



Designation: F 1783 – 97 (Reapproved 2002)

Standard Guide for Performance of an Ice Rescuer—Level II¹

This standard is issued under the fixed designation F 1783; the number immediately following the designation indicates the year of original adoption or, in the case of revision, the year of last revision. A number in parentheses indicates the year of last reapproval. A superscript epsilon (ϵ) indicates an editorial change since the last revision or reapproval.

This standard has been approved for use by agencies of the Department of Defense.

1. Scope

1.1 This guide covers minimum requirements for the scope of performance of an ice rescuer who performs cold water and ice rescues from the surface, assists with support for ice rescue divers, and provides initial patient care at a cold water or ice rescue incident.

1.2 This guide is one of a series that, together with Guide F 1739, describes the minimum performance requirements of an ice rescuer.

1.3 Individuals who will operate in the cold water or ice rescue setting need to be aware of the equipment and physical requirements necessary to be able to perform all identified objectives and necessary skills in the setting.

1.4 The values stated in both inch-pound and SI units are to be regarded separately as the standard. The values given in parentheses are for information only.

1.5 *This standard does not purport to address all of the safety concerns, if any, associated with its use. It is the responsibility of the user of this standard to establish appropriate safety and health practices and determine the applicability of regulatory limitations prior to use.*

2. Referenced Documents

2.1 *ASTM Standards:*

1739 Guide for Performance of a Water Rescuer—Level I²

3. Terminology

3.1 *Definitions of Terms Specific to This Standard:*

3.1.1 *drysuit, n*—a protective suit that encompasses the wearer, prohibiting water from entering. A drysuit may provide no buoyancy or thermal protection without insulation undergarments or a buoyancy compensating device.

3.1.2 *floating tether, tag line, n*—a water rescue technique which stretches a line across a body of water. This line has a

flotation device attached to it to keep the rope on the surface of the water and to provide a buoyant object for the victim to grab hold.

3.1.3 *ice awls, n*—a device used for rescue on ice consisting of a sharp spike with a handle.

3.1.4 *ice staff, n*—a stick, pole, or rod with a sharp spike in one end used to traverse on ice or rescue on ice.

3.1.5 *immersion suit, n*—designed to provide cold water protection and buoyancy by one person in cold water emergencies. These devices should conform to standards set by the appropriate national regulatory authority, that is, the U.S. Coast Guard in the United States.

3.1.6 *personal flotation device, PFD, n*—a buoyant device suitable for use by one person in water emergencies. These devices should conform to standards set by the appropriate national regulatory authority, that is, the U.S. Coast Guard in the United States.

3.1.7 *sinking tether, snag line, n*—a water rescue technique that stretches a weighted line across a body of water to snag or support fully or partly submerged objects and people.

3.1.8 *vessel, n*—includes every description of watercraft, including nondisplacement craft and seaplanes, used or capable of being used as a means of transportation on water.

4. Significance and Use

4.1 This guide is to be used to expand the performance of water rescuers and improve the emergency response and patient care delivered to victims in the cold water and ice rescue environment.

4.2 All persons who are identified as ice rescuers shall meet the requirements of this guide.

4.3 This guide is not intended to be used in isolation, but as a component guide acknowledging many duties of response at a cold water and ice rescue emergency. It also establishes a minimum scope of performance and encourages the addition of optional knowledge, skills, and attitudinal objectives.

4.4 This guide does not establish medical protocols, nor does it authorize invasive procedures without specific authorization and medical control.

4.5 This guide is intended to assist government agencies, state, local, or regional organizations, fire departments, rescue

¹ This guide is under the jurisdiction of ASTM Committee F32 on Search and Rescue and is the direct responsibility of Subcommittee F32.03 on Personnel, Training and Education.

Current edition approved Oct. 10, 2002. Published June 1997.

² *Annual Book of ASTM Standards*, Vol 13.01.