

SLOVENSKI STANDARD SIST EN 50436-2:2008

01-junij-2008

Alkoholne zapore - Preskusne metode in zahtevane lastnosti - 2. del: Instrumenti z ustnikom, ki merijo alkohol v sapi, za splošno preventivno uporabo

Alcohol interlocks - Test methods and performance requirements -- Part 2: Instruments having a mouthpiece and measuring breath alcohol for general preventive use

Alkohol-Interlocks - Prüfverfahren und Anforderungen an das Betriebsverhalten -- Teil 2: Geräte mit Mundstück zur Messung des Atemalkohols für den allgemein-präventiven Einsatz

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Alcootests électroniques anti-démarrage . Méthodes d'essai et exigences de performance -- Partie 2: Instruments munis d'une embouchure et effectuant la mesure du taux d'alcoolémie de l'air expiré, à usage préventifigénéral

Ta slovenski standard je istoveten z: EN 50436-2:2007

<u>ICS:</u>

13.200	Preprečevanje nesreč in katastrof	Accident and disaster control
43.040.80	Varnostne naprave in sistemi za zadrževanje	Safety installations and restraint systems

SIST EN 50436-2:2008

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EUROPEAN STANDARD

EN 50436-2

NORME EUROPÉENNE

EUROPÄISCHE NORM

December 2007

ICS 13.320; 43.040.10

English version

Alcohol interlocks -Test methods and performance requirements -Part 2: Instruments having a mouthpiece and measuring breath alcohol for general preventive use

Alcootests électroniques anti-démarrage -Méthodes d'essai et exigences de performance -Partie 2: Instruments munis d'une embouchure et effectuant la mesure du taux d'alcoolémie de l'air expiré. à usage préventif général Alkohol-Interlocks -Prüfverfahren und Anforderungen an das Betriebsverhalten -Teil 2: Geräte mit Mundstück zur Messung des Atemalkohols pfür den allgemein-präventiven Einsatz

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CENELEC

European Committee for Electrotechnical Standardization Comité Européen de Normalisation Electrotechnique Europäisches Komitee für Elektrotechnische Normung

Central Secretariat: rue de Stassart 35, B - 1050 Brussels

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Foreword

This European Standard was prepared by the CENELEC BTTF 116-2, Alcohol interlocks.

The text of the draft was submitted to the formal vote and was approved by CENELEC as EN 50436-2 on 2007-12-01.

The following dates were fixed:

-	latest date by which the EN has to be implemented at national level by publication of an identical national standard or by endorsement	(dop)	2008-12-01
_	latest date by which the national standards conflicting with the EN have to be withdrawn	(dow)	2010-12-01

The purpose of this European Standard is to specify essential performance requirements and to provide the respective test methods for presently available technologies. The technology of alcohol interlocks is rapidly evolving, and further innovations can be expected. These could be considered in future amendments or new parts of this European Standard.

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EN 50436-2:2007

Contents

	Pa	age			
Introduction					
1	Scope	5			
2	Normative references	5			
3	Definitions	6			
4	General requirements	8			
4.1	Blocking and unblocking	8			
4.2	Override function	8			
4.3	Influence on the vehicle motor	8			
4.4	Vehicle circuitry (applicable to alcohol interlocks for aftermarket installation only)	8			
4.5	Concentration limit				
4.6	Mouthpiece	8			
4.7	Data memory	8			
4.8	Readiness	9			
4.9	Tampering	9			
4.10	Electromagnetic compatibility	9			
4.11	Electrical disturbances (not applicable to parts of the alcohol interlock integrated				
	into other vehicle systems)	9			
4.12	Type of protection	9			
4.13	Combination with other systems	9			
4.14	Communication integrity	10			
4.15	Wireless communication	10			
5	Labelling and marking	10			
6	Labelling and marking ANDARD PREVIEW	10			
6.1	Instructions for installation (applicable to alcohol interlocks for aftermarket installation only)				
	installation only)	10			
6.2	Instructions for use	11			
6.3	Instructions for service. <u>SISTEN 30430-2:2008</u>	11			
7	Instructions for use Instructions for service <u>SIST EN 50436-2:2008</u> General test methods Samples Samples	12			
7.1	Samples	12			
7.2	Sequence of tests	12			
7.3	Preparation of alcohol interlock before testing				
7.4	Normal conditions for tests	12			
7.5	Functional test				
8	Test procedures and requirements	13			
8.1	Electrical tests	13			
8.2	Calibration curve	14			
8.3	Durability tests	15			
8.4	Environmental tests	16			
8.5	Breath volume	18			
8.6	Flow	18			
8.7	Exhalation time	18			
8.8	Response time	18			
8.9	Analytical specificity				
8.10	Manipulation and circumvention				
8.11	Start period				
	Restart period				
	Retest				
8.14	Calibration and calibration interval	22			
8.15	Long term behaviour	22			
9	Test report	23			
Biblic	Bibliography				

- 3 -

EN 50436-2:2007

Introduction

The main purpose of alcohol interlocks is to prevent persons with blood alcohol concentrations exceeding a set limit value from driving a vehicle. The general preventive use, being the object of this standard, is complementary to the use according to the standard EN 50436-1 directed towards programs for drink-driving offenders to enhance traffic safety. The general preventive use concerns a much larger number of drivers and vehicles. The primary target is to hinder a casually intoxicated person with temporarily impaired judgement from driving a vehicle. It applies both to professional and private drivers, and it applies to all vehicles in which careless driving could be hazardous.

Alcohol interlocks should not represent a significant impediment to the normal use of a vehicle.

The purpose of this European Standard is to specify essential performance requirements and to provide the respective test methods for presently available technologies. The technology of alcohol interlocks is rapidly evolving, and further innovations can be expected. These could be considered in future amendments or new parts of this European Standard.

Furthermore, it should be recognised that the purpose of alcohol interlocks may to some degree violate the privacy. There is thus good reason to apply a principle of caution when defining requirements and test methods for alcohol interlocks.

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1 Scope

This European Standard specifies test methods and performance requirements for breath alcohol controlled alcohol interlocks having a mouthpiece. It covers alcohol interlocks intended for general preventive use.

This European Standard is mainly directed to test laboratories and manufacturers for alcohol interlocks. It defines requirements and test procedures for type approval.

Several parameters (as for example alcohol concentration or breath volume) are specified in this European Standard for the purpose of type testing according to this standard only. However, it may be necessary according to national regulations or depending on user requests to set the values of the prescribed parameters differently for use of the alcohol interlocks.

This European Standard also applies to alcohol interlocks integrated into other systems of the vehicle.

This European Standard does not apply to

- alcohol interlocks intended to be used mainly in traffic safety programs for drink driving offenders (see EN 50436-1),
- instruments measuring the alcohol concentration in the ambient air in the vehicle,
- alcohol interlocks not having a mouthpiece.

2 Normative references

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The following referenced documents are indispensable for the application of this document. For dated references, only the edition cited applies. For undated references, the latest edition of the referenced document (including any amendments) applies.

EN 60068-2-78:2001, Environmental testing – Part 2-78: Tests – Test Cab: Damp heat, steady state (IEC 60068-2-78:2001) (IEC 60068-2-

EN 60529:1991 + A1:2000, Degrees of protection provided by enclosures (IP Code) (IEC 60529:1989 + A1:1999)

ISO 7637-2:2004, Road vehicles – Electrical disturbances from conduction and coupling – Part 2: Electrical transient conduction along supply lines only

ISO 7637-3:1995, Road vehicles – Electrical disturbances by conduction and coupling – Part 3: Vehicles with nominal 12 V or 24 V supply voltage - Electrical transient transmission by capacitive and inductive coupling via lines other than supply lines

ISO 16750-2:2006, Road vehicles – Environmental conditions and testing for electrical and electronic equipment – Part 2: Electrical loads

ISO 16750-3:2006, Road vehicles – Environmental conditions and testing for electrical and electronic equipment – Part 3: Mechanical loads

ISO 16750-4:2006, Road vehicles – Environmental conditions and testing for electrical and electronic equipment – Part 4: Climatic loads

Commission Directive 2004/104/EC of 14 October 2004 adapting to technical progress Council Directive 72/245/EEC relating to the radio interference (electromagnetic compatibility) of vehicles and amending Directive 70/156/EEC on the approximation of the laws of the Member States relating to the type-approval of motor vehicles and their trailers, Official Journal of the European Communities No. L 337 of 13.11.2004, p.13

International Recommendation OIML R 126:1998, *Evidential breath analyzers*. International Bureau of Legal Metrology, 11, rue Turgot – 75 009 Paris – France

3 Definitions

For the purposes of this document, the following terms and definitions apply.

3.1

alcohol interlock

device which provides in the blocking state an output signal which is intended for example to prevent the starting of a vehicle motor, and which can be brought into the unblocking state only after presenting and analysing a breath sample with an alcohol concentration below a limit value

NOTE 1 It normally consists of a handset and a control unit electrically connected to the vehicle.

NOTE 2 In this European Standard the expression "starting of the vehicle motor" includes alternatively the provision of an respective output signal.

[EN 50436-1, 3.1, modified]

3.2

breath alcohol concentration

mass concentration of ethanol, given in mg/l (milligram ethanol per litre breath air), in a breath sample delivered into an alcohol interlock

[EN 50436-1, 3.2, modified]

3.3

breath sample

breath air sample taken under forced expiration through the mouth

[EN 50436-1, 3.3, modified]

3.4

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accepted breath sample

breath sample fulfilling set requirements for volume flow and exhalation time

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3.5

mouthpiece

part connecting the mouth of the tested person and the alcohol interlock to assure hygienic conditions and to avoid that the breath sample is mixed with ambient air

3.6

blocking state

state in which the alcohol interlock is inhibiting the start of the vehicle motor

[EN 50436-1, 3.4, modified]

3.7

unblocking state

state in which the vehicle motor can be started

[EN 50436-1, 3.5, modified]

3.8

breath alcohol concentration limit

predefined value of the breath alcohol concentration below which the vehicle motor may be started. A breath test result equal to or above this limit value will prevent the vehicle motor from being started

[EN 50436-1, 3.6, modified]

3.9

retest

breath test after the vehicle motor has been started

[EN 50436-1, 3.7]

- 7 -

3.10

start period

time interval after an accepted breath sample has been delivered during which the vehicle motor may be started

[EN 50436-1, 3.8, modified]

3.11

restart period

time interval after the ignition is switched off during which the vehicle motor may be started again without the presentation of another breath sample

NOTE This restart period is intended to ensure the driver's ability to restart the vehicle motor after a stall situation.

[EN 50436-1, 3.9, modified]

3.12

bypass

starting the vehicle motor without providing a breath sample with an accepted breath test result below the concentration limit or without engaging the override function

[EN 50436-1, 3.10, modified]

3.13

override

method of unblocking the start of the vehicle motor without providing a breath sample with an accepted breath test result below the concentration limit **Then STANDARD PREVIEW**

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[EN 50436-1, 3.11, modified]

3.14

tampering

unauthorised change to or interference with the alcohof interlock or its installation in the vehicle or its functioning 6eac37dcccc5/sist-en-50436-2-2008

[EN 50436-1, 3.12]

3.15

data memory

record of breath test results and other events with date and time stored in the internal memory of the alcohol interlock

3.16

manufacturer

person or organisation responsible for the design, construction and/or production of the alcohol interlock

3.17

aftermarket installation

any installation of an alcohol interlock in a vehicle after the original retail sale of a vehicle

3.18

OEM aftermarket installation

aftermarket installation of an alcohol interlock which is placed onto the market under the name of the vehicle manufacturer (OEM: original equipment manufacturer)

4 General requirements

4.1 Blocking and unblocking

Unblocking shall be achieved after delivery of an accepted breath sample and its analysis with a breath alcohol concentration below a limit value.

The alcohol interlock shall be blocking without supplementary action from the driver after switching off the ignition of the vehicle motor and the following expiration of a restart period.

The restart period has to be at least 1 min.

4.2 Override function

An override function is permissible.

It shall be possible to enable or to disable the override function.

In case the alcohol interlock has an override function, the override function shall be activated. The use of the override function by the user shall be indicated.

4.3 Influence on the vehicle motor

The alcohol interlock shall not influence a running vehicle motor, even in the case of a missed or a failed retest.

4.4 Vehicle circuitry (applicable to alcohol interlocks for aftermarket installation only)

The electrical properties of the on-board circuitry of the vehicle (lead cross-sections, contact safety, etc.) shall not be adversely affected by the alcohol interlock installed according to the manufacturer's instructions.

4.5 Concentration limit SIST EN 50436-2:2008

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The nominal breath-alcohol-concentration limit of the alcohol interlock shall be at least 0,09 mg/l.

4.6 Mouthpiece

The alcohol interlock shall have an exchangeable mouthpiece.

4.7 Data memory

A data memory in the alcohol interlock is optional.

Examples for events to be recorded are

- test results with a concentration value above the limit value,
- missing delivery of a breath sample during a retest,
- manipulation or circumvention attempts,
- overriding and bypassing,
- detachment and reattachment of handset,
- connections and disconnections of supply voltage.

If the alcohol interlock records one or several of these events, the correct recording with date and time shall be tested.

Data shall be stored in such a way, that it will not be lost due to unintended data corruption or low vehicle battery voltage.

NOTE There may be national regulations on data storage and evaluation.

4.8 Readiness

The alcohol interlock shall provide a visual and/or audible indication when it is ready for a breath test. A breath test shall only be accepted after a ready indication.

4.9 Tampering

The alcohol interlock shall be designed and built such that, when installed aftermarket in a vehicle, according to the manufacturer's instructions, it cannot be put out of service or be rendered ineffective or destroyed, without visible changes to the connection or the part of the alcohol interlock electrically connected to the vehicle or its installation.

The access to the data memory, to means for setting parameters and to adjustment possibilities shall be designed so as to deter unauthorised or inadvertent interference.

4.10 Electromagnetic compatibility

The alcohol interlock shall fulfil the relevant legal technical requirements with regard to electromagnetic compatibility (EMC).

NOTE For the European Union the legal requirements are given in the European Directive 2004/104/EC.

4.11 Electrical disturbances (not applicable to parts of the alcohol interlock integrated into other vehicle systems)

4.11.1 Supply lines

The alcohol interlock shall be tested for the influence of electrical disturbances according to ISO 7637-2 with the following test conditions:

- test pulses 2a, 2b, 3a, 3b (functional status: class A) and test pulse 4 (functional status: class C), <u>SIST EN 50436-2:2008</u>
- test level: IV. https://standards.iteh.ai/catalog/standards/sist/6a0266c5-cfac-4b30-9bee-

6eac37dcccc5/sist-en-50436-2-2008

4.11.2 Lines other than supply lines

The alcohol interlock shall be tested for the influence of electrical disturbances according to ISO 7637-3 with the following test conditions:

- functional status: class A;
- test pulses: a, b;
- test level: IV.

4.12 Type of protection

The following types of protection in accordance with EN 60529 shall be provided (see 8.3.5):

- IP40 for parts to be fitted in the passenger compartment, in the luggage compartment or in a compartment with a type of protection as stated below;
- IP42 for parts to be fitted in the passenger compartment of roadsters/convertibles and cars with moveable roof-panels if the installation location requires a higher degree of protection than IP40;
- IP54 for all other parts.

4.13 Combination with other systems

The alcohol interlock may be a stand-alone instrument, may be combined with other vehicle systems or may be integrated into them (e.g. engine management or alarm systems).