

## SLOVENSKI STANDARD **SIST EN 10325:2007** 01-januar-2007

## >Y\_`UE'8c`c ]hYj 'dcj ]ýUb'UbUdYhcgh] hY Yb'UnUfUX] hcd`chbY'cVXY`Uj Y'f6U\_Y! <UfXYb]b[!±bXYIŁ

Steel - Determination of yield strength increase by the effect of heat treatment [Bake-Hardening-Index]

Stahl - Bestimmung der Streckgrenzenerhöhung durch Wärmebehandlung (Bake-Hardening-Index)

iTeh STANDARD PREVIEW

Aciers - Détermination de l'augmentation de la limite apparente d'élasticité due a un traitement thermique (index de durcissement a la cuisson [Bake-hardening])

https://standards.iteh.ai/catalog/standards/sist/6fc96f19-1cc Ta slovenski standard je istoveten 4z: 18122/sEN 10325:2006

## ICS:

77.040.10 Mehansko preskušanje kovin Mechanical testing of metals

77.080.20 Jekla Steels

SIST EN 10325:2007 en

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<u>SIST EN 10325:2007</u> https://standards.iteh.ai/catalog/standards/sist/6fc96f19-1cc8-40ee-b71a-81874e1f8122/sist-en-10325-2007

## **EUROPEAN STANDARD**

## NORME EUROPÉENNE

**EUROPÄISCHE NORM** 

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ICS 77.040.10: 71.080.20

### **English Version**

## Steel - Determination of yield strength increase by the effect of heat treatment [Bake-Hardening-Index]

Aciers - Détermination de l'augmentation de la limite apparente d'élasticité due à un traitement thermique (index de durcissement à la cuisson [Bake-hardening])

Stahl - Bestimmung der Streckgrenzenerhöhung durch Wärmebehandlung (Bake-Hardening-Index)

This European Standard was approved by CEN on 7 July 2006.

CEN members are bound to comply with the CEN/CENELEC Internal Regulations which stipulate the conditions for giving this European Standard the status of a national standard without any alteration. Up-to-date lists and bibliographical references concerning such national standards may be obtained on application to the Central Secretariat or to any CEN member.

This European Standard exists in three official versions (English, French, German). A version in any other language made by translation under the responsibility of a CEN member into its own language and notified to the Central Secretariat has the same status as the official

CEN members are the national standards bodies of Austria, Belgium, Cyprus, Czech Republic, Denmark, Estonia, Finland, France, Germany, Greece, Hungary, Iceland, Ireland, Italy, Latvia, Lithuania, Luxembourg, Malta, Netherlands, Norway, Poland, Portugal, Romania, Germany, Greece, Hungary, Iceianu, Ileianu, Italy, Latria, Lang, Slovakia, Slovenia, Spain, Sweden, Switzerland and United Kingdom.

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EUROPEAN COMMITTEE FOR STANDARDIZATION COMITÉ EUROPÉEN DE NORMALISATION EUROPÄISCHES KOMITEE FÜR NORMUNG

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## **Foreword**

This document (EN 10325:2006) has been prepared by Technical Committee ECISS/TC 1 "Steel - Mechanical testing", the secretariat of which is held by AFNOR.

This European Standard shall be given the status of a national standard, either by publication of an identical text or by endorsement, at the latest by February 2007, and conflicting national standards shall be withdrawn at the latest by February 2007.

According to the CEN/CENELEC Internal Regulations, the national standards organizations of the following countries are bound to implement this European Standard: Austria, Belgium, Cyprus, Czech Republic, Denmark, Estonia, Finland, France, Germany, Greece, Hungary, Iceland, Ireland, Italy, Latvia, Lithuania, Luxembourg, Malta, Netherlands, Norway, Poland, Portugal, Romania, Slovakia, Slovenia, Spain, Sweden, Switzerland and United Kingdom.

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#### 1 Scope

This document specifies the method for the determination of yield strength increase by the effect of heat treatment (Bake-Hardening-Index) for steel.

NOTE This test is applied in particular, to steels showing a mechanism of bake hardening, which are specially intended for automotive industry.

#### Normative references 2

The following referenced documents are indispensable for the application of this document. For dated references, only the edition cited applies. For undated references, the latest edition of the referenced document (including any amendments) applies.

EN 10002-1:2001, Metallic materials — Tensile testing — Part 1: Method of test at ambient temperature

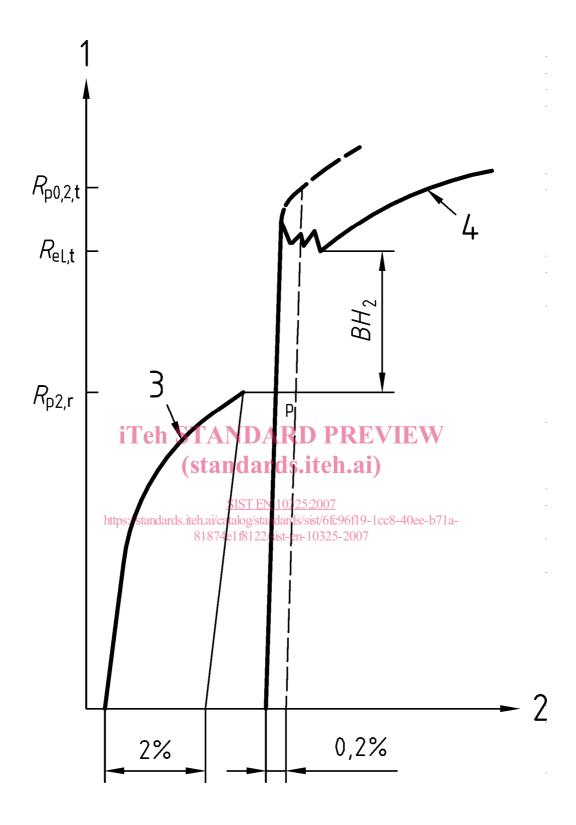
#### Terms and definitions 3

For the purposes of this document, the terms and definitions given in EN 10002-1:2001 and the following apply.

However it should be noted that in the context of this document, the term "yield strength" also covers 0,2 % proof NOTE strength in addition to its definition in EN10002-1. AND ARD PREVIEW

3.1 Bake-Hardening-Index  $(BH_2)$  increase of yield strength between a reference condition after a 2 % plastic pre-strain and the condition obtained after a heat treatment simulating the usual industrial paint processes (see Figure 1)

The heat treatment of simulation is specified in 8 2 indards/sist/6fc96f19-1cc8-40ee-b71a-NOTE 81874e1f8122/sist-en-10325-2007



### Key

- 1 Stress
- 2 Strain
- 3 Application of a 2 % plastic pre-strain
- 4 Tensile test after heat treatment on the same test piece

Figure 1 — Illustration of the determination of  $BH_2$ 

## 4 Symbols and designations

The symbols used in this document and the corresponding designations are given in Table 1.

Table 1 — Symbols and designations

Symbol	Unit	Designation
R <sub>p2,r</sub>	MPa <sup>a</sup>	Stress corresponding to a 2 % plastic prestrain measured on the test piece
$R_{eL,t}$	MPa	Lower yield strength measured on the test piece initially prestrained at 2 % and then heat treated
R <sub>p0,2,t</sub>	MPa	0,2 % proof strength measured on the test piece initially prestrained at 2 % and then heat treated
BH <sub>2</sub>	MPa	Bake-Hardening-Index
a 1 MPa = 1	1 MPa = 1 N/mm².	

## 5 Principle

The test determines an index giving the increase of yield strength of a test piece submitted to a 2 % plastic prestrain, then to a specified heat treatment.

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## 6 Test equipment

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The test equipment shall be in accordance with EN 10002-1 10325:2007

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## 7 Test pieces

The test pieces shall be according to EN 10002-1.

### 8 Testing procedure

## 8.1 Testing conditions

The tensile test shall be performed according to Annex A of EN 10002-1:2001. The testing rate given in EN 10002-1 for the beginning of the tensile test, shall only be increased after the determination of  $R_{\rm eL}$  or  $R_{\rm p0,2}$ . During the pre-straining of the test pieces, the testing rate shall be kept constant up to a plastic pre-strain of  $(2 \pm 0.05)$  %. All tensile tests used to characterize a steel shall be performed with the same actual testing rate.

## 8.2 Heat treatment conditions

A test piece temperature of 170 °C shall be achieved within 7 min. The heat treatment time of  $(20\pm0,5)$  min commences when a test piece temperature of 168 °C is achieved. The heat treatment equipment used shall be capable of keeping the prescribed test piece temperature (i.e. 170 °C) at  $\pm$  2 °C. The temperature measuring device shall have a resolution of no more than 1 °C with a maximum measuring uncertainty of  $\pm$  2 °C. After the holding time, the test piece shall be air cooled to room temperature, i.e.  $(23\pm5)$  °C.