

SLOVENSKI STANDARD SIST EN 24497:2000

01-december-2000

Metallic powders - Determination of particle size by dry sieving (ISO 4497:1983)

Metallic powders - Determination of particle size by dry sieving (ISO 4497:1983)

Metallpulver - Bestimmung der Teilchengrößen durch Trockensiebung (ISO 4497:1983)

Poudres métalliques - Détermination de la granulométrie par tamisage a sec (ISO 4497:1983)

(standards.iteh.ai)

Ta slovenski standard je istoveten z: EN 24497:1993

https://standards.iteh.ai/catalog/standards/sist/facc3317-41ce-4e17-a238-

5c4ef4cc365b/sist-en-24497-2000

ICS:

77.160 Metalurgija prahov Powder metallurgy

SIST EN 24497:2000 en

SIST EN 24497:2000

iTeh STANDARD PREVIEW (standards.iteh.ai)

SIST EN 24497:2000

https://standards.iteh.ai/catalog/standards/sist/facc3317-41ce-4e17-a238-5c4ef4cc365b/sist-en-24497-2000

EUROPEAN STANDARD

EN 24497:1993

NORME EUROPÉENNE

EUROPÄISCHE NORM

April 1993

UDC 621.762:669-492.2:6210.928.2:620.1

Descriptors:

Powder metallurgy, metallic powder, grain size analysis, sieve analysis, sieves

English version

Metallic powders - Determination of particle size by dry sieving (ISO 4497:1983)

Poudres métalliques granulométrie par (ISO 4497:1983) Détermination de la DARD PR Metallpulver - Bestimmung der Teilchengrößen tamisage à sec durch Trockensiebung (ISO 4497:1983)

(standards.iteh.ai)

SIST EN 24497:2000

https://standards.iteh.ai/catalog/standards/sist/facc3317-41ce-4e17-a238-5c4ef4cc365b/sist-en-24497-2000

This European Standard was approved by CEN on 1993-04-02. CEN members are bound to comply with the CEN/CENELEC Internal Regulations which stipulate the conditions for giving this European Standard the status of a national standard without any alteration.

Up-to-date lists and bibliographical references concerning such national standards may be obtained on application to the Central Secretariat or to any CEN member:

The European Standards exist in three official versions (English, French, German). A version in any other language made by translation under the responsibility of a CEN member into_its own language and notified to the Central Secretariat has the same status as the official versions.

CEN members are the national standards bodies of Austria, Belgium, Denmark, Finland, France, Germany, Greece, Iceland, Ireland, Italy, Luxembourg, Netherlands, Norway, Portugal, Spain, Sweden, Switzerland and United Kingdom.

CEN

European Committee for Standardization Comité Européen de Normalisation Europäisches Komitee für Normung

Central Secretariat: rue de Stassart, 36 B-1050 Brussels

Page 2 EN 24497:1993

Foreword

In 1992 ISO 4497:1983 "Metallic powders - Determination of particle size by dry sieving" was submitted to the CEN Primary Questionnaire procedure.

Following the positive result of the CEN/CS Proposal ISO 4497:1983 was submitted to the CEN Formal Vote. The result of the Formal Vote was positive.

This European Standard shall be given the status of a national standard, either by publication of an identical text or by endorsement, at the latest by October 1993, and conflicting national standards shall be withdrawn at the latest by October 1993.

According to the Internal Regulations of CEN/CENELEC, the following countries are bound to implement this European Standard :

Austria, Belgium, Denmark, Finland, France, Germany, Greece, Iceland, Ireland, Italy, Luxembourg, Netherlands, Norway, Portugal, Spain, Sweden, Switzerland and United Kingdom.

iTeh STANDARD PREVIEW (standards.iteh.ai)

Endorsement notice

https://standards.iteh.ai/catalog/standards/sist/facc3317-41ce-4e17-a238-

The text of the International Standard ISO 4497:1983 was approved by CEN as a European Standard without any modification.

NOTE: The European references to international publications are given in annex ZA (normative).

Page 3 EN 24497:1993

Annex ZA (normative) Normative references to international publications with their relevant European publications

This European Standard incorporates by dated or undated reference, provisions from other publications. These normative references are cited at the appropriate places in the text and the publications are listed hereafter. For dated references, subsequent amendments to or revisions of any of these publications apply to this European Standard only when incorporated in it by amendment or revision. For undated references the latest edition of the publication referred to applies (including amendments).

<u>Publication</u>	<u>Year</u>	<u>Title</u>	EN/HD	<u>Year</u>
ISO 565		Test sieves - Metal wire cloth, perforated metal plate and electroformed sheet - Nominal sizes of openings	 E W	
ISO 2591		Test sieving (standards.iteh.ai)		

SIST EN 24497:2000

https://standards.iteh.ai/catalog/standards/sist/facc3317-41ce-4e17-a238-5c4ef4cc365b/sist-en-24497-2000

SIST EN 24497:2000

iTeh STANDARD PREVIEW (standards.iteh.ai)

SIST EN 24497:2000

https://standards.iteh.ai/catalog/standards/sist/facc3317-41ce-4e17-a238-5c4ef4cc365b/sist-en-24497-2000

International Standard



4497

INTERNATIONAL ORGANIZATION FOR STANDARDIZATION●MEЖДУНАРОДНАЯ ОРГАНИЗАЦИЯ ПО СТАНДАРТИЗАЦИИ●ORGANISATION INTERNATIONALE DE NORMALISATION

Metallic powders — Determination of particle size by dry sieving

Poudres métalliques - Détermination de la granulométrie par tamisage à sec

First edition - 1983-06-15 Feh STANDARD PREVIEW (standards.iteh.ai)

SIST EN 24497:2000 https://standards.iteh.ai/catalog/standards/sist/facc3317-41ce-4e17-a238-5c4ef4cc365b/sist-en-24497-2000

UDC 621.762:669-492.2:621.928.2

Ref. No. ISO 4497-1983 (E)

O 4497-1983 (E

Foreword

ISO (the International Organization for Standardization) is a worldwide federation of national standards bodies (ISO member bodies). The work of developing International Standards is carried out through ISO technical committees. Every member body interested in a subject for which a technical committee has been authorized has the right to be represented on that committee. International organizations, governmental and non-governmental, in liaison with ISO, also take part in the work.

Draft International Standards adopted by the technical committees are circulated to the member bodies for approval before their acceptance as International Standards by the ISO Council.

International Standard ISO 4497 was developed by Technical Committee ISO/TC 119, F V Powder metallurgy, and was circulated to the member bodies in August 1982.

(standards.iteh.ai)

It has been approved by the member bodies of the following countries:

SIST EN 24497:2000

Canada China Italys://standards.iteh.ai/cataloSpaindards/sist/facc3317-41ce-4e17-a238-Mexico 5-4464-Sweden --- 24407-2000

China Mexico Sweden - 24497-2000
Czechoslovakia Norway United Kingdom

Egypt, Arab Rep. of Poland USA

France Romania USSR

Germany, F. R. South Africa, Rep. of

No member body expressed disapproval of the document.

Metallic powders — Determination of particle size by dry sieving

1 Scope and field of application

This International Standard specifies a method of determining the particle size distribution of metallic powders by dry sieving into size fractions.

The method is applicable to dry, unlubricated metallic powders, but not applicable to powders in which the morphology differs markedly from being equiaxial, for example flake-type powders.

The method is not applicable to metallic powders having a particle size wholly or mostly under 45 μm .

The aperture size of the test sieves shall be chosen from the principal size (R 20/3) sieves of ISO 565, but if this is not appropriate the principal sizes can be partly or totally replaced from one of the intermediate sizes (R 40/3 or R 20). The aperture sizes of the test sieves shall be chosen so as to determine adequately the particle size distribution of the test portion (see clause 7).

NOTE — An irregular or partial set of test sieves may be selected, if agreed between the supplier and the purchaser.

4.2 Mechanical sieving machine, if used (see 6.2).

iTeh STANDARD PREVIEW

2 References

4.3 Balance, capable of weighing at least 100 g to an (standards jaccuracy of ± 0,05 g.

ISO 565, Test sieves — Woven metal wire cloth, perforated plate and electroformed sheet — Nominal sizes of openings 24497.2000 Soft brush.

https://standards.iteh.ai/catalog/standards/sist/facc3317-41ce-4e17-a238-

ISO 2591, Test sieving.

5c4ef4cc365b/sist-en-2549 Preparation of test portion

3 Principle

Separation of the metallic powder into particle size fractions by shaking through a set of wire cloth test sieves arranged in consecutive order of size of aperture openings.

Weighing of the fractions retained on each sieve and the fraction passing the finest sieve.

4 Apparatus

4.1 Calibrated series of non-magnetic wire cloth sieves, having different nominal aperture sizes. Each sieve cloth shall be mounted in a non-magnetic metal frame having a nominal diameter of 200 mm and a nominal depth within the range 25 mm to 50 mm.

NOTE - ISO 2591 specifies a nominal depth of 50 mm.

The test sieve frames shall nest snugly with one another, and the set shall be completed with a lid on top and a collecting pan below the bottom sieve.

The calibration of sieves shall be carried out according to ISO 2591, sub-clause 3.1.3.

- **5.1** In general, the powder shall be tested in the as-received condition. If necessary, the powder may be dried. However, if the powder is susceptible to oxidation, the drying shall take place in vacuum or an inert gas.
- **5.2** The test portion shall have a mass of approximately 100 g for powders having an apparent density greater than 1,50 g/cm 3 . If the apparent density of the powder is 1,50 g/cm 3 or less, the mass of the test portion shall be approximately 50 g.

6 Procedure

- **6.1** The series of test sieves selected shall be assembled complete with lid and collecting pan in consecutive order of size of apertures, with the sieve having the largest aperture on top. The test portion shall be placed on the top sieve and this should be closed by a lid.
- **6.2** The sieving shall be performed either by hand or by means of a mechanical sieving machine.

NOTE — As different types of sieving machines are known to give different results when using the same sieves and the same powder, it is generally possible to establish a correlation between different machines for a particular powder.