

SLOVENSKI STANDARD SIST EN 14591-4:2007

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Preprečevanje eksplozij in zaščita v podzemnih rudnikih - Zaščitni sistemi - 4. del: Avtomatske gasilne naprave za odkopne stroje

Explosion prevention and protection in underground mines - Protective systems - Part 4: Automatic extinguishing systems for road headers

Explosionsschutz in untertägigen Bergwerken - Schutzsysteme - Teil 4: Automatische Explosionslöschanlagen für Teilschnittmaschinen PREVIEW

Protection contre l'explosion dans les mines souterraines - Systemes de protection - Partie 4: Installation d'extinction automatique d'explosion pour machines a attaque ponctuelle

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Explosion prevention and protection in underground mines Protective systems - Part 4: Automatic extinguishing systems for road headers

Protection contre l'explosion dans les mines souterraines -Systèmes de protection - Partie 4: Installation d'extinction automatique d'explosion pour machines à attaque Explosionsschutz in untertägigen Bergwerken -Schutzsysteme - Teil 4: Automatische Explosionslöschanlagen für Teilschnittmaschinen

This European Standard was approved by CEN on 9 June 2007.

CEN members are bound to comply with the CEN/CENELEC Internal Regulations which stipulate the conditions for giving this European Standard the status of a national standard without any alteration. Up-to-date lists and bibliographical references concerning such national standards may be obtained on application to the CEN Management Centre or to any CEN member.

This European Standard exists in three official versions (English, French, German). A version in any other language made by translation under the responsibility of a CEN member into its own language and notified to the CEN Management Centre has the same status as the official versions.

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EN 14591-4:2007 (E)

Contents Page		Page
		3
1	Scope	4
2	Normative references	4
3	Terms and definitions	4
4 4.1 4.2 4.2.1 4.2.2 4.2.3 4.2.4 4.2.5 4.3	General requirements	5 5 6 6
5 5.1 5.2 5.3 5.4	Special requirements	7 7 7
6 6.1 6.2 6.3	Requirements for sensor systems	8 8
7 7.1 7.2 7.3 7.4 7.5	Requirements for signal-processing electronics	8 8 8 9
8 8.1 8.2	Extinguishing systemGeneralExtinguishing agent containers	9
9	Marking	10
10	Information for use	10
Anne	x ZA (informative) Relationship between this European Standard and the Essential Requirements of EU 94/9/EC	12
Biblio	ography	14

Foreword

This document (EN 14591-4:2007) has been prepared by Technical Committee CEN/TC 305 "Potentially explosive atmospheres - Explosion prevention and protection", the secretariat of which is held by DIN.

This European Standard shall be given the status of a national standard, either by publication of an identical text or by endorsement, at the latest by January 2008, and conflicting national standards shall be withdrawn at the latest by January 2008.

This document has been prepared under a mandate given to CEN by the European Commission and the European Free Trade Association, and supports essential requirements of EU Directives.

For relationship with EU Directives, see informative Annex ZA, which is an integral part of this document.

This European Standard consists of the following Parts:

EN 15491-1, Explosion prevention and protection in underground mines — Protective systems — Part 1: 2-bar explosion proof ventilation structures

EN 15491-2, Explosion prevention and protection in underground mines — Protective systems — Part 2: Passive water trough barriers h STANDARD PREVIEW

EN 14591-4, Explosion prevention and protection in underground mines — Protective systems — Part 4: Automatic extinguishing systems for road headers

According to the CEN/CENELEC Internal Regulations, the national standards organizations of the following countries are bound to implement this European Standard? Austria, Belgium, Bulgaria, Cyprus, Czech Republic, Denmark, Estonia, Finland, France, Germany, Greece, Hungary, Iceland, Ireland, Italy, Latvia, Lithuania, Luxembourg, Malta, Netherlands, Norway, Poland, Portugal, Romania, Slovakia, Slovenia, Spain, Sweden, Switzerland and the United Kingdom.

EN 14591-4:2007 (E)

1 Scope

This document lays down requirements for automatic explosion extinguishing systems for roadheader machines (selective cut heading machines) in roadheader drivages where these systems automatically detect the initial phase of a firedamp explosion which has been initiated by the cutter head of a roadheader machine and extinguish it at the roadhead in such a way that the roadway drivage team is not put at risk.

This document does not lay down any requirements for the fighting of fires at the roadhead.

The automatic explosion extinguishing system for roadheaders is an autonomous protective system designed in accordance with Directive 94/9/EC.

2 Normative references

The following referenced documents are indispensable for the application of this document. For dated references, only the edition cited applies. For undated references, the latest edition of the referenced document (including any amendments) applies.

EN 1127-2:2002, Explosive atmospheres — Explosion prevention and protection — Basic concepts and methodology for mining

EN 10025 (all Parts), Hot rolled products of structural steels

EN 10204, Metallic products — Types of inspection documents PREVIEW

EN 13237:2003, Potentially explosive atmospheres — Terms and definitions for equipment and protective systems intended for use in potentially explosive atmospheres

SIST EN 14591-4:2007

EN 13463-1, Non-electrical equipment for potentially explosive atmospheres 47-2 Part 1: Basic method and requirements 0da6065dfba9/sist-en-14591-4-2007

EN 60068-2-6, Environmental testing — Part 2: Tests — Tests Fc: Vibration (sinusoidal) (IEC 60068-2-6:1995 + Corrigendum 1995)

EN 60079-0, Electrical apparatus for explosive gas atmospheres — Part 0: General requirements (IEC 60079-0:2004, modified)

EN 61000-6-2, Electromagnetic compatibility (EMC) — Part 6-2 Generic standards — Emission standard for residential, commercial and light-industrial environments (IEC 61000-6-2:2005)

EN 61000-6-4, Electromagnetic compatibility (EMC) — Part 6-4: Generic standards — Emission standard for industrial environments (IEC 61000-6-4:1997, modified)

EN 61508-1, Functional safety of electrical/electronic/programmable electronic safety-related systems — Part 1: General requirements (IEC 61508-1:1998 + Corrigendum 1999)

3 Terms and definitions

For the purposes of this document, the terms and definitions given in EN 1127-2:2002, EN 13237:2003 and the following apply.

3 1

automatic explosion extinguishing system

assembly of equipment for the automatic detection of the beginning of an explosion and initiation of the discharge of the extinguishing agent in order, in this way, to limit the destructive effects of the explosion

3.2

HRD extinguishing agent container

device containing an explosion suppression agent that can be discharged by internal pressure

NOTE HRD is the abbreviation for High Rate Discharge

3.3

sensor

device that is triggered by changes in one or more parameters, e.g. temperature and/or radiation, caused by a developing explosion.

4 General requirements

4.1 General

Automatic explosion extinguishing systems for roadheaders essentially comprise the following co-ordinated components:

- sensors for explosion ignition detection;
- extinguishing agent containers for explosion fighting;
- control system for monitoring the individual components and their combined effect as well as the triggering of the extinguishing system (electronic control and operating unit);
- power supply and emergency power supply.

The number and configuration of the individual components are determined by the type of machine and by the roadway cross-section to be protected a catalog/standards/sist/f510802a-a67c-47e2-a291-0da6065dfba9/sist-en-14591-4-2007

EN 13463-1 and EN 60079-0 shall be applied.

4.2 Functional requirements

4.2.1 General

All components are to be designed for high operating reliability in accordance with the "fail-safe" principle.

A high level of protection against incorrect triggering shall be ensured by means of a selective response action and minimum sensitivity to external interference factors.

Appropriate protection devices are to be used to protect the components from unauthorized external interventions.

If the roadheader has an automatic explosion extinguishing installation, the roadheader shall be equipped with a compulsory interlock.

All electrical equipment shall be of class M1.

The system is designed for an ambient temperature of -20 °C to 40 °C.

A degree of protection of at least IP 54 is required.

EN 14591-4:2007 (E)

4.2.2 Sensors

Explosion-detection sensors shall operate on the basis of one of the physical quantities related to the event of an explosion (e.g. type of flame, radiation). In this respect, full use shall be made of the maximum response speed and sensitivity.

The monitoring range of the detection sensors shall be fixed in such a way that the system only detects those events that have to be controlled. The events to be detected are explosions that have been caused by the cutter head of the roadheader machine and which are initiated in the vicinity of the machine, but not fires occurring outside the cutting zone.

The functional reliability of the sensors shall not be impaired by local factors (dust, water/mist, construction materials, etc.).

The function of the sensors shall be proven by means of a function test with a methane flame.

4.2.3 Extinguishing agent containers

The discharge speed and total discharge time of the extinguishing agent containers have to be harmonized to the geometrical conditions of the roadhead. In this respect, the following parameters have to be taken into account in particular:

- distance from roadhead:
- radial dimensions of roadway cross-section;
 I en STANDARD PREVIEW
- direction of discharge relative to the cutter-arm axis. (Standards.iteh.ai)

4.2.4 Electronic control and discharge unit

SIST EN 14591-4:2007

It shall be possible to connect at least 2 sensors to the electronic control and discharge unit. 0da6065dfba9/sist-en-14591-4-2007

The control and discharge unit controls and monitors all the electrical signals relating to the functions and safety of the systems, such as:

- the power supply;
- all the connected sensors;
- the storage of important system data in non-volatile memory modules;
- the display and operating elements;
- the ignition system;
- the automatic test routine.

It shall have a data transmission interface to the remote monitoring unit.

4.2.5 Power supply and emergency power supply

The power supply shall be designed as an emergency power supply for an operating period of at least 24 h with automatic changeover. In order to prevent spurious tripping, it shall be protected against interference from the supply network.

4.3 Other requirements

The manner in which the components of the extinguishing system are installed on the roadheader and/or incorporated into the technical equipment of the machine shall take account of the following factors:

- mechanical loading due to impact and vibration stress;
- minimum disruption of the normal working sequence with regard to line-of-sight obstruction, restriction of working zone, e.g. when back-cutting the face, and access to the roadhead area and to the vicinity of roadheader machine;
- allowance for mechanical equipment such as water sprays, scaffolds and mobile platforms;
- sufficient access for repair and maintenance work;
- maintenance-friendly design for routine maintenance and inspection.

5 Special requirements

5.1 General

Automatic explosion extinguishing systems shall be designed so that they do not affect the performance or mode of operation of the roadheader. Their component parts shall not impede the cutting action (e.g. backcutting of arches, loading, collision with loading device) or block the operator's line of sight. Components shall be designed in such a way that they can be replaced at the workplace, provided that this does not conflict with safety requirements.

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5.2 Mechanical strength

SIST EN 14591-4:2007

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All machine and sheet-metal parts, including all strengthening and stiffening members, are to be constructed from steel which meets the requirements of EN 10025. Test certificates shall be issued.

When designing and manufacturing welded components, care shall be taken to ensure that notching and stress concentrations are avoided and are neutralized by appropriate measures, e.g. heat treatment and stress-free annealing.

As a minimum requirement, an inspection certificate 3.1 according to EN 10204 shall be issued when using sheet and wide flats of high yield strength structural steels in the quenched and tempered or precipitation hardened conditions according to EN 10025.

Filler metals shall meet the requirements of the appropriate European Standard and shall suit the welding method, the parent metal and the welding process.

The mechanical strength shall meet the requirements of the deep mining industry. Welds and sheet-metal constructions shall be designed in accordance with the conditions described in 5.3.

5.3 Vibration and impact resistance

All component parts of the automatic explosion extinguishing installation are subject to high levels of vibration when the roadheader is cutting. The components of the automatic explosion extinguishing installation are to be designed permanently to withstand vibrations and oscillations at 5 times gravitational acceleration in the frequency spectrum 2 Hz to 20 Hz according to EN 60068-2-6. The impact strength shall be 20 J.