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Designation: C 470/C 470M – 02

Standard Specification for Molds for Forming Concrete Test Cylinders Vertically¹

This standard is issued under the fixed designation C 470/C 470M; the number immediately following the designation indicates the year of original adoption or, in the case of revision, the year of last revision. A number in parentheses indicates the year of last reapproval. A superscript epsilon (ϵ) indicates an editorial change since the last revision or reapproval.

1. Scope

1.1 This specification covers molds for use in forming cylindrical concrete specimens. The provisions of this specification include the requirements for both reusable and single-use molds.

NOTE 1—Sizes included are molds having diameters from 50 mm [2 in.] to 900 mm [36 in.]. Dimensions of commonly used single-use molds are given in Fig. 1.

1.2 The values stated in either SI units or in other units shall be regarded separately as standard. The values stated in each system may not be exact equivalents; therefore, each system must be used independently of the other, without combining in any way. The inch-pound units are shown in brackets.

1.3 The following safety hazards caveat pertains only to the test method described in this specification: *This standard does* not purport to address all of the safety concerns, if any, associated with its use. It is the responsibility of the user of this standard to establish appropriate safety and health practices and determine the applicability of regulatory limitations prior to use.

1.4 The text of this standard references notes and footnotes which provide explanatory material. These notes and footnotes (excluding those in tables and figures) shall not be considered as requirements of the standard.

2. Referenced Documents

2.1 ASTM Standards:

C 31/C 31M Practice for Making and Curing Concrete Test Specimens in the Field²

C 33 Specification for Concrete Aggregates²

C 192/C 192M Practice for Making and Curing Concrete Test Specimens in the Laboratory²

- D 256 Test Methods for Determining the Izod Pendulum Impact Resistance of Plastics³
- D 570 Test Method for Water Absorption of Plastics³

² Annual Book of ASTM Standards, Vol 04.02.

3. General Requirements

3.1 The following provisions apply to both reusable and single-use molds:

3.1.1 Molds shall be constructed in the form of right circular cylinders which stand with the cylindrical axis vertical and the top open to receive the concrete. They shall be made of materials that do not react with concrete containing portland or other hydraulic cements. They shall be watertight and sufficiently strong and tough to permit their use without tearing, crushing, or deforming.

NOTE 2-Reusable lids may be used on molds to reduce moisture loss.

3.1.2 Molds shall have a nominal inside height equal to twice the nominal inside diameter. The diameter of a mold, consisting of the average of two measurements taken at right angles to each other at the top of the mold, shall not differ from the nominal diameter by more than 1 %. The height, determined by averaging two measurements taken 180° apart, shall not differ from the nominal height by more than 2%. The planes of the top rim of the mold and the bottom shall be perpendicular to the axis of the mold within 0.5 degreesapproximately equivalent to 3 mm in 300 mm [¹/₈ in. in 12 in.]. No diameter of a mold shall differ from any other diameter of the same mold by more than 2 % except that molds that fail to meet this requirement may be used when the user is able to demonstrate that no diameter of hardened concrete specimen produced in a similar mold differs from any other diameter on the same specimen by more than 2 % (see Note 3).

NOTE 3—Certain single-use molds may require the use of a special device such as a tube of heavy-gage metal around the mold during molding to maintain the dimensional tolerances specified in 3.1.2.

3.1.3 The bottom inside surface of the mold shall not depart from a plane by more than 2 mm in 150 mm [$\frac{1}{16}$ in. in 6 in.] (1 % of the diameter of the mold).

4. Reusable Molds

4.1 Reusable molds are those which are designed to be used more than a single time. Reusable molds shall be made of nonabsorptive materials, and constructed as either one piece or several pieces (see Note 4).

4.2 Reusable molds shall be provided with a closure or base on the lower end at right angles to the axis of the cylinder. Molds may be single piece molds or made from castings with

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¹ This specification is under the jurisdiction of ASTM Committee C09 on Concrete and Concrete Aggregates and is the direct responsibility of Subcommittee C09.61 on Testing for Strength.

Current edition approved Aug. 10, 2002. Published September 2002. Originally issued as C 470 - 61 T. Last previous edition C 470 - 98.

³ Annual Book of ASTM Standards, Vol 08.01.

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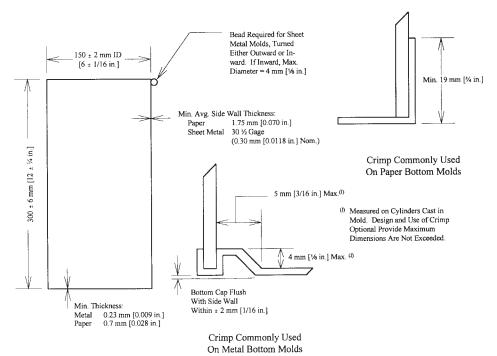


FIG. 1 Dimensions of Single Use 150 by 300 mm [6 by 12-in.] Paper or Sheet Metal Cylinder Molds

a separate detachable base plate or a base that is an integral part of the sidewall. The mold shall be either coated or made of a material that will prevent adherence to the concrete. At the time of use, molds shall not leak water. An inside fillet, if any, at the bottom of the side wall shall have an indentation around the circumference no more than 3 mm [$\frac{1}{8}$ in.] in the vertical direction or no more than 5 mm [$\frac{3}{16}$ in.] in the horizontal direction (see Fig. 1).

4.3 Reusable molds shall be tested for water leakage as described in 7.4, for resistance to damage as described in 7.3.1, and for dimensional stability in accordance with 3.1.2 and 3.1.3 after every 50 uses or every six months, whichever comes first.

NOTE 4—Satisfactory molds can be made from lengths of steel tubing or pipe that is slit on one side parallel to the axis and fitted with a means of closing the vertical slit as well as a means of attaching a base plate. The required dimensional tolerances must be maintained after slitting, clamping, and attaching the base plate. Other nonabsorptive materials which have been used include iron, brass, steel, and various plastics. Although aluminum and magnesium alloys have been used, some of these alloys may be reactive with cement constituents and are therefore unacceptable.

5. Single-Use Molds

5.1 Single-use molds may be made of sheet metal, plastic, suitably treated paper products, or other materials and must conform to the requirements of this specification.

5.2 *Physical Requirements*—The molds as prepared for use shall comply with the following:

5.2.1 *Water Leakage*—When tested as described in Section 7, there shall be no visible leakage.

5.2.2 *Absorptivity*—When tested as described in Section 7, the absorption shall not exceed the values given in Table 1. Intermediate values are proportional to the square of the height.

5.2.3 *Elongation*—When tested as described in Section 7, the elongation after test shall not exceed 0.2 % of height.

5.3 Single-use Plastic Molds-Molds shall conform to the

TABLE 1 Limits for Absorption and Elongation

Nominal Mold Height, mm [in.]	Absorption, max g	Elongation, max mm [in.]
100 [4]	2.7	0.2 [0.008]
150 [6]	6.0	0.3 [0.012]
200 [8]	11	0.4 [0.016]
300 [12]	24	0.6 [0.024]
450 [18]	54	0.9 [0.036]
600 [24]	96	1.2 [0.048]
900 [36]	216	1.8 [0.072]

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following additional requirements when plastic is the predominant material used in construction:

5.3.1 *Wall Thickness*—The side walls shall be of sufficient stiffness to meet the requirements of 3.1 (See Note 5).

NOTE 5—This can be achieved through sufficient side wall thickness alone, or in combination with a stiffened top.

5.3.2 *Bottom Design*—The bottom shall be designed so that it will be flush with the bottom of the sidewall within a tolerance of 2 mm [$\frac{1}{16}$ in.]. An inside fillet, if any, at the bottom of the sidewall shall have an indentation around the circumference no more than 4 mm [$\frac{1}{8}$ in.] in the vertical direction or no more than 5 mm [$\frac{3}{16}$ in.] in the radial direction. The bottom shall be of adequate rigidity to prevent permanent deformation when specimens are molded in accordance with the applicable provisions of Practice C 31/C 31M or C 192/C 192M.

5.3.3 *Material*—The mold manufacturer shall certify that: (1) the plastic material used in molds has a maximum water absorption of less than 0.5 % in 24 h when tested in accordance with Test Method D 570; (2) the plastic has an Izod impact toughness of at least 117 J/m [2.2 ft lb/in.] of notch for a 4 mm [$\frac{1}{8}$ in.] thick specimen tested in accordance with Test Methods D 256; and (3) after being held at 12°C [10°F] for 24 h, the