

SLOVENSKI STANDARD SIST EN ISO 12217-2:2002 01-december-2002

AUUd`cj]`UË'GHUV]`bcgh]b`cWYbUj n[cbUHYf`_UHY[cf]nUV]'UË'&"XY`.`>UXfb]WY'g HidcažjY ']a'U]`YbU_]a'*'a'f#GC'%&%%+!&&\$\$&L

Small craft - Stability and buoyancy assessment and categorization - Part 2: Sailing boats of hull length greater than or equal to 6 m (ISO 12217-2:2002)

Kleine Wasserfahrzeuge - Festlegung und Kategorisierung von Querstabilität und Auftrieb - Teil 2: Segelboote ab 6 m Rumpflänge (ISO 12217-2:2002)

iTeh STANDARD PREVIEW

Petits navires - Evaluation et catégorisation de la stabilité et de la flottabilité - Partie 2: Bateaux a voiles d'une longueur de coque supérieure ou égale a 6 m (ISO 12217-2:2002)

https://standards.iteh.ai/catalog/standards/sist/380e1e18-9d89-4018-8162-91b4c08745ac/sist-en-iso-12217-2-2002

Ta slovenski standard je istoveten z: EN ISO 12217-2:2002

ICS:

47.080

SIST EN ISO 12217-2:2002

en

iTeh STANDARD PREVIEW (standards.iteh.ai)

SIST EN ISO 12217-2:2002

https://standards.iteh.ai/catalog/standards/sist/380e1e18-9d89-4018-8162-91b4c08745ac/sist-en-iso-12217-2-2002

EUROPEAN STANDARD

EN ISO 12217-2

NORME EUROPÉENNE EUROPÄISCHE NORM

April 2002

ICS 47.080

English version

Small craft - Stability and buoyancy assessment and categorization - Part 2: Sailing boats of hull length greater than or equal to 6 m (ISO 12217-2:2002)

Petits navires - Evaluation et catégorisation de la stabilité et de la flottabilité - Partie 2: Bateaux à voiles d'une longueur de coque supérieure ou égale à 6 m (ISO 12217-2:2002) Kleine Wasserfahrzeuge - Festlegung und Kategorisierung von Querstabilität und Auftrieb - Teil 2: Segelboote ab 6 m Rumpflänge (ISO 12217-2:2002)

This European Standard was approved by CEN on 11 March 2002.

CEN members are bound to comply with the CEN/CENELEC Internal Regulations which stipulate the conditions for giving this European Standard the status of a national standard without any alteration. Up-to-date lists and bibliographical references concerning such national standards may be obtained on application to the Management Centre or to any CEN member.

This European Standard exists in three official versions (English, French, German). A version in any other language made by translation under the responsibility of a CEN member into its own language and notified to the Management Centre has the same status as the official versions.

CEN members are the national standards bodies of Austria, Belgium, Czech Republic, Denmark, Finland, France, Germany, Greece, Iceland, Ireland, Italy, Luxembourg, Malta, Netherlands, Norway! Portugal? Spain, Sweden, Switzerland and United Kingdom.

https://standards.iteh.ai/catalog/standards/sist/380e1e18-9d89-4018-8162-91b4c08745ac/sist-en-iso-12217-2-2002



EUROPEAN COMMITTEE FOR STANDARDIZATION COMITÉ EUROPÉEN DE NORMALISATION EUROPÄISCHES KOMITEE FÜR NORMUNG

Management Centre: rue de Stassart, 36 B-1050 Brussels

CORRECTED 2002-07-17

Foreword

This document (ISO 12217-2:2002) has been prepared by Technical Committee ISO/TC 188 "Small craft" in collaboration with CMC.

This European Standard shall be given the status of a national standard, either by publication of an identical text or by endorsement, at the latest by October 2002, and conflicting national standards shall be withdrawn at the latest by October 2002.

This document has been prepared under a mandate given to CEN by the European Commission and the European Free Trade Association, and supports essential requirements of EU Directive(s).

For relationship with EU Directive(s), see informative annex ZB, which is an integral part of this document.

According to the CEN/CENELEC Internal Regulations, the national standards organizations of the following countries are bound to implement this European Standard: Austria, Belgium, Czech Republic, Denmark, Finland, France, Germany, Greece, Iceland, Ireland, Italy, Luxembourg, Malta, Netherlands, Norway, Portugal, Spain, Sweden, Switzerland and the United Kingdom.

<u>SIST EN ISO 12217-2:2002</u> https://standards.iteh.ai/catalog/standards/sist/380e1e18-9d89-4018-8162-91b4c08745ac/sist-en-iso-12217-2-2002

Endorsement notice

The text of the International Standard ISO 12217-2:2002 has been approved by CEN as a European Standard without any modifications.

NOTE Normative references to International Standards are listed in annex ZA (normative).

Annex ZA (normative)

Normative references to international publications with their relevant European publications

This European Standard incorporates by dated or undated reference, provisions from other publications. These normative references are cited at the appropriate places in the text and the publications are listed hereafter. For dated references, subsequent amendments to or revisions of any of these publications apply to this European Standard only when incorporated in it by amendment or revision. For undated references the latest edition of the publication referred to applies (including amendments).

NOTE Where an International Publication has been modified by common modifications, indicated by (mod.), the relevant EN/HD applies.

<u>Publication</u>	<u>Year</u>	<u>Title</u>	<u>EN</u>	<u>Year</u>
ISO 9093-1	1994	Small craft - Seacocks and through- hull fittings - Part 1: Metallic	EN ISO 9093-1	1997
ISO 10240	1995	Small craft - Owner's manual	EN ISO 10240	1996
ISO 11812	2001 e	Small craft - Watertight cockpits and quick-draining cockpits	EN ISO 11812	2001
ISO 14946	2001	Small craft - Maximum load capacity SIST EN ISO 12217-2:2002	EN ISO 14946	2001

https://standards.iteh.ai/catalog/standards/sist/380e1e18-9d89-4018-8162-91b4c08745ac/sist-en-iso-12217-2-2002

Annex ZB (informative)

Clauses of this European Standard addressing essential requirements or other provisions of EU Directives

This European Standard has been prepared under a mandate given to CEN by the European Commission and the European Free Trade Association and supports essential requirements of EU Directive 94/25/EC.

WARNING: Other requirements and other EU Directive <u>may</u> be applicable to the product(s) falling within the scope of this standard.

The following clauses of this standard, as detailed in Table ZB.1, are likely to support requirements of Directive 94/25/EC.

Compliance with the clauses of this standard provides one means of conforming with the specific essential requirements of the Directive concerned and associated EFTA regulations.

Clauses/sub- clauses of this	Corresponding annexes/ paragraphs	Comments
European Standard	of Directive 94/25/EC	
5, 6, 7, 8, Annex A, Ten B, C	Annex I, Clause 3.2, Stability and Freeboard, Clause 3.5, Flooding, and Clauses 3.6 and 3.2, maximum load and 2217-2:2002 inumber of persons ds/sist/380e16	Design categories A, B, C and D defined in the standard are considered to correspond to design categories A, B, C and D of the Directive62-
6.7, 7.6, Annex D, E	Annex I, Clause 3.3, Buoyancy and flotation	-2002
Annex F	Annex I, Clause 2.5, Owner's manual	

INTERNATIONAL STANDARD

ISO 12217-2

First edition 2002-04-01

Small craft — Stability and buoyancy assessment and categorization —

Part 2:

Sailing boats of hull length greater than or equal to 6 m

iTeh STANDARD PREVIEW
Petits navires — Évaluation et catégorisation de la stabilité et de la

Petits navirés — Évaluation et catégorisation de la stabilité et de la flottabilité ards.iteh.ai)

Partie 2: Bateaux à voiles d'une longueur de coque supérieure ou égale à 6 m SIST EN ISO 12217-2:2002

https://standards.iteh.ai/catalog/standards/sist/380e1e18-9d89-4018-8162-91b4c08745ac/sist-en-iso-12217-2-2002



PDF disclaimer

This PDF file may contain embedded typefaces. In accordance with Adobe's licensing policy, this file may be printed or viewed but shall not be edited unless the typefaces which are embedded are licensed to and installed on the computer performing the editing. In downloading this file, parties accept therein the responsibility of not infringing Adobe's licensing policy. The ISO Central Secretariat accepts no liability in this area.

Adobe is a trademark of Adobe Systems Incorporated.

Details of the software products used to create this PDF file can be found in the General Info relative to the file; the PDF-creation parameters were optimized for printing. Every care has been taken to ensure that the file is suitable for use by ISO member bodies. In the unlikely event that a problem relating to it is found, please inform the Central Secretariat at the address given below.

iTeh STANDARD PREVIEW (standards.iteh.ai)

<u>SIST EN ISO 12217-2:2002</u> https://standards.iteh.ai/catalog/standards/sist/380e1e18-9d89-4018-8162-91b4c08745ac/sist-en-iso-12217-2-2002

© ISO 2002

All rights reserved. Unless otherwise specified, no part of this publication may be reproduced or utilized in any form or by any means, electronic or mechanical, including photocopying and microfilm, without permission in writing from either ISO at the address below or ISO's member body in the country of the requester.

ISO copyright office
Case postale 56 • CH-1211 Geneva 20
Tel. + 41 22 749 01 11
Fax + 41 22 749 09 47
E-mail copyright@iso.ch
Web www.iso.ch

Printed in Switzerland

Contents Page

Forewo	ord	V
Introdu	ıction	vi
1	Scope	1
2	Normative references	1
3	Terms and definitions	2
3.1	Primary	
3.2 3.3	Hazards Downflooding	
3.4	Dimensions, areas and angles	
3.5	Condition, mass and volume	5
3.6	Other terms and definitions	
4	Symbols	9
5	Procedure	
5.1 5.2	Maximum total load	
5.2 5.3	Sailing or non-sailing Tests, calculations and requirements to be applied	10
6		
6.1	Requirements for monohull boats and ards. itch.ai Requirements to be applied	10
6.2	Downflooding	12
6.3 6.4	Downflooding Angle of vanishing stability and minimum mass 17-2:2002 Stability index (STIX)standards itch ai/catalog/standards/sist/380e1e18-9d89-4018-8162- Knockdown-recovery test 91b4c08745ac/sist-en-iso-12217-2-2002	14 16
6.5	Knockdown-recovery test 91b4c08745ac/sist-en-iso-12217-2-2002	19
6.6	Wind stiffness test	20
6.7 6.8	Flotation requirements	
7	Requirements for catamarans and trimarans	
7.1	Requirements to be applied	
7.2	Downflooding openings	23
7.3 7.4	Downflooding height	
7.4 7.5	Warning symbols	
7.6	Buoyancy when inverted	
7.7	Breaking waves	25
8	Application	
8.1 8.2	Deciding the design category Meaning of the design categories (see Table 8)	
	A (normative) Full method for required downflooding height	
	B (normative) Methods for calculating downflooding angle	
	C (normative) Determining properties of the curve of righting levers	
	D (normative) Method for calculating reserve of buoyancy after inversion or flooding	
	E (normative) Flotation material and elements	
	F (normative) Information for owner's manual	
	G (informative) Determining wind heeling information	
	H (informative) Summary of requirements	

ISO 12217-2:2002(E)

Annex I (informative) Worksheets	45
Bibliography	59

iTeh STANDARD PREVIEW (standards.iteh.ai)

<u>SIST EN ISO 12217-2:2002</u> https://standards.iteh.ai/catalog/standards/sist/380e1e18-9d89-4018-8162-91b4c08745ac/sist-en-iso-12217-2-2002

Foreword

ISO (the International Organization for Standardization) is a worldwide federation of national standards bodies (ISO member bodies). The work of preparing International Standards is normally carried out through ISO technical committees. Each member body interested in a subject for which a technical committee has been established has the right to be represented on that committee. International organizations, governmental and non-governmental, in liaison with ISO, also take part in the work. ISO collaborates closely with the International Electrotechnical Commission (IEC) on all matters of electrotechnical standardization.

International Standards are drafted in accordance with the rules given in the ISO/IEC Directives, Part 3.

The main task of technical committees is to prepare International Standards. Draft International Standards adopted by the technical committees are circulated to the member bodies for voting. Publication as an International Standard requires approval by at least 75 % of the member bodies casting a vote.

Attention is drawn to the possibility that some of the elements of this part of ISO 12217 may be the subject of patent rights. ISO shall not be held responsible for identifying any or all such patent rights.

International Standard ISO 12217-2 was prepared by Technical Committee ISO/TC 188, Small craft.

ISO 12217 consists of the following parts, under the general title Small craft - Stability and buoyancy assessment and categorization:

- (standards.iteh.ai) Part 1: Non-sailing boats of hull length greater than or equal to 6 m
- Part 2: Sailing boats of hull length greater than or equal to 6 m
- Part 3: Boats of hull length less than 6 m

Annexes A, B, C, D, E and F form a normative part of this part of ISO 12217. Annexes G, H and I are for information only.

© ISO 2002 - All rights reserved

Introduction

This part of ISO 12217 enables the determination of limiting environmental conditions for which an individual boat has been designed.

iTeh STANDARD PREVIEW (standards.iteh.ai)

<u>SIST EN ISO 12217-2:2002</u> https://standards.iteh.ai/catalog/standards/sist/380e1e18-9d89-4018-8162-91b4c08745ac/sist-en-iso-12217-2-2002

Small craft — Stability and buoyancy assessment and categorization —

Part 2.

Sailing boats of hull length greater than or equal to 6 m

CAUTION — Compliance with this part of ISO 12217 does not guarantee total safety or total freedom of risk from capsize or sinking.

1 Scope

This part of ISO 12217 specifies methods for evaluating the stability and buoyancy of intact (i.e. undamaged) boats. The flotation characteristics of boats vulnerable to swamping are also encompassed.

The evaluation of stability and buoyancy properties using this part of ISO 12217 will enable the boat to be assigned to a design category (A, B, C or D) appropriate to its design and maximum load.

This part of ISO 12217 is applicable to boats propelled primarily by sail (even if fitted with an auxiliary engine) of 6 m up to and including 24 m hull length. However, it may also be applied to boats of under 6 m if they are habitable multihulls or if they do not attain the desired design category specified in ISO 12217-3 and they are decked and have quick-draining recesses which comply with ISO 11812₉₄₈₉₋₄₀₁₈₋₈₁₆₂-

91b4c08745ac/sist-en-iso-12217-2-2002

This part of ISO 12217 excludes

- inflatable and rigid-inflatable boats up to 8 m covered by ISO 6185,
- canoes, kayaks or other boats with a beam of less than 1,1 m.

It does not include or evaluate the effects on stability of towing, fishing, dredging or lifting operations, which should be separately considered if appropriate.

2 Normative references

The following normative documents contain provisions which, through reference in this text, constitute provisions of this part of ISO 12217. For dated references, subsequent amendments to, or revisions of, any of these publications do not apply. However, parties to agreements based on this part of ISO 12217 are encouraged to investigate the possibility of applying the most recent editions of the normative documents indicated below. For undated references, the latest edition of the normative document referred to applies. Members of ISO and IEC maintain registers of currently valid International Standards.

ISO 2896:2001, Rigid cellular plastics — Determination of water absorption

ISO 8666:—1), Small craft — Principal data

ISO 9093-1:1994, Small craft — Seacocks and through-hull fittings — Part 1: Metallic

1) To be published.

© ISO 2002 – All rights reserved

ISO 12217-2:2002(E)

ISO 9093-2:—1), Small craft — Seacocks and through-hull fittings — Part 2: Non-metallic

ISO 9094-1:—1), Small craft — Fire protection — Part 1: Craft with a hull length of up to and including 15 m

ISO 9094-2:—1), Small craft — Fire protection — Part 2: Craft with a hull length of over 15 m

ISO 10240:1995²⁾, Small craft — Owner's manual

ISO 11812:2001, Small craft — Watertight cockpits and quick-draining cockpits

ISO 12216:—¹⁾, Small craft — Windows, portlights, hatches, deadlights and doors — Strength and tightness requirements

ISO 14946:2001, Small craft — Maximum load capacity

IMO Resolution MSC.81(70) — Revised Recommendation on Testing of Life-Saving Appliances

3 Terms and definitions

For the purposes of this part of ISO 12217, the following terms and definitions apply. The meanings of certain symbols used in the definitions are given in clause 4.

3.1 Primary

iTeh STANDARD PREVIEW

design category

description of the sea and wind conditions for which a boat is assessed to be suitable by this part of ISO 12217

NOTE See also 8.2.

SIST EN ISO 12217-2:2002

3.1.2 https://standards.iteh.ai/catalog/standards/sist/380e1e18-9d89-4018-8162-

sailing boat 91b4c08745ac/sist-en-iso-12217-2-2002

boat for which the primary means of propulsion is by wind power, having $A_{\rm S} \ge 0.07 (m_{\rm LDC})^{2/3}$

3.1.3

catamaran

boat with two main load-bearing hulls

EXAMPLE Boats with a centreline or bridge-deck nacelle which supports less than 30 % of the total loaded displacement mass are considered to be catamarans. Proas are asymmetric catamarans.

3.1.4

trimaran

boat with a centre main hull and two sidehulls in which the centre hull, when the boat is upright, supports 30 % or more of the total loaded displacement mass

3.1.5

recess

any volume open to the sky that may retain water

EXAMPLE Cockpits, wells, open volumes or areas bounded by bulwarks or coamings.

NOTE Cabins, shelters or lockers provided with closures according to the requirements of ISO 12216 are not recesses.

²⁾ Undergoing revision.

3.1.6

quick-draining recess

recess fulfilling all the requirements of ISO 11812 for "quick-draining cockpits and recesses".

NOTE 1 According to its characteristics, a cockpit may be considered to be quick-draining for <u>one</u> design category, but maybe not for a higher one.

NOTE 2 ISO 11812 contains requirements with which most sailing dinghies cannot comply.

3.1.7

watertight recess

recess fulfilling all the requirements of ISO 11812 for "watertight cockpits and recesses"

NOTE This term only implies requirements in respect of watertightness and sill heights, but not those for drainage.

3.1.8

fully decked boat

boat in which the horizontal projection of the sheerline area comprises any combination of

- watertight deck and superstructure, and/or
- quick-draining recesses which comply with ISO 11812, and/or
- watertight recesses complying with ISO 11812 with a combined volume of less than $L_H B_H F_M / 40$,

all closing appliances being watertight in accordance with ISO 12216.

NOTE The plan area of recesses permitted for boats of design category A or B is restricted by the requirements of 6.1.5.

3.2 Hazards

SIST EN ISO 12217-2:2002

91b4c08745ac/sist-en-iso-12217-2-2002

3.2.1 https://standards.iteh.ai/catalog/standards/sist/380e1e18-9d89-4018-8162-

capsize

event when a boat reaches any heel angle from which it is unable to recover to equilibrium near the upright without intervention

3.2.2

knockdown

event when a boat reaches a heel angle sufficient to immerse the masthead, and from which it may or may not recover without intervention

3.2.3

inversion

event when a boat becomes upside down

3.3 Downflooding

3.3.1

downflooding opening

any opening (including the edge of a recess) that may admit water into the interior or bilge of a boat, or a recess, apart from those excluded in 6.2.1.1

3.3.2

downflooding angle

 ϕ_{D}

angle of heel at which the downflooding openings described in 6.2.1.1 become immersed, when the boat is in calm water and in the appropriate loading condition at design trim

© ISO 2002 – All rights reserved