

9`Y_fca U[bYfbUnXfi y`^j cghfØA7L]b`nUXYj Yj`nj Ynj`n`fUX]`g_`ja`gdY_fca`fØFAŁ!
HY\ b] bY`UfU_hyf]gh_Y]b`a Yf]bY`a YfcXY`nUdfYbcgbY`fUX]chY`YZ: bg_Y`bUdfUj Y
J<: `nUdca c`fg_c`a cV]bc`g`i`yVcž_]`XYi`Yc`bUdUgi`J<: `fgUa c`nUi`dcfUvc
]nj Yb`; A8 GGL

ElectroMagnetic Compatibility and Radio Spectrum Matters (ERM); Technical characteristics and methods of measurement for portable Very High Frequency (VHF) radiotelephone equipment for the maritime mobile service operating in the VHF bands (for non-GMDSS applications only)

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Foreword

This European Standard (Telecommunications series) has been produced by ETSI Technical Committee Electromagnetic compatibility and Radio spectrum Matters (ERM).

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1 Scope

The present document states the minimum technical characteristics and methods of measurement required for portable Very High Frequency (VHF) radiotelephones not providing maritime distress and safety communications functions (i.e. not forming part of the Global Maritime Distress and Safety System (GMDSS)) operating in the bands between 156 MHz and 174 MHz allocated to the maritime mobile services by the Radio Regulations, Appendix 18 [1].

The present document also specifies technical characteristics, methods of measurement and required test results.

2 References

The following documents contain provisions which, through reference in this text, constitute provisions of the present document.

- References are either specific (identified by date of publication, edition number, version number, etc.) or non-specific.
- For a specific reference, subsequent revisions do not apply.
- For a non-specific reference, the latest version applies.
- A non-specific reference to an ETS shall also be taken to refer to later versions published as an EN with the same number.

- [1] Radio Regulations, Appendix 18 (1990): "Table of Transmitting Frequencies in the Band 156-174 MHz for Stations in the Maritime Mobile Service".
- [2] ITU-T Recommendation E.161 (1993): "Arrangement of digits, letters and symbols on telephones and other devices that can be used for gaining access to a telephone network".
- [3] ITU-R Recommendation M.493-9 (1997): "Digital selective-calling system for use in the maritime mobile service".
- [4] ITU-R Recommendation M.541-8 (1997): "Operational procedures for the use of digital selective-calling equipment in the maritime mobile service".
- [5] ETS 300 225: "Radio Equipment and Systems (RES); Technical characteristics and methods of measurement for survival craft portable VHF radiotelephone apparatus".
- [6] ITU-T Recommendation P.53 (1994): "Psophometer for use on telephone-type circuits".
- [7] ITU-R Recommendation SM 332-4: "Selectivity of receivers".
- [8] ETR 028: "Radio Equipment and Systems (RES); Uncertainties in the measurement of mobile radio equipment characteristics".

3 Definitions, symbols and abbreviations

3.1 Definitions

For the purposes of the present document, the following definitions apply:

integral antenna: antenna that is permanently fixed to the equipment and not detachable by the user.

detachable antenna: antenna fixed to the equipment by means of an antenna connector and detachable by the user.

G3E: phase-modulation (frequency modulation with a pre-emphasis of 6 dB/octave) for speech.

modulation index: ratio between the frequency deviation and the modulation frequency.

performance check: check of:

- the transmitter carrier power and frequency; and
- receiver sensitivity.

3.2 Symbols

For the purposes of the present document, the following symbols apply:

dBa	Relative to 2×10^{-5} Pa
emf	Electromotive force

3.3 Abbreviations

For the purposes of the present document, the following abbreviations apply:

DSC	Digital Selective Calling
EUT	Equipment Under Test
GMDSS	Global Maritime Distress and Safety System
rms	root mean square
SINAD	(Signal + Noise + Distortion)/(Noise + Distortion)
VHF	Very High Frequency

4 General and operational requirements

4.1 Construction

The manufacturer shall declare that compliance to the requirements of clause 4 is achieved and shall provide relevant documentation.

The mechanical and electrical construction and finish of the equipment shall conform in all respects to good engineering practice, and the equipment shall be suitable for use on board ships.

All controls shall be of sufficient size to enable the usual control functions to be easily performed and the number of controls should be the minimum necessary for simple and satisfactory operation.

All parts of the equipment to be checked during inspection or maintenance operations shall be readily accessible. The components shall be readily identifiable.

Technical documentation shall be supplied with the equipment.

The VHF maritime mobile service uses both single-frequency and two-frequency channels. For two-frequency channels there shall be a separation of 4,6 MHz between the transmitting frequency and the receiving frequency (see Radio Regulations Appendix 18 [1]).

The equipment, which can consist of more than one unit, shall be capable of operating on single frequency and two-frequency channels with manual control (simplex).

The equipment shall be of a colour which distinguishes it from the portable VHF equipment specified in ETS 300 225 [5].

The equipment shall be able to operate on all channels defined in Radio Regulations, Appendix 18 [1].

Operation on channels 75 and 76 shall be restricted to a maximum transmitted power of 1W.

Additional VHF channels outside those defined by Radio Regulations, Appendix 18 [1] may also be provided, but means shall be provided to block any channel, including Appendix 18 channels.

It shall not be possible for the user to unblock or block any channels.

Scan or multiple watch may be provided but means shall be provided to block or unblock these functions.

If the equipment is fitted with an auxiliary antenna connector, simultaneous connection of both the auxiliary antenna and the normal antenna shall be prevented.

The equipment shall be so designed that use of channel 70 for purposes other than Digital Selective Calling (DSC) is prevented (see ITU-R Recommendation M.493-9 [3] and ITU-R Recommendation M.541-8 [4]).

It shall not be possible to transmit while any frequency synthesizer used within the transmitter is out of lock.

It shall not be possible to transmit during channel switching operations.

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4.2 Controls and indicators

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The equipment shall have a channel selector and shall indicate the designator, as shown in Radio Regulations, Appendix 18 [1], of the channel at which the equipment is set. The channel designator shall be legible irrespective of the external lighting conditions.

Where an input panel on the equipment for entering the digits 0 to 9 is provided, this shall conform to ITU-T Recommendation E.161 [2].

The equipment shall have the following additional controls and indicators:

- on/off switch for the equipment with a visual indication that the equipment is in operation;
- a manual, non-locking push to talk switch to operate the transmitter;
- a switch for reducing transmitter output power to no more than 1 W where the RF output power is more than 1 watt;
- an audio frequency power volume control;
- a squelch control;
- a visual indication that the transmitter is activated.

The equipment shall also meet the following requirements:

- the user shall not have access to any control which, if wrongly set, might impair the technical characteristics of the equipment.

4.3 Microphone and loudspeaker

The equipment shall be fitted with an integral microphone and an integral loudspeaker.

During transmission the receiver output shall be muted.

4.4 Safety precautions

Measures shall be taken to protect the equipment against the effects of overcurrent or overvoltage.

Measures shall be taken to prevent damage to the equipment that might arise from an accidental reversal of polarity of the electrical power source.

No damage to the equipment shall occur when the antenna terminals are placed on open circuit or short circuit while transmitting for a period of at least 5 minutes in each case.

In order to provide protection against damage due to the build up of static voltages at the antenna terminals, there shall be a dc path from the antenna terminals to chassis not exceeding 100 k Ω .

The information in any volatile memory device shall be protected from interruptions in the power supply of up to 60 s duration.

4.5 Labelling

All controls, instruments, indicators and terminals shall be clearly labelled.

Details of any external power supply from which the equipment is intended to operate shall be clearly indicated on the equipment.

The equipment shall be clearly and indelibly marked on the exterior with the identification of the manufacturer, type designation of the equipment, the serial number of the unit and the text: "Not intended for distress and safety purposes".

The compass safe distance shall be stated on the equipment.

5 Technical requirements

5.1 Switching time

The channel switching arrangement shall be such that the time necessary to change over from using one of the channels to using any other channel does not exceed 5 s.

The time necessary to change over from transmission to reception or vice versa, shall not exceed 0,3 s.

5.2 Class of emission and modulation characteristics

The equipment shall use phase modulation, G3E (frequency modulation with a pre-emphasis of 6 dB/octave) for speech.

The equipment shall be designed to operate satisfactorily with a channel separation of 25 kHz.

The frequency deviation corresponding to 100 % modulation shall be ± 5 kHz as nearly as practicable.