



Standard Specification for E-CTFE-Fluoroplastic Molding, Extrusion, and Coating Materials¹

This standard is issued under the fixed designation D 3275; the number immediately following the designation indicates the year of original adoption or, in the case of revision, the year of last revision. A number in parentheses indicates the year of last reapproval. A superscript epsilon (ε) indicates an editorial change since the last revision or reapproval.

This standard has been approved for use by agencies of the Department of Defense.

1. Scope *

1.1 This specification covers melt processible molding, extrusion, and coating materials of ethylene-chlorotrifluoroethylene (E-CTFE) fluoroplastics. The resin is a copolymer of ethylene and chlorotrifluoroethylene containing approximately 80 weight % of chlorotrifluoroethylene.

1.2 The values stated in SI units, as detailed in Practice E 380, are to be regarded as the standard.

1.3 The following precautionary statement pertains only to the test methods portion, Section 11 of this specification. *This standard does not purport to address all of the safety concerns, if any, associated with its use. It is the responsibility of the user of this standard to establish appropriate safety and health practices and determine the applicability of regulatory limitations prior to use.*

NOTE 1—Although this specification and ISO 12086-1 (1994) and ISO 12086-2 (1994) differ in approach or detail, data obtained using either are technically equivalent.

2. Referenced Documents

2.1 ASTM Standards:

D 150 Test Methods for A-C Loss Characteristics and Permittivity (Dielectric Constant) of Solid Electrical Insulating Materials²

D 618 Practice for Conditioning Plastics and Electrical Insulating Materials for Testing³

D 638 Test Method for Tensile Properties of Plastics³

D 792 Test Methods for Specific Gravity (Relative Density) and Density of Plastics by Displacement³

D 883 Terminology Relating to Plastics³

D 1238 Test Method for Flow Rates of Thermoplastics by Extrusion Plastometer³

D 1505 Test Method for Density of Plastics by the Density-Gradient Technique³

D 1708 Test Method for Tensile Properties of Plastics By

Use of Microtensile Specimens³

D 1898 Practice for Sampling of Plastics³

D 2863 Test Method for Measuring the Minimum Oxygen Concentration to Support Candle-Like Combustion of Plastics (Oxygen Index)⁴

D 3892 Practice for Packaging/Packing of Plastics⁴

D 4591 Test Method for Determining Temperature and Heats of Transitions of Fluoropolymer by Differential Scanning Calorimetry⁵

E 380 Practice for Use of the International System of Units (SI) (The Modernized Metric System)⁶

3. Terminology

3.1 **Definitions:** Definitions of terms used in this specification shall be in accordance with Terminology D 883.

4. Classification

4.1 This specification covers three types of E-CTFE-fluoroplastic supplied in pellet or powder forms for molding, extrusion, and coatings:

4.1.1 *Type I*—Low melt flow rate.

4.1.2 *Type II*—Medium melt flow rate.

4.1.3 *Type III*—High melt flow rate.

4.2 A one-line system may be used to specify materials covered by this specification. The system uses predefined cells to refer to specific aspects of this specification, as illustrated below.

Specification			
Standard Number	:	Type	:
Block	:		:
	:		:
Example: Specification		I	
D 3275 – 97,			

For this example, the line callout would be Specification D 3275 and would specify a low melt flow rate extrusion and molding grade of E-CTFE that has all of the properties listed for that Type in the appropriate tables, or both, in the specification identified. A comma is used as the separator

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² Annual Book of ASTM Standards, Vol 10.01.

³ Annual Book of ASTM Standards, Vol 08.01.

⁴ Annual Book of ASTM Standards, Vol 08.02.

⁵ Annual Book of ASTM Standards, Vol 08.03.

⁶ Annual Book of ASTM Standards, Vol 14.02.

*A Summary of Changes section appears at the end of this standard.

between the Standard Number and the Type.

5. Ordering Information

5.1 The purchase order or inquiry for these materials shall state the specification number and type. For example, D 3275 Type I.

5.2 Further definition, as may be required for the following, shall be on the basis of agreement between the seller and the purchaser:

5.2.1 Nominal Melt-Flow Rate.

6. General Requirements

6.1 The material covered by this specification shall conform to the requirements prescribed in Table 1 and Table 2 when tested by the procedures specified herein. Table 2 lists those tests requiring a specimen molded as described in 10.1.1.

7. Detail Requirements

7.1 Test specimens prepared in accordance with Section 10 shall conform to the requirements prescribed for the particular type and grade in Table 1 and Table 2.

8. Sampling

8.1 Unless otherwise agreed upon between the purchaser and the seller, the materials shall be sampled in accordance with the procedure described in Sections 1 and 12, as applicable, in Practice D 1898. Adequate statistical sampling shall be considered an acceptable alternative.

9. Number of Tests

9.1 One set of test specimens as prescribed in Section 11 shall be considered sufficient for testing each sample. The average result of the specimens tested shall conform to the requirements of this specification.

10. Specimen Preparation

10.1 Test Specimens:

10.1.1 Prepare test moldings 3.18 ± 0.3 mm (0.125 ± 0.012 in.) thick between two 0.38 to 0.51 mm (0.015 to 0.020 in.) thick chromium-plated ferrottype plates. Use a "picture frame" type compression molding chase with inner dimensions of 178 by 178 mm (7 by 7 in.) and having a thickness suitable to produce the required molded sheet. Use a charge of resin sufficient to provide the thickness sheet specified.

10.1.2 Place the mold chase on top of a chromium-plated ferrottype plate. Charge a quantity of resin sufficient to produce a 3.18 ± 0.30 -mm (0.125 ± 0.012 -in.) sheet in a diagonal

TABLE 1 Detail Requirements for Test on Molding Materials

	Type I	Type II	Type III
Melt flow rate, g/10 min:			
min	0.05	0.85	4.1
max	0.84	4.0	25
Melting endotherm peak, min, °C	240 ^A	240 ^A	240 ^A

^A If the melting peak endotherm is determined by a digital method that calculates the peak by determining when the tangent has zero slope, as described in 11.3, the result can be lower than when the method defined in Test Method D 4591 is used. For this reason, the minimum melting point specification must be reduced to 239°C when the former approach is used.

TABLE 2 Detail Requirements for Molded Test Specimens of Types I, II, and III Resins

Specific gravity, 23/23°C (73.4/73.4°F):	
min	1.65
max	1.71
Ultimate Tensile strength, 23°C (73.4°F), min:	
MPa	41.4
psi	6000
Ultimate Elongation, 23°C (73.4°F), min, %:	200
Oxygen index, min, %:	52
Dielectric constant, max:	
106 Hz	2.6
Dissipation factor, max:	
10 ⁶ Hz	0.015

pattern from corner to corner forming an "x" pattern. Place the other chromium-plated ferrottype plate on top of the resin charge and place the assembly in a compression molding press which has been heated to $264 \pm 3^\circ\text{C}$ ($507 \pm 5.4^\circ\text{F}$). Apply a pressure of 0.34 MPa (50 psi) and hold for 4 min. Increase pressure to 1.72 MPa (250 psi) and hold for 1 min followed by increasing the pressure to not less than 2.24 MPa (325 psi) and holding for 5 min. Remove the chase assembly from the press and immediately quench it in an ice-water bath, vigorously agitating the chase. Remove the ferrottype plates, keeping the chase and molded sheet in the ice water bath until quenching is complete.

11. Test Methods

11.1 Conditioning:

11.1.1 For tests of specific gravity, tensile properties, oxygen index, and electrical properties, condition the molded test specimens in accordance with Procedure A of Practice D 618, with the exception that only 4-h conditioning is required.

11.1.2 Conduct tests at the standard laboratory temperatures of $23 \pm 2^\circ\text{C}$ ($73.4 \pm 3.6^\circ\text{F}$) for determination of specific gravity, tensile properties, and electrical properties. Since the resin does not absorb water, the maintenance of constant humidity during testing is not necessary. Conduct tests for melt flow rate, oxygen index, and melting endotherm under ordinary laboratory conditions.

11.2 *Melt Flow Rate*—Determine the melt flow rate in accordance with Test Method D 1238 modified by use of corrosion-resistant alloy for the barrel lining, orifice, and piston tip.

11.3 *Melting Endotherm Peak*—Determine the melting endotherm peak in accordance with Test Method D 4591. For instruments capable of digital data processing of the melting endotherm curve, the peak maximum, as determined by the point on the curve for which the tangent has zero slope, may be reported as the melting point. Additionally, the heat of fusion and recrystallization may be reported directly from the display of the data processing equipment provided that the instrument has been calibrated with a standard material as defined in Test Method D 4591.

11.3.1 Other thermal techniques, such as differential thermal analysis, (DTA), capable of measuring the melting endotherm peak and giving equivalent results, may be used.