

# INTERNATIONAL STANDARD

# NORME INTERNATIONALE



**Low-voltage surge protective devices –  
Part 12: Surge protective devices connected to low-voltage power systems –  
Selection and application principles**

**Parafoudres à basse tension –  
Partie 12: Parafoudres connectés aux réseaux à basse tension –  
Principes de choix et de mise en œuvre**



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## INTERNATIONAL ELECTROTECHNICAL COMMISSION

**LOW-VOLTAGE SURGE PROTECTIVE DEVICES –****Part 12: Surge protective devices connected to low-voltage power systems – Selection and application principles**

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International Standard IEC 61643-12 has been prepared by subcommittee 37A: Low-voltage surge protective devices, of IEC technical committee 37: Surge arresters.

This third edition cancels and replaces the second edition published in 2008. This edition constitutes a technical revision.

NOTE The following differing practice of a less permanent nature exists in the USA: In the USA, SPDs tested to Class I tests are not required. This exception applies to the entire document.

This edition includes the following significant technical changes with respect to the previous edition:

- a) Scope: Deleted reference to 1 500 V dc
- b) Added or revised some definitions
- c) Added new clause 4 on Need for protection

- d) Added new information on disconnecting devices
- e) Revised Characteristics of SPD
- f) Revised List of parameters for SPD selection
- g) Added new information on Measured Limiting Voltage
- h) Added or revised some Annexes

The text of this International Standard is based on the following documents:

FDIS	Report on voting
37A/341/FDIS	37A/347/RVD

Full information on the voting for the approval of this International Standard can be found in the report on voting indicated in the above table.

This document has been drafted in accordance with the ISO/IEC Directives, Part 2.

A list of all parts in the IEC 61643 series, published under the general title *Low-voltage surge protective devices*, can be found on the IEC website.

The committee has decided that the contents of this document will remain unchanged until the stability date indicated on the IEC website under "<http://webstore.iec.ch>" in the data related to the specific document. At this date, the document will be

- reconfirmed,
- withdrawn,
- replaced by a revised edition, or [IEC 61643-12:2020](#)
- amended. <https://standards.iteh.ai/catalog/standards/sist/a5ac8e0f-19b7-443e-b49f-aac78257fa39/iec-61643-12-2020>

**IMPORTANT – The 'colour inside' logo on the cover page of this publication indicates that it contains colours which are considered to be useful for the correct understanding of its contents. Users should therefore print this document using a colour printer.**

## INTRODUCTION

### 0.1 General

Surge protective devices (SPDs) are used to protect, under specified conditions, electrical systems and equipment against various overvoltages and impulse currents, such as lightning and switching surges.

SPDs shall be selected according to their environmental conditions and the acceptable failure rate of the equipment and the SPDs.

This document provides information to the user about characteristics useful for the selection of an SPD.

This document provides information to evaluate the need for using SPDs in low-voltage systems, with reference to IEC 62305, Parts 1 to 4 and the IEC 60364 series. It also provides information on selection and coordination of SPDs, while taking into account the entire environment in which they are applied. Examples include: equipment to be protected and system characteristics, insulation levels, overvoltages, method of installation, location of SPDs, coordination of SPDs, end of life behaviour of SPDs and equipment failure consequences.

IEC 62305-2 provides a general method for evaluating the risk due to surges and lightning. IEC 60364-4-44 provides a simplified way of evaluating the risk posed to electrical installations.

Guidance on requirements for product insulation coordination is provided by IEC 60664 series. Requirements for safety (fire, overcurrent and electric shock) and installation are provided by IEC 60364 series.

<https://standards.iteh.ai/catalog/standards/sist/a5ac8e0f-19b7-443e-b49f->

The IEC 60364 series provide direct information for contractors on the installation of SPDs. IEC TR 62066 contains more information on the scientific background of surge protection.

### 0.2 Keys to understanding the structure of this document

The list below summarizes the structure of this document and provides a summary of the information covered in each clause and annex. The main clauses provide basic information on the factors used for SPD selection. Readers who wish to obtain more detail on the information provided in Clauses 4 to 7 should refer to the relevant annexes.

Clause 1 describes the scope of this document.

Clause 2 lists the normative references where additional information may be found.

Clause 3 provides definitions useful for the understanding of this document.

Clause 4 is an introduction to the risk of surges (considerations of when the use of SPDs is beneficial).

Clause 5 addresses the parameters of systems and equipment important for SPD selection. In addition to the stresses created by lightning, those created by the network itself are described, namely temporary overvoltages and switching surges.

Clause 6 lists the electrical parameters for the selection of an SPD and provides explanations regarding these parameters. These are related to those given in IEC 61643-11.

Clause 7 is the core of this document. It relates the stresses coming from the network (as discussed in Clause 5) to the characteristics of the SPD (as discussed in Clause 6). It also outlines how the protection by SPDs may be affected by its installation. The different steps for the selection of an SPD are presented, including coordination when more than one SPD is used in an installation (details about SPD coordination may be found in Annex F).

Annex A deals with information given with inquiries and explains the testing procedures used in IEC 61643-11.

Annex B provides examples of the relationship between two important parameters of SPDs,  $U_c$  and  $U_p$ , in the specific case of Metal Oxide Varistors (MOV) and also examples of the relationship between  $U_c$  and the nominal voltage of the network.

Annex C supplements the information given in Clause 5 on surge voltages in low-voltage systems.

Annex D deals with the sharing of lightning current between different earthing systems used to determine the SPD rating in case of direct lightning current.

Annex E deals with temporary overvoltages due to faults in the high-voltage system.

Annex F supplements the information given in Clause 7 on coordination rules when more than one SPD is used in a system.

Annex G provides specific examples on the use of this document.

Annex H provides specific examples of the use of the risk analysis given in Clause 4.

Annex I supplements the information given in Clause 5 about system stresses.

Annex J supplements the information given in Clause 7 on the application of SPDs in various low-voltage systems criteria for selection of SPDs.

Annex K discusses differences between immunity level and insulation withstand of electrical equipment.

Annex L provides practical examples of SPD installation as used in some countries.

Annex M discusses problems of coordination with equipment having both signaling and power terminals.

Annex N provides information on withstand of fuses in surge conditions.

Annex O provides practical methods for testing system level immunity.

Annex P provides test application to SPDs with multiple components.

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