INTERNATIONAL STANDARD



First edition 1993-12-15

Commercial vehicles and buses — Cross-tooth propeller shaft flanges, type T

iTeh Svéhicules utilitaires et autobus — Brides d'arbre de transmission à dents croisées, type T (standards.iteh.ai)

ISO 12667:1993 https://standards.iteh.ai/catalog/standards/sist/7ecb5a4a-b7d1-43c1-af98bfbbb6c90d70/iso-12667-1993



Foreword

ISO (the International Organization for Standardization) is a worldwide federation of national standards bodies (ISO member bodies). The work of preparing International Standards is normally carried out through ISO technical committees. Each member body interested in a subject for which a technical committee has been established has the right to be represented on that committee. International organizations, governmental and non-governmental, in liaison with ISO, also take part in the work. ISO collaborates closely with the International Electrotechnical Commission (IEC) on all matters of electrotechnical standardization.

Draft International Standards adopted by the technical committees are circulated to the member bodies for voting. Publication as an International Standard requires approval by at least 75 % of the member bodies casting VIEW a vote.

International Standard ISO 12667 was prepared by Technical Committee ISO/TC 22, Road vehicles, Subcommittee SC 15, Interchangeability of components of commercial vehicles and buses. ISO 12667:1993 https://standards.iteh.ai/catalog/standards/sist/7ecb5a4a-b7d1-43c1-af98bfbbb6c90d70/iso-12667-1993

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International Organization for Standardization

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Commercial vehicles and buses — Cross-tooth propeller shaft flanges, type T

1 Scope

This International Standard specifies the nominal dimensions and tolerances which affect interchange **R 3 Dimensions and tolerances** ability between cross-tooth propeller shaft flanges, type T, used on commercial vehicles and buses **Cards**. Nominal dimensions and tolerances which affect the

Dimensions and tolerances of the mating parts, i.e. type T cross-tooth gearbox flanges, are specified in ISO 8667. bfbbb6c90d70/iso-12**4**67-**Designation**

2 Normative references

The following standards contain provisions which, through reference in this text, constitute provisions of this International Standard. At the time of publication, the editions indicated were valid. All standards are subject to revision, and parties to agreements based on this International Standard are encouraged to investigate the possibility of applying the most recent editions of the standards indicated below. Members of IEC and ISO maintain registers of currently valid International Standards.

ISO 8667:1992, Commercial vehicles and buses — Cross-tooth gearbox flanges, type T.

ist/7ecb5a4a-b7d1-43c1-a98- **4**67-**Designation** Propeller shaft flanges meeting the requirements of this International Standard shall be identified by a

certain number of elements, to be given in the fol-

ISO 13715:—¹⁾, Technical drawings — Corners — Vo-

cabulary and indication on drawings.

- a) reference to this International Standard;
- b) type code: T;

lowing order:

c) size: d_1

EXAMPLE

Designation of a type T propeller shaft flange with $d_1 = 150$ mm:

Flange ISO 12667 - T 150

¹⁾ To be published.

Dimensions in millimetres, surface roughness values in micrometres

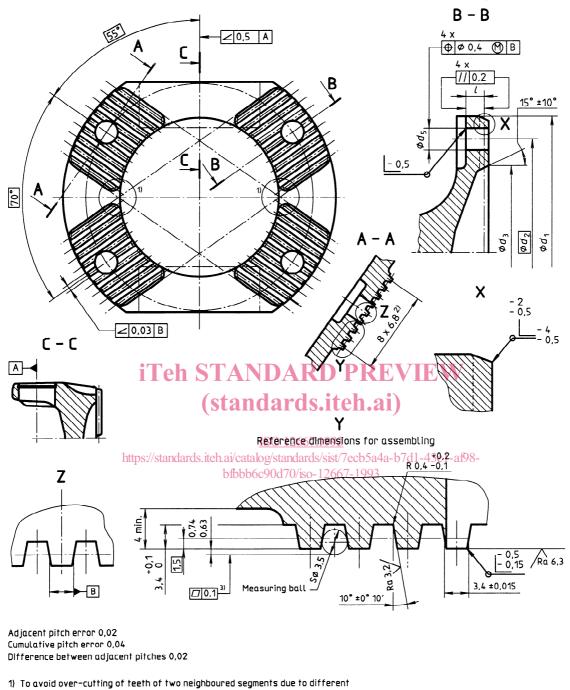


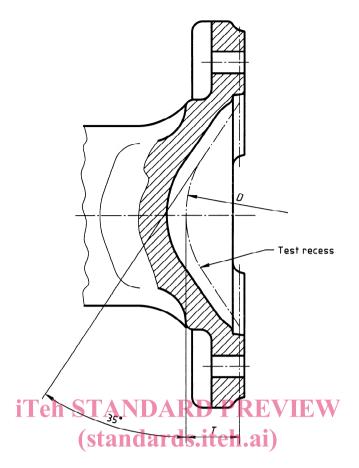
Figure 1

cutting tools, the forging-contour may be optimized here. 2) If size $d_1 = 120$ mm, 6 x 6,8 is valid. In this case the total width of

the teeth-segment is 44,2 mm instead of 57,8 mm.

3) For comparative measurements, flatness shall be measured at a minimum distance of 5 mm from the diameter d_5 hole and at the outside edges for diameters d_1 and d_3 .





ISO Figure 923

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Table	1
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Dimensions in millimetres

Size <i>d</i> ₁ 0 -2	<i>d</i> ₂	d ₃ max.	<i>d</i> 5 +0,2 0	ر ۱) ± 0,5	$D imes T^{2}$)
120 ³⁾	100	82	11	14	70 × 22
150 ³⁾	130	102	13	16	96 × 24 ⁴⁾
165	140	112	13	16	96 × 26
180	150	112	15	18	96 × 26
200	165	132	15	22	116 × 28

1) For special applications, other dimensions may be required subject to agreement between manufacturer and customer.

2) The test recess is the minimum required clearance for the adjustment elements of the neighboured transmission flange.

3) For certain applications diameters $d_1 = 122$ mm and 155 mm may be required subject to agreement between manufacturer and customer.

4) The 92×22 dimension is currently a common shape of recess. New designs of transmission flange should not exceed this dimension.

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UDC 621.824.2:629.114.4/.5

Descriptors: road vehicles, motor vehicles, commercial road vehicles, buses (vehicles), drive shafts, flanges, dimensions, dimensional tolerances, interchangeability.

Price based on 3 pages

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