INTERNATIONAL STANDARD



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Manually operated draughting machines ----

Part 1: Definitions, classification and designation iTeh STANDARD PREVIEW

Appareils à dessiner à commandes manuelles -

Partie 1: Définitions, classification et désignation ISO 9962-1:1992

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Foreword

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Draft International Standards adopted by the technical committees are circulated to the member bodies for voting. Publication as an International Standard requires approval by at least 75% of the member VIEW bodies casting a vote.

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ISO 9962 consists of the following parts, under the general title Manually operated draughting machines:

- Part 1: Definitions, classification and designation
- Part 2: Characteristics, performance, inspection and marking
- Part 3: Dimensions of scale rule chuck plates

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International Organization for Standardization

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Manually operated draughting machines -

Part 1:

Definitions, classification and designation

1 Scope

This part of ISO 9962 gives the definitions for, and specifies the classification and designation of, manually operated draughting machines.

2 Normative reference

The following standard contains provisions which, through reference in this text, constitute provisions of this part of ISO 9962. At the time of publication, the edition indicated was valid. All standards are subject to revision, and parties to agreements based on this part of ISO 9962 are encouraged to investigate the possibility of applying the most recent edition of the standard indicated below. Members of IEC and ISO maintain registers of currently valid International Standards.

ISO 5457:1980, Technical drawings — Sizes and layout of drawing sheets.

3 Definitions

For the purposes of ISO 9962, the following definitions apply.

NOTE 1 Terms printed in italics in the definitions are defined elsewhere in this clause.

3.1 manually operated draughting machine: Draughting machine with scale rules and indexing devices, operated manually by a parallel motion mechanism. 3.2 Types of manually operated draughting machine:

Two types of manually operated draughting machine are defined according to the parallel motion mech-

iTeh STANDARD PREVIEW 3.2.1 parallelogram-type

3.2.1 parallelogram-type draughting machine: (standards. Manually operated draughting machine which has a parallelogram-type parallel motion mechanism.

> **3.2.1.1 pulley-type draughting machine**: *Parallelogram-type draughting machine* which has a pulley-type parallel motion mechanism (see figure 1).

> **3.2.1.2 link-type draughting machine:** *Paral-lelogram-type draughting machine* which has a link-type parallel motion mechanism (see figure 2).

3.2.2 track-type draughting machine: *Manually operated draughting machine* which has a track-type parallel motion mechanism (see figures 3 and 4).

3.3 Main parts of manually operated draughting machine

3.3.1 head: Operating portion of a *manually operated draughting machine* for indexing, freewheeling, or locking of the *scale rule mounting plate*.

It comprises the parts defined in 3.3.1.1 to 3.3.1.10 (see figure 5).

3.3.1.1 knob: Grip used to move or rotate the scale rule mounting plate and the scale rules.

(See figure 5, item 1a.)

3.3.1.2 scale rule mounting plate: Plate on which the scale rules are mounted.

(See figure 5, item 1b.)

3.3.1.3 indexing lever: Lever to lock angles at every 15° interval or to make the *scale rule mounting plate* freewheeling.

(See figure 5, item 1c.)

3.3.1.4 angle lever: Lever to lock angles when the *indexing lever* is in the freewheeling position.

(See figure 5, item 1d.)

3.3.1.5 protractor: Main graduation plate for angle indication with two functions. The external graduation is for normal use and the internal one is for the reference line, or vice versa.

(See figure 5, item 1e.)

3.3.1.6 vernier for normal use: Vernier used for angle indication in normal draughting operations.

(See figure 5, item 1f.)

3.3.1.7 reference line lever: Lever to release and lock the angular position of the *head* with respect to the *reference line vernier*, which remains steady.

(See figure 5, item 1g.)

(See figures 1 and 2, item 3b.)

3.3.2.3 contact adjusting screw: Screw to adjust the scale rule contact with the drawing board.

(See figures 1 and 2, item 3c.)

3.3.2.4 upper joint: Joint between the *fixing bracket* and the *upper parallelogram* system.

(See figures 1 and 2, item 3d.)

3.3.2.5 upper parallelogram: Parallelogram connected to the fixing bracket.

(See figures 1 and 2, item 3e.)

3.3.2.6 counterbalance system: System to keep the machine balanced when it is in the vertical position.

(See figures 1 and 2, item 3f.)

3.3.2.7 counterweight: Part of the *counterbalance* system that enables the position of the *manually* operated draughting machine to be maintained, without the use of a brake or locking system, whatever the inclination of the drawing board.

(See figures 1 and 2, item 3g.)

y. **3.3.2.8 lower joint:** Joint between the upper ISO 9962 parallelogram and the lower parallelogram.

https://standards.iteh.ai/catalog/standard(Seet/01gu7eSb19and 2221tem/3h.) 3.3.1.8 reference line vernier: Vernier usedsfor6thee5c0/iso-9962-1-1992

reference line. 3.3.2.9 lower

(See figure 5, item 1h.)

3.3.1.9 indexing plate: Toothed plate which locks at regular intervals of 15°.

(See figure 5, item 1i.)

3.3.1.10 fine adjuster: Part for fine adjustment of the horizontal scale rule to a master direction.

NOTE 2 The master direction for a *track-type draughting machine* is defined by the horizontal rail.

(See figure 5, item 1j.)

3.3.2 Main parts of parallelogram-type draughting machines (see figures 1 and 2)

3.3.2.1 fixing bracket: Bracket to mount a manually operated draughting machine on a drawing board.

(See figures 1 and 2, item 3a.)

3.3.2.2 lifting hinge: Mechanism allowing a *manually operated draughting machine* to be lifted clear of the board surface. **3.3.2.9 lower parallelogram:** Parallelogram connected to the head.

(See figures 1 and 2, item 3i.)

3.3.3 Main parts of track-type draughting machines (see figures 3 and 4)

3.3.3.1 fixing bracket: Bracket to mount a *manually operated draughting machine* on a drawing board.

(See figures 3 and 4, item 4a.)

3.3.3.2 horizontal rail: Rail along which the *head* moves in the horizontal direction.

(See figures 3 and 4, item 4b.)

3.3.3.3 vertical rail: Rail along which the *head* moves in the vertical direction.

(See figures 3 and 4, item 4c.)

3.3.3.4 horizontal carriage: Carriage to move the *vertical rail* horizontally.

(See figures 3 and 4, item 4d.)

3.3.3.5 vertical carriage: Carriage to move the *head* vertically.

(See figures 3 and 4, item 4e.)

3.3.3.6 horizontal brake lever: Lever or button to lock the horizontal movement of the *head*.

(See figures 3 and 4, item 4f.)

3.3.3.7 vertical brake lever: Lever or button to lock the vertical movement of the *head*.

(See figures 3 and 4, item 4g.)

3.3.3.8 lifting hinge: Mechanism allowing the *head* to be lifted clear of the board surface.

(See figures 3 and 4, item 4h.)

3.3.3.9 counterweight: Weight in the *vertical rail* to balance the *head*.

(See figures 3 and 4, item 4i.)

3.3.3.10 board roller: Roller to support the *vertical rail*, running on the lower edge of the drawing board.

(See figures 3 and 4, item 4j.)

3.3.3.11 display: Digital readout of x and y coordinates and of angles.

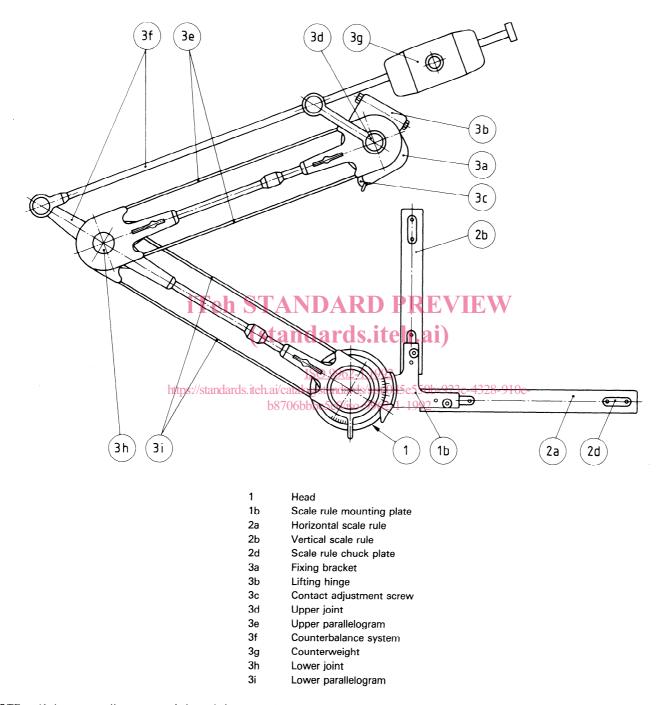
(See figures 3 and 4, item 4k.)

3.3.3.12 keyboard: Keys for inputting commands and data.

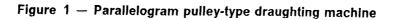
(See figures 3 and 4, item 4l.)

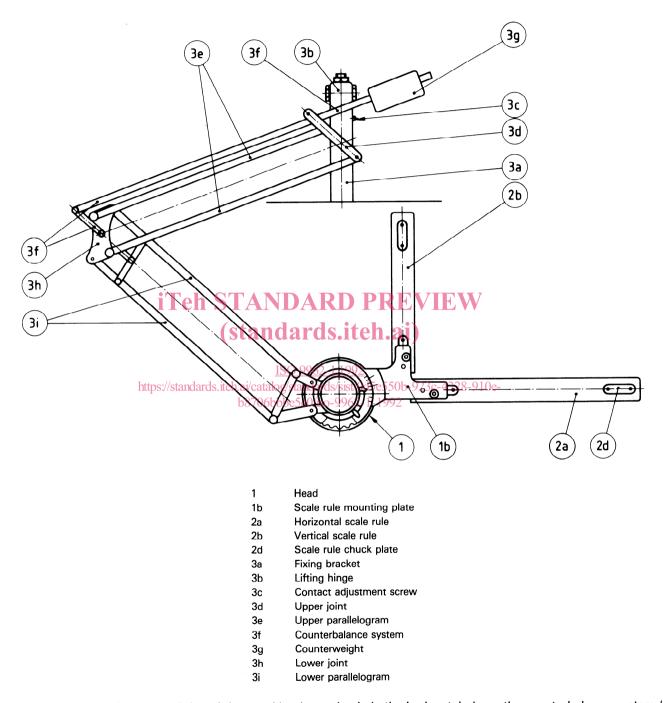
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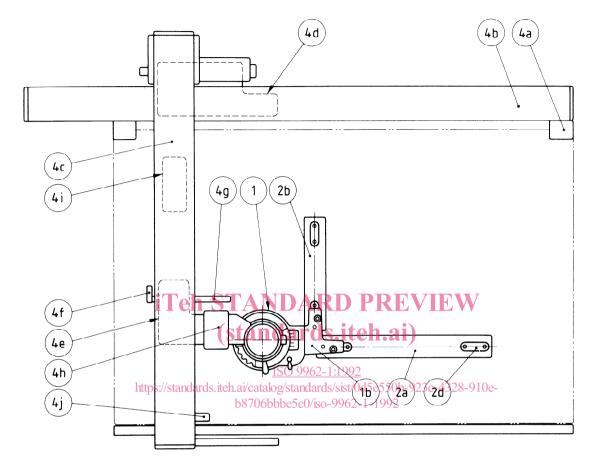
NOTE — If the manually operated draughting machine is used only in the horizontal plane, the counterbalance system (3f) and the counterweight (3g) are not necessary.





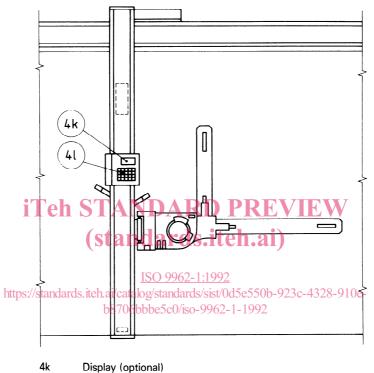
NOTE — If the manually operated draughting machine is used only in the horizontal plane, the counterbalance system (3f) and the counterweight (3g) are not necessary.

Figure 2 — Parallelogram link-type draughting machine



- 1 Head
- 1b Scale rule mounting plate
- 2a Horizontal scale rule
- 2b Vertical scale rule
- 2d Scale rule chuck plate
- 4a Fixing bracket
- 4b Horizontal rail
- 4c Vertical rail
- 4d Horizontal carriage
- 4e Vertical carriage
- 4f Horizontal brake lever
- 4g Vertical brake lever
- 4h Lifting hinge
- 4i Counterweight
- 4j Board roller

Figure 3 — Track-type draughting machine



4 Keyboard (optional)

Figure 4 — Track-type draughting machine with digital display