

INTERNATIONAL STANDARD

NORME INTERNATIONALE

**Cable networks for television signals, sound signals and interactive services –
Part 5: Headend equipment**

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**Réseaux de distribution par câbles pour signaux de télévision, signaux de
radiodiffusion sonore et services interactifs –
Partie 5: Équipements de tête de réseau**





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INTERNATIONAL STANDARD

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**Cable networks for television signals, sound signals and interactive services –
Part 5: Headend equipment**

**Réseaux de distribution par câbles pour signaux de télévision, signaux de
radiodiffusion sonore et services interactifs –
Partie 5: Équipements de tête de réseau**

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**CABLE NETWORKS FOR TELEVISION SIGNALS,
SOUND SIGNALS AND INTERACTIVE SERVICES –****Part 5: Headend equipment**

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- new text for the introduction, following the scope of IEC TC 100/TA 5;
- introduction of IPTV to the scope;
- headend specification for digital terrestrial TV signals according to the DVB-T2 standard;

- headend specification for digital TV signals in cable networks according to the DVB-S2 standard.

The text of this standard is based on the following documents:

FDIS	Report on voting
100/2555/FDIS	100/2602/RVD

Full information on the voting for the approval of this standard can be found in the report on voting indicated in the above table.

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INTRODUCTION

The IEC 60728 series deals with cable networks, including equipment and associated methods of measurement for headend reception, processing and distribution of television and sound signals and for processing, interfacing and transmitting all kinds of data signals for interactive services using all applicable transmission media. These signals are typically transmitted in networks by frequency-multiplexing techniques.

This includes for instance

- regional and local broadband cable networks,
- extended satellite and terrestrial television distribution networks or systems,
- individual satellite and terrestrial television receiving networks or systems,

and all kinds of equipment, systems and installations used in such cable networks, distribution and receiving systems.

The extent of this standardization work is from the antennas and/or special signal source inputs to the headend or other interface points to the network up to the terminal input of the customer premises equipment.

The standardization work will consider coexistence with users of the RF spectrum in wired and wireless transmission systems.

The standardization of any user terminals (i.e. tuners, receivers, decoders, multimedia terminals, etc.) as well as of any coaxial, balanced and optical cables and accessories thereof is excluded.

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CABLE NETWORKS FOR TELEVISION SIGNALS, SOUND SIGNALS AND INTERACTIVE SERVICES –

Part 5: Headend equipment

1 Scope

This part of IEC 60728 specifies the characteristics of equipment used in the headends of terrestrial broadcast and satellite receiving systems (without satellite outdoor units and without those broadband amplifiers in the headend as described in IEC 60728-3). The satellite outdoor units for fixed satellite systems (FSS) are described in ETSI ETS 300 158, and for broadcast satellite systems (BSS) in ETSI ETS 300 249. Test methods for both types (FSS and BSS) of satellite outdoor units are laid down in ETSI ETS 300 457.

This part of IEC 60728

- a) covers the frequency range 5 MHz to 3 000 MHz;
- b) identifies performance requirements for certain parameters;
- c) lays down data publication requirements for certain parameters;
- d) stipulates methods of measurements;
- e) introduces minimum requirements defining quality grades (Q-grades).

This part of IEC 60728 specifies the overall characteristics for upstream/downstream signals between external sources/sinks (for example, antennas, cable modem termination systems, etc.) and the system interface to the cable network. In the case of modular headend systems, single equipment items such as modulators, converters, etc. are also described. Cable modem termination systems, encrypters, decrypters, etc. are not described in this part of IEC 60728. If such equipment is used in headends, the relevant parameters for RF, video, audio and data interfaces should be met.

According to the definitions in 3.1, the headends are divided into the following three quality grades:

- Grade 1: central headend;
- Grade 2: hub headend or hubsite;
- Grade 3: MATV headend/individual reception headend.

Figure 1 shows the block diagram of a headend consisting of typical processing units with the corresponding interfaces at the input and output.

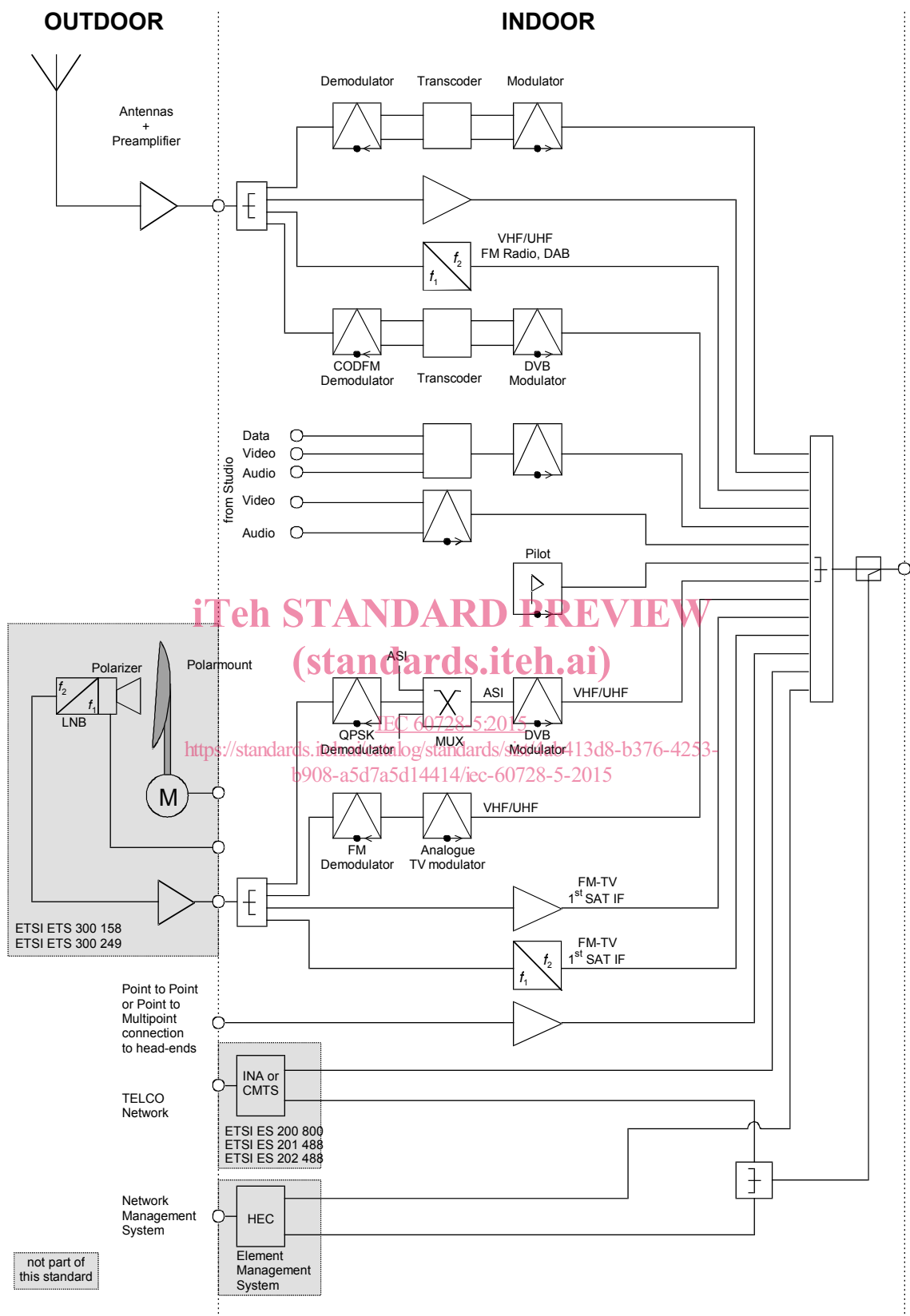


Figure 1 – Example of headend