## INTERNATIONAL STANDARD

ISO 9609

First edition 1996-12-01

Aerospace — Nuts, hexagonal, plain, reduced height, normal across flats, with MJ threads, classifications: 450 MPa (at ambient temperature)/120 °C, 450 MPa iTeh (at ambient temperature)/235 °C, 600 MPa (at ambient temperature)/425 °C, 900 MPa (at ambient temperature)/235 °C, 900 MPa (at ambient temperature)/315 °C, 900 MPa (at ambient temperature)/650 °C, 1 100 MPa (at ambient temperature)/235 °C, 1 100 MPa (at ambient temperature)/730 °C and 1 250 MPa (at ambient temperature)/600 °C — Dimensions

Aéronautique et espace — Écrous hexagonaux ordinaires, hauteur réduite, surplats normaux, à filetage MJ, classifications: 450 MPa (à température ambiante)/120 °C, 450 MPa (à température ambiante)/235 °C, 600 MPa (à température ambiante)/425 °C, 900 MPa (à température ambiante)/315 °C, 900 MPa (à température ambiante)/315 °C, 900 MPa (à température ambiante)/650 °C, 1 100 MPa (à température ambiante)/730 °C et 1 250 MPa (à température ambiante)/600 °C — Dimensions



### **Foreword**

ISO (the International Organization for Standardization) is a worldwide federation of national standards bodies (ISO member bodies). The work of preparing International Standards is normally carried out through ISO technical committees. Each member body interested in a subject for which a technical committee has been established has the right to be represented on that committee. International organizations, governmental and non-governmental, in liaison with ISO, also take part in the work. ISO collaborates closely with the International Electrotechnical Commission (IEC) on all matters of electrotechnical standardization.

Draft International Standards adopted by the technical committees are circulated to the member bodies for voting. Publication as an International Standard requires approval by at least 75 % of the member bodies casting a vote.

International Standard ISO 9609 was prepared by Technical Committee ISO/TC 20, Aircraft and space vehicles, Subcommittee SC 41 Aerospace

fastener systems.

<u>ISO 9609:1996</u> https://standards.iteh.ai/catalog/standards/sist/1cff6a88-806e-4191-97fb-74db0ebf93b7/iso-9609-1996

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### Introduction

The dimensions specified in this International Standard have been determined to satisfy the requirements of the procurement specification which will be the subject of a future International Standard.

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ISO 9609:1996 https://standards.iteh.ai/catalog/standards/sist/1cff6a88-806e-4191-97fb-74db0ebf93b7/iso-9609-1996 Aerospace — Nuts, hexagonal, plain, reduced height, normal across flats, with MJ threads, classifications: 450 MPa (at ambient temperature)/120 °C, 450 MPa (at ambient temperature)/235 °C, 600 MPa (at ambient temperature)/425 °C, 900 MPa (at ambient temperature)/315 °C, 900 MPa (at ambient temperature)/315 °C, 900 MPa (at ambient temperature)/650 °C, 1 100 MPa (at ambient temperature)/730 °C and 1 250 MPa (at ambient temperature)/600 °C — Dimensions

### 1 Scope

This International Standard specifies the dimensions of plain, hexagonal nuts, reduced height, normal across flats, with MJ threads, of classifications:  $450 \text{ MPa}^{1)}/120 \text{ °C}^{2)}$ ,  $450 \text{ MPa}^{1)}/235 \text{ °C}^{2)}$ ,  $600 \text{ MPa}^{1)}/425 \text{ °C}^{2)}$ ,  $900 \text{ MPa}^{1)}/650 \text{ °C}^{2)}$ ,  $900 \text{ MPa}^{1)}/650 \text{ °C}^{2)}$ ,  $100 \text{ MPa}^{1)}/235 \text{ °C}^{2)}$ ,  $100 \text{ MPa}^{1)}/600 \text{ °C}^{2)}$ , and  $1250 \text{ MPa}^{1)}/600 \text{ °C}^{2)}$ .

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Nuts provided with holes are intended to be used with lockwire in conformity With 150 245. 74db0ebf93b7/iso-9609-1996

This International Standard is only applicable for the compilation of aerospace product standards.

#### 2 Normative references

The following standards contain provisions which, through reference in this text, constitute provisions of this International Standard. At the time of publication, the editions indicated were valid. All standards are subject to revision, and parties to agreements based on this International Standard are encouraged to investigate the possibility of applying the most recent editions of the standards indicated below. Members of IEC and ISO maintain registers of currently valid International Standards.

ISO 245:1986, Aircraft — Lockwire.

ISO 5855-2:1988, Aerospace — MJ threads — Part 2: Limit dimensions for bolts and nuts.

ISO 8788:1987, Aerospace — Fasteners — Tolerances of form and position for nuts.

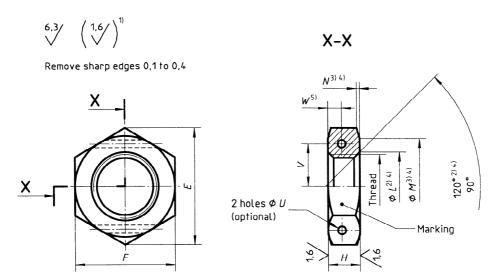
<sup>1)</sup> Corresponds to the minimum tensile stress which the nut is able to withstand at ambient temperature without breaking or cracking when tested with a bolt of a higher strength class.

<sup>2)</sup> Maximum temperature that the nut is able to withstand, without permanent alteration to its original characteristics, after ambient temperature has been restored. The maximum temperature is conditioned by the material or by the surface treatment.

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### 3 Configuration and dimensions

See figure 1 and table 1. Dimensions and tolerances are expressed in millimetres. They apply after any surface coating(s) but before the application of any lubricant.



NOTE — Tolerances of form and position shall conform to those specified in ISO 8788.

- 1) These values, in micrometers, apply before any surface coating(s) is(are) applied. The values do not apply to threads the surface texture of which will be as achieved by the usual manufacturing methods.
- 2) All forms of entry (chamfer or radius) permissible within these limiting dimensions.
- 3) Form of contour, within limiting dimensions, is left to the manufacturer's discretion. Diameter *M* may be tangential to, but shall not intrude on the flats.
- 4) Applicable to both faces

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5) From either face

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Table 1

Diameter	Thread <sup>1)</sup>	Е	F		Н	L		М	N	U	V	W	Lockwire
code		min.						min.	0 - 0,3	H13	± 0,2	min.	diameter <sup>2)</sup>
040	MJ4×0,7 – 4H6H	7,6	7	h12	2,6	4,2	+ 0,6 0	6,4		_	_	_	
050	MJ5×0,8 – 4H6H	8,7	8		3	5,2		7,4				_	
060	MJ6×1 – 4H5H	10,9	10	h13	3,5	6,3	+ 0.8	9,3	0,5	1	3,9	1,4	0,8
070	MJ7×1 – 4H5H	12	11		4	7,3		10,2			4,4	1,6	
080	MJ8×1 – 4H5H	14,3	13		4	8,3		12,2			5		
100	MJ10×1,25 – 4H5H	18,9	17		5	10,3		16	0,6	1,5	6,9	2,1	1,25
120	MJ12×1,25 – 4H5H	21,1	19		6	12,3		18			8	2,6	
140	MJ14×1,5 – 4H5H	24,5	22		7	14,4		21			9,6	3,1	
160	MJ16×1,5 – 4H5H	26,8	24		8	16,4		23			10,7	3,6	
180	MJ18×1,5 – 4H5H	30,2	27		9	18,4		26			12	4,1	
200	MJ20×1,5 – 4H5H	33,6	30		10	20,4		29			13,4	4,6	
220	MJ22×1,5 – 4H5H	35,8	32		11	22,4		30,9			14,4	5	
240	MJ24×2 – 4H5H	40,4	36		12	24,5		34,9			16,1	5,5	
1) In acce	rdance with ISO 5855-2		L	I	L	<b></b>		<b>L</b>	L	1	1	L	L.,

<sup>1)</sup> In accordance with ISO 5855-2

<sup>2)</sup> For information, in conformity with ISO 245

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### ICS 49.030.30

Descriptors: aircraft industry, fasteners, MJ threads, nuts (fasteners), hexagonal nuts, classification, dimensions.

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