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INTERNATIONAL STANDARD





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INTERNATIONAL STANDARD

Industrial communication networks - Fieldbus specifications - Part 3-14: Data-link layer service definition - Type 14 elements



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INTERNATIONAL ELECTROTECHNICAL COMMISSION

INDUSTRIAL COMMUNICATION NETWORKS – FIELDBUS SPECIFICATIONS –

Part 3-14: Data-link layer service definition – Type 14 elements

FOREWORD

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NOTE 1 Use of some of the associated protocol types is restricted by their intellectual-property-right holders. In all cases, the commitment to limited release of intellectual-property-rights made by the holders of those rights permits a particular data-link layer protocol type to be used with physical layer and application layer protocols in type combinations as specified explicitly in the profile parts. Use of the various protocol types in other combinations may require permission of their respective intellectual-property-right holders.

International Standard IEC 61158-3-14 has been prepared by subcommittee 65C: Industrial networks, of IEC technical committee 65: Industrial-process measurement, control and automation.

This second edition cancels and replaces the first edition published in 2007. This edition constitutes a technical revision.

The main changes with respect to the previous edition are listed below:

Provide stability date for the publication;

- Update the edition of IEC 61588;
- Update the Normative references and Bibliography;
- Update the value of Protocol type in subclause 5.3.2;
- Correct the edit error;
- specification changes for CPF3;
- update of the requirements for all conformance classes;
- update of the requirements for all conformance services.

The text of this standard is based on the following documents:

| FDIS | Report on voting | |
|--------------|------------------|-------------------|
| 65C/604/FDIS | 65C/618/RVD | $\overline{\ \ }$ |

Full information on the voting for the approval of this standard can be found in the report on voting indicated in the above table.

This publication has been drafted in accordance with ISO/IEC Directives, Part 2.

A list of all parts of the IEC 61158 series, published under the general title *Industrial* communication networks – Fieldbus specifications, can be found on the IEC web site.

The committee has decided that the contents of this publication will remain unchanged until the stability date indicated on the IEC web site under "http://webstore.iec.ch" in the data related to the specific publication. At this date, the publication will be

- reconfirmed,
- withdrawn,
- replaced by a revised edition or
- amended.

NOTE 2 The revision of this standard will be synchronized with the other parts of the IEC 61158 series.

INTRODUCTION

This part of IEC 61158 is one of a series produced to facilitate the interconnection of automation system components. It is related to other standards in the set as defined by the "three-layer" fieldbus reference model described in IEC/TR 61158-1.

Throughout the set of fieldbus standards, the term "service" refers to the abstract capability provided by one layer of the OSI Basic Reference Model to the layer immediately above. Thus, the data-link layer service defined in this standard is a conceptual architectural service, independent of administrative and implementation divisions.



INDUSTRIAL COMMUNICATION NETWORKS – FIELDBUS SPECIFICATIONS –

Part 3-14: Data-link layer service definition – Type 14 elements

1 Scope

1.1 Overview

This part of IEC 61158 provides common elements for basic time-critical messaging communications between devices in an automation environment. The term 'time-critical' is used to represent the presence of a time-window, within which one or more specified actions are required to be completed with some defined level of certainty. Failure to complete specified actions within the time window risks failure of the applications requesting the actions, with attendant risk to equipment, plant and possibly human life.

This standard defines in an abstract way the externally visible service provided by the Type 14 fieldbus data-link layer in terms of

- a) the primitive actions and events of the service;
- b) the parameters associated with each primitive action and event, and the form which they take; and
- c) the interrelationship between these actions and events, and their valid sequences.

The purpose of this standard is to define the services provided to

- the Type 14 fieldbus application layer at the boundary between the application and datalink layers of the fieldbus reference model, and
- systems management at the boundary between the data-link layer and systems management of the fieldbus reference model.

1.2 Specifications

The principal objective of this standard is to specify the characteristics of conceptual data-link layer services suitable for time-critical communications, and thus supplement the OSI Basic Reference Model in guiding the development of data-link protocols for time-critical communications. A secondary objective is to provide migration paths from previously-existing industrial communications protocols.

This specification may be used as the basis for formal DL-Programming-Interfaces. Nevertheless, it is not a formal programming interface, and any such interface will need to address implementation issues not covered by this specification, including

- a) the sizes and octet ordering of various multi-octet service parameters, and
- b) the correlation of paired request and confirm, or indication and response, primitives.

1.3 Conformance

This standard does not specify individual implementations or products, nor do they constrain the implementations of data-link entities within industrial automation systems.

There is no conformance of equipment to this data-link layer service definition standard. Instead, conformance is achieved through implementation of the corresponding data-link protocol that fulfills the Type 14 data-link layer services defined in this standard.

2 Normative references

The following referenced documents are indispensable for the application of this standard. For dated references, only the edition cited applies. For undated references, the latest edition of the referenced document (including any amendments) applies.

IEC 61588:2009, Precision clock synchronization protocol for networked measurement and control system

ISO/IEC 7498-1, Information technology – Open Systems Interconnection – Basic Reference Model – Basic Reference Model: The Basic Model

ISO/IEC 7498-3, Information technology – Open Systems Interconnection – Basic Reference Model – Basic Reference Model: Naming and addressing

ISO/IEC 8802-3, Information technology – Telecommunications and information exchange between systems – Local and metropolitan area networks – Specific requirements – Part 3: Carrier sense multiple access with collision detection (CSMA/CD) access method and physical layer specifications

ISO/IEC 10731, Information technology – Open Systems Interconnection – Basic Reference Model – Conventions for the definition of OSI services

IETF RFC 768, User Datagram Protocol, available at http://www.ietf.org

IETF RFC 791, Internet protocol, available at http://www.ietf.org

IETF RFC 793, Transmission Control Protocol, available at http://www.ietf.org

3 Terms, definitions, symbols, abbreviations and conventions

For the purposes of this document, the following terms, definitions, symbols, abbreviations and conventions apply.

3.1 Reference model terms and definitions

This standard is based in part on the concepts developed in ISO/IEC 7498-1 and ISO/IEC 7498-3 and makes use of the following terms defined therein:

| DL-address | [ISO/IEC 7498-3] |
|--|--|
| DL-address-mapping | [ISO/IEC 7498-1] |
| called-DL-address | [ISO/IEC 7498-3] |
| calling-DL-address | [ISO/IEC 7498-3] |
| centralized multi-end-point-connection | [ISO/IEC 7498-1] |
| DL-connection | [ISO/IEC 7498-1] |
| DL-connection-end-point | [ISO/IEC 7498-1] |
| DL-connection-end-point-identifier | [ISO/IEC 7498-1] |
| DL-connection-mode transmission | [ISO/IEC 7498-1] |
| | DL-address DL-address-mapping called-DL-address calling-DL-address centralized multi-end-point-connection DL-connection DL-connection-end-point DL-connection-end-point-identifier DL-connection-mode transmission |

| 3.1.10 DL-connectionless-mode transmission | [ISO/IEC 7498-1] |
|---|--------------------------|
| 3.1.11 correspondent (N)-entities correspondent DL-entities (N=2) correspondent Ph-entities (N=1) | [ISO/IEC 7498-1] |
| 3.1.12 DL-duplex-transmission | [ISO/IEC 7498-1] |
| 3.1.13 (N)-entity DL-entity (N=2) Ph-entity (N=1) | [ISO/IEC 7498-1] |
| 3.1.14 DL-facility | [ISO/IEC 7498-1] |
| 3.1.15 flow control | [ISO/IEC 7498-1] |
| 3.1.16 (N)-layer DL-layer (N=2) Ph-layer (N=1) | [ISQ/IEC 7498-1] |
| 3.1.17 layer-management | [ISO/IEC 7498-1] |
| 3.1.18 DL-local-view | [ISO/IEC 7498-3] |
| 3.1.19 DL-name | [ISO/IEC 7498-3] |
| 3.1.20 naming-(addressing)-domain | [ISO/IEC 7498-3] |
| 3.1.21 peer-entities | [ISO/IEC 7498-1] |
| 3.1.22 primitive name | [ISO/IEC 7498-3] |
| 3.1.23 DL-protocol | [ISO/IEC 7498-1] |
| 3.1.24 DL-protocol-connection-identifier | [ISO/IEC 7498-1] |
| /3.1.25 DL-protocol-data-unit (s) /d 303e5-f4bf-4d4d-bad9-2a43a9b | [ISO/IEC 7498-1] 14-2010 |
| 3.1.26 DL-relay | [ISO/IEC 7498-1] |
| 3.1.27 Reset | [ISO/IEC 7498-1] |
| 3.1.28 responding-DL-address | [ISO/IEC 7498-3] |
| 3.1.29 routing | [ISO/IEC 7498-1] |
| 3.1.30 segmenting | [ISO/IEC 7498-1] |
| 3.1.31 (N)-service DL-service (N=2) Ph-service (N=1) | [ISO/IEC 7498-1] |
| 3.1.32 (N)-service-access-point DL-service-access-point (N=2) Ph-service-access-point (N=1) | [ISO/IEC 7498-1] |
| 3.1.33 DL-service-access-point-address | [ISO/IEC 7498-3] |
| 3.1.34 DL-service-connection-identifier | [ISO/IEC 7498-1] |
| 3.1.35 DL-service-data-unit | [ISO/IEC 7498-1] |
| 3.1.36 DL-simplex-transmission | [ISO/IEC 7498-1] |
| | |