

INTERNATIONAL STANDARD

NORME INTERNATIONALE

Specifications for particular types of winding wires –
Part 38: Polyester or polyesterimide overcoated with polyamide-imide,
enamelled round copper wire, class 200, with a bonding layer

Spécifications pour types particuliers de fils de bobinage –
Partie 38: Fil de section circulaire en cuivre émaillé avec polyester ou
polyesterimide et avec surcouche polyamide-imide, classe 200, avec une couche
adhérente



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INTERNATIONAL ELECTROTECHNICAL COMMISSION

SPECIFICATIONS FOR PARTICULAR TYPES OF WINDING WIRES –**Part 38: Polyester or polyesterimide overcoated with polyamide-imide, enamelled round copper wire, class 200, with a bonding layer**

FOREWORD

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International Standard IEC 60317-38 has been prepared by IEC technical committee 55: Winding wires.

This second edition cancels and replaces the first edition published in 1992, Amendment 1:1997 and Amendment 2:1999. This edition constitutes a technical revision.

This edition includes the following significant technical changes with respect to the previous edition:

- new 3.2.2 containing general notes on winding wire, formerly a part of the scope;
- revision to references to IEC 60317-0-1:2013 to clarify that their application is normative;
- new Clause 23, Pin hole test.

The text of this standard is based on the following documents:

FDIS	Report on voting
55/1419/FDIS	55/1440/RVD

Full information on the voting for the approval of this standard can be found in the report on voting indicated in the above table.

This publication has been drafted in accordance with the ISO/IEC Directives, Part 2.

A list of all parts in the IEC 60317 series, published under the general title *Specifications for particular types of winding wires*, can be found on the IEC website.

The numbering of clauses in this standard is not continuous from Clauses 20 and 30 in order to reserve space for possible future wire requirements prior to those for wire packaging.

The committee has decided that the contents of this publication will remain unchanged until the stability date indicated on the IEC web site under "<http://webstore.iec.ch>" in the data related to the specific publication. At this date, the publication will be

- reconfirmed,
- withdrawn,
- replaced by a revised edition, or
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INTRODUCTION

This part of IEC 60317 is one of a series which deals with insulated wires used for windings in electrical equipment. The series has three groups describing:

- 1) Winding wires – Test methods (IEC 60851);
- 2) Specifications for particular types of winding wires (IEC 60317);
- 3) Packaging of winding wires (IEC 60264).

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SPECIFICATIONS FOR PARTICULAR TYPES OF WINDING WIRES –

Part 38: Polyester or polyesterimide overcoated with polyamide-imide, enamelled round copper wire, class 200, with a bonding layer

1 Scope

This part of IEC 60317 specifies the requirements of enamelled round copper winding wire of class 200 with a triple coating. The underlying coating is based on polyester or polyesterimide resin, which may be modified providing it retains the chemical identity of the original resin and meets all specified wire requirements. The secondary coating is based on polyamide-imide resin. The third coating is a bonding layer based on a thermoplastic or thermosetting resin.

NOTE A modified resin is a resin that has undergone a chemical change, or contains one or more additives to enhance certain performance or application characteristics.

The range of nominal conductor diameters covered by this part is:

- Grade 1B: 0,050 mm up to and including 1,600 mm;
- Grade 2B: 0,050 mm up to and including 1,600 mm.

The nominal conductor diameters are specified in Clause 4 of IEC 60317-0-1:2013.

2 Normative references

[IEC 60317-38:2013](#)

The following documents, in whole or in part, are normatively referenced in this document and are indispensable for its application. For dated references, only the edition cited applies. For undated references, the latest edition of the referenced document (including any amendments) applies.

IEC 60317-0-1:2013, *Specifications for particular types of winding wires – Part 0-1: General requirements – Enamelled round copper wire*

3 Terms, definitions, general notes and appearance

3.1 Terms and definitions

Subclause 3.1 of IEC 60317-0-1:2013 applies.

3.2 General notes

3.2.1 Methods of test

Subclause 3.2.1 of IEC 60317-0-1:2013 applies. In case of inconsistencies between IEC 60317-0-1:2013 and this part of IEC 60317, the latter shall prevail.

3.2.2 Winding wire

Class 200 is a thermal class that requires a minimum temperature index of 200 and a heat shock temperature of at least 220 °C.

The temperature in degrees Celsius corresponding to the temperature index is not necessarily that at which it is recommended that the wire be operated and this will depend on many factors, including the type of equipment involved.

3.3 Appearance

Subclause 3.3 of IEC 60317-0-1:2013 applies.

4 Dimensions

Clause 4 of IEC 60317-0-1:2013 applies.

5 Electrical resistance

Clause 5 of IEC 60317-0-1:2013 applies.

6 Elongation

Clause 6 of IEC 60317-0-1:2013 applies.

7 Springiness

Clause 7 of IEC 60317-0-1:2013 applies.

8 Flexibility and adherence

Clause 8 of IEC 60317-0-1:2013 applies. For 8.4, the constant K used for the calculation of the number of revolutions for the peel test shall be 110 mm.

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9 Heat shock

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Clause 9 of IEC 60317-0-1:2013 applies. The minimum heat shock temperature shall be 220 °C.

10 Cut-through

No failure shall occur within 2 min at 320 °C.

11 Resistance to abrasion (nominal conductor diameters from 0,250 mm up to and including 1,600 mm)

The wire shall meet the requirements given in Table 1.

For intermediate nominal conductor diameters, the value of the next larger nominal conductor diameter shall be taken.

Table 1 – Resistance to abrasion

Nominal conductor diameter mm	Grade 1B		Grade 2B	
	Minimum average force to failure N	Minimum force to failure of each measurement N	Minimum average force to failure N	Minimum force to failure of each measurement N
0,250	3,00	2,55	4,90	4,15
0,280	3,25	2,75	5,25	4,45
0,315	3,50	2,95	5,65	4,80
0,355	3,75	3,20	6,05	5,15
0,400	4,05	3,45	6,50	5,50
0,450	4,35	3,70	7,00	5,90
0,500	4,65	3,95	7,50	6,35
0,560	5,00	4,25	8,00	6,80
0,630	5,35	4,55	8,60	7,30
0,710	5,70	4,85	9,20	7,80
0,800	6,10	5,15	9,90	8,40
0,900	6,55	5,55	10,6	9,00
1,000	7,05	5,95	11,3	9,60
1,120	7,60	6,45	12,1	10,2
1,250	8,20	6,95	12,9	11,0
1,400	8,80	7,45	13,9	11,8
1,600	9,45	8,00	14,9	12,6

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12 Resistance to solvents

Test inappropriate.

13 Breakdown voltage

Clause 13 of IEC 60317-0-1:2013 applies. The elevated temperature shall be 200 °C.

14 Continuity of insulation

Clause 14 of IEC 60317-0-1:2013 applies.

15 Temperature index

Clause 15 of IEC 60317-0-1:2013 applies. The minimum temperature index shall be 200.

16 Resistance to refrigerants

Test inappropriate.

17 Solderability

Test inappropriate.

18 Heat or solvent bonding

18.1 Heat bonding

18.1.1 Heat bonding strength of a helical coil

18.1.1.1 At room temperature

The specimens shall be prepared according to the test method, and the temperature of the oven for bonding shall be fixed as agreed between purchaser and supplier for the different types of bonding enamels. The suggested temperature for polyamide bonding enamel is $(200 \pm 2) ^\circ\text{C}$ and the suggested temperature for aromatic polyamide bonding enamel is $(230 \pm 2) ^\circ\text{C}$.

Results: when testing the specimens according to the test method, under the action of load specified in Table 2, no turns (other than possibly the first and the last) shall separate.

18.1.1.2 At elevated temperature

The specimens shall be prepared and shall be conditioned as described in the test method.

The elevated temperature shall be fixed as agreed between purchaser and supplier for the different types of bonding enamels. The suggested temperature for polyamide bonding enamel is $(155 \pm 2) ^\circ\text{C}$ and the suggested temperature for aromatic polyamide bonding enamel is $(170 \pm 2) ^\circ\text{C}$.

Results: when testing the specimens according to the test method, under the action of load specified in Table 2, no turns (other than possibly the first and the last) shall separate.