

# INTERNATIONAL STANDARD

## NORME INTERNATIONALE

Electronic railway equipment – Train communication network (TCN) –  
Part 3-3: CANopen Consist Network (CCN)

Matériel électronique ferroviaire – Réseau embarqué de train (TCN) –  
Partie 3-3: Réseau de rame CANopen (CCN)

<https://standards.iteh.ai/catalog/standards/si/939c8ea8-4bbf-460d-9abd-27481ede8884/iec-61375-3-3-2012>



## THIS PUBLICATION IS COPYRIGHT PROTECTED

Copyright © 2012 IEC, Geneva, Switzerland

All rights reserved. Unless otherwise specified, no part of this publication may be reproduced or utilized in any form or by any means, electronic or mechanical, including photocopying and microfilm, without permission in writing from either IEC or IEC's member National Committee in the country of the requester.

If you have any questions about IEC copyright or have an enquiry about obtaining additional rights to this publication, please contact the address below or your local IEC member National Committee for further information.

Droits de reproduction réservés. Sauf indication contraire, aucune partie de cette publication ne peut être reproduite ni utilisée sous quelque forme que ce soit et par aucun procédé, électronique ou mécanique, y compris la photocopie et les microfilms, sans l'accord écrit de la CEI ou du Comité national de la CEI du pays du demandeur.

Si vous avez des questions sur le copyright de la CEI ou si vous désirez obtenir des droits supplémentaires sur cette publication, utilisez les coordonnées ci-après ou contactez le Comité national de la CEI de votre pays de résidence.

IEC Central Office  
3, rue de Varembe  
CH-1211 Geneva 20  
Switzerland

Tel.: +41 22 919 02 11  
Fax: +41 22 919 03 00  
[info@iec.ch](mailto:info@iec.ch)  
[www.iec.ch](http://www.iec.ch)

### About the IEC

The International Electrotechnical Commission (IEC) is the leading global organization that prepares and publishes International Standards for all electrical, electronic and related technologies.

### About IEC publications

The technical content of IEC publications is kept under constant review by the IEC. Please make sure that you have the latest edition, a corrigenda or an amendment might have been published.

#### Useful links:

IEC publications search - [www.iec.ch/searchpub](http://www.iec.ch/searchpub)

The advanced search enables you to find IEC publications by a variety of criteria (reference number, text, technical committee,...).

It also gives information on projects, replaced and withdrawn publications.

IEC Just Published - [webstore.iec.ch/justpublished](http://webstore.iec.ch/justpublished)

Stay up to date on all new IEC publications. Just Published details all new publications released. Available on-line and also once a month by email.

Electropedia - [www.electropedia.org](http://www.electropedia.org)

The world's leading online dictionary of electronic and electrical terms containing more than 30 000 terms and definitions in English and French, with equivalent terms in additional languages. Also known as the International Electrotechnical Vocabulary (IEV) on-line.

Customer Service Centre - [webstore.iec.ch/csc](http://webstore.iec.ch/csc)

If you wish to give us your feedback on this publication or need further assistance, please contact the Customer Service Centre: [csc@iec.ch](mailto:csc@iec.ch).

### A propos de la CEI

La Commission Electrotechnique Internationale (CEI) est la première organisation mondiale qui élabore et publie des Normes internationales pour tout ce qui a trait à l'électricité, à l'électronique et aux technologies apparentées.

### A propos des publications CEI

Le contenu technique des publications de la CEI est constamment revu. Veuillez vous assurer que vous possédez l'édition la plus récente, un corrigendum ou amendement peut avoir été publié.

#### Liens utiles:

Recherche de publications CEI - [www.iec.ch/searchpub](http://www.iec.ch/searchpub)

La recherche avancée vous permet de trouver des publications CEI en utilisant différents critères (numéro de référence, texte, comité d'études,...).

Elle donne aussi des informations sur les projets et les publications remplacées ou retirées.

Just Published CEI - [webstore.iec.ch/justpublished](http://webstore.iec.ch/justpublished)

Restez informé sur les nouvelles publications de la CEI. Just Published détaille les nouvelles publications parues. Disponible en ligne et aussi une fois par mois par email.

Electropedia - [www.electropedia.org](http://www.electropedia.org)

Le premier dictionnaire en ligne au monde de termes électroniques et électriques. Il contient plus de 30 000 termes et définitions en anglais et en français, ainsi que les termes équivalents dans les langues additionnelles. Egalement appelé Vocabulaire Electrotechnique International (VEI) en ligne.

Service Clients - [webstore.iec.ch/csc](http://webstore.iec.ch/csc)

Si vous désirez nous donner des commentaires sur cette publication ou si vous avez des questions contactez-nous: [csc@iec.ch](mailto:csc@iec.ch).

# INTERNATIONAL STANDARD

## NORME INTERNATIONALE

**Electronic railway equipment – Train communication network (TCN) –  
Part 3-3: CANopen Consist Network (CCN)**  
(standards.iteh.ai)

**Matériel électronique ferroviaire – Réseau embarqué de train (TCN) –  
Partie 3-3: Réseau de rame CANopen (CCN)**  
IEC 61375-3-3:2012  
http://www.iteh.ai/catalog/standards/sist/939c8ea8-4bbf-460d-9abd-27481ede8884/iec-61375-3-3-2012

INTERNATIONAL  
ELECTROTECHNICAL  
COMMISSION

COMMISSION  
ELECTROTECHNIQUE  
INTERNATIONALE

PRICE CODE  
CODE PRIX

**XE**

ICS 45.060

ISBN 978-2-88912-072-7

**Warning! Make sure that you obtained this publication from an authorized distributor.  
Attention! Veuillez vous assurer que vous avez obtenu cette publication via un distributeur agréé.**

## CONTENTS

FOREWORD.....	10
INTRODUCTION.....	12
1 Scope.....	13
2 Normative references .....	13
3 Terms, definitions and abbreviations .....	14
3.1 Terms and definitions .....	14
3.2 Abbreviations .....	15
3.3 Conventions .....	15
4 Architecture.....	15
4.1 Content .....	15
4.2 Logical CANopen-based consist network.....	15
4.3 Network topology.....	16
4.4 Addressing .....	16
4.5 Data classes .....	17
5 Physical layer.....	17
5.1 Content .....	17
5.2 Cabling.....	17
5.3 Connector .....	17
5.4 Physical medium attachment.....	19
5.5 Physical signaling.....	19
6 Data Link layer.....	19
6.1 Content .....	19
6.2 CANopen data link layer.....	20
7 CANopen application layer .....	20
7.1 Content .....	20
7.2 Reference model.....	20
7.3 Field device model .....	20
7.4 CANopen communication objects .....	22
7.5 CANopen object dictionary .....	22
7.6 Predefined CANopen communication objects .....	24
7.6.1 Content .....	24
7.6.2 Object 1000 <sub>h</sub> : Device type .....	24
7.6.3 Object 1001 <sub>h</sub> : Error register.....	24
7.6.4 Object 1014 <sub>h</sub> : COB-ID emergency object.....	24
7.6.5 Object 1017 <sub>h</sub> : Heartbeat producer .....	24
7.6.6 Object 1018 <sub>h</sub> : Identity object.....	24
7.6.7 Object 1029 <sub>h</sub> : Error behavior .....	24
7.6.8 Object 67FF <sub>h</sub> : Device type.....	25
7.6.9 Service data objects (SDOs).....	25
7.6.10 Process data objects (PDOs).....	25
8 Application data.....	25
8.1 Content .....	25
8.2 CANopen application data representation.....	25
8.3 Recommended representation principle of application data .....	25
8.3.1 Content .....	25

iTeh STANDARD PREVIEW  
(standards.iteh.ai)

IEC 61375-3-3:2012

[https://standards.iteh.ai/catalog/standards/sist/939c8ea8-4bbf-460d-9abd-](https://standards.iteh.ai/catalog/standards/sist/939c8ea8-4bbf-460d-9abd-27481ede8884/iec-61375-3-3-2012)

27481ede8884/iec-61375-3-3-2012

8.3.2	Application data for door control .....	25
8.3.3	Consumed door control application objects .....	26
8.3.4	Produced door control application objects .....	27
9	CANopen network management .....	29
9.1	Content .....	29
9.2	CANopen NMT slave functionality .....	30
9.3	CANopen manager functionality .....	30
9.3.1	General .....	30
9.3.2	Object dictionary usage .....	31
9.3.3	Redundant networks .....	31
9.4	CANopen NMT start-up .....	32
9.4.1	NMT startup .....	32
9.4.2	NMT startup simple .....	35
9.4.3	Start process boot NMT slave .....	36
9.5	Boot NMT slave .....	37
9.5.1	Check configuration .....	42
9.5.2	Check NMT state .....	43
9.5.3	NMT flying master start up .....	43
9.5.4	Error status .....	44
9.6	Error control .....	45
9.6.1	Start error control .....	45
9.6.2	Error handler .....	46
9.6.3	Bootup handler .....	47
9.7	Additional NMT master services and protocols .....	47
9.8	Object dictionary entries .....	47
9.8.1	Object 1020 <sub>h</sub> : Verify configuration .....	47
9.8.2	Object 102A <sub>h</sub> : NMT inhibit time .....	48
9.8.3	Object 1F20 <sub>h</sub> : Store DCF .....	49
9.8.4	Object 1F22 <sub>h</sub> : Concise DCF .....	50
9.8.5	Object 1F26 <sub>h</sub> : Expected configuration date .....	52
9.8.6	Object 1F27 <sub>h</sub> : Expected configuration time .....	53
9.8.7	Object 1F80 <sub>h</sub> : NMT startup .....	54
9.8.8	Object 1F81 <sub>h</sub> : NMT slave assignment .....	56
9.8.9	Object 1F82 <sub>h</sub> : Request NMT .....	58
9.8.10	Object 1F83 <sub>h</sub> : Request node guarding .....	61
9.8.11	Object 1F84 <sub>h</sub> : Device type identification .....	63
9.8.12	Object 1F85 <sub>h</sub> : Vendor identification .....	64
9.8.13	Object 1F86 <sub>h</sub> : Product code .....	65
9.8.14	Object 1F87 <sub>h</sub> : Revision number .....	66
9.8.15	Object 1F88 <sub>h</sub> : Serial number .....	67
9.8.16	Object 1F89 <sub>h</sub> : Boot time .....	68
9.8.17	Object 1F8A <sub>h</sub> : Restore configuration .....	69
9.8.18	Object 1F91 <sub>h</sub> : Self starting nodes timing parameters .....	70
10	Gateway functions .....	71
10.1	Content .....	71
10.2	Gateway architecture .....	72
10.3	General principles and services .....	73
10.3.1	Content .....	73
10.3.2	Gateway class definitions .....	73

10.3.3	Service primitives definitions .....	73
10.4	Network access service specification.....	73
10.4.1	SDO access services.....	73
10.4.2	PDO access services.....	75
10.4.3	CANopen NMT services.....	78
10.4.4	Device failure management services .....	81
10.4.5	CANopen interface configuration services .....	82
10.4.6	Gateway management services .....	84
10.4.7	Manufacturer-specific services .....	85
10.5	ASCII mapping of network access services .....	85
10.5.1	Content .....	85
10.5.2	Definitions .....	86
10.5.3	Network access command specification.....	89
11	Train network management .....	97
11.1	Content .....	97
11.2	Manager, Agents and interfaces (informative).....	98
11.3	Management message protocol (informative) .....	98
11.4	Object interfaces (informative).....	98
11.5	CANopen-specific management services .....	98
11.5.1	General .....	98
11.5.2	Agent interfaces on a Station connected to CANopen consist network .....	98
11.5.3	Management message structure for CANopen consist networks .....	99
11.5.4	Notation for the CANopen specific SIF_codes .....	99
11.5.5	Notation for a call CANopen management message .....	100
11.5.6	Notation for a reply CANopen management message .....	100
11.5.7	Notation for the TNM CANopen services command codes .....	100
11.6	TNM CANopen services .....	101
11.6.1	Content .....	101
11.6.2	Call_Write_CANopen_Command (with reservation) .....	101
11.6.3	Reply_Write_CANopen_Command (with reservation) .....	102
11.6.4	Call_Read_CANopen_Command (without reservation) .....	102
11.6.5	Reply_Read_CANopen_Command (without reservation).....	103
12	CANopen management message data handling.....	103
12.1	General.....	103
12.2	Message data format.....	105
12.3	Requirements for message data communication within CANopen networks .....	105
12.4	Object 1F78 <sub>n</sub> : CANopen message data reception .....	106
13	Conformance testing .....	107
	Bibliography.....	108
	Figure 1 – Logical network architecture of the consist network.....	16
	Figure 2 – Network topology of CANopen-based consist network.....	16
	Figure 3 – 9-pin D-sub connector.....	18
	Figure 4 – 5-pin micro style connector .....	18
	Figure 5 – Field device model.....	20
	Figure 6 – Minimum field device.....	21
	Figure 7 – CANopen device structure.....	22

Figure 8 – Structure of the device type object .....	24
Figure 9 – Object structure .....	26
Figure 10 – Object structure .....	27
Figure 11 – Object structure .....	28
Figure 12 – NMT startup, part 1 .....	32
Figure 13 – NMT startup, part 2 .....	34
Figure 14 – NMT startup simple .....	35
Figure 15 – Start process boot NMT slave .....	36
Figure 16 – Boot NMT slave, part 1 .....	37
Figure 17 – Boot NMT slave, part 2 .....	39
Figure 18 – Boot NMT slave, part 3 .....	40
Figure 19 – Check configuration .....	42
Figure 20 – Check NMT state .....	43
Figure 21 – Start error control .....	45
Figure 22 – Error handler .....	46
Figure 23 – Bootup handler .....	47
Figure 24 – Data stream definition of concise DCF .....	51
Figure 25 – Object structure .....	54
Figure 26 – Bit structure of the configuration value .....	54
Figure 27 – Object structure of the value .....	56
Figure 28 – Bit structure of the configuration value .....	57
Figure 29 – Gateway between Train backbone and CANopen consist network .....	72
Figure 30 – Management messages (informative) .....	97
Figure 31 – Agent interface on a CANopen (gateway) station for message data .....	99
Figure 32 – Call_Write_CANopen_Command .....	102
Figure 33 – Reply_Write_CANopen_Command .....	102
Figure 34 – Call_Read_CANopen_Command (without reservation) .....	103
Figure 35 – Reply_Read_CANopen_command (without reservation) .....	103
Figure 36 – CANopen device capable to handle TNM management messages .....	104
Figure 37 – Message data format comparison .....	105
Table 1 – Pinning for 9-pin D-sub connector .....	18
Table 2 – Pinning for 5-pin micro style connector .....	19
Table 3 – Bit timing .....	19
Table 4 – CANopen object dictionary structure .....	23
Table 5 – Value definition .....	26
Table 6 – Object description .....	26
Table 7 – Entry description .....	27
Table 8 – Value definition .....	27
Table 9 – Object description .....	27
Table 10 – Entry description .....	28
Table 11 – Value definition .....	29
Table 12 – Object description .....	29

Table 13 – Entry description .....	29
Table 14 – Error status .....	44
Table 15 – Object description .....	48
Table 16 – Entry description .....	48
Table 17 – Object description .....	49
Table 18 – Entry description .....	49
Table 19 – Object description .....	49
Table 20 – Entry description .....	50
Table 21 – Object description .....	51
Table 22 – Entry description .....	52
Table 23 – Object description .....	52
Table 24 – Entry description .....	53
Table 25 – Object description .....	53
Table 26 – Entry description .....	54
Table 27 – Value NMT master (bit: 0) .....	55
Table 28 – Value Start all nodes (bit: 1) .....	55
Table 29 – Value NMT master start (bit: 2) .....	55
Table 30 – Value Start node (bit: 3) .....	55
Table 31 – Reset all nodes (bit: 4) .....	55
Table 32 – Flying master (bit: 5) .....	55
Table 33 – Stop all nodes (bit: 6) .....	55
Table 34 – Exceptions for NMT start-up capable devices .....	56
Table 35 – Object description .....	56
Table 36 – Entry description .....	56
Table 37 – NMT slave (bit: 0) .....	57
Table 38 – NMT boot slave (bit: 2) .....	57
Table 39 – Mandatory (bit: 3) .....	57
Table 40 – Reset communication (bit: 4) .....	57
Table 41 – Software version (bit: 5) .....	57
Table 42 – Software update (bit: 6) .....	57
Table 43 – Restore (bit: 7) .....	58
Table 44 – Object description .....	58
Table 45 – Entry description .....	58
Table 46 – Value definition .....	60
Table 47 – Object description .....	60
Table 48 – Entry description .....	61
Table 49 – Value definition .....	62
Table 50 – Object description .....	62
Table 51 – Entry description .....	63
Table 52 – Object description .....	64
Table 53 – Entry description .....	64
Table 54 – Object description .....	65
Table 55 – Entry description .....	65


  
 (standards.iteh.ai)

IEC 61375-3-3:2012  
<https://standards.iteh.ai/catalog/standards/sist/939c8ea8-4bbf-460d-9abd-27481ede8884/iec-61375-3-3-2012>



Table 56 – Object description .....	66
Table 57 – Entry description .....	66
Table 58 – Object description .....	67
Table 59 – Entry description .....	67
Table 60 – Object description .....	68
Table 61 – Entry description .....	68
Table 62 – Object description .....	69
Table 63 – Entry description .....	69
Table 64 – Object description .....	69
Table 65 – Entry description .....	70
Table 66 – Object description .....	70
Table 67 – Entry description .....	71
Table 68 – Upload SDO service .....	74
Table 69 – Download SDO parameters .....	75
Table 70 – Configure SDO timeout parameters .....	75
Table 71 – Configure RPDO service parameters .....	76
Table 72 – Configure TPDO service parameters .....	77
Table 73 – Read PDO data service parameters .....	77
Table 74 – Write PDO data service parameters .....	78
Table 75 – RPDO received service parameters .....	78
Table 76 – Start node service parameters .....	78
Table 77 – Stop node service parameters .....	79
Table 78 – Set node to pre-operational service parameters .....	79
Table 79 – Reset node service parameters .....	79
Table 80 – Reset communication service parameters .....	80
Table 81 – Enable node guarding service parameters .....	80
Table 82 – Disable node guarding service parameters .....	80
Table 83 – Start heartbeat consumer service parameters .....	81
Table 84 – Disable heartbeat consumer service parameters .....	81
Table 85 – Error control event received parameters .....	81
Table 86 – Read device error service parameters .....	82
Table 87 – Emergency event received service parameters .....	82
Table 88 – Initialize gateway service parameters .....	82
Table 89 – Store configuration service parameters .....	83
Table 90 – Restore configuration service parameters .....	83
Table 91 – Set heartbeat producer service parameters .....	83
Table 92 – Set node-ID service parameters .....	84
Table 93 – Start emergency consumer service parameters .....	84
Table 94 – Stop emergency consumer service parameters .....	84
Table 95 – Set default network service parameters .....	85
Table 96 – Start default node-ID service parameters .....	85
Table 97 – Get version service parameters .....	85
Table 98 – Syntax and CANopen data types .....	86

Table 99 – Command notation in BNF.....	87
Table 100 – Response notation.....	88
Table 101 – Internal error code (InEC).....	88
Table 102 – Notation for event triggered messages .....	88
Table 103 – Syntax for upload SDO command .....	89
Table 104 – Examples for upload SDO command .....	89
Table 105 – Syntax for Download SDO command .....	89
Table 106 – Examples for download SDO command .....	89
Table 107 – Syntax for configure SDO timeout command.....	89
Table 108 – Syntax for configure RPDO command.....	90
Table 109 – Examples for configure RPDO command .....	90
Table 110 – Syntax for configure TPDO command .....	90
Table 111 – Examples for configure TPDO command.....	90
Table 112 – Syntax for read PDO data command.....	91
Table 113 – Response syntax for read PDO data command.....	91
Table 114 – Syntax for write PDO data command .....	91
Table 115 – Syntax for RPDO receive command.....	91
Table 116 – Examples RPDO received command .....	91
Table 117 – Syntax for start node command .....	91
Table 118 – Syntax for stop node command .....	92
Table 119 – Syntax set node to pre-operational command .....	92
Table 120 – Syntax reset node command .....	92
Table 121 – Syntax reset communication command.....	92
Table 122 – Syntax enable node guarding command .....	92
Table 123 – Syntax disable node guarding command.....	93
Table 124 – Syntax start heartbeat consumer command .....	93
Table 125 – Syntax disable heartbeat consumer command .....	93
Table 126 – Syntax for error control event received command .....	93
Table 127 – Syntax for read device error command .....	94
Table 128 – Syntax for emergency event received command .....	94
Table 129 – Syntax for initialize gateway command .....	94
Table 130 – Bit rate indices .....	94
Table 131 – Syntax for store configuration command .....	95
Table 132 – Storage specifier .....	95
Table 133 – Syntax restore configuration command .....	95
Table 134 – Syntax set heartbeat producer command.....	95
Table 135 – Syntax set node-ID command.....	95
Table 136 – Syntax set default network command.....	96
Table 137 – Syntax set default node-ID command .....	96
Table 138 – Syntax for get version command.....	96
Table 139 – Response syntax for get version command.....	96
Table 140 – Example for get version response.....	97
Table 141 – Management message structure.....	99


  
 (standards.iteh.ai)
   
 IEC 61375-3-3:2012
   
<https://standards.iteh.ai/catalog/standards/sist/939c8ea8-4bbf-460d-9abd-d74b1c30941c/iec-61375-3-3-2012>

Table 142 – CANopen specific SIF_codes .....	100
Table 143 – Notation for a call CANopen management message .....	100
Table 144 – Notation for a reply CANopen management message .....	100
Table 145 – TNM CANopen services command codes (reservation required).....	101
Table 146 – TNM CANopen services command codes (reservation not required) .....	101
Table 147 – Value definition for Call_Write_CANopen_Command .....	102
Table 148 – Value definition Reply_Write_CANopen_Command .....	102
Table 149 – Value definition for Call_Read_CANopen_Command (without reservation) .....	103
Table 150 – Value definition for Reply_Read_CANopen_Command (without reservation) .....	103
Table 151 – Object description .....	106
Table 152 – Entry description .....	106

## **iTeh STANDARD PREVIEW** **(standards.iteh.ai)**

[IEC 61375-3-3:2012](https://standards.iteh.ai/catalog/standards/sist/939c8ea8-4bbf-460d-9abd-27481ede8884/iec-61375-3-3-2012)

<https://standards.iteh.ai/catalog/standards/sist/939c8ea8-4bbf-460d-9abd-27481ede8884/iec-61375-3-3-2012>

INTERNATIONAL ELECTROTECHNICAL COMMISSION

**ELECTRONIC RAILWAY EQUIPMENT –  
TRAIN COMMUNICATION NETWORK (TCN) –**

**Part 3-3: CANopen Consist Network (CCN)**

FOREWORD

- 1) The International Electrotechnical Commission (IEC) is a worldwide organization for standardization comprising all national electrotechnical committees (IEC National Committees). The object of IEC is to promote international co-operation on all questions concerning standardization in the electrical and electronic fields. To this end and in addition to other activities, IEC publishes International Standards, Technical Specifications, Technical Reports, Publicly Available Specifications (PAS) and Guides (hereafter referred to as "IEC Publication(s)"). Their preparation is entrusted to technical committees; any IEC National Committee interested in the subject dealt with may participate in this preparatory work. International, governmental and non-governmental organizations liaising with the IEC also participate in this preparation. IEC collaborates closely with the International Organization for Standardization (ISO) in accordance with conditions determined by agreement between the two organizations.
- 2) The formal decisions or agreements of IEC on technical matters express, as nearly as possible, an international consensus of opinion on the relevant subjects since each technical committee has representation from all interested IEC National Committees.
- 3) IEC Publications have the form of recommendations for international use and are accepted by IEC National Committees in that sense. While all reasonable efforts are made to ensure that the technical content of IEC Publications is accurate, IEC cannot be held responsible for the way in which they are used or for any misinterpretation by any end user.
- 4) In order to promote international uniformity, IEC National Committees undertake to apply IEC Publications transparently to the maximum extent possible in their national and regional publications. Any divergence between any IEC Publication and the corresponding national or regional publication shall be clearly indicated in the latter.
- 5) IEC itself does not provide any attestation of conformity. Independent certification bodies provide conformity assessment services and, in some areas, access to IEC marks of conformity. IEC is not responsible for any services carried out by independent certification bodies.
- 6) All users should ensure that they have the latest edition of this publication.
- 7) No liability shall attach to IEC or its directors, employees, servants or agents including individual experts and members of its technical committees and IEC National Committees for any personal injury, property damage or other damage of any nature whatsoever, whether direct or indirect, or for costs (including legal fees) and expenses arising out of the publication, use of, or reliance upon, this IEC Publication or any other IEC Publications.
- 8) Attention is drawn to the Normative references cited in this publication. Use of the referenced publications is indispensable for the correct application of this publication.
- 9) Attention is drawn to the possibility that some of the elements of this IEC Publication may be the subject of patent rights. IEC shall not be held responsible for identifying any or all such patent rights.

International Standard IEC 61375-3-3 has been prepared by IEC technical committee 9: Electrical equipment and systems for railways.

The text of this standard is based on the following documents:

FDIS	Report on voting
9/1646/FDIS	9/1670/RVD

Full information on the voting for the approval of this standard can be found in the report on voting indicated in the above table.

This publication has been drafted in accordance with the ISO/IEC Directives, Part 2.

A list of all parts of IEC 61375 series, under the general title *Electronic railway equipment – Train Communication Network (TCN)*, can be found on the IEC website.

The committee has decided that the contents of this publication will remain unchanged until the stability date indicated on the IEC web site under "<http://webstore.iec.ch>" in the data related to the specific publication. At this date, the publication will be

- reconfirmed,
- withdrawn,
- replaced by a revised edition, or
- amended.

## **iTeh STANDARD PREVIEW (standards.iteh.ai)**

[IEC 61375-3-3:2012](https://standards.iteh.ai/catalog/standards/sist/939c8ea8-4bbf-460d-9abd-27481ede8884/iec-61375-3-3-2012)

<https://standards.iteh.ai/catalog/standards/sist/939c8ea8-4bbf-460d-9abd-27481ede8884/iec-61375-3-3-2012>

## INTRODUCTION

TCN is an International Standard with the aim of defining interfaces so as to achieve plug-in compatibility:

- a) between equipment located in different vehicles or consists, and
- b) between equipment and devices located within the same vehicle or consist.

One of the key success factors for the deployment of any technology is standardization and ensuring interoperability among various implementations. To facilitate interoperability a conformance test should be implemented.

In this part of IEC 61375, the TCN deals with:

the consist network based on CANopen.

In addition gateway devices between the Train Backbone and the CANopen-based consist network are considered.

This standard is structured into 13 clauses.

## **iTeh STANDARD PREVIEW** **(standards.iteh.ai)**

[IEC 61375-3-3:2012](https://standards.iteh.ai/catalog/standards/sist/939c8ea8-4bbf-460d-9abd-27481ede8884/iec-61375-3-3-2012)

<https://standards.iteh.ai/catalog/standards/sist/939c8ea8-4bbf-460d-9abd-27481ede8884/iec-61375-3-3-2012>

# ELECTRONIC RAILWAY EQUIPMENT – TRAIN COMMUNICATION NETWORK (TCN) –

## Part 3-3: CANopen Consist Network (CCN)

### 1 Scope

This part of IEC 61375 specifies the data communication bus inside consists that are based on CANopen. CANopen was developed for use in, but is not limited to, industrial automation applications. These applications may include devices such as input/output modules, motion controllers, human machine interfaces, sensors, closed-loop controllers, encoders, hydraulic valves or programmable controllers.

In the application field of rail vehicles CANopen networks are utilized to network subsystems in consists such as e.g. brake control system, diesel engine control system and interior or exterior lighting control system. In addition CANopen is utilized as consist network to enable the data exchange between the different subsystems within one single rail vehicle or a group of rail vehicles sharing the same Consist Network.

This part of IEC 61375 applies to all equipment and devices operated on a CANopen-based consist network within TCN architecture as described in IEC 61375-1.

The applicability of this standard to a TCN implementation allows for individual conformance checking of the implementation itself and is a pre-requisite for further interoperability checking between different TCN implementations. In any case, proof of compatibility between Train Backbone and the Consist Network will have to be brought by the supplier.

This part of IEC 61375 applies to the architecture of communication systems in Open trains. In addition it may be applicable to closed trains and multiple unit trains when so agreed between purchaser and supplier.

### 2 Normative references

The following documents, in whole or in part, are normatively referenced in this document and are indispensable for its application. For dated references, only the edition cited applies. For undated references, the latest edition of the referenced document (including any amendments) applies.

IEC 61131 (all parts): *Programmable controllers*

IEC 61375-1, ed3, *Electronic railway equipment – Train Communication Network (TCN) – Part 1: General Architecture*

IEC 61375-2-1, *Electronic railway equipment – Train Communication Network (TCN) – Part 2-1: Wire Train Bus (WTB)*

IEC 61375-2-2, *Electronic railway equipment – Train Communication Network (TCN) – Part 2-2: WTB – Wire Train Bus conformance testing*

ISO/IEC 646:1991 *Information technology – ISO 7-bit coded character set for information interchange*

ISO/IEC 9899:1999, *Programming languages – C*