3.4 Read discrete inputs transaction service.....	22
10.3.5 Read holding registers transaction service.....	23
10.3.6 Read input registers transaction service .....	24
10.3.7 Write single coil transaction service .....	25
10.3.8 Write single register transaction service .....	26
10.3.9 Read exception status transaction service .....	27
10.3.10Diagnostics transaction service .....	27
10.3.11Get Comm event counter transaction service .....	28
10.3.12Get Comm event log transaction service .....	29
10.3.13Write multiple coils transaction service .....	31
10.3.14Write multiple registers transaction service .....	31
10.3.15Report slave ID transaction service .....	32
10.3.16Read file record transaction service.....	33
10.3.17Write file record transaction service.....	35
10.3.18Mask write register transaction service .....	36

10.3.19 Read/write holding registers transaction service .....	37
10.3.20 Read FIFO queue transaction service.....	38
10.3.21 Encapsulated interface transport transaction service.....	39
10.3.22 Read device identification transaction service .....	40
10.3.23 Private Modbus transaction service .....	43
10.3.24 Unconfirmed private Modbus transaction service .....	44
10.3.25 Modbus exception response .....	45
11 Channel parameter data types .....	46
12 Device Identification .....	48
12.1 Common device type identification data types .....	48
12.2 Topology scan data types .....	49
12.3 Scan identification data types .....	50
12.4 Device type identification data types – provided by DTM.....	52
12.5 Mapping of protocol specific device identification objects to FDT data types.....	53
Bibliography .....	55
 Figure 1 – Part 315 of the IEC 62453 series .....	8
Figure 2 – Broadcast sequence with Modbus Serial Line Communication DTM .....	14
Figure 3 – Broadcast sequence with Modbus TCP Communication DTM .....	14
Figure 4 – Broadcast sequence without Modbus Communication DTM .....	15
Figure 5 – Unconfirmed request with Modbus Serial Line Communication DTM .....	16
Figure 6 – Unconfirmed request with Modbus TCP Communication DTM .....	16
Figure 7 – Unconfirmed request without Modbus Communication DTM.....	17
Figure 8 – Data item addressing.....	21
 <a href="https://standards.iec.ch/catalog/standards/iec/40b8ced1-d20a-4220-8b14-a0ac277081/iec-62453-315-2009">https://standards.iec.ch/catalog/standards/iec/40b8ced1-d20a-4220-8b14-a0ac277081/iec-62453-315-2009</a>	
Table 1 – Protocol identifiers.....	10
Table 2 – Address information for broadcast mode .....	13
Table 3 – Broadcast transaction requests .....	13
Table 4 – Protocol specific usage of general FDT data types .....	17
Table 5 – Simple address information data types.....	18
Table 6 – Structured address information data types .....	18
Table 7 – Structured network management data types.....	19
Table 8 – Simple common communication data types .....	19
Table 9 – Structured connection management service data types.....	20
Table 10 – Simple ReadCoilsReq data types .....	21
Table 11 – Structured ReadCoilsReq data types .....	21
Table 12 – Simple ReadCoilsRsp data types .....	22
Table 13 – Structured ReadCoilsRsp data types .....	22
Table 14 – Simple ReadDiscreteInputsReq data types .....	22
Table 15 – Structured ReadDiscreteInputsReq data types.....	22
Table 16 – Simple ReadDiscreteInputsRsp data types .....	23
Table 17 – Structured ReadDiscreteInputsRsp data types.....	23
Table 18 – Simple ReadHoldingRegistersReq data types .....	23
Table 19 – Structured ReadHoldingRegistersReq data types .....	23
Table 20 – Simple ReadHoldingRegistersRsp data types .....	24

Table 21 – Structured ReadHoldingRegistersRsp data types.....	24
Table 22 – Simple ReadInputRegistersReq data types.....	24
Table 23 – Structured ReadInputRegistersReq data types .....	24
Table 24 – Simple ReadInputRegistersRsp data types .....	25
Table 25 – Structured ReadInputRegistersRsp data types.....	25
Table 26 – Simple WriteSingleCoilReq data types .....	25
Table 27 – Structured WriteSingleCoilReq data types .....	25
Table 28 – Structured WriteSingleCoilRsp data types .....	26
Table 29 – Simple WriteSingleRegisterReq data types.....	26
Table 30 – Structured WriteSingleRegisterReq data types .....	26
Table 31 – Structured WriteSingleRegisterRsp data types .....	26
Table 32 – Structured ReadExceptionStatusReq data types.....	27
Table 33 – Simple ReadExceptionStatusRsp data types .....	27
Table 34 – Structured ReadExceptionStatusRsp data types .....	27
Table 35 – Simple diagnostics data types .....	28
Table 36 – Structured DiagnosticsReq data types .....	28
Table 37 – Structured DiagnosticsRsp data types .....	28
Table 38 – Structured GetCommEventCounterReq data types .....	29
Table 39 – Simple GetCommEventCounterRsp data types .....	29
Table 40 – Structured GetCommEventCounterRsp data types.....	29
Table 41 – Structured GetCommEventLogReq data types .....	30
Table 42 – Simple GetCommEventLogRsp data types .....	30
Table 43 – Structured GetCommEventLogRsp data types .....	30
Table 44 – Simple WriteMultipleCoilsReq data types .....	31
Table 45 – Structured WriteMultipleCoilsReq data types.....	31
Table 46 – Structured WriteMultipleCoilsRsp data types .....	31
Table 47 – Simple WriteMultipleRegistersReq data types.....	32
Table 48 – Structured WriteMultipleRegistersReq data types .....	32
Table 49 – Structured WriteMultipleRegistersRsp data types .....	32
Table 50 – Structured ReportSlaveIDReq data types .....	32
Table 51 – Simple ReportSlaveIDRsp data types .....	33
Table 52 – Structured ReportSlaveIDRsp data types.....	33
Table 53 – Simple ReadFileSubRequest data types .....	33
Table 54 – Structured ReadFileSubRequest data types .....	34
Table 55 – Structured ReadFileRecordReq data types .....	34
Table 56 – Simple ReadFileSubResponse data types .....	34
Table 57 – Structured ReadFileSubResponse data types .....	34
Table 58 – Structured ReadFileRecordRsp data types .....	35
Table 59 – Simple WriteFileSubRequest data types .....	35
Table 60 – Structured WriteFileSubRequest data types .....	35
Table 61 – Structured WriteFileRecordReq data types .....	36
Table 62 – Structured WriteFileRecordRsp data types .....	36
Table 63 – Simple MaskWriteRegisterReq data types .....	36

Table 64 – Structured MaskWriteRegisterReq data types .....	37
Table 65 – Structured MaskWriteRegisterRsp data types .....	37
Table 66 – Simple ReadWriteRegistersReq data types .....	37
Table 67 – Structured ReadWriteRegistersReq data types .....	38
Table 68 – Simple ReadWriteRegistersRsp data types .....	38
Table 69 – Structured ReadWriteRegistersRsp data types .....	38
Table 70 – Simple ReadFifoQueueReq data types .....	38
Table 71 – Structured ReadFifoQueueReq data types .....	38
Table 72 – Simple ReadFifoQueueRsp data types .....	39
Table 73 – Structured ReadFifoQueueRsp data types .....	39
Table 74 – Simple EncapsulatedInterfaceTransportReq data types .....	39
Table 75 – Structured EncapsulatedInterfaceTransportReq data types .....	40
Table 76 – Simple EncapsulatedInterfaceTransportRsp data types .....	40
Table 77 – Structured EncapsulatedInterfaceTransportRsp data types .....	40
Table 78 – Simple ReadDeviceIdentificationReq data types .....	41
Table 79 – Structured ReadDeviceIdentificationReq data types .....	41
Table 80 – Simple IdentificationObject data types .....	41
Table 81 – Structured IdentificationObject data types .....	41
Table 82 – Simple ReadDeviceIdentificationRsp data types .....	42
Table 83 – Structured ReadDeviceIdentificationRsp data types .....	43
Table 84 – Simple PrivateModbusReq data types .....	43
Table 85 – Structured PrivateModbusReq data types .....	43
Table 86 – Simple PrivateModbusRsp data types .....	43
Table 87 – Structured PrivateModbusRsp data types .....	44
Table 88 – Simple UnconfirmedPrivateModbusReq data types .....	44
Table 89 – Structured UnconfirmedPrivateModbusReq data types .....	44
Table 90 – Structured UnconfirmedPrivateModbusRsp data types .....	44
Table 91 – Simple ModbusExceptionRsp data types .....	45
Table 92 – Structured ModbusExceptionRsp data types .....	45
Table 93 – Simple channel parameter data types .....	46
Table 94 – Structured channel parameter data types .....	47
Table 95 – Simple common identification data types .....	48
Table 96 – Simple device information data types .....	49
Table 97 – Structured device information data types .....	50
Table 98 – Simple scan identification data types .....	51
Table 99 – Structured scan identification data types .....	51
Table 100 – Structured device type identification data types .....	52
Table 101 – Mapping of protocol specific identification objects in FDT .....	54
Table 102 – Additional information for optional identification objects .....	54
Table 103 – Physical layer identifiers for Modbus TCP .....	11
Table 104 – Physical layer identifiers for Modbus Serial .....	12

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### FIELD DEVICE TOOL (FDT) INTERFACE SPECIFICATION –

#### Part 315: Communication profile integration – IEC 61784 CPF 15

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In this Redline version, a vertical line in the margin shows where the technical content is modified by amendment 1. Additions are in green text, deletions are in strikethrough red text. A separate Final version with all changes accepted is available in this publication.

International Standard IEC 62453-315 has been prepared by subcommittee 65E: Devices and integration in enterprise systems, of IEC technical committee 65: Industrial-process measurement, control and automation.

Each part of the IEC 62453-3xy series is intended to be read in conjunction with IEC 62453-2.

The French version of this standard has not been voted upon.

This publication has been drafted in accordance with the ISO/IEC Directives, Part 2.

A list of all parts of the IEC 62453 series, under the general title *Field Device Tool (FDT) interface specification*, can be found on the IEC website.

The committee has decided that the contents of the base publication and its amendment will remain unchanged until the stability date indicated on the IEC web site under "http://webstore.iec.ch" in the data related to the specific publication. At this date, the publication will be

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## INTRODUCTION

This part of IEC 62453 is an interface specification for developers of FDT (Field Device Tool) components for function control and data access within a client/server architecture. The specification is a result of an analysis and design process to develop standard interfaces to facilitate the development of servers and clients by multiple vendors that need to interoperate seamlessly.

With the integration of fieldbuses into control systems, there are a few other tasks which need to be performed. In addition to fieldbus- and device-specific tools, there is a need to integrate these tools into higher-level system-wide planning- or engineering tools. In particular, for use in extensive and heterogeneous control systems, typically in the area of the process industry, the unambiguous definition of engineering interfaces that are easy to use for all those involved is of great importance.

A device-specific software component, called DTM (Device Type Manager), is supplied by the field device manufacturer with its device. The DTM is integrated into engineering tools via the FDT interfaces defined in this specification. The approach to integration is in general open for all kinds of fieldbuses and thus meets the requirements for integrating different kinds of devices into heterogeneous control systems.

Figure 1 shows how IEC 62453-315 is aligned in the structure of the IEC 62453 series.

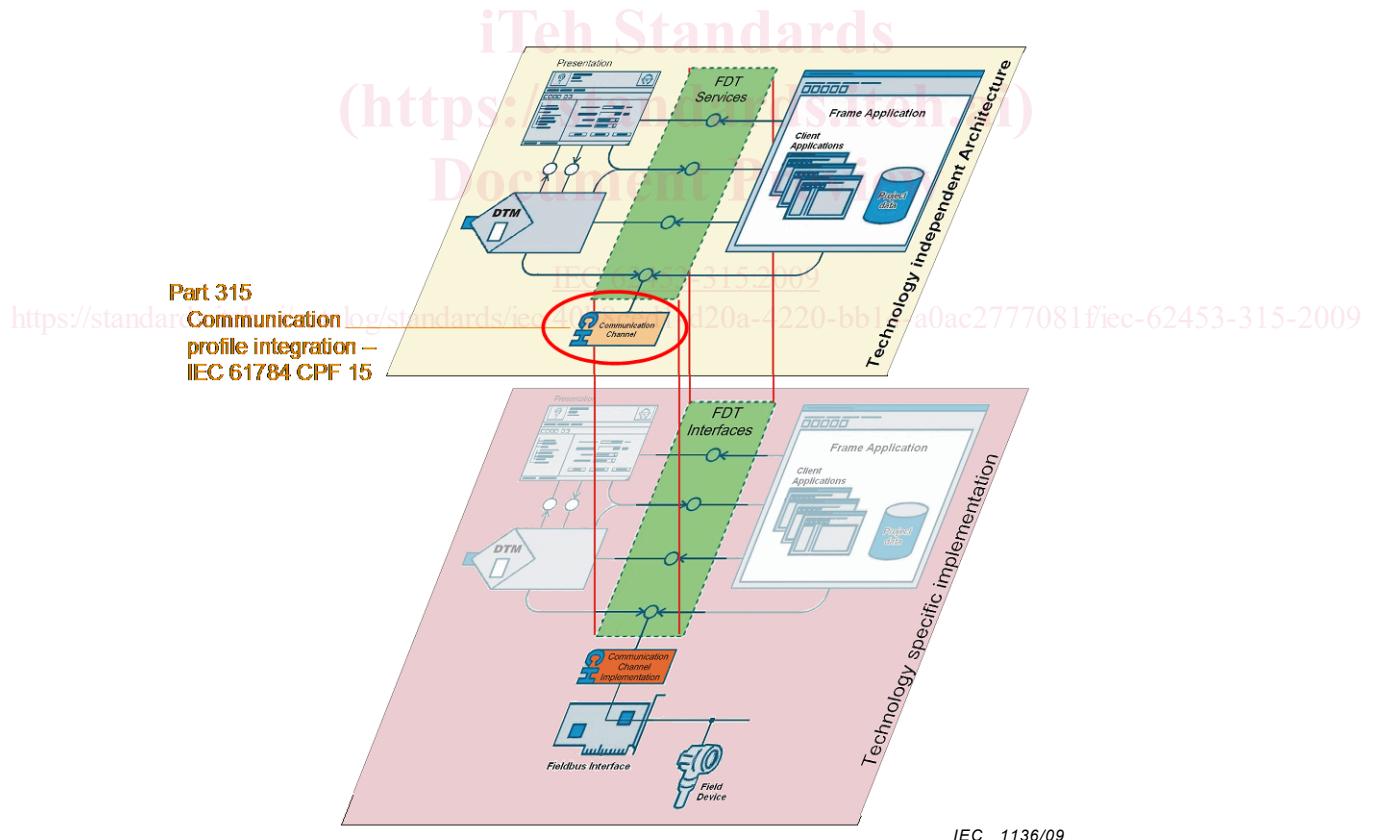


Figure 1 – Part 315 of the IEC 62453 series

## FIELD DEVICE TOOL (FDT) INTERFACE SPECIFICATION –

### Part 315: Communication profile integration – IEC 61784 CPF 15

## 1 Scope

Communication Profile Family 15 (commonly known as Modbus<sup>1</sup>) defines communication profiles based on IEC 61158-5-15 and IEC 61158-6-15. The basic profile CP 15/1 (Modbus TCP) is defined in IEC 61784-1. An additional communication profile (Modbus Serial Line) is defined in [2].

This part of the IEC 62453 provides information for integrating Modbus TCP® and Modbus Serial Line® protocol support into FDT based systems.

NOTE This part of IEC 62453 only specifies the mapping of Modbus parameters to FDT data types. For restrictions of protocol specific parameters concerning allowed values and concerning limitations of arrays used in the definition of FDT data types, refer to IEC 61158-5-15 and the MODBUS Application Protocol Specification.

## 2 Normative references

The following referenced documents are indispensable for the application of this document. For dated references, only the edition cited applies. For undated references, the latest edition of the referenced document (including any amendments) applies.

IEC 61131-3, *Programmable controllers – Part 3: Programming languages*

IEC 61158-5-15, *Industrial communication networks – Fieldbus specifications – Part 5-15: Application layer service definition – Type 15 elements*

IEC 61158-6-15, *Industrial communication networks – Fieldbus specifications – Part 6-20: Application layer protocol specification – Type 15 elements*

IEC 61784-1, *Industrial communication networks – Profiles – Part 1: Fieldbus profiles*

IEC 61784-2, *Industrial communication networks – Profiles – Part 2: Additional fieldbus profiles for real-time networks based on ISO/IEC 8802-3*

IEC 62453-1:2009, *Field Device Tool (FDT) interface specification – Part 1: Overview and guidance*

IEC 62453-2:2009, *Field Device Tool (FDT) interface specification – Part 2: Concepts and detailed description*

RFC 791, *Internet Protocol (available at <<http://www.ietf.org/rfc/rfc0791.txt>>)*

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### 3 Terms, definitions, symbols, abbreviated terms and conventions

#### 3.1 Terms and definitions

For the purposes of this document, the terms and definitions given in IEC 62453-1, IEC 62453-2 and the following apply.

#### 3.2 Abbreviated terms

For the purposes of this document, the abbreviations given in IEC 62453-1, IEC 62453-2 and the following apply.

ASCII	American Standard Code for Information Interchange
DTM	Device Type Manager
FA	Frame Application
IP	Internet Protocol
RFC	Request For comment
TCP	Transmission Control Protocol

#### 3.3 Conventions

##### 3.3.1 Data type names and references to data types

The conventions for naming and referencing of data types are explained in IEC 62453-2 Clause A.1.

##### 3.3.2 Vocabulary for requirements

The following expressions are used when specifying requirements.

- Usage of "shall" or "mandatory" IEC 62453-315:2009  
<https://standards.iec.ch/catalog/standards/iec/40b8ced1-1>
- Usage of "should" or "recommended" IEC 62453-315:2009  
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- Usage of "can" or "optional" IEC 62453-315:2009  
<https://standards.iec.ch/catalog/standards/iec/40b8ced1-1>
- No exceptions allowed.  
IEC 62453-315:2009
- Strong recommendation. It may make sense in special exceptional cases to differ from the described behaviour.  
IEC 62453-315:2009
- Function or behaviour may be provided, depending on defined conditions.  
IEC 62453-315:2009

### 4 Bus category

The Modbus protocol is identified in the protocolId element of the structured data type 'fdt:BusCategory' by the following unique identifiers (see Table 1).

Table 1 – Protocol identifiers

Identifier value	Protocol name	Description
59629a40-285f-11db-a98b-0800200c9a66	'Modbus over Serial Line'	Modbus over Serial Line
59629a41-285f-11db-a98b-0800200c9a66	'Modbus over TCP'	Modbus over TCP

Modbus TCP is using the following unique identifiers in physicalLayer members within PhysicalLayer data type (see Table 103):