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Standard Practice for **Classifying Visual Defects in Thermosetting Reinforced** Plastic Pultruded Products¹

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1. Scope

- 1.1 This practice covers acceptance criteria for visual acceptance of thermosetting reinforced plastic pultruded rods, bars, shapes, and sheets.
- 1.2 One objective of this practice is to present definitions of possible defects to serve as a guide for contracts, drawings, product specifications, and final inspection.
- 1.3 This practice also categorizes different inspection requirements for three grades of product quality.
- 1.4 This standard does not purport to address all of the safety concerns, if any, associated with its use. It is the responsibility of the user of this standard to establish appropriate safety and health practices and determine the applicability of regulatory limitations prior to use.

Note 1—There is no similar or equivalent ISO standard.

2. Referenced Documents

- 2.1 ASTM Standards:
- D 3647 Practice for Classifying Reinforced Plastic Pultruded Shapes According to Composition²
- D 3917 Specification for Dimensional Tolerance of Thermosetting Glass-Reinforced Plastic Pultruded Shapes²

3. Acceptance Criteria s. itch.ai/catalog/standards/sist

- 3.1 The method and frequency of sampling and the quality level shall be agreed upon between the purchaser and the seller.
- 3.2 Dimensions and Tolerances—Pultruded shapes shall be inspected for conformance with dimensions and tolerances specified on the product drawing. Products with any dimensions exceeding the specified limits shall be rejected.
- 3.3 Punchability—Products 5 mm thick or thinner, having Reinforcement Material G and Reinforcement Type M in accordance with Practice D 3647, shall be capable of being punched, drilled, and riveted without causing splitting or delamination when good commercial practices are employed (for example, proper backup, adequate hole spacing, etc.).
- 3.4 Critical Areas—Areas in which the presence of imperfections is considered to be detrimental to the proper function

¹ This practice is under the jurisdiction of ASTM Committee D-20 on Plastics

of the part shall be designated as critical areas. The areas of a product that are critical structurally, aerodynamically, electrically, or for some other purpose shall be uniform and in accordance with the quality levels of Table 1 as stated on the product drawing. Critical areas may be designated on the product drawing by one of the following methods:

- 3.4.1 Encircle critical areas,
- 3.4.2 Cross-hatch areas to designate areas of various levels,
 - 3.4.3 Word description.
- 3.5 Allowable Defects—Defects that by nature, number, or frequency of occurrence do not affect the serviceability of the product. These allowable defects shall be fully described as to type, size, number, extent allowed, and spacing. The appropriate acceptance level (see Table 1) for defects in these areas must be specified. Defects in excess of those listed as allowable in the product specifications, drawings, or contracts for the product shall be cause for rejection.
- 3.6 Acceptable Defects—Unless otherwise specified, the following defects shall be acceptable in all instances:
- 3.6.1 Shrink-Mark—A dimple-like depression on the surface of a pultruded shape where it has retracted from the pultrusion die, and which has well-rounded edges. A shrinkmark generally occurs on one surface of a part where there is a boss, flange, rib, or other heavy section on the opposite surface. The shrink-mark may be caused by the difference in total shrinkage when there is a sudden change in section along the surface of the part.
- 3.6.2 Resin Voids—Applicable to a number of mat- and fabric-type reinforcement systems, particularly continuous strand mat used without a surfacing material or woven fabrics. The resin voids appear as multiple surface interruptions that conform to the pattern of the cloth weave or the continuous strand mat fiber distribution. This is usually due to an insufficient flow or shrinkage of the resin that fails to fill all of the interstices of the fabric or mat reinforcement. These defects occur only on the surface layer of resin in contact with the pultrusion die or mold.
- 3.6.2.1 Pultrusions intended for chemical corrosion environments with pH below 5, or over 9, or for immersion applications, require a synthetic surface veil to ensure adequate resin coverage. Any resin voids shall be repaired.
- 3.7 Repairable Defects—Repairable defects are those that can be repaired without affecting the serviceability of the

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² Annual Book of ASTM Standards, Vol 08.02.



product unless otherwise specifically prohibited on product specifications, drawings, or contracts. The specific repairable defects include blister, chips, die-parting line, gouges, grooving, intermittent disfigurement, scale, scuffing, sluffing, stop mark, wire brush surface, and resin voids (see 3.6.2). The repaired product must conform to the limits of Table 1. Other defects may be repaired by mutual consent of the customer and the pultruder. Methods of repair shall be agreed upon between the purchaser and the seller and shall be fully described by the product specification, drawings, or contracts.

4. Acceptance Levels

4.1 Visual Inspection—Each sample selected in accordance with 3.1 shall be checked visually without the aid of magnification. Defects shall be classified as to type and level, as shown in Table 1. The quality level shall be determined by reference to the product specification or drawing for the applicable acceptance level for allowable defects. The inspection shall be concerned with those defects described by the product specifications, drawings, or contracts for the pultruded products. If none of these first three levels (Levels I, II, or III) is considered applicable, the level shall be Level IV, and allowable defects must be specified on the product specification or drawing

including the criteria for acceptance. Any excess of defects, as specified under the required level, shall be cause for rejection. Unless otherwise specified, dimensions are surface dimensions.

- 4.2 Acceptance Level I—Presence of any defects in excess of those listed in Table 1, Level I, shall be cause for rejection.
- 4.3 Acceptance Level II—Presence of defects in excess of those listed in Table 1, Level II, shall be cause for rejection, if defect is not repairable.
- 4.4 Acceptance Level III—Presence of defects in excess of those listed in Table 1, Level III, shall be cause for rejection, if defect is not repairable.
- 4.5 Acceptance Level IV—Any defect not specifically defined by size or shape in Levels I, II, or III that falls into a category between Levels I, II, and III or beyond Level III and is considered acceptable, shall be designated as Level IV and shall be specified on the product specification or drawing. Any such defect shall be fully described as to size, shape, number, extend, and spacing on the product drawing, product specification, or contracts for the products.

5. Keywords

5.1 pultrusion; structural shapes; visual

TABLE 1 Acceptance Criteria

Name	Definition	Visual Acceptance Levels		
	Bommon	Level I	Level II	Level III
Black Marking	Black smudges on the surface of the pultruded product that cannot be removed by cleaning, scrubbing, or wiping with solvent. NOTE—Black marking results from	None	Permitted if not over 12 mm wide or 20 cm long or more than 4 marks per 3 m of length.	Permitted if not over 12 mm
	excessive pressures in the die when			
	the pultrusion is rubbing against soft or unchromed die surfaces.			
Blister	A rounded elevation of the pultruded surface with boundaries that may be more or less sharply defined. NOTE—The rounded elevation somewhat resembles in shape a blister on the surface of human skin. Blisters may exist within the	None P	Permitted if formed between surfacing layer and balance of laminate, width is not greater than 75 % of surface width (but 10 cm max) and length is not over 15 cm. No more than 1 per 3 m of length. roduct must meet test requirements and no	Permitted if formed between surfacing layer and balance of laminate, width is no greater than 80 % of surface width (but 13 cm max) and length is not over 20 cm. No more than 2 per 3 m of length. ot exceed dimensional tolerances.
	pultrusion as a hollow delaminated area (gas-filled) under a raised portion of the surface.		Repair if limits exc	ceeded.
Blooming, Fiber (Fiber Show)	A pultrusion surface condition exhibiting a fiber prominence or fiber show that usually has a white or bleached color and a sparkling appearance. NOTE—The surface generally feels rough when touched by the fingers and is of superficial thickness easily removed by buffing or light sanding.	None	Permitted for rod and bar with all roving roving profile unless the profile contains	reinforcement. None permitted for a mat/ no surfacing veil by its specification.
Blooming, Undercure	A dull and bleached surface color that is evident in pultruded material not exposed to the weather.	None	None	None
Burn	A discoloration, distortion, or destruction of the pultruded surface as a result of thermal decomposition.	None	None	None
Chips (Gouges)	Minor damage to the pultruded surface that removes material but does not cause a crack or craze.	None	Not over 6 mm long or wide or 0.64 mm deep. Not more than 4 per 3 m of length. Repair if limits exceeded.	Not over 10 mm wide or long or 0.64 mm deep. Not more than 5 per 3 m of length. Repair if limits exceeded.