ISO/IEC 11801 (second edition – 2002)

Information technology – Generic cabling for customer premises

Amendment 2 (2010)

CORRIGENDUM 1

Corrigendum 1 applies to Amendment 2 (2010) of ISO/IEC 11801:2002.

2 Normative references

Replace the existing references by the following:

IEC 60603-7-2:2010, Connectors for electronic equipment – Part 7-2: Detail specification for 8-way, unshielded, free and fixed connectors, for data transmissions with frequencies up to 100 MHz

IEC 60603-7-3:2010, Connectors for electronic equipment—Part 7-3: Detail specification for 8-way, shielded, free and fixed connectors, for data transmissions with frequencies up to 100 MHz

IEC 60603-7-4:2010, Connectors for electronic equipment – Part 7-4: Detail specification for 8-way, unshielded, free and fixed connectors, for data transmissions with frequencies up to 250 MHz

IEC 60603-7-5:2010. Connectors for electronic equipment – Part 7-5: Detail specification for 8-way, shielded, free and fixed connectors, for data transmissions with frequencies up to 250 MHz

IEC 60603-7-41:2010. Connectors for electronic equipment – Part 7-41: Detail specification for 8-way, unshielded, free and fixed connectors, for data transmissions with frequencies up to 500 MHz

IEC 60603-7-51:2019, Connectors for electronic equipment – Part 7-51: Detail specification for 8-way, shielded, free and fixed connectors, for data transmissions with frequencies up to 500 MHz

IEC 61156-2:2010, Multicore and symmetrical pair/quad cables for digital communications – Part 2: Symmetrical pair/quad cables with transmission characteristics up to 100 MHz – Horizontal floor cable – Sectional specification

IEC 61156-6:2010, Multicore and symmetrical pair/quad cables for digital communications – Part 6: Symmetrical pair/quad cables with transmission characteristics up to 1 000 MHz – Work area wiring – Sectional specification

Insert the following reference:

ISO/IEC 14763-1, Information technology – Implementation and operation of customer premises cabling – Part 1: Administration

5.7.5.1 General requirements

Replace the second sentence as follows:

Until ISO/IEC 14763-2 is published, relevant information can be found in ISO/IEC TR 14763-2.

6.4.9 Current carrying capacity

Replace the existing first paragraph by the following paragraph and Table:

The minimum current carrying capacity for channels of Classes D, E, EA, F and FA shall be in accordance with Table 84. This shall be achieved by an appropriate design.

Table 84 - Current carrying capacity for channel

Minimum current carrying capacity	Operating temperature (t)
A d.c.	°C /
0,300	$t \leq (T_{R} - 0)$
0,175	$(T_{R} - 10) < t \leq T_{R}$
Where T_R is the operating temperature components composubsystem.	re specified for the

7.2.3.2 Dimensions

Replace the existing Table 33 by the following:

Table 33 - Backbone channel length equations

	Implementation equations ^a							
Component Category	Class A	Class B	Class C	Class D	Class E	Class E _A	Class F	Class F _A
5	2 000	B = 250 - FX	B = 170 - FX	B = 105 - FX	-	-	-	-
6	2 000	B = 260 - FX	B = 185 - FX	B = 111 - FX	B = 105 - 3 ^b - FX	-	-	-
6 _A	2 000	B = 260 - FX	B = 189 - FX	B = 114 - FX	B = 108 - 3 ^b - FX	B = 105 - 3 ^b - FX	_	-
7	2 000	B = 260 - FX	B = 190 - FX	B = 115 - FX	B = 109 - 3 ^b - FX	B = 107 - 3 ^b - FX	B =	-
7 _A	2 000	B = 260 - FX	B = 192 - FX	B = 117 - FX	B = 111 - 3 ^b - FX	B = 110 - 3 ^b - FX	$B = 105 - 3^{b} - FX$	B = 110 - 3 ^b - FX

B the maximum length of the backbone cable (m)

NOTE 1 Where channels contain a different number of connections than in the model shown in Figure 13, the fixed cable length is reduced (where more connections exist) or increased (where fewer connections exist) by 2 m per connection for Category 5 cables and 1 m per connection for Category 6, 6, 7 and 7_A cables. Additionally, the NEXT, return loss (RL) and ACR-F performance should be verified.

NOTE 2 For operating temperatures above 20 °C, B should be reduced by 0,2 % per °C for screened cables; 0,4 % per °C (20 °C to 40 °C) and 0,6 % per °C (40 °C to 60 °C) for unscreened cables.

- a Applications limited by propagation delay or delay skew may not be supported if channel lengths exceed 100 m.
- b This length reduction is to provide an allocated margin to accommodate insertion loss deviation.

9.2.2.6 Current carrying capacity

Replace the existing first paragraph and table by the following:

The minimum d.c. current carrying capacity shall be as indicated in Table 64.

Table 64 – Current carrying capacity for channel

Minimum current	Operating temperature (t)		
A d.c.	°C		
0,300	$t \leq (T_{R} - 10)$		
0,175	$(T_{R}-10) < t \leq T_{R}$		

Where $T_{\rm R}$ is the lowest maximum operating temperature specified for the components comprising the cabling subsystem.

F combined length of patch cords/jumpers and equipment cords (m)

X the ratio of cord cable insertion loss (dB/m) to backbone cable insertion loss (dB/m)

9.4.4 Single mode optical fibre cables

Change in second and third paragraphs "single-mode, fibre complying with" to "single-mode, optical fibre waveguide complying with".

10.1.6 Installation practices

Replace, in the last paragraph before NOTE 1, "ISO/IEC TR 14763-1" by "ISO/IEC 14763-1".

12 Administration

Replace, in the first paragraph, "ISO/IEC TR 14763-1" by "ISO/IEC 14763-1".

B.3 Overview of test regimes

Replace the existing Table B.2 by the following:

Table B.2 – Test regime for reference conformance and installation conformance – Optical fibre cabling

		<u> </u>	
Transmission parameter	Reference conformance testing	Installation conformance testing	
Attenuation		N	
Propagation delay ^a		I	
Polarity	S.I.N.h.aj	N	
Length	ı	ı	
Connector return loss b	EVINW.	N	
where I = Informative (optional) testing.	2010/COR1:2010		
Iteh.al/ N = Normative (100 %) testing.		2/iso-iec-11801-20	
a Propagation delay is not a pass/fail criterion.			

b This is a requirement for connecting bardware return loss (see Clause 10).

F.1 Supported applications for balanced cabling

Replace the entire Table F.1 by the following:

Table F.1 – Applications using balanced cabling

	Application	Specification reference	Date	Additional name / reference				
	Class A (defined up to 0,1 MHz)							
	PBX	National requirements						
	X.21	ITU-T Rec. X.21	1992					
	V.11	ITU-T Rec. X.21	1996					
	Class B (defined up to 1 MHz)							
	S0-Bus (extended)	ITU-T Rec. I.430	1993	ISDN Basic Access (Physical Layer)				
	S0 Point-to-Point	ITU-T Rec. I.430	1993	ISD2 Basic Access (Physical Layer)				
	S1/S2	ITU-T Rec. I.431	1993	ISDN Primary Access (Physical Layer)				
	Class C (defined up to 16 MHz)							
	Ethernet 10BASE-T	IEEE 802.3, Clause 14 ^a	2005	CSMA/CD IEEE 802.3i				
	Token Ring 4 Mbit/s	ISO/IEC 8802-5	1998	<u> </u>				
	ATM LAN 25,60 Mbit/s	ATM Forum af-phy-0040,000	1995	ATM-25/Category 3				
	ATM LAN 51,84 Mbit/s	ATM Forum af-phy-0018.000	1994	ATM-52/Category 3				
	ATM LAN 155,52 Mbit/s	ATM Forum af-phy-0047.000	1995	ATM-155/Category 3				
		Class D 1995 (defined t	up to 100	MHz)				
	Token Ring 16 Mbit/s	ISONEC 8802-5	1998	IEEE 802.5:1998				
	ATM LAN 155,52 Mbit/s	ATM Forum af-phy-0015.000	1994	ATM-155/Category 5				
https://stan	Ethernet 100BASE-TX ab	IEEE 802,8, Clause 25 ⁸	2005	Fast Ethernet IEEE 802.3u				
imps.//stair	Token Ring 100 Mbit/s	NEEE 8802-5t 0011-201	2000					
	PoE	IEEE 802.3 af	2005	Power over Ethernet, IEEE 802.3af				
	Class D 2002 (defined up to 100 MHz)							
	Ethernet 1000BASE-T	IEEE 802.3, Clause 40 ^a	2005	Gigabit Ethernet, IEEE 802.3ab				
	Fibre Channel 1 Gbit/s	ISO/IEC 14165-115	2007	Twisted-pair Fibre Channel 1G				
	Firewire 100 Mbit/s	IEEE 1394b	2002	Firewire/Category 5				
	PoE+	IEEE 802.3 at ^b	2009	Power over Ethernet Plus				
	Class E 2002 (defined up to 250 MHz)							
	ATM LAN 1,2 Gbit/s	ATM Forum af-phy-0162.000	2001	ATM-1 200/Category 6				
	Class E _A 2008 (defined up to 500 MHz)							
	Ethernet 10GBASE-T	IEEE 802.3, Clause 44	2006	10Gigabit Ethernet, IEEE 802.3an				
	Fibre Channel 2 Gbit/s	INCITS 435	2007	Twisted-pair Fibre Channel 2G-FCBASE-T				
	Fibre Channel 4 Gbit/s	INCITS 435	2007	Twisted-pair Fibre Channel 4G-FCBASE-T				
	Class F 2002 (defined up to 600 MHz)							
	FC 100 MByte/s	ISO/IEC 14165-114	2005	FC-100-DF-EL-S				
	Class F _A 2008 (defined up to 1 000 MHz)							
		<u>l</u>	1	<u>l</u>				

- Including support for remote power feeding defined by IEEE 802.3af:2003 and IEEE 802.3at:2009.
- ^b For channels used to support applications requiring remote power, see ISO/IEC TR 29125.

NOTE 1 Applications supported by a given class are also supported by higher classes. Some applications may run on a lower class in cases where the specific channel in question meets the performance criteria of the application.

NOTE 2 The minimum performance of Class E 2002 channels does not support 10GBase-T. Channels implemented using Category 6 2002 components will support 10GBase-T provided they meet the additional requirements specified in ISO/IEC TR 24750. Such support may be limited to channels shorter than 100 m. Class E_A or better is recommended for new installations.

F.2 Supported applications for optical fibre cabling

Replace the existing first paragraph by the following:

Details of application support are provided for each cabled optical fibre Category included in Clause 9, and additional information is provided in Table F.3. Table F.4 and Table F.5 concerning maximum channel lengths. Cabled optical fibre categories OM, OM2, OM3, OM4, OS1 and OS2 are described in Clause 9.