

Designation: B 740 - 02

Standard Specification for Copper-Nickel-Tin Spinodal Alloy Strip¹

This standard is issued under the fixed designation B 740; the number immediately following the designation indicates the year of original adoption or, in the case of revision, the year of last revision. A number in parentheses indicates the year of last reapproval. A superscript epsilon (ϵ) indicates an editorial change since the last revision or reapproval.

This standard has been approved for use by agencies of the Department of Defense.

1. Scope *

1.1 This specification establishes requirements for coppernickel-tin alloy strip in the following alloys:

| Copper Alloy UNS No. | Nominal Composition Weight % | | | |
|----------------------|------------------------------|--------|---|--|
| Copper Alloy ONS No. | Copper | Nickel | | |
| C72700 | 85 | 9 | 6 | |
| C72900 | 77 | 15 | 8 | |
| C72650 | 87.5 | 7.5 | 5 | |

1.2 *Units*—The values stated in inch-pound units and the values stated in SI units in Table 5 are to be regarded as standard. The values given in parentheses are mathematical conversions to SI units and are provided for information only and are not considered standard.

2. Referenced Documents

- 2.1 The following documents of the issue in effect on date of material purchase form a part of this specification to the extent referenced herein:
 - 2.2 ASTM Standards:
 - B 248 Specification for General Requirements for Wrought Copper and Copper-Alloy Plate, Sheet, Strip, and Rolled Bar² ASTM B
 - B 598 Practice for Determining Offset Yield Strength in Tension for Copper Alloys²
 - B 601 Classification for Temper Designations for Copper and Copper Alloys—Wrought and Cast²
 - B 820 Test Method for Bend Test for Formability of Copper Alloy Spring Material²
 - B 846 Terminology for Copper and Copper Alloys²
 - E 3 Guide for Preparation of Metallographic Specimens³
 - E 8 Test Methods for Tension Testing of Metallic Materials³
 - E 75 Test Methods for Chemical Analysis of Copper-Nickel and Copper-Nickel-Zinc Alloys⁴

- E 290 Test Method for Bend Testing of Material for Ductility³
- E 478 Test Methods for Chemical Analysis of Copper Alloys⁴

3. General Requirements

- 3.1 The following sections of Specification B 248 constitute a part of this specification:
 - 3.1.1 Terminology,
 - 3.1.2 Materials and Manufacture,
 - 3.1.3 Dimensions and Permissible Variations,
 - 3.1.4 Workmanship, Finish, and Appearance,
 - 3.1.5 Sampling,
 - 3.1.6 Significance of Numerical Limits,
 - 3.1.7 Inspection,
 - 3.1.8 Rejection and Rehearing,
 - 3.1.9 Certification,
 - 3.1.10 Test Reports, and
 - 3.1.11 Packaging and Package Marking.
- 3.2 In addition, when a section with a title identical to that referenced in 3.1 above appears in this specification, it contains additional requirements that supplement those appearing in Specification B 248.

4. Terminology

4.1 For definitions of terms related to copper and copper alloys, refer to Terminology B 846.

5. Ordering Information

- 5.1 Include the following information in orders for products:
 - 5.1.1 Specification number and date,
 - 5.1.2 Quantity,
 - 5.1.3 Copper Alloy UNS number (see 1.1),
 - 5.1.4 Form of material: strip,
 - 5.1.5 Temper (see 7.1),
- 5.1.6 Dimensions: thickness and width, and length if applicable,
- 5.1.7 How furnished: rolls or coils, stock lengths with or without ends, specific lengths with or without ends, and

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² Annual Book of ASTM Standards, Vol 02.01.

³ Annual Book of ASTM Standards, Vol 03.01.

⁴ Annual Book of ASTM Standards, Vol 03.05.

- 5.1.8 Type of edge other than slit, for example, rounded corners, rounded edges, or full-rounded edges.
- 5.1.9 When material is purchased for agencies of the U.S. government, this shall be specified in the contract or purchase order, and the material shall conform to the Supplementary Requirements as defined in the current edition of Specification B 248.
- 5.2 The following options are available and should be specified at the time of placing of the order when required:
- 5.2.1 Width and straightness tolerances, if different from those required in Specification B 248.
 - 5.2.2 Special thickness tolerances if required,
 - 5.2.3 Certification if required,
 - 5.2.4 Mill test report if required, and
 - 5.2.5 Special tests or exceptions, if any.

6. Chemical Composition

- 6.1 The material shall conform to the requirements specified in Table 1.
- 6.2 These specification limits do not preclude the presence of other elements. Limits for unnamed elements may be established by agreement between manufacturer or supplier and purchaser. Copper may be given as remainder and taken as the difference between the sum of all elements analyzed and 100 %. When all the elements in the table including copper are analyzed, their sum shall be 99.7 % min.

7. Temper

- 7.1 The standard tempers of material are as designated in Table 2, Table 3, and Table 4. Tempers are as follows: TB00 (solution heat treated), or with varying additional degrees of cold rolling TD01 to TD12 (solution heat treated with varying degrees of cold rolling); spinodal hardened from these appropriate tempers TX00 or TS01 to TS12 (spinodal hardened from the appropriate solution heat treated or solution heat treated and cold rolled temper); or Mill Hardened TM00 to TM08 (mill hardened).
- 7.2 Other tempers are available and shall be subject to agreement between supplier or manufacturer and purchaser.

8. Grain Size for Annealed Tempers

 $8.1\,$ Product over $0.010\,$ in. $(0.25\,$ mm) in thickness shall have an average grain-size not exceeding the limits prescribed in Table 5. The determinations are made on the separate samples and in a plane perpendicular to the surface.

9. Mechanical Property Requirements

9.1 Tensile Strength Requirements:

- 9.1.1 The solution heat-treated or solution heat-treated and cold-worked material shall conform to the tensile property requirements specified in Table 2, when tested in accordance with Test Methods E 8.
- 9.1.2 The spinodal heat-treated material shall conform to the tensile property requirements specified in Table 3. Spinodal heat-treatment parameters are given in 11.1.
- 9.1.3 The mill-hardened material shall conform to the tensile property requirements specified in Table 4.

10. Performance Requirements

- 10.1 *Bend Testing*—The bend test is a method for evaluating the ductility of mill-hardened copper-nickel-tin spinodal alloy strip in thicknesses of 0.004 to 0.020 in. (0.102 to 0.508 mm), inclusive.
- 10.1.1 Material in tempers TM00, TM02, TM04, and TM06 shall conform to the bend test requirements specified in Table 4 when tested in accordance with 14.2.1.

11. Spinodal Heat Treatment

- 11.1 Solution-heat-treated or solution-heat-treated and coldworked material is normally spinodal hardened by the purchaser after forming or machining. For the purpose of determining conformance to the mechanical properties of Table 3, a sample of the as-supplied strip of alloys C72700 and C72900 material shall be heat treated at $662 \pm 9^{\circ} F$ ($350 \pm 5^{\circ} C$) for $1\frac{1}{2}$ h \pm 5 min and a sample of the as-supplied strip of alloy C72650 shall be heat treated at $725 \pm 9^{\circ} F$ ($385 \pm 5^{\circ} C$) for 2 h \pm 5 min. Other heat-treating temperatures and times may be preferred for end products of this material.
- 11.2 Special combinations of properties such as increased ductility, electrical conductivity, dimensional accuracy, endurance life, improved stress relaxation resistance, resistance to elastic drift, and hysteresis in springs may be obtained by special spinodal-hardening treatments. The mechanical requirements of Table 3 do not apply to such special heat treatments.
- 11.3 Mill-hardened products have been spinodal heat treated by the manufacturer. Further thermal treatment is not normally required.

12. Retests

- 12.1 If any lot of material fails to conform to the requirements of this specification due to inadequate heat treatment, new samples of material may be resubmitted for test after heat treatment. Only two such reheat treatments shall be permitted.
- 12.2 If any lot of material fails to conform to the bend test requirements of this specification, one retest is permitted if

TABLE 1 Chemical Requirements

| Composition, % | | | | | | | | | | |
|----------------|--------------|-----------|--------------------|--------------------|--------------------|-----------|---------|--------------------|--------------------|--------------------|
| Copper | Previous | Copper, | Lead, ^A | Iron, ^A | Zinc, ^A | Nickel, | | Manga- | Nio- | Magne- |
| Alloy UNS | Designation | incl | max | max | max | incl | Tin | nese, ^A | bium, ^A | sium, ^A |
| No. | Designation | Silver | IIIax | IIIax | IIIax | Cobalt | | max | max | max |
| C72650 | Cu-7.5Ni-5Sn | remainder | 0.01 | 0.10 | 0.10 | 7.0-8.0 | 4.5-5.5 | 0.10 | | |
| C72700 | Cu-9Ni-6Sn | remainder | 0.02^{B} | 0.50 | 0.50 | 8.5-9.5 | 5.5-6.5 | 0.05-0.30 | 0.10 | 0.15 |
| C72900 | Cu-15Ni-8Sn | remainder | 0.02^{B} | 0.50 | 0.50 | 14.5-15.5 | 7.5-8.5 | 0.30 | 0.10 | 0.15 |

^A The total of the elements Pb, Fe, Zn, Mn, Nb, and Mg not to exceed 0.7 %.

^B 0.005 % Pb, max for hot rolling.

TABLE 2 Tensile Property Requirements

Tempers: Solution Heat-Treated Solution Heat-Treated and Cold Worked

| Copper Alloy | | Temper Designations | Tensile Strength, | Yield ^D Strength (0.05 % Offset), | Elongation |
|-------------------------------|--------|---|---|--|------------|
| UNS No. Standard ^E | Former | ksi ^A (MPa) ^B min–max ^C | ksi ^A (MPa) ^B min–max ^C | in 2 in., % | |
| C72650 | TB00 | Solution HT | 55–70 | 21—32 | 32 |
| | | | (380—480) | (145–220) | |
| C72650 | TD01 | Solution HT and Cold Worked 1/4 Hard | 60–75 | 45–60 | 18 |
| | | | (415–515) | (310–415) | |
| C72650 | TD02 | Solution HT and Cold Worked ½ Hard | 75—85 | 55–75 | 5 |
| | | | (515—585) | (380–515) | |
| C72650 | TD03 | Solution HT and Cold Worked ¾ Hard | 80–90 | 68–82 | 4 |
| | | | (550–620) | (470–565) | |
| C72650 | TD04 | Solution HT and Cold Worked Hard | 85–95 | 77–90 | 2 |
| | | | (585–655) | (530-620) | |
| C72700 | TB00 | Solution HT | 60–80 | 23–33 | 30 |
| | | | (410–550) | (160-230) | |
| C72700 | TD01 | Solution HT and Cold Worked 1/4 Hard | 72–95 | 48-64 | 12 |
| | | | (500-660) | (330-440) | |
| C72700 | TD02 | Solution HT and Cold Worked 1/2 Hard | 82-108 | 57-80 | 6 |
| | | | (570-740) | (390-550) | |
| C72700 | TD04 | Solution HT and Cold Worked Hard | 97–125 | 77–100 | 3 |
| | | | (670-860) | (530-690) | |
| C72700 | TD08 | Solution HT and Cold Worked Spring | 110–140 | 95–115 | 2 |
| | | . • | (760–970) | (660-790) | |
| C72700 | TD12 | Solution HT and Cold Worked Special Spring | 115–150 [°] | 105–125 | |
| | | | (790–1030) | (720-860) | |
| C72900 | TB00 | Solution HT | 64–85 | 24–40 | 32 |
| | | | (440–585) | (165-275) | |
| C72900 | TD01 | Solution HT and Cold Worked 1/4 Hard | 75–100 | 50–66 | 18 |
| | | | (515–690) | (345–455) | |
| C72900 | TD02 | Solution HT and Cold Worked 1/2 Hard | 85–110 | 65–84 | 8 |
| | | | (585–760) | (450–580) | |
| C72900 | TD03 | Solution HT and Cold Worked 3/4 Hard | 95-120 | 80-100 | 3 |
| | | Tree of Service Contract of C | (655-825) | (550-690) | |
| C72900 | TD04 | Solution HT and Cold Worked Hard | 100–130 | 85–108 | |
| 0.2000 | | Illociimant Pro | (690–895) | (585–745) | ••• |
| C72900 | TD08 | Solution HT and Cold Worked Spring | 122–145 | 100–125 | |
| 0,2000 | . 500 | Coldion III and Cold ITOMOd Oping | (840–1000) | (690–860) | ••• |
| C72900 | TD12 | Solution HT and Cold Worked Special Spring | 135–155 | 110–130 | |
| 0,2000 | 1012 | A CTM D740 00 | (930–1070) | (760–895) | ••• |

 $^{^{}A}$ 1 ksi = 1000 psi.

only one of the three specimens fails the test. No retest is permitted if two or more specimens fail this test.

13. Specimen Preparation

- 13.1 Tension test specimens shall be prepared as specified in Test Methods E 8. The longitudinal axis of the specimen shall be parallel to the direction of rolling unless otherwise specified.
- 13.2 Specimens for the determination of grain size shall be prepared in accordance with Guide E 3.
- 13.3 For bend testing, three specimens, $\frac{1}{2} \pm \frac{1}{16}$ in. (12.70 \pm 1.59 mm) in width of any convenient length, with the rolling direction perpendicular to the $\frac{1}{2}$ in. dimension, shall be prepared and tested in accordance with Test Method B 820.

14. Test Methods

14.1 Chemical Analysis:

14.1.1 Composition shall be determined, in case of disagreement, as follows:

| Element | Test Methods |
|-----------|--------------|
| Copper | E 75 |
| Nickel | E 478 |
| Tin | E 75 |
| Lead | E 75 |
| Iron | E 75 |
| Zinc | E 75 |
| Manganese | E 75 |
| | |

14.2 Other Tests:

14.2.1 Bend Test—The axis of the bend shall be at an angle of 90° to the direction of rolling, unless otherwise specified. The test specimens shall be bent 90 \pm 5° around the test radius. To pass the test, all three specimens tested from a lot must withstand the 90° bend without visible cracks or fracture when observed on the convex surface of the bend at a magnification

^B See Appendix X1.

^C Max for reference.

^D As per Practice B 598. ^E As per Classification B 601.