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**Information technology — 8-bit single-byte  
coded graphic character sets —**

**Part 10:**

**Latin alphabet No. 6**  
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*Technologies de l'information — Jeux de caractères graphiques codés sur  
un seul octet*

*Partie 10: Alphabet latin n° 6*



Reference number  
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## Foreword

ISO (the International Organization for Standardization) and IEC (the International Electrotechnical Commission) form the specialized system for worldwide standardization. National bodies that are members of ISO or IEC participate in the development of International Standards through technical committees established by the respective organization to deal with particular fields of technical activity. ISO and IEC technical committees collaborate in fields of mutual interest. Other international organizations, governmental and non-governmental, in liaison with ISO and IEC, also take part in the work.

In the field of information technology, ISO and IEC have established a joint technical committee, ISO/IEC JTC 1. Draft International Standards adopted by the joint technical committee are circulated to national bodies for voting. Publication as an International Standard requires approval by at least 75 % of the national bodies casting a vote.

International Standard ISO/IEC 8859-10 was prepared by the European Computer Manufacturers Association (ECMA) (as Standard ECMA-144) and was adopted, under a special "fast-track procedure", by Joint Technical Committee ISO/IEC JTC 1, *Information technology*, in parallel with its approval by national bodies of ISO and IEC.

ISO/IEC 8859 consists of the following parts, under the general title *Information technology — 8-bit single-byte coded graphic character sets*:

- Part 1: Latin alphabet No. 1
- Part 2: Latin alphabet No. 2
- Part 3: Latin alphabet No. 3
- Part 4: Latin alphabet No. 4
- Part 5: Latin/Cyrillic alphabet
- Part 6: Latin/Arabic alphabet
- Part 7: Latin/Greek alphabet
- Part 8: Latin/Hebrew alphabet
- Part 9: Latin alphabet No. 5
- Part 10: Latin alphabet No. 6

Annexes A and B of this part of ISO/IEC 8859 are for information only.

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## Information technology – 8-bit single-byte coded graphic character sets –

### Part 10:

#### Latin alphabet No. 6

#### 1 Scope

This part of ISO/IEC 8859 specifies a set of 191 graphic characters identified as Latin Alphabet No. 6, and specifies the coded representation of each of these characters by means of a single 8-bit byte. None of these characters are "non-spacing".

The use of control functions, such as BACKSPACE or CARRIAGE RETURN for the coded representation of composite characters is prohibited by this Standard.

This set of graphic characters, the Latin Alphabet No. 6, is intended for use in data and text processing applications and may also be used for information interchange.

This set is suited for multiple-language applications involving Danish, English, Estonian, Finnish, German, Greenlandic, Icelandic, Sami (Lappish), Latvian, Lithuanian, Norwegian, Faroese, and Swedish.

This set of graphic characters is suitable for use in a version of an 8-bit code in accordance with ISO 2022 or ISO/IEC 4873.

#### 2 Conformance

A set of graphic characters is in conformance with this part of ISO/IEC 8859 if it comprises all graphic characters specified herein to the exclusion of any other and if their coded representations are those specified by this part of ISO/IEC 8859.

#### 3 Normative references

The following standards contain provisions which, through reference in this text, constitute provisions of this part of ISO/IEC 8859. At the time of publication, the editions indicated were valid. All standards are subject to revision, and parties to agreements based on this part of ISO/IEC 8859 are encouraged to investigate the possibility of applying the most recent editions of the standards listed below. Members of IEC and ISO maintain registers of currently valid International Standards.

ISO 2022: 1986, *Information processing - ISO 7-bit and 8-bit coded character sets - Code extension techniques*.

ISO/IEC 4873: 1991, *Information technology - ISO 8-bit code for information interchange - Structure and rule for implementation*.

ISO/IEC 6429: 1992, *Information technology - Control functions for 7-bit and 8-bit coded character sets*.

#### 4 Definitions

For the purposes of this part of ISO/IEC 8859 the following definitions apply.

**4.1 bit combination; byte:** An ordered set of bits that represents a character or is used as a part of the representation of a character.

**4.2 character:** A member of a set of elements used for the organization, control or representation of data.

**4.3 coded character set; code:** A set of unambiguous rules that establishes a character set and the one-to-one relationship between each character of the set and its coded representation.

**4.4 code table:** A table showing the character allocated to each bit combination in a code.

**4.5 graphic character:** A character, other than a control function, that has a visual representation normally handwritten, printed or displayed, and that has a coded representation consisting of one or more bit combinations.

NOTE 1 - In this part of ISO/IEC 8859 a single bit combination is used to represent each character.

**4.6 graphic symbol:** A visual representation of a graphic character.

**4.7 position:** That part of a code table identified by its column and row co-ordinates.

**5 Notation, code table and names**

**5.1 Notation**

ISO/IEC 8859-10:1992

The bits of the bit combinations of the 8-bit code are identified by  $b_8, b_7, b_6, b_5, b_4, b_3, b_2$  and  $b_1$ , where  $b_8$  is the highest-order, or most-significant bit and  $b_1$  is the lowest-order, or least-significant bit.

The bit combinations may be interpreted to represent numbers in binary notation by attributing the following weights to the individual bits:

Bit	$b_8$	$b_7$	$b_6$	$b_5$	$b_4$	$b_3$	$b_2$	$b_1$
Weight	128	64	32	16	8	4	2	1

Using these weights, the bit combinations of the 8-bit code represent numbers in the range 0 to 255.

In this part of ISO/IEC 8859, the bit combinations are identified by notations of the form  $xx/yy$ , where  $xx$  and  $yy$  are numbers in the range 00 to 15. The correspondence between the notations of the form  $xx/yy$  and the bit combinations consisting of the bits  $b_8$  to  $b_1$ , is as follows:

- $xx$  is the number represented by  $b_8, b_7, b_6$  and  $b_5$  where these bits are given the weights 8, 4, 2 and 1 respectively;

- $yy$  is the number represented by  $b_4$ ,  $b_3$ ,  $b_2$  and  $b_1$  where these bits are given the weights 8, 4, 2 and 1 respectively.

## 5.2 Layout of the code table

An 8-bit code table consists of 256 positions arranged in 16 columns and 16 rows. The columns and the rows are numbered 00 to 15.

The code table positions are identified by notations of the form  $xx/yy$ , where  $xx$  is the column number and  $yy$  is the row number.

The positions of the code table are in one-to-one correspondence with the bit combinations of the code. The notation of a code table position, of the form  $xx/yy$ , is the same as that of the corresponding bit combination.

## 5.3 Names and meanings

This part of ISO/IEC 8859 assigns a unique name to each character. In addition, it specifies a graphic symbol for each graphic character. By convention only Latin capital letters A to Z, space and hyphen are used for writing the names of the characters.

The names chosen to denote graphic characters are intended to reflect their customary meaning. However, except for SPACE (SP), NO-BREAK SPACE (NBSP) and SOFT HYPHEN (SHY), this part of ISO/IEC 8859 does not define and does not restrict the meanings of graphic characters. Neither does it specify a particular style or font design for imaging graphic characters.

NOTE 2 - The names of the characters in this part of ISO/IEC 8859 are those internationally agreed in ISO/IEC/JTC1/SC2, thus, they may differ from the names for the same characters listed in previous parts of ISO/IEC 8859.

### 5.3.1 SPACE (SP)

This character is a graphic character, it has a visual representation consisting of the absence of a graphic symbol.

### 5.3.2 NO-BREAK SPACE (NBSP)

A graphic character the visual representation of which consists of the absence of a graphic symbol, for use when a line break is to be prevented in the text as presented.

### 5.3.3 SOFT HYPHEN (SHY)

A graphic character that is imaged by a graphic symbol identical with, or similar to, that representing HYPHEN, for use when a line break is permitted in the text as presented.

## 6 Specification of the coded character set

This part of ISO/IEC 8859 specifies 191 characters allocated to the bit combinations of the code table.

## 6.1 Characters of the set and their coded representation

Table 1 – Character set – Coded representation

Bit Combination	Name
02/00	SPACE
02/01	EXCLAMATION MARK
02/02	QUOTATION MARK
02/03	NUMBER SIGN
02/04	DOLLAR SIGN
02/05	PERCENT SIGN
02/06	AMPERSAND
02/07	APOSTROPHE
02/08	LEFT PARENTHESIS
02/09	RIGHT PARENTHESIS
02/10	ASTERISK
02/11	PLUS SIGN
02/12	COMMA
02/13	HYPHEN - MINUS SIGN
02/14	FULL STOP
02/15	SOLIDUS
03/00	DIGIT ZERO
03/01	DIGIT ONE
03/02	DIGIT TWO
03/03	DIGIT THREE
03/04	DIGIT FOUR
03/05	DIGIT FIVE
03/06	DIGIT SIX
03/07	DIGIT SEVEN
03/08	DIGIT EIGHT
03/09	DIGIT NINE
03/10	COLON
03/11	SEMICOLON
03/12	LESS-THAN SIGN
03/13	EQUALS SIGN
03/14	GREATER-THAN SIGN
03/15	QUESTION MARK
04/00	COMMERCIAL AT
04/01	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER A
04/02	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER B
04/03	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER C



Table 1 – (continued)

Bit Combination	Name
04/04	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER D
04/05	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER E
04/06	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER F
04/07	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER G
04/08	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER H
04/09	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER I
04/10	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER J
04/11	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER K
04/12	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER L
04/13	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER M
04/14	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER N
04/15	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER O
05/00	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER P
05/01	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER Q
05/02	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER R
05/03	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER S
05/04	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER T
05/05	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER U
05/06	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER V
05/07	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER W
05/08	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER X
05/09	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER Y
05/10	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER Z
05/11	LEFT SQUARE BRACKET
05/12	REVERSE SOLIDUS
05/13	RIGHT SQUARE BRACKET
05/14	CIRCUMFLEX ACCENT
05/15	LOW LINE
06/00	GRAVE ACCENT
06/01	LATIN SMALL LETTER A
06/02	LATIN SMALL LETTER B
06/03	LATIN SMALL LETTER C
06/04	LATIN SMALL LETTER D
06/05	LATIN SMALL LETTER E
06/06	LATIN SMALL LETTER F
06/07	LATIN SMALL LETTER G
06/08	LATIN SMALL LETTER H

Table 1 – (continued)

Bit Combination	Name
06/09	LATIN SMALL LETTER I
06/10	LATIN SMALL LETTER J
06/11	LATIN SMALL LETTER K
06/12	LATIN SMALL LETTER L
06/13	LATIN SMALL LETTER M
06/14	LATIN SMALL LETTER N
06/15	LATIN SMALL LETTER O
07/00	LATIN SMALL LETTER P
07/01	LATIN SMALL LETTER Q
07/02	LATIN SMALL LETTER R
07/03	LATIN SMALL LETTER S
07/04	LATIN SMALL LETTER T
07/05	LATIN SMALL LETTER U
07/06	LATIN SMALL LETTER V
07/07	LATIN SMALL LETTER W
07/08	LATIN SMALL LETTER X
07/09	LATIN SMALL LETTER Y
07/10	LATIN SMALL LETTER Z
07/11	LEFT CURLY BRACKET
07/12	VERTICAL LINE
07/13	RIGHT CURLY BRACKET
07/14	TILDE
10/00	NO-BREAK SPACE
10/01	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER A WITH OGONEK
10/02	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER E WITH MACRON
10/03	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER G WITH CEDILLA
10/04	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER I WITH MACRON
10/05	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER I WITH TILDE
10/06	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER K WITH CEDILLA (see Note 3)
10/07	SECTION SIGN
10/08	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER L WITH CEDILLA
10/09	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER D WITH STROKE
10/10	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER S WITH CARON
10/11	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER T WITH STROKE
10/12	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER Z WITH CARON

NOTE 3 -In Lithuanian, the characters with bit combinations 10/06 and 11/06 are letters K and k respectively, with a comma under them, instead of a cedilla.

Table 1 – (continued)

Bit Combination	Name
10/13	SOFT HYPHEN
10/14	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER U WITH MACRON
10/15	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER ENG (Sami)
11/00	DEGREE SIGN
11/01	LATIN SMALL LETTER A WITH OGONEK
11/02	LATIN SMALL LETTER E WITH MACRON
11/03	LATIN SMALL LETTER G WITH CEDILLA
11/04	LATIN SMALL LETTER I WITH MACRON
11/05	LATIN SMALL LETTER I WITH TILDE
11/06	LATIN SMALL LETTER K WITH CEDILLA (see Note 3)
11/07	MIDDLE DOT
11/08	LATIN SMALL LETTER L WITH CEDILLA
11/09	LATIN SMALL LETTER D WITH STROKE
11/10	LATIN SMALL LETTER S WITH CARON
11/11	LATIN SMALL LETTER T WITH STROKE
11/12	LATIN SMALL LETTER Z WITH CARON
11/13	EM-DASH
11/14	LATIN SMALL LETTER U WITH MACRON
11/15	LATIN SMALL LETTER ENG (Sami)
12/00	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER A WITH MACRON
12/01	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER A WITH ACUTE
12/02	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER A WITH CIRCUMFLEX
12/03	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER A WITH TILDE
12/04	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER A WITH DIAERESIS
12/05	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER A WITH RING ABOVE
12/06	LATIN CAPITAL LIGATURE AE
12/07	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER I WITH OGONEK
12/08	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER C WITH CARON
12/09	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER E WITH ACUTE
12/10	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER E WITH OGONEK
12/11	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER E WITH DIAERESIS
12/12	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER E WITH DOT ABOVE
12/13	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER I WITH ACUTE
12/14	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER I WITH CIRCUMFLEX
12/15	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER I WITH DIAERESIS
13/00	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER ETH (Icelandic)
13/01	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER N WITH CEDILLA
13/02	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER O WITH MACRON