



Designation: D 802 – 02

Standard Test Methods for Sampling and Testing Pine Oils¹

This standard is issued under the fixed designation D 802; the number immediately following the designation indicates the year of original adoption or, in the case of revision, the year of last revision. A number in parentheses indicates the year of last reapproval. A superscript epsilon (ϵ) indicates an editorial change since the last revision or reapproval.

1. Scope

1.1 These test methods cover procedures for sampling and testing pine oils, and are applicable to both natural pine oils derived from pine stumps either by the steam and solvent process or by destructive distillation, and also to synthetic pine oils obtained by the chemical hydration of terpene hydrocarbons.

1.2 The procedures given in these test methods appear in the following order:

	Section
Sampling	4
Appearance	5
Color	6
Specific Gravity	7
Refractive Index	8
Composition	9
Moisture	10

1.3 *This standard does not purport to address all of the safety concerns, if any, associated with its use. It is the responsibility of the user of this standard to establish appropriate safety and health practices and determine the applicability of regulatory limitations prior to use.*

2. Referenced Documents

2.1 ASTM Standards:

- D 268 Guide for Sampling and Testing Volatile Solvents and Chemical Intermediates for Use in Paint and Related Coatings and Materials²
- D 803 Test Methods for Testing Tall Oil³
- D 890 Test Method for Water in Liquid Naval Stores³
- D 1209 Test Method for Color of Clear Liquids (Platinum-Cobalt Scale)²
- D 6166 Test Method for Color of Naval Stores and Related Products (Instrumental Determination of Gardner Color)³
- D 6387 Test Methods for Composition of Turpentine and Related Terpene Products by Capillary Chromatography³

¹ These test methods are under the jurisdiction of ASTM Committee D01 on Paint and Related Coatings, Materials, and Applications and are the direct responsibility of Subcommittee D01.34 on Naval Stores.

Current edition approved May 10, 2002 Published July 2002. Originally published as D 802 – 44 T. Last previous edition D 802 – 97.

² *Annual Book of ASTM Standards*, Vol 06.04.

³ *Annual Book of ASTM Standards*, Vol 06.03.

E 300 Practice for Sampling Industrial Chemicals⁴

3. Significance and Use

3.1 The testing procedures described in these test methods have been in use for many years and emphasize the physical properties of pine oil rather than its chemical composition. Test Methods D 6387 describe a capillary gas chromatography method which is suitable for determining both the major and minor components found in pine oils.

4. Sampling

4.1 Sample the material in accordance with the procedure described in Guide D 268 and Practice E 300.

5. Appearance

5.1 Examine a portion of the sample after agitation to determine its clarity and freedom from foreign matter and separated water.

6. Color

6.1 Compare the color of the sample in any suitable or designated apparatus with the accepted or specific color standard. Accepted color standards are the Gardner color scale found in Test Method D 6166 and the platinum-cobalt scale found in Test Method D 1209.

7. Specific Gravity

7.1 Determine the specific gravity at 15.6/15.6°C by any convenient method, reporting the value to the nearest 0.0005. (A pycnometer or specific gravity balance is recommended. A hydrometer should not be used, on account of errors caused by surface tension on the hydrometer stem.) Correct determinations made at any other temperature, using apparatus standardized at 15.6°C by adding to or subtracting from the observed reading 0.00080 for each degree Celsius that the temperature of the liquid is above or below 15.6°C.

8. Refractive Index

8.1 Determine the refractive index with an instrument having a resolution of ± 0.0001 at 20°C, if possible. If tested at any

⁴ *Annual Book of ASTM Standards*, Vol 15.05.