

Designation: C 732 – 01

Standard Test Method for Aging Effects of Artificial Weathering on Latex Sealants¹

This standard is issued under the fixed designation C 732; the number immediately following the designation indicates the year of original adoption or, in the case of revision, the year of last revision. A number in parentheses indicates the year of last reapproval. A superscript epsilon (ϵ) indicates an editorial change since the last revision or reapproval.

This standard has been approved for use by agencies of the Department of Defense.

1. Scope

1.1 This test method covers a laboratory procedure for the determination of aging effects of artificial weathering on latex sealants.

1.2 The values stated in metric (SI) units are to be regarded as the standard. The values given in parentheses are for information only.

1.3 This standard does not purport to address all of the safety concerns, if any, associated with its use. It is the responsibility of the user of this standard to establish appropriate safety and health practices and determine the applicability of regulatory limitations prior to use.

NOTE 1-Currently there is no ISO standard similar to this test method.

2. Referenced Documents

- 2.1 ASTM Standards:
- C 717 Terminology of Building Seals and Sealants²
- G 23 Practice for Operating Light-Exposure Apparatus (Carbon-Arc Type) With and Without Water for Exposure of Nonmetallic Materials³
- G 26 Practice for Operating Light-Exposure Apparatus (Xenon-Arc Type) With and Without Water for Exposure of Nonmetallic Materials³

3. Terminology

3.1 *Definitions*:

3.1.1 Definitions of the following terms are found in Terminology C 717: adhesive failure (loss of adhesion); latex sealant; sealant.

4. Summary of Test Method

4.1 The sealant is placed in a specially constructed woodand-metal fixture and exposed for 500 h to specified

² Annual Book of ASTM Standards, Vol 04.07.

alternate wet and dry cycles in an accelerated weathering unit, then examined for evidences of deterioration.

5. Significance and Use

5.1 Accelerated weathering exposure serves to indicate long-term exterior durability of the sealant. In this test method, durability is tested when the sealant is used with wood or aluminum.

6. Apparatus

6.1 Accelerated Weathering Unit—One of the units either of the Type D through F as described in Practice G 23 or Type A through BH as described in Practice G 26, plus a 102-18 cycling cam and black panel accessories.

6.2 *Q-Panel Sample Holder* as shown in Fig. 1.6.3 *Knife*, for tooling.

7. Sampling

7.1 Use the sealant to be tested directly from the container as commercially supplied by the manufacturer.

8. Test Specimens

8.1 Prepare two 25 by 70 by 175-mm (1 by 2³/₄ by 7-in.) wood-and-metal panels as shown in Fig. 1, using the following materials:

8.1.1 *Exterior Fir Plywood*, with a water-resistant thermoset glue such as urea or melamine-formaldehyde type.

8.1.2 *Ponderosa Pine Sapwood*, white kiln dried and free of knots or imperfections.

8.1.3 *Aluminum Alloy 6063-T5 or 6061-T6*, clear, anodized a minimum of 30 min over a scale-free finish.

8.1.4 *Polyethylene Spacer* of low-density film approximately 5 mils (0.13 mm) thick.

8.1.5 Screws and Nails, zinc-coated or nonrusting type.

8.2 Using a gun or knife, completely fill the two 7 by 13-mm ($\frac{1}{4}$ by $\frac{1}{2}$ -in.) channels in both panels with sealant, striking off the excess from the top and ends so that it is flush with the panel surfaces.

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³ Annual Book of ASTM Standards, Vol 14.02.