

Designation: B 209M − 02^{€1}

METRIC

Standard Specification for Aluminum and Aluminum-Alloy Sheet and Plate [Metric]¹

This standard is issued under the fixed designation B 209M; the number immediately following the designation indicates the year of original adoption or, in the case of revision, the year of last revision. A number in parentheses indicates the year of last reapproval. A superscript epsilon (ϵ) indicates an editorial change since the last revision or reapproval.

This standard has been approved for use by agencies of the Department of Defense.

 ϵ^1 Note—The Summary of Changes was updated editorially September 2002.

1. Scope *

- 1.1 This specification covers aluminum and aluminum alloy flat sheet, coiled sheet, and plate, in the alloys (Note 1) and tempers shown in Tables 2 and 3, and in the following finishes:
- 1.1.1 Plate in all alloys and sheet in heat-treatable alloys:
- 1.1.2 Sheet in nonheat-treatable alloys: mill finish, one-side bright mill finish, standard one-side bright finish, and standard two-sides bright finish.
- 1.2 Alloy and temper designations are in accordance with ANSI H35.1M. The equivalent Unified Numbering System alloy designations are those of Table 1 preceded by A9, for example, A91100 for aluminum 1100 in accordance with Practice E 527.
- Note 1—Throughout this specification, use of the term *alloy* in the general sense includes aluminum as well as aluminum alloy.
 - Note 2—See Specification B 632/B 632M for Tread Plate.
- 1.3 This specification is the metric counterpart of Specification B 209.
- 1.4 For acceptance criteria for inclusion of new aluminum and aluminum alloys in this specification, see Annex A2.

2. Referenced Documents

- 2.1 The following documents of the issue in effect on the date of material purchase, unless otherwise noted, form a part of this specification to the extent referenced herein:
 - 2.2 ASTM Standards:
 - B 209 Specification for Aluminum and Aluminum-Alloy Sheet and Plate²
 - B 548 Method for Ultrasonic Inspection of Aluminum-Alloy Plate for Pressure Vessels²
 - B 557M Test Methods for Tension Testing Wrought and

- Cast Aluminum- and Magnesium-Alloy Products [Metric]²
- B 594 Practice for Ultrasonic Inspection of Aluminum-Alloy Wrought Products for Aerospace Applications²
- B 632/B 632M Specification for Aluminum-Alloy Rolled Tread Plate²
- B 660 Practices for Packaging/Packing of Aluminum and Magnesium Products²
- B 666/B 666M Practice for Identification Marking of Aluminum and Magnesium Products²
- B 918 Practice for Heat Treatment of Wrought Aluminum Allovs²
- E 3 Methods of Preparation of Metallographic Specimens³
- E 29 Practice for Using Significant Digits in Test Data to Determine Conformance with Specifications⁴
- E 34 Test Methods for Chemical Analysis of Aluminum and Aluminum-Base Alloys⁵
- E 55 Practice for Sampling Wrought Nonferrous Metals and Alloys for Determination of Chemical Composition⁵
- E 290 Test Method for Bend Test for Ductility³
- E 407 Practice for Microetching Metals and Alloys³
- E 527 Practice for Numbering Metals and Alloys (UNS)⁶
- E 607 Test Method for Optical Emission Spectrometric Analysis of Aluminum and Aluminum Alloys by the Point-to-Plane Technique, Nitrogen Atmosphere⁵
- E 716 Practices for Sampling Aluminum and Aluminum Alloys for Spectrochemical Analysis⁵
- E 1004 Practice for Determining Electrical Conductivity Using the Electromagnetic Eddy-Current Method⁷
- E 1251 Test Method for Optical Emission Spectrometric Analysis of Aluminum and Aluminum Alloys by the Argon Atmosphere, Point-to-Plane, Unipolar Self-Initiating Capacitor Discharge⁵
- G 34 Test Method for Exfoliation Corrosion Susceptibility

¹ This specification is under the jurisdiction of ASTM Committee B07 on Light Metals and Alloys and is the direct responsibility of Subcommittee B07.03 on Aluminum Alloy Wrought Products.

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² Annual Book of ASTM Standards, Vol 02.02.

³ Annual Book of ASTM Standards, Vol 03.01.

⁴ Annual Book of ASTM Standards, Vol 14.02.

 $^{^{5}}$ Annual Book of ASTM Standards, Vol 03.05.

⁶ Annual Book of ASTM Standards, Vol 01.01.

⁷ Annual Book of ASTM Standards, Vol 03.03.

TABLE 1 Chemical Composition Limits^{A,B,C}

Alley	Ciliaan	Iron	Copper	Manga- nese	Magne- sium	Chro- mium	7in o	Tita nium	Other El	ements ^D	Alumi- num
Alloy	Silicon						Zinc		Each	Total ^E	
1060	0.25	0.35	0.05	0.03	0.03		0.05	0.03	0.03 ^F		99.60 min ^G
1100	0.95	Si + Fe	0.05-0.20	0.05			0.10		0.05	0.15	99.00 min ^G
1230 ^H	0.70	Si + Fe	0.10	0.05	0.05		0.10	0.03	0.03 ^F		99.30 min ^G
2014	0.50-1.2	0.7	3.9-5.0	0.40-1.2	0.20-0.8	0.10	0.25	0.15	0.05	0.15	remainder
Alclad 2014	2014 clad with 6003 alloy										
2024	0.50	0.50	3.8-4.9	0.30-0.9	1.2-1.8	0.10	0.25	0.15	0.05	0.15	remainder
Alclad 2024	2024 clad with 1230 alloy										
2124	0.20	0.30	3.8-4.9	0.30-0.9	1.2-1.8	0.10	0.25	0.15	0.05	0.15	remainder
2219	0.20	0.30	5.8-6.8	0.20-0.40	0.02		0.10	0.02-0.10	0.05	0.15'	remainder
Alclad 2219					2219	clad with 70	72 alloy				
3003	0.6	0.7	0.05-0.20	1.0-1.5			0.10		0.05	0.15	remainder
Alclad 3003					3003	clad with 70	72 alloy				
3004	0.30	0.7	0.25	1.0-1.5	0.8-1.3		0.25		0.05	0.15	remainder
Alclad 3004					3004	clad with 70	72 alloy				
3005	0.6	0.7	0.30	1.0-1.5	0.20-0.6	0.10	0.25	0.10	0.05	0.15	remainder
3105	0.6	0.7	0.30	0.30-0.8	0.20-0.8	0.20	0.40	0.10	0.05	0.15	remainder
5005	0.30	0.7	0.20	0.20	0.50-1.1	0.10	0.25		0.05	0.15	remainder
5010	0.40	0.7	0.25	0.10-0.30	0.20-0.6	0.15	0.30	0.10	0.05	0.15	remainder
5050	0.40	0.7	0.20	0.10	1.1-1.8	0.10	0.25		0.05	0.15	remainder
5052	0.25	0.40	0.10	0.10	2.2-2.8	0.15-0.35	0.10		0.05	0.15	remainder
5083	0.40	0.40	0.10	0.40-1.0	4.0-4.9	0.05-0.25	0.25	0.15	0.05	0.15	remainder
5086	0.40	0.50	0.10	0.20-0.7	3.5-4.5	0.05-0.25	0.25	0.15	0.05	0.15	remainder
5154	0.25	0.40	0.10	0.10	3.1–3.9	0.15-0.35	0.20	0.20	0.05	0.15	remainder
5252	0.08	0.10	0.10	0.10	2.2-2.8		0.05		0.03 ^F	0.10 ^F	remainder
5254	0.45	Si + Fe	0.05	0.01	3.1-3.9	0.15-0.35	0.20	0.05	0.05	0.15	remainder
5454	0.25	0.40	0.10	0.50-1.0	2.4-3.0	0.05-0.20	0.25	0.20	0.05	0.15	remainder
5754	0.40	0.40	0.10	0.50	2.6-3.6	0.30 ^J	0.20	0.15	0.05	0.15	remainder
5456	0.25	0.40	0.10	0.50-1.0	4.7–5.5	0.05-0.20	0.25	0.20	0.05	0.15	remainder
5457	0.08	0.10	0.20	0.15-0.45	0.8-1.2		0.05	CI	0.03 ^F	0.10 ^F	remainder
5652		Si + Fe	0.04	0.01	2.2-2.8	0.15-0.35	0.10		0.05	0.15	remainder
5657	0.08	0.10	0.10	0.03	0.6-1.0		0.05		0.02 ^K	0.05^{K}	remainder
6003 ^H	0.35-1.0	0.6	0.10	0.8	0.8-1.5	0.35	0.20	0.10	0.05	0.15	remainder
6013	0.6–1.0	0.50	0.6–1.1	0.20-0.8	0.8-1.2	0.10	0.25	0.10	0.05	0.15	remainder
6061	0.40-0.8	0.7	0.15-0.40	0.15	0.8–1.2	0.04-0.35	0.25	0.15	0.05	0.15	remainder
Alclad 6061	00	0	0.1.0	00		clad with 70		00	0.00	00	
7008 ^H	0.10	0.10	0.05	0.05	0.7-1.4	0.12-0.25	4.5-5.5	0.05	0.05	0.10	remainder
7072 ^H		Si + Fe	0.10	0.10	0.10	1.21.29	0.8–1.3		0.05	0.15	remainder
7075	0.40	0.50	1.2–2.0	0.30	2.1–2.9	0.18-0.28	5.1–6.1	0.20	0.05	0.15	remainder
Alclad 7075	0.10	0.00	1.2 2.0	0.00		clad with 70		0.20	0.00	0.10	· On I am I a C
7008 Alclad 7075						clad with 70					
7178	0.40	0.50	1.6-2.4	0.30 A	2.4–3.1	0.18-0.28	6.3–7.3	0.20	0.05	0.15	remainder
Alclad 7178 ths://sta	ndards ital	h ai/cat	alog/stand	arde/ciet/		clad with 70		1hh-395/14	51cf05f	7/astm_h	700m_07

^A Limits are in mass percent maximum unless shown as a range or stated otherwise.

in 2XXX and 7XXX Series Aluminum Alloys (EXCO Test) $^{8.9}$

G 47 Test Method for Determining Susceptibility to Stress-Corrosion Cracking of High Strength Aluminum Alloy Products⁹

G 66 Test Method for Visual Assessment of Exfoliation

2.3 ISO Standards:

ISO209-1 Wrought Aluminum and Aluminum Alloys-Chemical Composition and Forms of Product¹⁰

ISO2107 Aluminum, Magnesium and their Alloys-Temper Designation¹⁰

 $^{^{\}it B}$ Analysis shall be made for the elements for which limits are shown in this table.

^C For purposes of determining conformance to these limits, an observed value or a calculated value attained from analysis shall be rounded to the nearest unit in the last righthand place of figures used in expressing the specified limit, in accordance with the rounding-off method of Practice E 29.

Dothers includes listed elements for which no specific limit is shown as well as unlisted metallic elements. The producer may analyze samples for trace elements not specified in the specification. However, such analysis is not required and may not cover all metallic Others elements. Should any analysis by the producer or the purchaser establish that an Others element exceeds the limit of Each or that the aggregate of several Others elements exceeds the limit of Total, the material shall be considered non-conforming.

Cother Elements—Total shall be the sum of unspecified metallic elements 0.010 % or more, rounded to the second decimal before determining the sum.

 $[\]ensuremath{^{\mathit{F}}}\xspace$ Vanadium 0.05 max. The total for other elements does not include vanadium.

^G The aluminum content shall be calculated by subtracting from 100.00 % the sum of all metallic elements present in amounts of 0.010 % or more each, rounded to the second decimal before determining the sum.

H Composition of cladding alloy as applied during the course of manufacture. Samples from finished sheet or plate shall not be required to conform to these limits.

Vanadium, 0.05-0.15, zirconium, 0.10-0.25. The total for other elements does not include vanadium and zirconium.

^J 0.10-0.6 Mn + Cr.

^K Gallium 0.03 max, vanadium 0.05 max. The total for other elements does not include vanadium and gallium.

Corrosion Susceptibility of 5XXX Series Aluminum Alloys (ASSET Test)⁹

 $^{^8}$ The applicable edition in the use of this specification is G34 – 72—available in the gray pages of the *Annual Book of ASTM Standards*, Vol 02.02.

⁹ Annual Book of ASTM Standards, Vol 03.02.

 $^{^{\}rm 10}$ Available from American National Standards Institute, 25 W. 43rd St., 4th Floor, New York, NY 10036.



ISO6361-2 Wrought Aluminum and Aluminum Alloys, Sheets, Strips, and Plates¹⁰

2.4 ANSI Standards:

H35.1M Alloy and Temper Designation Systems for Aluminum¹¹

H35.2M Dimensional Tolerances for Aluminum Mill Products¹¹

2.5 AMS Specification:

AMS 2772 Heat Treatment of Aluminum Alloy Raw Materials¹²

3. Terminology

- 3.1 Definitions:
- 3.1.1 *sheet*—a rolled product rectangular in cross section and form over 0.15 through 6.30 mm in thickness with sheared, slit, or sawed edges.
- 3.1.1.1 *alclad sheet*—composite sheet comprised of an aluminum-alloy core having on both surfaces (if on one side only, alclad one side sheet) a metallurgically bonded aluminum or aluminum-alloy coating that is anodic to the core, thus electrolytically protecting the core against corrosion.
 - 3.1.1.2 *coiled sheet*—sheet in coils with slit edges.
- 3.1.1.3 *flat sheet*—sheet with sheared, slit, or sawed edges, which has been flattened or leveled.
- 3.1.1.4 *mill finish sheet*—sheet having a nonuniform finish which may vary from sheet to sheet and within a sheet, and may not be entirely free from stains or oil.
- 3.1.1.5 *one-side bright mill finish sheet*—sheet having a moderate degree of brightness on one side, and a mill finish on the other.
- 3.1.1.6 standard one-side bright finish sheet—sheet having a uniform bright finish on one side, and a mill finish on the other.
- 3.1.1.7 *standard two-sides bright finish sheet*—sheet having a uniform bright finish on both sides.
- 3.1.2 *plate*—a rolled product rectangular in cross section and form over 6.30 mm in thickness with either sheared or sawed edges.
- 3.1.2.1 *alclad plate*—composite plate comprised of an aluminum-alloy core having on both surfaces (if on one side only, alclad one-side plate) a metallurgically bonded aluminum or aluminum-alloy coating that is anodic to the core, thus electrolytically protecting the core against corrosion.
- 3.1.2.2 parent coil or plate—a coil of sheet or a plate that has been processed to final temper as a single unit and subsequently cut into two or more smaller coils or individual sheets or into smaller plates to provide the required width or length or both.
 - 3.1.3 *producer*—the primary manufacturer of the material.
- 3.1.4 *supplier*—includes only the category of jobbers and distributors as distinct from producers.
 - 3.2 Definitions of Terms Specific to This Standard:
- 3.2.1 capable of—The term capable of as used in this specification means that the test need not be performed by the

¹¹ Available in the Related Materials section (gray pages) of the Annual Book of ASTM Standards, Vol 02.02.

¹² Available from Society of Automotive Engineers (SAE), 400 Commonwealth Dr., Warrendale, PA 15096-0001. producer of the material. However, should testing by the purchaser establish that the material does not meet these requirements, the material shall be subject to rejection.

4. Ordering Information

- 4.1 Orders for material to this specification shall include the following information:
- 4.1.1 This specification designation (which includes the number, the year, and the revision letter, if applicable),
 - 4.1.2 Quantity in pieces or kilograms,
 - 4.1.3 Alloy (7.1),
 - 4.1.4 Temper (9.1),
- 4.1.5 Finish for sheet in nonheat-treatable alloys (Section 1),
 - 4.1.6 For sheet, whether flat or coiled,
 - 4.1.7 Dimensions (thickness, width, and length or coil size),
- 4.2 Additionally, orders for material to this specification shall include the following information when required by the purchaser:
- 4.2.1 Whether supply of one of the pairs of tempers where shown in Table 2, H14 or H24, H34 or H24 is specifically excluded (Table 2, footnote E),
 - 4.2.2 Whether bend tests are required (12.1),
- 4.2.3 Whether heat treatment in accordance with Practice B 918 is required (8.2),
- 4.2.4 Whether testing for stress-corrosion cracking resistance of alloy 2124-T851 is required (13.1).
- 4.2.5 Whether ultrasonic inspection for aerospace applications is required (Section 17),
- 4.2.6 Whether inspection or witness of inspection and tests by the purchaser's representative is required prior to material shipment (Section 18),
 - 4.2.7 Whether certification is required (Section 22),
- 4.2.8 Whether marking for identification is required (20.1), and
- 4.2.9 Whether Practices B 660 applies and, if so, the levels of preservation, packaging, and packing required (21.3).

5. Responsibility for Quality Assurance

- 5.1 Responsibility for Inspection and Tests—Unless otherwise specified in the contract or purchase order, the producer is responsible for the performance of all inspection and test requirements specified herein. The producer may use his own or any other suitable facilities for the performance of the inspection and test requirements specified herein, unless disapproved by the purchaser in the order or at the time of contract signing. The purchaser shall have the right to perform any of the inspections and tests set forth in this specification where such inspections are deemed necessary to assure that material conforms to prescribed requirements.
- 5.2 Lot Definition—An inspection lot shall be defined as follows:
- 5.2.1 For heat-treated tempers, an inspection lot shall consist of an identifiable quantity of material of the same mill form, alloy, temper, and thickness traceable to a heat-treat lot or lots, and subjected to inspection at one time.
- 5.2.2 For nonheat-treated tempers, an inspection lot shall consist of an identifiable quantity of material of the same mill



form, alloy, temper, and thickness subjected to inspection at one time.

6. General Quality

- 6.1 Unless otherwise specified, the material shall be supplied in the mill finish and shall be uniform as defined by the requirements of this specification and shall be commercially sound. Any requirement not so covered is subject to negotiation between producer and purchaser.
- 6.2 Each sheet and plate shall be examined to determine conformance to this specification with respect to general quality and identification marking. On approval of the purchaser, however, the producer may use a system of statistical quality control for such examinations.

7. Chemical Composition

- 7.1 Limits—The sheet and plate shall conform to the chemical composition limits specified in Table 1. Conformance shall be determined by the producer by analyzing samples taken at the time the ingots are cast, or samples taken from the finished or semifinished product. If the producer has determined the chemical composition of the material during the course of manufacture, additional sampling and analysis of the finished product shall not be required.
- Note 3—It is standard practice in the United States aluminum industry to determine conformance to the chemical composition limits prior to further processing of ingots into wrought products. Due to the continuous nature of the process, it is not practical to keep a specific ingot analysis identified with a specific quantity of finished material.
- 7.2 Number of Samples—The number of samples taken for determination of chemical composition shall be as follows:
- 7.2.1 When samples are taken at the time the ingots are cast, at least one sample shall be taken for each group of ingots cast simultaneously from the same source of molten metal.
- 7.2.2 When samples are taken from the finished or semifinished product, a sample shall be taken to represent each 2000 kg, or fraction thereof, of material in the lot, except that not more than one sample shall be required per piece.
- 7.3 *Methods of Sampling*—Samples for determination of chemical composition shall be taken in accordance with one of the following methods:
- 7.3.1 Samples for chemical analysis shall be taken by drilling, sawing, milling, turning, or clipping a representative piece or pieces to obtain a prepared sample of not less than 75 g. Sampling shall be in accordance with Practice E 55.
- 7.3.2 Sampling for spectrochemical analysis shall be in accordance with Practices E 716. Samples for other methods of analysis shall be suitable for the form of material being analyzed and the type of analytical method used.
- Note 4—It is difficult to obtain a reliable analysis of each of the components of clad materials using material in its finished state. A reasonably accurate determination of the core composition can be made if the cladding is substantially removed prior to analysis. The cladding composition is more difficult to determine because of the relatively thin layer and because of diffusion of core elements to the cladding. The correctness of cladding alloy used can usually be verified by a combination of metallographic examination and spectrochemical analysis of the surface at several widely separated points.
- 7.4 Methods of Analysis—The determination of chemical composition shall be made in accordance with suitable chemi-

cal (Test Methods E 34), or spectrochemical (Test Methods E 607 and E 1251), methods. Other methods may be used only when no published ASTM method is available. In case of dispute, the methods of analysis shall be agreed upon between the producer and purchaser.

8. Heat Treatment

- 8.1 Unless specified in 8.2, producer or supplier heat treatment for the applicable tempers in Table 3 shall be in accordance with AMS 2772.
- 8.2 When specified, heat treatment of applicable tempers in Table 3 shall be in accordance with Practice B 918.

9. Tensile Properties of Material as Supplied

- 9.1 *Limits*—The sheet and plate shall conform to the requirements for tensile properties as specified in Table 2 and Table 3 for nonheat-treatable and heat-treatable alloys, respectively.
- 9.2 Number of Samples—One sample shall be taken from each end of each parent coil, or parent plate, but no more than one sample per 1000 kg of sheet or 2000 kg of plate, or part thereof, in a lot shall be required. Other procedures for selecting samples may be employed if agreed upon between the producer and purchaser.
- 9.3 *Test Specimens*—Geometry of test specimens and the location in the product from which they are taken shall be as specified in Test Methods B 557M.
- 9.4 *Test Methods*—The tension test shall be made in accordance with Test Methods B 557M.

10. Producer Confirmation of Heat-Treat Response

- 10.1 In addition to the requirements of 9.1, material in the O or F temper of alloys 2014, Alclad 2014, 2024, Alclad 2024, 1½ % Alclad 2024, Alclad one side 2024, 1½ % Alclad 2024, Alclad one side 2024, 6061, and Alclad 6061 shall, upon proper solution heat treatment and natural aging at room temperature, develop the properties specified in Table 3 for T42 temper material. The natural aging period at room temperature shall be not less than 4 days, but samples of material may be tested prior to 4 days aging, and if the material fails to conform to the requirements of T42 temper material, the tests may be repeated after completion of 4 days aging without prejudice.
- 10.2 Also, material in the O or F temper of alloys 2219, Alclad 2219, 7075, Alclad 7075, Alclad one-side 7075, 7008 Alclad 7075, 7178, and Alclad 7178 shall, upon proper solution heat treatment and precipitation heat treatment, develop the properties specified in Table 3 for T62 temper material.
- 10.3 Mill-produced material in the O or F temper of 7008 Alclad 7075 shall, upon proper solution heat treatment and stabilizing, be capable of attaining the properties specified in Table 3 for the T76 temper.
- 10.4 *Number of Specimens*—The number of specimens from each lot of O temper material and F temper material to be tested to verify conformance with 10.1-10.3 and shall be as specified in 9.2.

11. Heat Treatment and Reheat-Treatment Capability

11.1 Mill-produced material in the O or F temper of alloys 2014, Alclad 2014, 2024, Alclad 2024, 1½ % Alclad 2024,



Alclad one side 2024, 1½ % Alclad one side 2024, 6061, and Alclad 6061 (without the subsequent imposition of cold work or forming operations) shall, upon proper solution heat treatment and natural aging at room temperature, develop the properties specified in Table 3 for T42 temper material. The natural aging period at room temperature shall be not less than 4 days, but samples of material may be tested prior to 4 days aging, and if the material fails to conform to the requirements of T42 temper material, the tests may be repeated after completion of 4 days aging without prejudice.

- 11.2 Mill-produced material in the O or F temper of alloys 2219, Alclad 2219, 7075, Alclad 7075, Alclad one-side 7075, 7008 Alclad 7075, 7178, and Alclad 7178 (without the subsequent imposition of cold work or forming operations) shall, upon proper solution heat treatment and precipitation heat treatment, develop the properties specified in Table 3 for T62 temper material.
- 11.3 Mill-produced material in the O or F temper of 7008 Alclad 7075 (without the subsequent imposition of cold work or forming operations) shall, upon proper solution heat treatment and stabilizing, be capable of attaining the properties specified in Table 3 for the T76 temper.
- 11.4 Mill-produced material in the following alloys and tempers shall after proper resolution heat treatment and natural aging for 4 days at room temperature, be capable of attaining the properties specified in Table 3 for the T42 temper.

Alloys 2014 and Alclad 2014 2024 and Alclad 2024 1½ % Alclad 2024, Alclad one side 2024 and 1½ % Alclad on side 2024 Tempers T3, T4, T451, T6, T651 T3, T4, T351, T81, T851 T3, T351, T81, T851

- Note 5—Beginning with the 1974 revision of Specification B 209, 6061 and Alclad 6061 T4, T451, T6, and T651 were deleted from this paragraph because experience has shown that reheat treated material may develop large recrystallized grains and may fail to develop the tensile properties shown in Table 3.
- 11.5 Mill-produced material in the following alloys and tempers shall, after proper resolution heat treatment and precipitation heat treatment, be capable of attaining the mechanical properties specified in Table 3 for the T62 temper.

Alloys Tempers
2219 and Alclad 2219 T31, T351, T81, T851
7075 T6, T651, T73, T7351,
T76, T7651
Alclad 7075, 7008 Alclad 7075, 7178,
and Alclad 7178
Alclad one-side 7075 T6, T651

11.6 Mill-produced material in the following alloys and tempers and T42 temper material shall, after proper precipitation heat treatment, be capable of attaining the properties specified in Table 3 for the aged tempers listed below.

Alloy and Temper Temper after Aging 2014 and Alclad 2014-T3, T4, T42, T451 2024, Alclad 2024, 1½ % Alclad 2024, Alclad one side 2024 and 1½ % Alclad one side 2024-T3, T351, T361, T42 2219 and Alclad 20219-T31, T351, T37 6061 and Alclad 6061-T4, T451, T42 Temper after Aging T6, T62, T651, respectively T81, T851, T851, T861, T62 or T72, respectively T81, T851, T87, respectively T6, T651, T62, respectively

12. Bend Properties

12.1 *Limits*—Sheet and plate shall be capable of being bent

cold through an angle of 180 deg around a pin having a diameter equal to N times the thickness of the sheet or plate without cracking, the value of N being as prescribed in Table 2 for the different alloys, tempers, and thicknesses. The test need not be conducted unless specified on the purchase order.

- 12.2 Test Specimens—When bend tests are made, the specimens for sheet shall be the full thickness of the material, approximately 20 mm in width, and when practical, at least 150 mm in length. Such specimens may be taken in any direction and their edges may be rounded to a radius of approximately 2 mm. For sheet less than 20 mm in width, the specimens should be the full width of the material.
- 12.3 *Test Methods*—The bend tests shall be made in accordance with Test Method E 290 except as stated otherwise in 12.2.

13. Stress-Corrosion Resistance

- 13.1 When specified on the purchase order or contract, alloy 2124-T851 plate shall be subjected to the test specified in 13.3 and shall exhibit no evidence of stress-corrosion cracking. One sample shall be taken from each parent plate in each lot and a minimum of three adjacent replicate specimens from this sample shall be tested. The producer shall maintain records of all lot acceptance test results and make them available for examination at the producer's facility.
- 13.2 Alloy 7075 in the T73-type and T76-type tempers, and alloys Alclad 7075, 7008 Alclad 7075, 7178, and Alclad 7178 in the T76-type tempers, shall be capable of exhibiting no evidence of stress-corrosion cracking when subjected to the test specified in 13.3.
- 13.2.1 For lot-acceptance purposes, resistance to stress-corrosion cracking for each lot of material shall be established by testing the previously selected tension-test samples to the criteria shown in Table 4.
- 13.2.2 For surveillance purposes, each month the producer shall perform at least one test for stress-corrosion resistance in accordance with 13.3 on each applicable alloy-temper for each thickness range 20.00 mm and over listed in Table 3, produced that month. Each sample shall be taken from material considered acceptable in accordance with lot-acceptance criteria of Table 4. A minimum of three adjacent replicate specimens shall be taken from each sample and tested. The producer shall maintain records of all lots so tested and make them available for examination at the producer's facility.
- 13.3 The stress-corrosion cracking test shall be performed on plate 20.00 mm and over in thickness as follows:
- 13.3.1 Specimens shall be stressed in tension in the short transverse direction with respect to grain flow and held at constant strain. For alloy 2124-T851, the stress levels shall be 50 % of the specified minimum long transverse yield strength. For T73-type tempers, stress level shall be 75 % of the specified minimum yield strength and for T76-type it shall be 170 MPa.
- 13.3.2 The stress-corrosion test shall be made in accordance with Test Method G 47.
- 13.3.3 There shall be no visual evidence of stress-corrosion cracking in any specimen, except that the retest provisions of 19.2 shall apply.

14. Exfoliation-Corrosion Resistance

14.1 Alloys 5083, 5086, and 5456 in the H116 temper shall be capable of exhibiting no evidence of exfoliation corrosion when subjected to the test described in Method G 66.

14.1.1 For lot-acceptance purposes, the acceptability of each lot of material in the alloys and temper listed in 14.1 shall be determined by the producer by metallographic examination of one sample per lot selected from midsection at one end of a random sheet or plate. The microstructure of the sample from each production lot shall be compared to that of a producerestablished reference photomicrograph of acceptable material in the same thickness range which is characterized by being predominantly free of a continuous grain boundary network of aluminum-magnesium (Mg₂Al₃) precipitate. A reference photomicrograph taken at 500× shall be established for each of the thickness ranges shown in Table 2 in which materials are produced and shall be taken from a sample within that thickness range. A longitudinal section perpendicular to the rolled surface shall be prepared for metallographic examination (see Methods E 3, symbol E in Fig. 1) and shall be microetched for metallographic examination using 40 % phosphoric acid etch for 3 min at 35°C or using etchant No. 6 in accordance with Test Methods E 407, Table 2, for 2 min. The metallographic examination shall be conducted at 500× magnification. If the microstructure shows evidence of aluminummagnesium precipitate in excess of the producer-established reference photomicrograph of acceptable material, the lot is either rejected or tested for exfoliation-corrosion resistance in accordance with 14.1. The sample for corrosion test should be selected in the same manner specified for metallographic tests and shall be taken from the same sheet or plate used for metallographic test. Specimens prepared from the sample shall be full section thickness except that for material 2.5 mm or more in thickness, 10 % of the thickness shall be removed, by machining, from one as-rolled surface. Both the machined surface and the remaining as-rolled surface shall be evaluated after exposure to the test solution. Production practices shall not be changed after establishment of the reference micrograph except as provided in 14.1.3.

- 14.1.2 The producer shall maintain at the producing facility all records relating to the establishment of reference photomicrographs and production practices.
- 14.1.3 Significant changes in production practices that alter the microstructures of the alloy shall require qualification of the practice in accordance with 14.1.1.
- 14.2 Alloys 7075, Alclad 7075, 7008 Alclad 7075, 7178, and Alclad 7178, in the T76-type tempers, shall be capable of exhibiting no evidence of exfoliation corrosion equivalent to or in excess of that illustrated by Category B in Fig. 2 of Test for Exfoliation Corrosion Susceptibility in 7XXX Series Copper Containing Aluminum Alloys (EXCO Test) (G34-72)¹³ when subjected to the test in 14.3.
- 14.2.1 For lot-acceptance purposes, resistance to exfoliation corrosion for each lot of material in the alloys and tempers listed in 14.2 shall be established by testing the previously selected tension-test samples to the criteria shown in Table 4.

- 14.2.2 For surveillance purposes, each month the producer shall perform at least one test for exfoliation-corrosion resistance for each alloy for each thickness range listed in Table 3, produced that month. The samples for test shall be selected at random from material considered acceptable in accordance with the lot-acceptance criteria of Table 4. The producer shall maintain records of all surveillance test results and make them available for examination.
- 14.3 The test for exfoliation-corrosion resistance shall be made in accordance with Test for Exfoliation Corrosion Susceptibility in 7XXX Series Copper Containing Aluminum Alloys (EXCO Test) (G 34-72)¹³ and the following:
- 14.3.1 The specimens shall be a minimum of 50 mm by 100 mm with the 100-mm dimension in a plane parallel to the direction of final rolling. They shall be full-section thickness specimens of the material except that for material 2.5 mm or more in thickness, 10 % of the thickness shall be removed by machining one surface. The cladding of alclad sheet of any thickness shall be removed by machining the test surface; the cladding on the back side (nontest surface) of the specimen for any thickness of alclad material shall also either be removed or masked off. For machined specimens, the machined surface shall be evaluated by exposure to the test solution.

15. Cladding

15.1 Preparatory to rolling alclad sheet and plate to the specified thickness, the aluminum or aluminum-alloy plates which are bonded to the alloy ingot or slab shall be of the composition shown in Table 1 and shall each have a thickness not less than that shown in Table 5 for the alloy specified.

15.2 When the thickness of the cladding is to be determined on finished material, not less than one transverse sample approximately 20 mm in length shall be taken from each edge and from the center width of the material. Samples shall be mounted to expose a transverse cross section and shall be polished for examination with a metallurgical microscope. Using 100× magnification, the maximum and minimum cladding thickness on each surface shall be measured in each of five fields approximately 2.5 mm apart for each sample. The average of the ten values (five minima plus five maxima) on each sample surface is the average cladding thickness and shall meet the minimum average and, when applicable, the maximum average specified in Table 5.

16. Dimensional Tolerances

16.1 *Thickness*—The thickness of flat sheet, coiled sheet, and plate shall not vary from that specified by more than the respective permissible variations prescribed in Tables 3.1, 3.2, and 3.14 of ANSI H35.2M. Permissible variations in thickness of plate specified in thicknesses exceeding 160 mm shall be the subject of agreement between the purchaser and the producer or the supplier at the time the order is placed.

16.2 Length, Width, Lateral Bow, Squareness, and Flatness—Coiled sheet shall not vary in width or in lateral bow from that specified by more than the permissible variations prescribed in Tables 3.6 and 3.7, respectively, of ANSI H35.2M. Flat sheet and plate shall not vary in width, length, lateral bow, squareness, or flatness by more than the permissible variations prescribed in the following tables of ANSI

¹³ The Aluminum Association, 900 19th St., NW, Washington, DC 20006.



H35.2M except that where the tolerances for sizes ordered are not covered by this standard the permissible variations shall be the subject of agreement between the purchaser and the producer or supplier at the time the order is placed:

Table No.	Title
3.3	width, sheared flat sheet and plate
3.4	width and length, sawed flat sheet and plate
3.5	length, sheared flat sheet and plate
3.8	lateral bow, flat sheet and plate
3.9	squareness, flat sheet and plate
3.12	flatness, flat sheet
3.13	flatness, sawed or sheared plate

16.3 Sampling for Inspection—Examination for dimensional conformance shall be made to ensure conformance to the tolerance specified.

17. Internal Quality

- 17.1 When specified by the purchaser at the time of placing the order, plate over 12.50 mm through 115.00 mm in thickness and up to a maximum mass of 1000 kg in alloys 2014, 2024, 2124, 2219, 7075, and 7178, both bare and alclad where applicable, shall be tested in accordance with Practice B 594 to the discontinuity acceptance limits of Table 6.
- 17.2 When specified by the purchaser at the time of placing the order, plate over 12.50 mm in thickness for ASME pressure vessel applications in alloys 1060, 1100, 3003, Alclad 3003, 3004, Alclad 3004, 5052, 5083, 5086, 5154, 5254, 5454, 5456, 5652, 6061, and Alclad 6061 shall be tested in accordance with Method B 548. In such cases the material will be subject to rejection if the following limits are exceeded unless it is determined by the purchaser that the area of the plate containing significant discontinuities will be removed during the subsequent fabrication process or that the plate may be repaired by welding.
- 17.2.1 If the longest dimension of the marked area representing a discontinuity causing a complete loss of back reflection (95 % or greater) exceeds 25 mm.
- 17.2.2 If the length of the marked area representing a discontinuity causing an isolated ultrasonic indication without a complete loss of back reflection (95 % or greater) exceeds 25 mm.
- 17.2.3 If each of two marked areas representing two adjacent discontinuities causing isolated ultrasonic indications without a complete loss of back reflection (95 % or greater) is longer than 25 mm, and if they are located within 75 mm of each other.

18. Source Inspection

- 18.1 If the purchaser desires that his representative inspect or witness the inspection and testing of the material prior to shipment, such agreement shall be made by the purchaser and producer as part of the purchase contract.
- 18.2 When such inspection or witness of inspection and testing is agreed upon, the producer shall afford the purchaser's representative all reasonable facilities to satisfy him that the material meets the requirements of this specification. Inspection and tests shall be conducted so there is no unnecessary interference with the producer's operations.

19. Retest and Rejection

19.1 If any material fails to conform to all of the applicable

requirements of this specification, it shall be cause for rejection of the inspection lot.

- 19.2 When there is evidence that a failed specimen was not representative of the inspection lot and when no other sampling plan is provided or approved by the purchaser through the contract or purchase order, at least two additional specimens shall be selected to replace each test specimen that failed. All specimens so selected for retest shall meet the requirements of the specification or the lot shall be subject to rejection.
- 19.3 Material in which defects are discovered subsequent to inspection may be rejected.
- 19.4 If material is rejected by the purchaser, the producer or supplier is responsible only for replacement of the material to the purchaser. As much as possible of the rejected material shall be returned to the producer or supplier by the purchaser.

20. Identification Marking of Product

- 20.1 When specified on the purchase order or contract, all sheet and plate shall be marked in accordance with Practice B 666/B 666M.
- 20.2 In addition, alloys in the 2000 and 7000 series in the T6, T651, T73, T7351, T76, T7651, or T851 tempers shall be marked with the lot number in at least one location on each piece.
- 20.3 The requirements specified in 20.1 and 20.2 are minimum; marking systems that involve added information, larger characters, and greater frequencies are acceptable under this specification.

21. Packaging and Package Marking

- 21.1 The material shall be packaged to provide adequate protection during normal handling and transportation and each package shall contain only one size, alloy and temper of material unless otherwise agreed. The type of packaging and gross mass of containers shall, unless otherwise agreed, be at the producer's or supplier's discretion, provided that they are such as to ensure acceptance by common or other carriers for safe transportation at the lowest rate to the delivery point.
- 21.2 Each shipping container shall be marked with the purchase order number, material size, specification number, alloy and temper, gross and net masses, and the producer's name or trademark.
- 21.3 When specified in the contract or purchase order, material shall be preserved, packaged, and packed in accordance with the requirements of Practices B 660. The applicable levels shall be as specified in the contract or order.

22. Certification

22.1 The producer or supplier shall, on request, furnish to the purchaser a certificate stating that each lot has been sampled, tested, and inspected in accordance with this specification, and has met the requirements.

23. Keywords

23.1 aluminum alloy; aluminum-alloy plate; aluminum-alloy sheet



TABLE 2 Mechanical Property Limits for Nonheat-Treatable Alloys A,B

	Specified Th	Specified Thickness, mm		rength, MPa	Yield Strength (0.2 % offset), MPa	Elongation, min, % ^C		. Dand Di
Temper	over	through	min	max	min	max	in 50 mm	in 5 \times Diameter (5.65 \sqrt{A})	Bend Diameter Factor, <i>N</i>
					Aluminum 1060				
)	0.15	0.32	55	95	15		15		
	0.32	0.63	55 55	95 05	15 15		18		•••
	0.63	1.20	55 55	95 05	15		23		
	1.20 6.30	6.30 80.00	55 55	95 95	15 15		25 25	 22	
112 ^D	0.40	0.63	75	110	60		6		•••
or	0.63	1.20	75	110	60		7		
122 ^D	1.20	6.30	75	110	60		12		•••
	6.30	50.00	75	110	60		12	10	
114 ^D	0.20	0.32	85	120	70		1		
or	0.32	0.63	85	120	70		2		
124 ^D	0.63	1.20	85	120	70		6		
	1.20	6.30	85	120	70		10		
_	6.30	25.00	85	120	70		10	9	
H16 ^D	0.15	0.32	95	130	75		1		
or	0.32	0.63	95	130	75		2	•••	
126 ^D	0.63	1.20	95	130	75 75		4		
MOD.	1.20	4.00	95	130	75 25		5		
118 ^D	0.15	0.32	110		85 85		1		
or 128 ^D	0.32	0.63	110		85 85		2		•••
120	0.63 1.20	1.20 3.20	110 110		85 85		3 4		
1112	6.30	12.50	75				10		•••
1112	12.50	40.00	70					 18	•••
	40.00	80.00	60	i i i	h Stor	ndaïrde	•••	22	•••
E	6.30	80.00		T. I. C	dii Sitai	luai us			
			/= .		Aluminum 1100	7			
	0.45		- (b t 1	tns:/	/cton /	ards it	eh.ai		
)	0.15	0.32	75	105	25	al abolt	15		0
	0.32	0.63	75 75	105	25		17		0
	0.63 1.20	1.20 6.30	75 75	105 105	25 25	Previe	22 30		0 0
	6.30	80.00	75 75	105	25	T 1	28	 25	0
112 ^D	0.40	0.63	95	130	75		3		0
or	0.63	1.20	95	130	75		5		0
∃22 ^D	1.20	6.30	95	130	ASTM753209	M-02eÏ.	8		0
	6.30	12.50	95	130	75	0.00 404 0 1 11	10-45	9,/	0
	12.50	50.00		and 2130 S/S1	st/8604 ₇₅ 9c2-	te33-48b2-b1	bb-3 ₁₀ ,45	1 c195 16/astr	m-b209m-02
-114^{D}	0.20	0.32	110	145	95		1		0
or	0.32	0.63	110	145	95		2		0
12 ^D	0.63	1.20	110	145	95		3		0
	1.20	6.30	110	145	95		5		0
	6.30	12.50	110	145	95		7	6	0
	12.50	25.00	110	145	95		7	6	
116 ^D	0.15	0.32	130	165	115		1		4
or	0.32	0.63	130	165	115		2		4
126 ^D	0.63	1.20	130	165	115		3	•••	4
140D	1.20	4.00	130	165	115		4		4
118 ^D	0.15	0.32	150				1		
or 128 ^D	0.32	0.63	150 150				1		
120	0.63	1.20 3.20	150 150				2 4		•••
H112	1.20 6.30	3.20 12.50	150 90		 50				
1112	6.30 12.50	12.50 40.00	90 85				9	 12	
	40.00	40.00 80.00	85 80		40 30		•••	12	
=E	6.30	80.00							
					Alloy 3003				
	0.45	0.00	0.5	400			4.4		
)	0.15	0.32	95 05	130	35 35		14	•••	0
	0.32	0.63	95 95	130 130	35 35		20		0
	0.63 1.20	1.20 6.30	95 95	130 130	35 35		22 25		0 0
		80.00	95 95		35 35		25 23	 21	
H12 ^D	6.30 0.40	0.63	120	130 160	35 85		23 3		0
or	0.40	1.20	120	160	85	•••	3 4	***	0
122 ^D	1.20	6.30	120	160	85		6		0
	6.30	50.00	120	160	85		9	8	
		0.32	140	180	115		1		0
-114^{D}	0.20	0.32	140	100		•••			0



TABLE 2 Continued

	Specified Thickness, mm		Tensile Strength, MPa		Yield Strength (0.2 % offset), MPa		Elongation, min, % ^C			
Temper	over	through	min	max	min	max	in 50 mm	in 5 \times Diameter (5.65 \sqrt{A})	Bend Diameter Factor, N	
H24 ^D	0.63	1.20	140	180	115		3		0	
	1.20	3.20	140	180	115		5		0	
	3.20	6.30	140	180	115		5		2	
	6.30	25.00	140	180	115		8	7		
H16 ^D	0.15	0.32	165	205	145	•••	1		4	
or	0.32	0.63	165	205	145	•••	2		4	
H26 ^D	0.63	1.20	165	205	145		3		4	
	1.20	4.00	165	205	145	•••	4		6	
H18 ^D	0.15	0.32	185		165		1			
or	0.32	0.63	185		165		1			
H28 ^D	0.63	1.20	185		165		2			
	1.20	3.20	185		165		4			
H112	6.30	12.50	115		70		8			
	12.50	40.00	105		40			10		
	40.00	80.00	100		40			16		
F ^F	6.30	80.00								
					Alclad Alloy 3003					
0	0.15	0.32	90	125	30		14	•••		
	0.32	0.63	90	125	30	•••	20			
	0.63	1.20	90	125	30		22			
	1.20	6.30	90	125	30		25			
	6.30	12.50	90	125	30		23			
	12.50	80.00	95 ^{<i>F</i>}	130 ^F	35 ^F			21		
H12 ^D	0.40	0.63	115	155	80		4			
or	0.63	1.20	115	155	80		5			
H22 ^D	1.20	6.30	115	155	80	darde	6			
	6.30	12.50	115	155	80	ualus	9			
	12.50	50.00	120 ^F	160 ^F	85 ^F	•••	3	 8		
H14 ^D	0.20	0.32	135	175	110	rda"ita	h ail		•••	
or	0.32	0.63	135	175	110	I US:ILC		•••	•••	
H24 ^D	0.63	1.20	135	175	110		3		•••	
1124	1.20	6.30	135	175	110 4	D	5	•••	•••	
	6.30	12.50	135	175	110	r rewie	8	•••	•••	
	12.50	25.00	140 ^F	180 ^F	115 ^F			 7	•••	
H16 ^D	0.15	0.32	160	200	140	***	 1		•••	
or	0.13	0.63	160	200	140		2			
H26 ^D	0.63	1.20	160	200 🛆	STM 140 09 N	I-02e1 ""	3			
1120	1.20	4.00	160	200	0604140					
H ₁₈ http	s://sta_1.20 ard	18.11e _{0.32} /ca	italo 180 tan			33-48b2-b1b	b-395 4 51c	19517/astm-	b209m-02e1	
1110	0.13		180			•••	1			
	0.63	0.63 1.20				•••	1			
	1.20	3.20	180 180			•••	2 4			
H112	6.30				 GE	•••	8			
ппг		12.50	110		65	•••				
	12.50	40.00	105 ^F		40 ^F		•••	10		
-F	40.00	80.00	100 ^F		40 ^F	•••		16		
F ^E	6.30	80.00		***						
					Alloy 3004					
0	0.15	0.32	150	200	60		9		0	
	0.32	0.63	150	200	60	•••	12	•••	0	
	0.63	1.20	150	200	60		15		0	
	1.20	6.30	150	200	60		18		0	
LIGO ^D	6.30	80.00	150	200	60		16	14		
H32 ^D	0.40	0.63	190	240	145	•••	1	•••	0	
or	0.63	1.20	190	240	145		3		1	
H22 ^D	1.20	3.20	190	240	145		5		2	
	3.20	6.30	190	240	145	•••	5			
	6.30	50.00	190	240	145	***	6	5		
H34 ^D	0.20	0.32	220	265	170		1		2	
or	0.32	0.63	220	265	170		2		2	
H24 ^D	0.63	1.20	220	265	170		3		3	
	1.20	3.20	220	265	170		4		4	
	3.20	6.30	220	265	170		4			
	6.30	25.00	220	265	170	•••	5	4		
H36 ^D	0.15	0.32	240	285	190		1		6	
or	0.32	0.63	240	285	190		2		6	
H26 ^D	0.63	1.20	240	285	190		3		6	
	1.20	4.00	240	285	190		4		8	
H38 ^D	0.15	0.32	260		215					
	0.32	0.63	260		215	•	1			



TABLE 2 Continued

	Specified Thickness, mm		Tensile Strength, MPa		Yield Strength (0.	2 % offset), MPa	Elongation, min, % ^C		
Temper	over	through	min	max	min	max	in 50 mm	in 5 \times Diameter (5.65 \sqrt{A})	Bend Diameter Factor, N
H28 ^D	0.63	1.20	260		215		2		
11440	1.20	3.20	260	•••	215		4		
H112	6.30	12.50	160		60		7		
	12.50	40.00	160		60			6	
F ^E	40.00 6.30	80.00 80.00	160		60			6	
<u> </u>	0.30	00.00		•••	Alclad Alloy 3004		•••		•••
0	0.15	0.32	1.15	105	-		0		
J	0.13	0.63	145 145	195 195	55 55		9 12		•••
	0.63	1.20	145	195	55		15		
	1.20	6.30	145	195	55		18		
	6.30	12.50	145	195	55		16		
	12.50	80.00	150 ^F	200 ^F	60 ^F			14	
H32 ^D	0.40	0.63	185	235	140		1		
or	0.63	1.20	185	235	140		3		
H22 ^D	1.20	6.30	185	235	140		5		
	6.30	12.50	185_	235	140_		6		
	12.50	50.00	190 ^F	240 ^F	145 ^{<i>F</i>}			5	
∃34 ^D	0.20	0.32	215	260	165		1		
or IOAD	0.32	0.63	215	260	165		2		
H24 ^D	0.63	1.20	215	260	165	•••	3	•••	•••
	1.20	6.30	215	260	165		4		
	6.30 12.50	12.50 25.00	215 220 ^F	260 265 ^F	165 170 ^F		5	4	•••
136 ^D	0.15	0.32	235	280	185		 1		•••
or	0.32	0.63	235	280	185	dards	2		
126 ^D	0.63	1.20	235	280	185	luai us	3		
0	1.20	4.00	235	280	185		4		
138	0.15	0.32	255	tna•//	gtainda	rds it	ahai`		
	0.32	0.63	255	1720//	Stalling	n n3.10			
	0.63	1.20	255				2		
	1.20	3.20	255	Daci	ımant	Draxic	4		
H112	6.30	12.50	155_		55	TICAL	7 7		
	12.50	40.00	160 ^F		60 ^F			6	
₽ <i>E</i>	40.00 6.30	80.00 80.00	160 ^{<i>F</i>}		60 ^F			6	
					Alloy 3005	<u> 4-02e1</u>			
)	0.15	0.32	cata 159/st	anda 165/Si	st/8604 79c2-1 6	233-48b2-b1	bb-395451	ci95f7/astr	n-b209m-0 2
	0.32	0.63	115	165	45		14		
	0.63	1.20	115	165	45		17		
	1.20	6.30	115	165	45		20		
H12	0.40	0.63	140	190	115		1		
	0.63	1.20	140	190	115		2		
	1.20	6.30	140	190	115		3		
- 114	0.20	0.32	165	215	145		1		
	0.32	0.63	165	215	145		1		•••
	0.63	1.20	165	215	145		2	•••	•••
J16	1.20	6.30	165	215	145		3 1		•••
116	0.15 0.32	0.32 0.63	190 190	240 240	170 170		1		
	0.63	1.20	190	240	170	•••	2	•••	•••
	1.20	4.00	190	240	170	•••	2	•••	•••
118	0.15	0.32	220		200		1		
-	0.32	0.63	220		200		1	•••	•••
	0.63	1.20	220		200		2		···
	1.20	3.20	220		200		2		
119	0.15	0.32	235		***				•••
	0.32	0.63	235				1		
	0.63	1.20	235				1		
	1.20	1.60	235				1		
125	0.15	0.32	180	235	150		1		•••
	0.32	0.63	180	235	150		2	•••	
	0.63	1.20	180	235	150		3		
J07	1.20	2.00	180	235	150		4		
H27	0.15	0.32	205	260	175 175		1	•••	
	0.32 0.63	0.63 1.20	205 205	260 260	175 175	•••	2 3	•••	•••
	0.03					•••			•••
	1.20	2.00	205	260	175		4		