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Abrasive macrograins — Determination of bulk density

Macrograins abrasifs – Détermination de la masse volumique apparente **iTeh STANDARD PREVIEW** (standards.iteh.ai)

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Reference number ISO 9136:1989(E)

Foreword

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International Organization for Standardization

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Abrasive macrograins — Determination of bulk density

1 Scope

This International Standard specifies a test method for the determination of the bulk density of bonded and coated abrasive macrograins.

2 Normative references

The following standards contain provisions which, through reference in this text, constitute provisions of this International Standard. At the time of publi-DL The slope of the funnel shall be such that fine grains cation, the editions indicated were valid. All standeds ards are subject to revision, and parties to agreements based on this International Standard are encouraged to investigate the possibility of ap<u>9136:19</u> also figure 1) shall be as follows: plying the most recent editions of the islandards/inndards/sist/lfbfef9e-b717-4c13-9cb2 dicated below. Members of IEC and ISO271aintaine/iso-91-36-total height of funnel: 240 mm registers of currently valid International Standards.

ISO 6344-1:--1, Coated abrasives -- Grain size analysis — Part 1: Definitions, designation and principle.

ISO 8486:1986, Bonded abrasives - Grain size analysis – Designation and determination of grain size distribution of macrogrits F4 to F220.

3 Definitions

For the purposes of this International Standard, the definitions given in ISO 6344-1 and ISO 8486 and the following definition apply.

bulk density of abrasive macrograins: Mass of a given volume of the abrasive grains, expressed in grams per cubic centimetre (g/cm³).

Apparatus 4

The test apparatus is illustrated in figure 1. It consists of the following elements.

4.1 Stand

An exact description of the stand is not necessary. The only requirement is that it is capable of holding the funnel in a vertical position so that the bottom of the funnel is 76 mm \pm 1 mm above the top of the measuring cylinder.

4.2 Funnel

will not adhere to the sides. By preference, the funnel shall be made of stainless steel with smooth inside seams. Its dimensional characteristics (see

- diameter of top: 160 mm
- inside diameter of the cylindrical outlet: 20 mm + 0.5 mm
- height of the cylindrical outlet area: 40 mm + 1 mm

Funnel release valve 4.3

An exact description of the funnel release valve is not necessary. The only requirement is that quick opening of the valve is ensured. Figure 1 illustrates a swinging stopper release valve as an example.

4.4 Measuring cylinder

The volume of the measuring cylinder shall be approximately 200 cm³ and its internal diameter shall be 64 mm. This results in an internal height of 62 mm. The exact volume of the measuring cylinder shall be determined in accordance with clause 5.

¹⁾ To be published.

4.5 Overspill dish

The measuring cylinder is placed in an overspill dish for collecting the excess abrasive grain.

Calibration of the measuring cylinder 5

Prior to use, determine the volume of the measuring cylinder as follows.

Weigh the dry empty cylinder together with a flat glass plate (slicker plate).

Fill the cylinder with water and slide the slicker plate into contact with the upper edge of the cylinder. cutting off the water precisely in the plane of the upper edge.

With the glass plate held firmly in place, wipe off the excess water and determine the gross mass.

Calculate the volume of the cylinder as follows:

$$V = \frac{m_0}{\rho_{\rm H_2O}}$$

where

'l'eh is the volume of the measuring cylinder, V in cubic centimetres; standards.iteh.ai)

is the mass of water, in grams; m_0

is the mass density of water at the tem tog/standards/sist/16fccentimetre, 3-9cb2 is the bulk density, in grams per cubic *Р* н₂0 perature range considered, in grams per der der der bergen bergen gestellte bergen ber cubic centimetre. m_{i}

Method of measurement

6.1 Preparation of samples

For grain sizes F100 or P100 and finer, dry the abrasive grain at a temperature of 110 °C for 1 h and then, prior to measurement, cool them to room temperature.

Coarser grains shall also be dried and then cooled to room temperature.

6.2 Procedure

Fill a 250 ml beaker to the top with the abrasive grain to be tested. With the funnel outlet closed and the measuring cylinder centred under the outlet of the funnel, pour the grain into the funnel. Open the outlet of the funnel and allow the grain to fall freely until the funnel is empty. Avoid vibrations throughout this procedure.

Strike off the excess grain from the measuring cylinder using a straightedge, making four movements perpendicular to each other. This operation prevents compaction of the abrasive grain in the cylinder. Avoid vibrations or other shocks. Weigh the grains contained in the measuring cylinder.

Expression of results 7

Method of calculation 7.1

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 \overline{V}

 $ho_{ap} = -$

where

Calculate the bulk density as follows:

is the mass of grains contained in the measuring cylinder, in grams;

V is the volume of the cylinder, in cubic centimetres.

7.2 Repeatability

The results of duplicate determinations carried out by the same operator using the same apparatus shall not differ by more than $+ 0.02 \text{ g/cm}^3$.

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Dimensions in millimetres

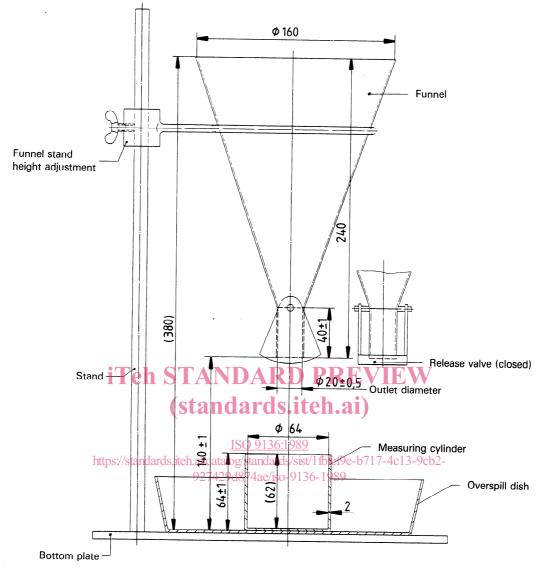


Figure 1 - Apparatus for the determination of the bulk density of abrasive macrograins

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