



Edition 1.0 2015-03

TECHNICAL SPECIFICATION





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IEC Central Office Tel.: +41 22 919 02 11 3, rue de Varembé Fax: +41 22 919 03 00

CH-1211 Geneva 20 info@iec.ch Switzerland www.iec.ch

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TECHNICAL SPECIFICATION



Marine energy – Wave, tidal and other water current converters –
Part 10: Assessment of mooring system for marine energy converters (MECs)



INTERNATIONAL ELECTROTECHNICAL COMMISSION

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INTERNATIONAL ELECTROTECHNICAL COMMISSION

MARINE ENERGY – WAVE, TIDAL AND OTHER WATER CURRENT CONVERTERS –

Part 10: Assessment of mooring system for marine energy converters (MECs)

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Technical specifications are subject to review within three years of publication to decide whether they can be transformed into International Standards.

IEC TS 62600-10, which is a technical specification, has been prepared by IEC technical committee 114: Marine energy – Wave, tidal and other water current converters.

The text of this technical specification is based on the following documents:

| Enquiry draft | Report on voting |
|---------------|------------------|
| 114/140/DTS | 114/150A/RVC |

Full information on the voting for the approval of this technical specification can be found in the report on voting indicated in the above table.

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INTRODUCTION

This technical specification defines rules and assessment procedures for the design, installation and maintenance of mooring system with respect to technical requirements for floating marine energy converters.

The proposed work will aim to bring together expert knowledge from the marine energy power and offshore engineering industries in order to formulate a guideline specification of the design, installation and maintenance requirements for mooring system of floating MECs.

In addition to safety and ocean environmental requirements, this technical specification focuses on the strength requirements of mooring systems for MECs.

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MARINE ENERGY – WAVE, TIDAL AND OTHER WATER CURRENT CONVERTERS –

Part 10: Assessment of mooring system for marine energy converters (MECs)

1 Scope

The purpose of this Technical Specification is to provide uniform methodologies for the design and assessment of mooring systems for floating MECs (as defined in TC114 scope). It is intended to be applied at various stages, from mooring system assessment to design, installation and maintenance of floating MEC plants.

This technical specification is applicable to mooring systems for floating MEC units of any size or type in any open water conditions. Some aspects of the mooring system design process are more detailed in existing and well-established mooring standards. The intent of this technical specification is to highlight the different requirements of MECs and not duplicate existing standards or processes.

While requirements for anchor holding capacity are indicated, detailed geotechnical analysis and design of anchors are beyond the scope of this technical specification.

2 Normative references

The following documents, in whole or in part, are normatively referenced in this document and are indispensable for its application. For dated references, only the edition cited applies. For undated references, the latest edition of the referenced document (including any amendments) applies.

IEC TS 62600-1, Marine energy – Wave, tidal and other water current converters – Part 1: Terminology

ISO 17776:2000, Petroleum and natural gas industries – Offshore production installations – Guidelines on tools and techniques for hazard identification and risk assessment

ISO 19901-1:2005, Petroleum and natural gas industries – Specific requirements for offshore structures – Part 1: Metocean design and operating considerations

ISO 19901-7:2013, Petroleum and natural gas industries – Specific requirements for offshore structures – Part 7: Stationkeeping systems for floating offshore structures and mobile offshore units

API RP 2SK, Design and Analysis of Station keeping Systems for Floating Structures, 3rd Edition, October 2005

API RP 2I, In-Service Inspection of Mooring Hardware for Floating Structures, 3rd Edition, 2008

3 Terms and definitions

For the purposes of this document, the following terms and definitions as well as those given in IEC TS 62600-1 apply.

3.1

anchor

device that provides a holding point at the seabed for a mooring line connected to a floating MEC

3.2

catenary mooring

mooring system where restoring forces are provided by the distributed weight of mooring lines

3.3

connectors and accessories

hardware used to join various components in the mooring system not including the structures fixed to the MEC or the anchor

3.4

design criteria

quantitative formulations that describe the conditions to be satisfied with each limit state

3.5

design service life

assumed period for which a structure or a structural component is to be used for its intended purpose with anticipated maintenance, but without substantial repair being necessary

3.6

design limit

set of physical conditions during a certain reference period for which the structure member will demonstrate that relevant limit states are not exceeded

3.7

dynamic response

acceleration and resulting motion of a MEC with mooring system as it is subject to assorted loads

3.8

floating device

structure supported by buoyancy

3.9

limit state

condition for which a system or a component is at its limit of performance of its intended function

3.10

mobile mooring

temporary anchoring arrangement at a specific location for a short period of time

3.11

mooring components

general class of devices and hardware used in the mooring of floating structures

3.12

mooring line

string of components connecting a MEC to an anchor

3.13

mooring system

compliant configuration that consists of mooring lines, components, and anchors

3.14

resistance

capacity to withstand loads and motions

3.15

return period

inverse of the annual probability

3.16

single point mooring

mooring system that consists of a single connection point to the MEC

3.17

spread mooring

mooring system that consists of multiple connection points to the MEO

3.18

stiffness

ratio of change in restoring forces to change in displacement

3.19

semi-taut mooring

mooring system comprised of attributes of both taut and catenary forms

3.20

taut-line mooring

mooring system where the restoring action is provided by elastic deformation of mooring lines

3.21

axisymmetric

floating structure that is symmetric about an axis of rotation

3.22 lards.iteh.

umbilical

compliant and stender structure that is used to transport fluid, electricity, data, or other material from a MEC to another location

3.23

proof loading

test procedure that applies loads at some fraction of design load to confirm adequate structural response

3.24

consequence class

classification that correlates to the potential for damage in the event of failure with an associated set of design factors

3.25

design factor

factors that amplify loading and stresses that are used to compensate for uncertainty and the potential for damage in the event of failure in accordance with the associated consequence class

4 Abbreviated terms

ALARP As low as reasonably practicable

ALS Accidental limit state

API American Petroleum Institute

ASF Adjusted safety factor

CALM Catenary anchor leg mooring
CFD Computational fluid dynamics

DP Dynamic positioning

DF Design factor
FLS Fatigue limit state
HAZID Hazard Identification
HHP High holding power

IEC International Electrotechnical Commission
ISO International Organisation for Standardisation

LTM Long term mooring

MBL Minimum breaking load

MEC Marine energy converter

MEP Marine environmental protection

MPM Most probable maximum

PTO Power take-off
PT Project team

ROV Remotely operated vehicle SALM Single anchor leg mooring

SF Safety factor

SLS Serviceability limit state

SPM Single point mooring

ULS Ultimate limit state

UV dards itch a Utraviolet

VIM Vortex induced motion
VIV Vortex induced vibration

5 Principal element

5.1 General

This clause provides an overview of the content of this technical specification.

5.2 Mooring and anchor systems

An overview of existing mooring designs, components, and anchors is provided for reference.

5.3 Design considerations

Understanding the design inputs and limitations shall be considered when designing a mooring system and selecting anchor types for MECs. Fundamental design considerations include limit state categories, metocean and external conditions, external load effects, and mooring line component and anchor hardware related considerations.