

INTERNATIONAL STANDARD

NORME INTERNATIONALE

**Arc welding equipment –
Part 2: Liquid cooling systems**

**Matériel de soudage à l'arc –
Partie 2: Systèmes de refroidissement par liquide**

<https://standards.iteh.ai/catalog/standards/sist/929e994-09d4-447e-952a-7ca72446a2a8/iec-60974-2-2013>



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INTERNATIONAL ELECTROTECHNICAL COMMISSION

ARC WELDING EQUIPMENT –

Part 2: Liquid cooling systems

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International Standard IEC 60974-2 has been prepared by IEC technical committee 26: Electric welding.

This third edition cancels and replaces the first edition published in 2007 and constitutes a technical revision.

This edition includes the following significant technical changes with respect to the previous edition:

- changes induced by the publication of IEC 60974-1:2012;
- addition of a liquid temperature fixed to 65 °C during the heating test in order to allow testing at different ambient air temperature (see 10 d));
- correction factor of cooling power at 40 °C required in instruction manual (see 12.1 o)).

The text of this standard is based on the following documents:

FDIS	Report on voting
26/494/FDIS	26/496/RVD

Full information on the voting for the approval of this standard can be found in the report on voting indicated in the above table.

This publication has been drafted in accordance with the ISO/IEC Directives, Part 2.

In this standard, the following print types are used:

- *conformity statements: in italic type.*

This standard shall be used in conjunction with IEC 60974-1:2012.

The list of all parts of IEC 60974, under the general title *Arc welding equipment*, can be found on the IEC web site.

The committee has decided that the contents of this publication will remain unchanged until the stability date indicated on the IEC web site under "http://webstore.iec.ch" in the data related to the specific publication. At this date, the publication will be

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- replaced by a revised edition, or
- amended.

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ARC WELDING EQUIPMENT –

Part 2: Liquid cooling systems

1 Scope

This part of IEC 60974 specifies safety and construction requirements for industrial and professional liquid cooling systems used in arc welding and allied processes to cool torches.

This part of IEC 60974 is applicable to stand-alone liquid cooling systems that are either connected to a separate welding power source or built into the welding power source enclosure.

This part of IEC 60974 is not applicable to refrigerated cooling systems.

NOTE 1 Typical allied processes are electric arc cutting and arc spraying.

NOTE 2 This part of IEC 60974 does not include electromagnetic compatibility (EMC) requirements.

2 Normative references

The following documents, in whole or in part, are normatively referenced in this document and are indispensable for its application. For dated references, only the edition cited applies. For undated references, the latest edition of the referenced document (including any amendments) applies.

IEC 60974-1:2012, *Arc welding equipment – Part 1: Welding power sources*

IEC 60974-7, *Arc welding equipment – Part 7: Torches*

IEC 60974-10, *Arc welding equipment – Part 10: Electromagnetic compatibility (EMC) requirements*

3 Terms and definitions

For the purposes of this document, the terms and definitions given in IEC 60974-1 and IEC 60974-7, as well as the following apply.

3.1

cooling power

P

cooling energy related to the flow rate

3.2

liquid cooling system

system that circulates and cools liquid used for decreasing the temperature of torches

3.3

cooling power at 1 l/min

$P_{1\text{ l/min}}$

cooling power at 1 l/min flow rate defined for comparison

4 Environmental conditions

As specified in Clause 4 of IEC 60974-1:2012.

5 Tests

5.1 Test conditions

As specified in 5.1 of IEC 60974-1:2012.

Stand-alone cooling systems may be tested without a welding power source.

Built-in cooling systems shall be tested with the welding power source.

5.2 Measuring instruments

The accuracy of measuring instruments shall be:

- a) electrical measuring instruments: class 1 (± 1 % of full-scale reading), except for the measurement of insulation resistance and dielectric strength where the accuracy of the instruments is not specified, but shall be taken into account for the measurement;
- b) thermometer: ± 2 K;
- c) pressure measuring instruments: class 2,5 ($\pm 2,5$ % of full-scale reading);
- d) flow-rate measuring instruments: class 2,5 ($\pm 2,5$ % of full-scale reading).

5.3 Conformity of components

As specified in 5.3 of IEC 60974-1:2012.

5.4 Type tests

All type tests shall be carried out on the same cooling system unless specified otherwise.

As a condition of conformity the type tests given below shall be carried out in the following sequence:

- a) general visual inspection (as defined in 3.7 of IEC 60974-1:2012);
- b) protection provided by the enclosure (as specified in 6.2.1 of IEC 60974-1:2012);
- c) mechanical provisions (as specified in Clause 7);
- d) insulation resistance (as specified in 6.1.4);
- e) dielectric strength (as specified in 6.1.5).

The other tests included in this standard and not listed here may be carried out in any convenient sequence.

5.5 Routine tests

All routine tests given below shall be carried out on each cooling system in the following sequence:

- a) visual inspection in accordance with manufacturer's specification;
- b) continuity of the protective circuit (as specified in 10.4.2 of IEC 60974-1:2012);
- c) dielectric strength (as specified in 6.1.5).

6 Protection against electric shock

6.1 Insulation

6.1.1 General

As specified in 6.1.1 of IEC 60974-1:2012.

6.1.2 Clearances

As specified in 6.1.2 of IEC 60974-1:2012.

6.1.3 Creepage distances

As specified in 6.1.3 of IEC 60974-1:2012.

6.1.4 Insulation resistance

As specified in 6.1.4 of IEC 60974-1:2012.

The test may be carried out without cooling liquid.

6.1.5 Dielectric strength

As specified in 6.1.5 of IEC 60974-1:2012.

The test may be carried out without cooling liquid.

6.2 Protection against electric shock in normal service (direct contact)

As specified in 6.2 of IEC 60974-1:2012.

6.3 Protection against electric shock in case of a fault condition (indirect contact)

6.3.1 Protective provisions

As specified in 6.3.1 of IEC 60974-1:2012.

6.3.2 Isolation between windings of the supply circuit and the welding circuit

As specified in 6.3.2 of IEC 60974-1:2012.

6.3.3 Internal conductors and connections

As specified in 6.3.3 of IEC 60974-1:2012.

6.3.4 Touch current in fault condition

As specified in 6.3.6 of IEC 60974-1:2012.

6.4 Connection to the supply network

6.4.1 Supply voltage

As specified in 10.1 of IEC 60974-1:2012.

6.4.2 Multi-supply voltage

As specified in 10.2 of IEC 60974-1:2012.

6.4.3 Means of connection to the supply circuit

As specified in 10.3 of IEC 60974-1:2012.

6.4.4 Marking of terminals

As specified in 10.4 of IEC 60974-1:2012.

6.4.5 Protective circuit

As specified in 10.5 of IEC 60974-1:2012.

6.4.6 Cable anchorage

As specified in 10.6 of IEC 60974-1:2012.

6.4.7 Inlet openings

As specified in 10.7 of IEC 60974-1:2012.

6.4.8 Supply circuit on/off switching device

As specified in 10.8 of IEC 60974-1:2012.

6.4.9 Supply cables

As specified in 10.9 of IEC 60974-1:2012.

6.4.10 Supply coupling device (attachment plug)

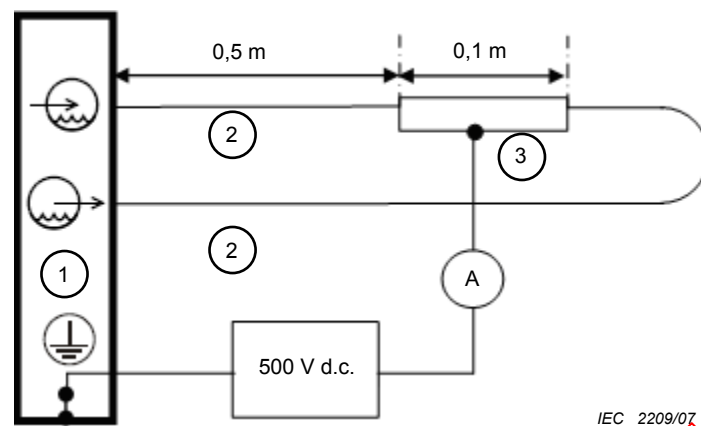
For supply networks up to 125 V, the rated current of the supply coupling device (attachment plug) shall be not less than 70 % of the supply current, as measured with the fan motor or pump stalled, whichever is greater.

6.5 Leakage current between welding circuit and protective earth

With the cooling system filled with the cooling liquid specified by the manufacturer (see 12.1 e)), the leakage current from the torch to the protective earth connection of the cooling system shall not exceed 10 mA d.c.

Conformity shall be checked by applying a d.c. voltage of 500 V at room temperature between the protective earth connection and a copper pipe to simulate the torch connected to the output of the cooling system by a hose with a maximum length of 0,5 m as shown in Figure 1. The minimum inner diameter of the hose shall be 5 mm. The minimum length of the copper pipe shall be 10 cm with a minimum internal diameter of 5 mm. The cooling system and the simulated torch are filled with liquid for the test. The pump is operating.

NOTE The design of the torch can influence the leakage current value; therefore, a conventional copper pipe is used to simulate the torch during the conformity test.



Key

- 1 Liquid cooling system
- 2 Hose
- 3 Copper pipe

Figure 1 – Leakage current measurement configuration

7 Mechanical provisions

7.1 General

As specified in Clause 14 of IEC 60974-1:2012.

The test shall be carried out with cooling liquid.

7.2 Cooling liquid overflow

When filling the cooling system in accordance with the manufacturer's instructions, overflow or spillage shall not result in electric shock.

Conformity shall be checked by the following treatment and test. The liquid container is completely filled. A further quantity of liquid equal to 15 % of the capacity of the container or 0,25 l, whichever is the greater, is then poured in steadily over a period not to exceed 60 s. Immediately after this treatment, the equipment shall pass the dielectric strength test of 6.1.5 between input circuits and exposed conductive parts.

7.3 Hose coupling devices and hose connections

If hose coupling devices or hose connections, which often have to be undone, are placed above or near to live parts, these live parts shall be protected from cooling liquid by splash proof enclosures, with drains or other appropriate measures. An exception is made for live parts of the welding circuit.

8 Cooling system

8.1 Rated maximum pressure

The manufacturer shall determine the rated maximum pressure attainable by the cooling system (see 11.3 c), box 12).

Conformity shall be checked by measuring the pressure when the outlet is blocked.

8.2 Thermal requirements

8.2.1 Heating test

Liquid cooling systems shall be capable of operating at rated cooling power without causing any component to exceed its rated temperature.

Conformity shall be checked in accordance with Clause 10.

8.2.2 Tolerances of test parameters

- a) p pressure: $p_{-2\%}^{+10\%}$
- b) q_v volume flow: $q_{v-2\%}^{+10\%}$
- c) T temperature: $T \pm 2 \text{ K}$

8.2.3 Duration of test

As specified in 7.1.3 of IEC 60974-1:2012.

8.3 Pressure and temperature

Liquid cooling systems shall be capable of operating without leakage at the maximum pressure with a cooling liquid temperature of 70 °C.

Conformity shall be checked by visual inspection during 120 s of operation or until shutdown by a protection system, immediately following the heating test while the outlet of the cooling system is blocked.

9 Abnormal operation

9.1 General requirements

A cooling system shall not break down and increase the risk of electric shock or fire, under the conditions of operation of 9.2. These tests are conducted without regard to temperature attained on any part, or the continued proper functioning of the cooling system. The only criterion is that the cooling system does not become unsafe. These tests may be conducted on any cooling systems that function correctly.

The cooling system, protected internally by, for example, a circuit-breaker or thermal protection, meets this requirement if the protection device operates before an unsafe condition occurs.

Conformity shall be checked by the following tests.

- a) A layer of dry absorbent surgical type cotton is placed under the cooling system, extending beyond each side for a distance of 150 mm.
- b) Starting from the cold state, the cooling system is operated in accordance with 9.2.
- c) During the test, the cooling system shall not emit flames, molten metal or other materials that ignite the cotton indicator.
- d) Following the test and within 5 min, the cooling system shall be capable of withstanding a dielectric test in accordance with 6.1.5 b) of IEC 60974-1:2012.

9.2 Stalled test

A cooling system, which relies on motor-driven fan(s) and pump(s) for conformity with the tests of 8.2, is operated at rated supply voltage or rated load speed for a period of 4 h while