

SLOVENSKI STANDARD SIST EN 302 842-3 V1.1.1:2006

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Electromagnetic compatibility and Radio spectrum Matters (ERM); VHF air-ground and air-air Digital Link (VDL) Mode 4 radio equipment; Technical characteristics and methods of measurement for aeronautical mobile (airborne) equipment; Part 3: Additional broadcast aspects

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European Standard (Telecommunications series)

Electromagnetic compatibility
and Radio spectrum Matters (ERM);
VHF air-ground and air-air Digital Link (VDL)
Mode 4 radio equipment;
Technical characteristics and
methods of measurement
for aeronautical mobile (airborne) equipment;
Part 3: Additional broadcast aspects

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ETSI

650 Route des Lucioles F-06921 Sophia Antipolis Cedex - FRANCE

Tel.: +33 4 92 94 42 00 Fax: +33 4 93 65 47 16

Siret N° 348 623 562 00017 - NAF 742 C
Association à but non lucratif enregistrée à la

Teh Sous-Préfecture de Grasse (06) N° 7803/88 / IEW

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Foreword

This European Standard (Telecommunications series) has been produced by ETSI Technical Committee Electromagnetic compatibility and Radio spectrum Matters (ERM).

The present document is part 3 of a multi-part deliverable covering the VHF air-ground and air-air Digital Link (VDL) Mode 4 radio equipment; Technical characteristics and methods of measurement for aeronautical mobile (airborne) equipment, as identified below:

Part 1: "Physical layer";

Part 2: "General description and data link layer" ARD PREVIEW

Part 3: "Additional broadcast aspects": (standards.iteh.ai)

Part 4: "Point-to-point functions"

The present document is accompanied by an equivalent ground-based standard, EN 301 842 [9] parts 1 to 4, covering the VHF air-ground Data Link (VDL) Mode 4 radio equipment; Technical characteristics and methods of measurement for ground-based equipment.

NOTE: Minimum Operational Performance Specifications (MOPS) are also being developed for VDL Mode 4. EUROCAE have previously published Interim MOPS for VDL Mode 4 (see bibliography) which are a sub set of EN 302 842-1, 2, 3 and 4. EN 302 842-1, 2, 3 and 4 complies with the requirements of CEC Mandate M/318.

National transposition dates	
Date of adoption of this EN:	22 July 2005
Date of latest announcement of this EN (doa):	31 October 2005
Date of latest publication of new National Standard or endorsement of this EN (dop/e):	30 April 2006
Date of withdrawal of any conflicting National Standard (dow):	30 April 2006

Introduction

The present document states the technical specifications for Very High Frequency (VHF) Digital Link (VDL) Mode 4 aeronautical mobile (airborne) radio transmitters, transceivers and receivers for air-ground and air-air communications operating in the VHF band, using Gaussian Filtered Frequency Shift Keying (GFSK) modulation with 25 kHz channel spacing and capable of tuning to any of the 25 kHz channels from 118,000 MHz to 136,975 MHz as defined in ICAO VDL SARPs [2].

The present document may be used to produce tests for the assessment of the performance of the equipment. The performance of the equipment submitted for type testing should be representative of the performance of the corresponding production model.

The present document has been written on the assumption that:

- the type test measurements will be performed only once, in an accredited test laboratory and the measurements accepted by the various authorities in order to grant type approval;
- if equipment available on the market is required to be checked it will be tested in accordance with the methods
 of measurement specified in the present document or a documented alternative approved by the certifying
 authority;
- Equipment comply with EN 302 842-1 [4] and EN 302 842-2 [5].

NOTE: The present document has been produced with a view to maintaining consistency of numbering with the equivalent standard for ground equipment (EN 301 842 all parts [9]). Where requirements are the same, they have been given the same number. Some new airborne requirements have been inserted between requirements that were sequential in EN 301 842 [9]. This has led to a non-standard form of numbering for new requirements in some places.

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1 Scope

The present document provides part 3 of the technical specifications for Very High Frequency (VHF) Digital Link (VDL) Mode 4 aeronautical mobile (airborne) radio transmitters, transceivers and receivers for air-ground and air-air communications operating in the VHF band, using Gaussian Filtered Frequency Shift Keying (GFSK) modulation with 25 kHz channel spacing and capable of tuning to any of the 25 kHz channels from 118,000 MHz to 136,975 MHz as defined in ICAO VDL SARPs [2].

The present document is designed to ensure that equipment certified to it will be compatible with the relevant ICAO VDL SARPs [2] and ICAO VDL4 Technical Manual [1].

Manufacturers should note that in future the tuning range for the transmitter may also cover any 25 kHz channel from 112,000 MHz to 117,975 MHz and the receiver(s) may cover any 25 kHz channel from 108,000 MHz to 117,975 MHz.

The present document applies to "aeronautical mobile (airborne and in some cases ground vehicles)" equipment which will hereinafter be referred to as "mobile" equipment.

The scope of the present document is limited to mobile stations. The equivalent specification for ground stations is EN 301 842 [9].

A description of the scope of the VDL Mode 4 system is provided in part 2 of these technical specifications (see EN 302 842-2 [5] clause 1).

EN 302 842-1 [4] deals with tests of the physical layer. EN 302 842-2 [5] deals with tests of the link layer sufficient to support broadcast functionality including requirements and tests sufficient to recognize and respond to transmissions associated with point-to-point communication. The present document provides technical specifications for a VDL Mode 4 mobile transceiver supporting a full Automatic Dependent Surveillance - Broadcast (ADS-B) capability and, optionally, the additional functionality of either, or a combination of, the following services:

- Traffic Information Service Broadcast (TIS-B);
- Flight Information Service Broadcast (FIS-B); https://standards.iteh.avcatalog/standards/sist/6cc8e2cf-2bd1-4231-8756-
- GNSS Augmentation Service Broadcast (GNS-B) 2-842-3-v1-1-1-2006

The TIS-B, FIS-B, or GNS-B reception processing functionality in the airborne equipment is expected to be provided by a TIS-B, FIS-B or GNS-B processor, which could be contained within the VDL Mode 4 transceiver, but could also be housed in a separate physical unit. Therefore to support TIS-B, FIS-B or GNS-B message reception, the minimum functionality demanded of a basic VDL Mode 4 airborne transceiver unit (i.e. one that does not have a TIS-B, FIS-B or GNS-B processor housed within it) is to pass to the TIS-B, FIS-B or GNS-B processor, all TIS-B, FIS-B or GNS-B messages received.

As the measured values of equipment performance may be a function of the method of measurement, standard test conditions and methods of test are recommended in the present document.

The present document is organized as follows:

- references, definitions, abbreviations and symbols are provided in clauses 2 and 3;
- clause 4 describes the VDL Mode 4 mobile station functionality to support ADS-B, TIS-B, FIS-B and GNS-B;
- clause 5 provides performance specifications for the VDL Mode 4 mobile station supporting ADS-B, TIS-B, FIS-B and GNS-B Services;
- clause 6 provides general design requirements;
- clause 7 provides protocol tests which emphasis the ADS-B, TIS-B, FIS-B and GNS-B functions of the system;
- annex A provides a detailed cross-reference to the relevant requirements contained in ICAO VDL4 Technical Manual [1];
- annex B provides a bibliography;

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• a document history.

Note that the system can support a very wide range of functions. It is not practical to provide specific tests for all aspects of functionality. The approach used is to provide detailed tests for the core functionality to support ADS-B, FIS-B, TIS-B and GNS-B focusing on the system requirements which, if wrongly implemented, could cause a deterioration in the service offered by other VDL Mode 4 stations.

Mandating and Recommendation Phrases

- a) "Shall":
 - The use of the word "Shall" indicates a mandated criterion; i.e. compliance with the particular procedure or specification is mandatory and no alternative may be applied.
- b) "Should":
 - The use of the word "Should" (and phrases such as "It is recommended that...", etc.) indicates that though the procedure or criterion is regarded as the preferred option, alternative procedures, specifications or criteria may be applied, provided that the manufacturer, installer or tester can provide information or data to adequately support and justify the alternative.

2 References

The following documents contain provisions which, through reference in this text, constitute provisions of the present document.

- References are either specific (identified by date of publication and/or edition number or version number) or non-specific.
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 For a specific reference, subsequent revisions do not apply.
- For a non-specific reference, the latest version applies, V1.1.1:2006 https://standards.iteh.ai/catalog/standards/sist/6cc8e2cf-2bd1-4231-8756-

Referenced documents which are not found to be publicly available in the expected location might be found at http://docbox.etsi.org/Reference.

- [1] ICAO 9816: "Manual on VHF Digital Link (VDL) Mode 4 Part 2: Detailed Technical Specifications". First Edition 2004.
- [2] ICAO Annex 10 to the Convention on International Civil Aviation: "Aeronautical Telecommunications, Volume III: Communication Systems, Part I: Digital Data Communication Systems, Chapter 6".
- [3] RTCA DO-242A: "Minimum Aviation System Performance Standards for Automatic Dependent Surveillance Broadcast (ADS-B)".
- [4] ETSI EN 302 842-1: "Electromagnetic compatibility and Radio spectrum Matters (ERM); VHF air-ground and air-air Digital Link (VDL) Mode 4 radio equipment; Technical characteristics and methods of measurement for aeronautical mobile (airborne) equipment; Part 1: Physical layer".
- [5] ETSI EN 302 842-2: "Electromagnetic compatibility and Radio spectrum Matters (ERM); VHF air-ground and air-air Digital Link (VDL) Mode 4 radio equipment; Technical characteristics and methods of measurement for aeronautical mobile (airborne) equipment; Part 2: General description and data link layer".
- [6] ETSI EN 302 842-4: "Electromagnetic compatibility and Radio spectrum Matters (ERM); VHF air-ground and air-air Digital Link (VDL) Mode 4 radio equipment; Technical characteristics and methods of measurement for aeronautical mobile (airborne) equipment; Part 4: Point-to-point functions".

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[7] Amendments 76 and 77 to Volume I of Annex 10 to the Convention on International Civil

Aviation, International Civil Aviation Organization: Appendix B-B2, 3.6 "Ground-based

augmentation system (GBAS)".

NOTE: http://www.icao.int.

[8] EUROCAE ED-114: "Minimum Operational Performance Specification for Global Navigation

Satellite Ground Based Augmentation System GrounD Equipment to Support Category I

Operations".

NOTE: http://www.eurocae.org.

[9] ETSI EN 301 842 (all parts): "Electromagnetic compatibility and Radio spectrum Matters (ERM);

VHF air-ground Data Link (VDL) Mode 4 radio equipment; Technical characteristics and methods

of measurement for ground-based equipment".

3 Definitions and abbreviations

3.1 Definitions

3.1.1 Basic reference model definitions

See EN 302 842-2 [5] clause 3.1.1.

3.1.2 Service conventions definitions

See EN 302 842-2 [5] clause 3.1.2.

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3.1.3 General definitions: h.ai/catalog/standards/sist/6cc8e2cf-2bd1-4231-8756-

a62df7a26c80/sist-en-302-842-3-v1-1-1-2006

For the purposes of the present document, the terms and definitions given in EN 302 842-1 [4] clause 3.1.3, EN 302 842-2 [5] clause 3.1.3 and the following apply:

Automatic Dependent Surveillance-Broadcast (ADS-B): surveillance application transmitting parameters, such as position, track, ground speed and time via a broadcast mode data link for use by any air and ground users requiring it

NOTE:

ADS-B is a surveillance service based on aircraft self-determination of position/velocity/time and automatic, periodic, broadcast of this information along with auxiliary data such as aircraft identity (ID), intent information and communications control parameters, etc. ADS-B is intended to support multiple high-level applications and associated services such as cockpit display of traffic information, traffic alert and collision avoidance functionality, enhanced traffic management in the air and on the ground, search and rescue support and others.

Automatic Terminal Information Service (ATIS): report generated by a ground station that includes weather conditions, operating procedures, runways and approaches in use, and any other information that may affect the departure, runway and landing phase of flight

Flight Information Service - Broadcast (FIS-B): uplink broadcast application providing local airborne traffic with information

GNSS Augmentation Service - Broadcast (GNS-B): uplink broadcast application providing aircraft with GNSS augmentation and integrity data

METeorological Aerodrome Report (METAR): report generated by a ground station that broadcasts meteorological conditions at aerodromes, officially recoded and communicated at regular intervals

SIGnificant METeorological Information (SIGMET): report generated by a ground station that broadcasts information about weather phenomena that may have an impact on aircraft at subsonic, transonic and supersonic cruising levels including thunderstorms, cyclones, turbulence and icing

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SPECIal Observations and Reports (SPECI): report generated by a ground station that is issued when meteorological conditions change sufficiently to affect aviation operations

The SPECI report contains the same information as a METAR.

Traffic Information Service - Broadcast (TIS-B): uplink surveillance service that derives traffic information from one or more ground surveillance sources and broadcasts that information to suitably equipped aircraft or surface vehicles

Traffic Information Volume (TIV): volume of airspace for which surveillance information is provided for all targets

Inside the TIV, a pilot knows he can rely on the surveillance picture presented to him; outside the TIV, ADS-B reports may be received but TIS-B reports may not be available.

3.1.4 Definition of bit order

In the tables included in the present document to illustrate the format of bursts, the following order is implied:

- bit order in each burst subfield shall be indicated by subscript numbers. Bit 1 shall indicate the least significant bit; and
- b) bits shall be transmitted octet by octet, starting with the first octet in each table, and within each octet the rightmost bit (as shown in the tables) shall be transmitted first.

3.2 **Abbreviations**

For the purposes of the present document, the following abbreviations apply:

ADS-B ATIS	Automatic Dependent Surveillance - Broadcast Automatic Terminal Information Service
CCI	Co-Channel Interference
CPR	Compact Position Reporting EN 302 842-3 V1.1.1:2006
CRC	CyclictRedundancys.Code/catalog/standards/sist/6cc8e2cf-2bd1-4231-8756-
dB	deciBel a62df7a26c80/sist-en-302-842-3-v1-1-1-2006
DLPDU	Data Link Protocol Data Unit
DLS	Data Link Service
DOS	Directory Of Services
EUROCAE	EURopean Organization for Civil Aviation Equipment
FAS	Final Approach Segment

FIS-B Flight Information Service - Broadcast

FPAP Flight Path Alignment Point FTP Fictitious Threshold Point

Ground-Based Augmentation System **GBAS** GNS-B Continuity / Integrity Designator **GCID GFSK** Gaussian Filtered Frequency Shift Keying

GLONASS GLObal NAvigation Satellite System (Russian system)

GNS-B GNSS augmentation Service - Broadcast **GNSS** Global Navigation Satellite System

Glide Path Angle **GPA**

Global Positioning System **GPS**

Ground-based Regional Augmentation System **GRAS**

GSC Global Signalling Channel

hexadecimal hex

International Alphabet-5 IA-5

ICAO International Civil Aviation Organization

ID **IDentity**

INFO INFOrmation (DLPDU) Landing Threshold Point LTP

MASPS Minimum Aviation System Performance Standards

MEDUP MEDiterranean Update Programme **METAR** METeorological Aerodrome Report

MOPS Minimum Operational Performance Specification NEAN North European ADS-B Network

NM Nautical Mile

NUP NEAN Update Programme
PCO Point of Control and Observation

PRN Pseudo Random Noise RCN Runway Condition RF Radio Frequency

SARPs Standards And Recommended Practices
SBAS Space-Based Augmentation System
SIGMET SIGnificant METeorological event
SPECI SPECIal observations and reports
TCH Threshold Crossing Height
TCP Trajectory Change Point

TIS-B Traffic Information Service - Broadcast

TIV Traffic Information Volume
TV Transmission Volume
UTC Universal Time Coordinated

VDL VHF Digital Link VHF Very High Frequency

VSS VDL Mode 4 Specific Services

4 General description of VDL Mode 4 broadcast services

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4.1 General

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A description of VDL Mode 4 is provided in clause 4.1 of EN 302 842-2 [5]. This clause provides a description of the assumptions made in the derivation of the requirements for the VDL Mode 4 mobile station.

In most respects, the VDL Mode 4 mobile station follows the provisions of the ICAO standards material for VDL Mode 4. Within the ICAO standard, there are some requirements that apply explicitly only to ground stations. A number of other requirements will also not apply because of the assumed services provided by the mobile station and the impact on the requirements are summarized in the rest of clause 4.

The scope of the present document is for a mobile station supporting broadcast applications. Hence the ability to support point-to-point communication is not included in the present document. Those requirements are presented in EN 302 842-4 [6].

Note that, although certain protocols will not be used by the mobile station, the ability to recognize the use by mobiles of these protocols and to respond in a consistent manner is a mobile station requirement and is included in the present document.

4.2 Automatic Dependant Surveillance - Broadcast (ADS-B)

Automatic Dependent Surveillance - Broadcast (ADS-B) is a surveillance application in which aircraft, vehicles and ground stations broadcast their identity, position, velocity, time, intent and other information, enabling other aircraft, vehicles and ground stations to develop a surveillance picture.

ADS-B relies on the regular and frequent transmission of position reports via a broadcast data link. The position reports are sent periodically by the aircraft with no intervention from the ground. Position reports may be received by any recipient in range of the transmitting aircraft. Recipients may be other aircraft, ground vehicles, or fixed ground sites.

ADS-B offers data delivery from aircraft-to-aircraft or from aircraft-to-ground. Transmitting data directly from air-to-air means that there is no need for a ground infrastructure to be present for airborne surveillance to be performed. By using position reports received from surrounding aircraft, a traffic surveillance picture can be generated in the cockpits of all aircraft. This potentially allows new applications or new manoeuvres to be performed by pilots.

The transmitting aircraft does not know which, if any, recipients are receiving and processing the position reports. Unlike a point-to-point link, position reports are not acknowledged. The concept with ADS-B is that position reports are transmitted so frequently that the loss of a small number of position reports is not operationally significant.

ADS-B messages are broadcast and received by appropriately equipped participant subsystems. ADS-B subsystems include aircraft, vehicle, and ground subsystems. The capabilities of participant subsystems will vary based upon class of equipage. The ADS-B aircraft subsystem interacts with other onboard systems such as pilot display equipment and the aircraft navigation system. The ADS-B ground subsystem interacts with other ground systems such as ATM applications and controller display processing equipment.

If received by a data acquisition unit, the position report will be processed with other surveillance data and may be forwarded to a controller/pilot display.

Airborne VDL Mode 4 stations supporting full ADS-B capability:

- Receive and process ADS-B reports from other aircraft, vehicles and ground stations, passing the received data to a surveillance server.
- Transmit ADS-B reports at the required regular intervals (or more frequently) and including required and possibly some optional information.

Figure 4.1 illustrates the context for the airborne station supporting ADS-B functions.

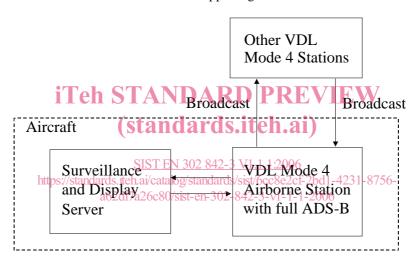


Figure 4.1: Airborne station supporting ADS-B functions

A VDL Mode 4 airborne station supporting ADS-B receives broadcast ADS-B reports and passes on the data to a surveillance processor. A VDL Mode 4 airborne station supporting ADS-B may also receive data for transmission and instructions for transmission rates from the surveillance processor.

The requirements for ADS-B are taken from the ICAO VDL 4 Technical Manual [1].

4.3 Traffic Information Service - Broadcast (TIS-B)

Traffic Information Service - Broadcast (TIS-B) is a surveillance service that derives traffic information from one or more ground surveillance sources and broadcasts that information to suitably equipped aircraft or surface vehicles.

The purpose of TIS-B is to complement the surveillance information provided from ADS-B aircraft to ensure that a full surveillance picture is available to airborne systems.

The TIS-B service is provided within an area known as the Traffic Information Volume (TIV), which is the volume of airspace for which surveillance information is provided for all targets. Inside the TIV, a pilot knows he can rely on the surveillance picture presented to him; outside the TIV, ADS-B reports may be received but TIS-B reports may not be available.

A TIS-B service either provides a "full surveillance picture" or a "gap filler service". For the full surveillance picture, information is provided on all targets. The "gap filler service" information is only provided for targets which do not support ADS-B via VDL Mode 4.

A VDL Mode 4 airborne station supporting TIS-B receives two main sorts of message:

- a) Management Messages: which contain information about the TIS-B service and the TIV.
- b) Target Messages: which contain information about aircraft or ground vehicle targets.

Figure 4.2 illustrates the context for the airborne station supporting TIS-B.

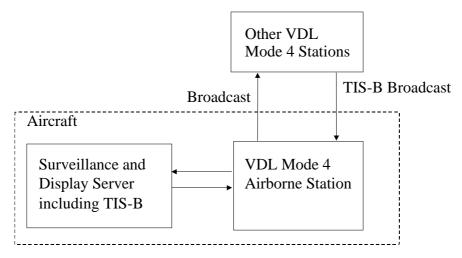


Figure 4.2: Airborne station supporting TIS-B functions

A VDL Mode 4 airborne station supporting TIS-B receives broadcast TIS-B reports and passes on the data to a surveillance processor that includes TIS-B processing capability. The present document therefore includes requirements that apply to the part of the airborne equipment involved in TIS-B data processing, but this is not necessarily contained within the VDL Mode 4 airborne station. (Standards.16.1)

The requirements for TIS-B are taken from the TIS-B Service Description produced by the Mediterranean UpDate and Nean Update programmes (MEDUP and NUP). Eurocontrol TIS-B Requirements have been taken into account in the development of the present requirements: itch ai/catalog/standards/sist/6cc8e2cf-2bd1-4231-8756-a62df/a26c80/sist-en-302-842-3-v1-1-1-2006

4.4 Flight Information Service - Broadcast (FIS-B)

Flight Information Service - Broadcast (FIS-B) is an uplink broadcast application providing local traffic with information.

The following message types are supported:

- a) Meteorological Aerodrome Report (METAR): a report indicating meteorological conditions at aerodromes, officially recoded and communicated at regular intervals. Intermediate observations are also recorded and communicated when meteorological conditions change sufficiently to affect aviation operations (see SPECI).
- b) Automatic Terminal Information Service (ATIS): a report indicating weather conditions, operating procedures, runways and approaches in use, and any other information that may affect the departure, runway and landing phase of flight.
- c) Runway Condition (RCN): a report including information about the current runway visual range conditions and any other runway condition that may affect the departure, runway and landing phases of flight.
- d) Significant Meteorological Information (SIGMET): a report broadcasting information about weather phenomena which may have an impact on aircraft at subsonic, transonic and supersonic cruising levels including thunderstorms, cyclones, turbulence and icing.
- e) Special Observations and Reports (SPECI): a report generated when meteorological conditions change sufficiently to affect aviation operations. The SPECI report contains the same information as a METAR.
- f) Report Request: The FIS-B report request enables an aircraft to request specific FIS data.