

Designation: D 4278 - 02

Standard Practice for Wet Ashing Procedure for Preparing Wood Samples for Inorganic Chemical Analysis¹

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1. Scope

- 1.1 This practice consists of a procedure for decomposition of wood as an initial step for analysis for the constituents arsenic, chromium, copper, phosphate, and zinc, all of which may then be analyzed in accordance with Test Methods D 1326, D 1627, D 1628 and D 5584.
- 1.2 This standard does not purport to address all of the safety concerns, if any, associated with its use. It is the responsibility of the user of this standard to establish appropriate safety and health practices and determine the applicability of regulatory limitations prior to use. Specific precautionary statements are given in Section 7.

2. Referenced Documents

- 2.1 ASTM Standards:
- D 1326 Methods for Chemical Analysis of Ammoniacal Copper Arsenate²
- D 1627 Methods for Chemical Analysis of Acid Copper Chromate²
- D 1628 Test Methods for Chemical Analysis of Chromated Copper Arsenate² ASTM
- D 5584 Test Methods for Chemical Analysis of Ammoniacal Copper Quat, Type B (ACQ-B)²

3. Summary of Test Method

3.1 A small (up to 5 g) sample of chopped or ground wood (usually treated) is oxidized and solubilized by an initial digestion in hot concentrated nitric acid. This is followed by further digestion after the addition of a solution of aqueous perchloric acid in concentrated sulfuric acid. The cooled solution of metal salts is then diluted and is suitable for analysis by the appropriate method.

4. Significance and Use

4.1 Many wood preservatives consist of inorganic materials. These materials are often preferably analyzed in dilute aqueous

solutions in the absence of organic matter. This practice provides a means for the preparation of a dilute aqueous solution of the inorganic materials which are in wood by simultaneously decomposing the wood sample and solubilizing the inorganic materials. The aqueous solution may then be analyzed for its inorganic constituents by applicable ASTM test methods.

5. Apparatus

- 5.1 For each digestion to be run simultaneously, the following apparatus is required:
 - 5.1.1 Kjeldahl Flask, 800 mL, with 24/40 ground glass top.
 - 5.1.2 Ground Glass Stopper, 24/40.
 - 5.1.3 Kjeldahl Flask Heater, rheostat-controlled.
 - 5.1.4 Tubing, 3/8-in. TFE-fluorocarbon.
 - 5.1.5 Glass Beads.
- 5.2 For each group of digestions, the following apparatus is required:
 - 5.2.1 Tube Connectors, Y-form, glass, 3/8-in.
 - 5.2.2 Aspirator, TFE-fluorocarbon.
- 5.3 The apparatus is assembled as shown schematically in Fig. 1. Up to six samples can be handled with a single aspirator. During digestion, clamps may be used on the tubing to balance the rate of aspiration between flasks. It may occasionally be necessary to enlarge the aspirator hole to about ½16 in. to optimize aspiration, either because of extraneous plastic in a new aspirator, or because of build-up during use.
- 5.4 A syringe is also required for the introduction of acid during digestion. Care should be taken to keep the bulb free of acid oxidant and the syringe should be rinsed after use.
 - 5.5 Grinding Mill.

6. Reagents

- 6.1 Nitric Acid, concentrated (sp gr 1.42).
- 6.2 Sulfuric Acid, concentrated (sp gr 1.84).
- 6.3 Perchloric Acid, 70 %.
- 6.4 Acid Oxidant—Add 185 volumes of perchloric acid (70%) to 100 volumes of distilled water and then add slowly with mixing 270 volumes of concentrated sulfuric acid.

¹ This test method is under the jurisdiction of ASTM Committee D07 on Wood and is the direct responsibility of Subcommittee D07.06 on Wood Preservatives.

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² Annual Book of ASTM Standards, Vol 04.10.