Standard Specification for Ozone-Resistant Thermoplastic Elastomer Insulation For Wire and Cable, 90°C Operation¹

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1. Scope

- 1.1 This specification covers an ozone-resistant insulating compound for electrical wire and cables 14 AWG and larger. This compound consists substantially of a thermoplastic elastomer.
- 1.2 This type of insulation is considered suitable for continuous operation at conductor temperatures not exceeding 90° C in dry locations. Operating voltages are not to exceed 2000 V. The minimum installation temperature is -40° C.
- 1.3 The values stated in inch-pound units are the standard, except in cases where SI units are more appropriate. The values in parentheses are for information only.
- 1.4 In many instances the insulation cannot be tested unless it has been formed around a conductor or cable. Therefore, tests are done on insulated wire or cable in this specification solely to determine the relevant property of the insulation and not to test the conductor or completed cable.

2. Referenced Documents

- 2.1 ASTM Standards:
- D 470 Test Methods for Crosslinked Insulations and Jackets for Wire and Cable²
- D 2633 Methods of Testing Thermoplastic Insulations and Jackets for Wire and Cable³

3. Terminology

- 3.1 Definition of Term Specific to This Standard.
- 3.1.1 aging (act of), n—the exposure of materials to air at 121° C for 168 h.

4. Physical Properties

- 4.1 Requirements for physical properties are listed in Table 1.
- 4.2 *Thickness of Insulation*—Table 1(*a*), (Conductor Sizes, Insulation Thicknesses, and AC Test Voltages for Rubber Insulations) of Test Methods D 470 lists the minimum average

TABLE 1 Requirements for Physical Properties

Unaged Requirements:	
Tensile strength, min, psi (MPa)	1000 (6.9)
Elongation at rupture, min, %	300
Aged Requirements (after air oven test at	
121 ± 1°C for 168 h):	
Tensile strength and elongation, at rupture min, % of	75
unaged value	
Heat Distortion (at 150 \pm 1°C, max, % of unaged value):	
4/0 AWG (107 m ²) and smaller (insulation on cable)	50
Larger than 4/0 AWG (107 mm ²) (buffed sample of	50
insulation)	

thickness for the insulation. The required minimum thickness is 90 % of the specified average thickness.

5. Electrical Requirements

- 5.1 Order of Testing—Perform the ac voltage, insulation resistance, and dc voltage tests in that order when any of these tests are specified. The sequence of other testing is not specified.
- 5.2 AC Voltage Test—Unless otherwise specified, omit this test if the dc voltage test described in 5.4 is to be performed. Test each insulated conductor for 5 min at the ac voltage given in Table 1(a) (Conductor Sizes, Insulation Thicknesses, and AC Test Voltages, for Rubber Insulations) of Methods D 470 under the columns labelled "Ozone-Resisting Insulations."
- 5.3 *Insulation Resistance*—The insulated conductor shall have an insulation resistance value of at least that corresponding to a constant of 10 000 at 60°F (15.6°C).
- 5.3.1 If the water temperature at the time measurement was made differs from $60^{\circ}F$ ($15.6^{\circ}C$), correct the insulation resistance to $60^{\circ}F$. Table 2, (Temperature Correction Factors for Insulation Resistance at $60^{\circ}F$) of Test Methods D 470 contains the correction factors. Each insulation manufacturer can furnish the $1^{\circ}F$ coefficient for the insulation material by using the procedure given in Test Methods D 470. Multiply the measured value by the correction factor to obtain the insulation resistance value corrected to $60^{\circ}F$.
- 5.3.2 If the insulated conductor is covered with a non-metallic sheath so that the insulation resistance can be measured only on the completed assembly, the required insulation resistance shall be at least 60 % of that required for the primary insulation based on the thickness of that insulation.
- 5.4 *DC Voltage Test*—Unless otherwise specified, omit this test if the ac voltage test described in 5.2 has been performed.

¹ This specification is under the jurisdiction of ASTM Committee D-9 on Electrical and Electronic Insulating Materials and is the direct responsibility of Subcommittee D09.18 on Solid Insulations, Non-Metallic Shieldings, and Coverings for Electrical and Telecommunications Wires and Cables.

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² Annual Book of ASTM Standards, Vol 10.01.

³ Annual Book of ASTM Standards, Vol 10.02.